Walter H. Thompson & Co., will Show at their Spring Opening such a Stock of Goods as they never kept Before.

American Union

E. W. EMERSON, Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1885.

MR. BEECHER is still explaining evolution. The evolution that Democrats are most interested in now is the evolution of Republicans from office.

A CALICO dress craze has started in New England. At several school commencements up there the graduates have worn calico dresses, and the idea is spreading among the women of fashion. It is a sensible craze, and it is hoped that it will spread over the entire country. The Boston *Globe* estimates that fifteen million ladies will buy calico dresses before the first of August.

As usual, the West is ahead. This time it is in the matrimonial line. Mrs Nellie Dame-Yourex-Baker-Phillips-Yourex is the heroine. She is nineteen years of age. In the past three years she has been married four times. All her husbands are still living. Her latest partner was also her first, having been married to him twice. Mrs. Nellie Et Cetera Yourex is evidently a blessing to the marriage license clerks of the town.

THE second half of 1885 began on Wednesday last. During the six months just passed business was not as good as the country wished to see it. Trade was slow and money was scarce. The condition of affairs, however, was not so bad as a great many suppose. A proof of this is found in the list of mercantile failures. The number of failures for the 6 months aggregated 6,004, as against 5,510 for the past six months of 1884. The amount of money involved, however, was not so great, being $74,000,000 for the six months of 1885, and $124,000,000 for the same period of 1884. Thus, there was a difference of $50,000,000 in favor of the present year. Still, let us hope that matters will improve, and that the fall trade will more than make up for the slackness of the spring business.

THE theory is now advanced that Bright's disease and other ailments of the kidneys are due to the immoderate use of ice water and other beverages of a chilly nature. It is asserted that kidney disease was hardly known 30 or 40 years ago when people drank only fresh water from the well or pump. Ice is now used in nearly every household as well as in all saloons, nearly every drug store has its soda fountain, and now thousands of persons daily abruptly shock their heated internal organs with freezing draughts, and kidney troubles have become very prevalent. But what are people to do in order to quench their thirst? They cannot resort to well water, for in these days it is held that water in nearly every well is likely to be rendered impure and unhealthy by the proximity of some cesspool.

The Purity of the Ballot.

The Smyrna *Times* says that "Thomas B. Coursey, of Frederica, Del., one of the best known men of the county has been a life long defender of the ballot-box. He commenced writing against the vice of tampering with the purity of the ballot 35 years ago and in communications to the press—the Milford *Beacon* in 1850, the Smyrna *Times* in 1858, the *Peninsular News* in 1869 and the *Delawarean* in 1883—he has continuously raised his voice for the purity of the ballot.

In 1858 in a letter to the Smyrna *Times*, Mr. Coursey gives a history of the evil. He thinks that it originated from the custom of the party paying taxes of their own men; this was considered as enabling them to vote their sentiments. But politicians soon concluded "that a person who had so little regard for the elective franchise, as not to provide seventy or eighty cents to pay their taxes, had very little sentiment in the matter and would for a trifle vote the opposite ticket." This trifle more was given, and each election became a trifle more "until the sum paid for votes tempted men occupying respectable positions in society, to reason with themselves about the propriety of making a little money in a very easy way. Thus the number of purchasable votes increased, until, it is said, "twenty thousand dollars were spent during the last campaign in this little State." One comfort we can derive from this, things are no worse now than they were in 1858; we may hope that they are a little better.

Mr. Coursey's letter published in the *Delawarean* in 1883, and his plan for checking bribery by enclosing the polling window and allowing no one but the voter and challengers to be present, are doubtless familiar to our readers. Like the uniform ballot law, which Mr. Coursey was one of the first to recommend, this would make the purchasing of votes a very uncertain business; but the evil will never be cured until men acknowledge that the bribery of an ignorant voter is as mean as stealing from a blind man."

Dissatisfied People.

While the prevailing low temperature is very delightful and conducive to sleep on the part of the average citizen, the capitalist who has his money invested in seaside hotels, mountain resorts, excursion boats, etc., lays awake o'nights and fails to comprehend why the thermometer should sink so rapidly just at the time when he needs every dollar he can extort by fair means or foul to see him through a "season" that promises to be a financial failure. With one blanket a luxury and a positive necessity at home few can see any occasion to hurry away to the places where two blankets feel comfortable and "fire in your room is extra, you know." This weather is indeed just the kind for hard times and the man with a lean pocket-book doesn't long for the salt breezes or a whiff of the mountain pine so long as he can exist without perspiring.

18 Years Building a Vessel.

INTERESTING HISTORY OF A FORMER CAROLINE COUNTY COLORED MAN.

The Centreville *Record* of Thursday last contains the following interesting history of a patient old colored man formerly of this county:

"A vessel was launched a few weeks ago at Wilmer's Point, the junction of South East creek and Chester river, which the owner, under adverse circumstances, but with a perseverance worthy of imitation. Just at the close of the war, in the fall of 1865, or late in the winter of 1865, a schooner, named "California" and hailing from Baltimore, sailed up Chester river as far as South East creek and thence up the creek some distance, looking for freight. The commander and owner of this craft proved to be a colored man named Culbreth King, a total stranger in this section. He purchased a load of wood, and on his way out of the creek his little vessel, which carried from 20 to 25 cords of wood, sprang a leak, and he beached her on Newnam's Point, at the mouth of the creek to repair damages and then proceed on his journey. While waiting for a suitable tide he procured employment with some of the neighboring farmers, in order to earn a living, and, at the same time, watch his vessel. During the three or four days he was thus engaged his vessel was wrecked in noonday by parties who supposed she had been abandoned. The masts were cut down and all the rigging taken away. Imagine the poor fellow's surprise in making the sad discovery of his loss during his temporary absence. He followed the wrecking parties and recovered a portion of his property, but found it of little or no use. He had his loss valued, which was by Capts. C. H. Clash and the late J. E. Rolph at $400. Not being able to recover any damages, he concluded to finish the wreck, sell what he could and build another and smaller vessel. During November and December of 1865 King made his home with predatory fishermen, who at that time visited the shores of Chester river and tributaries, and brooded over his misfortunes. He seldom left the neighborhood where his loss occurred. He was found one day in January, 1866, by the late Wm. H. Wilmer, Sr., nearly frozen in a fisherman's hut at the extreme end of his farm. The kind-hearted farmer took him home with him and learned from him his troubles. He would not hire for wages for any definite period, for fear it would interfere with his cherished hope, which was to build another vessel and again embark in the precarious business of "following the water" as he called it. He did engage with Mr. Wilmer, however, in consideration of board and lodging and a small remuneration to do certain chores about the house and barn-yard, so as not to interfere with the building of his vessel. This duty he has faithfully performed for nineteen long years, first for the father and now for the son. During this period he has not left the farm a half dozen times, except to attend church. After his work was done he would go down daily to the point. Here he selected a spot to lay the keel of the vessel, which had become his dream by day, as well as by night. In the spring of 1873 he had the necessary preparations completed, and laid the keel of the boat he launched June 13th, 1885, with the aid of a single barrel of soft soap, which he made himself. In fact he built the entire vessel without the assistance of a single individual; cut the timber, hauled and hewed it and put each piece in its place. One would imagine that a vessel so long being put together would leak when launched, or be more or less decayed. We are informed, however, such is not the fact, but every timber was sound, and in order to get a sufficient amount of water into the hold to dampen the ceiling holes had to be bored in the bottom. He calls his new craft "Bride," the only one he ever had. The dimensions of the Bride are: Length of keel, 35 feet; breadth of beam, 15 feet; carrying capacity, 1000 bushels; is schooner-rigged, and her timbers are of locust, mulberry and red cedar. Those who have seen the Bride pronounce her a beautiful model.

Culbreth King, the sole builder and owner of the Bride, was born in Caroline county, near Denton, in 1835, is very pious and walks five miles to church every Sunday, when weather permits, and fasts on all important fast days. He is reticent and reserved in manner to strangers and his own race. The Bride is the most remarkable boat and her owner the most remarkable man now "following the waters" of Chester river. All will join in wishing him good luck, and plenty of it, the remainder of his life."

About the Locusts.

Dr. Leas, of Baltimore county, Md., maintains the theory that the organ by means of which the female cicada septendecim pierces the twigs of trees in preparing a place for her eggs is sufficiently sharp and strong to pierce the skin of a human being, and that the wounds reported from time to time by the country press and attributed to the digger wasp are in fact produced by the female cicada in consequence of her mistaking the surface upon which she has happened to alight for a twig. Making this mistake, she proceeds to insert her ovipositor, to the great discomfort of the person whose identity is mistaken. The digger wasp, the doctor thinks, is probably innocent of the crimes laid to his charge, if not a myth. It is conjectured by him that the cicada eggs once laid under the skin may produce by their presence a very considerable amount of irritation and pain.

Sewell T. Taylor, Esq., Snow Hill, Md., says in the year 1881 and 1882 he used Powell's Prepared Chemicals for wheat and found it as good as fertilizer used last year, which cost twice as much. Write for descriptive pamphlet of this economical fertilizer material. Address the manufacturers, Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, Maryland.

Changes in Postal Rates.

The New Yorker of sixty, who can now send a letter weighing as much as an ounce to San Francisco for two cents, in his youth would have had to pay fifty cents to send the same package no further than Pittsburgh. Up to 1845 the charges remained as high for a single sheet letter as six cents for a distance of less than 30 miles; 10 cents between 30 and 80 miles; 12½ cents between 80 and 150 miles; 18¾ cents between 150 and 400; and 25 cents over 400 miles, with double rates in each case if two sheets of paper were used. The act of 1845 reduced and simplified rates greatly, the half-ounce limit being then introduced, and the only distinction as to distance being that of 300 miles, below which the rate was 5 cents and beyond it 10. In 1851 the rate was reduced from 5 to 3, and the distance limit extended to 3,000 miles, while in 1863 the question of distance within the limits of the United States was absolutely waived. The next step forward was taken in 1883, when the letter rate was reduced from 3 cents to 2, and the present extension of the weight limit is only the logical completion of this reform.

Only people who have passed middle life can appreciate the immense change in regard to the use of the mails which has come about since these reductions in rate began. When it cost six cents to send a letter to the next town, twelve and a-half cents to get it a hundred miles, and twenty-five cents to a place no further away than Pittsburg is from New York, the expense was so heavy as to make correspondence a luxury for the great mass of the people, and the number of letters carried was very small in proportion to the number of inhabitants. Although the population was growing at the rate of 3 per cent. a year, the postal revenues had remained almost stationary for some years before the great reduction of 1845, upon which the use of the mails at once increased so rapidly that by 1848 the revenue was a quarter of a million larger than in 1845, and in three years more was 50 per cent. larger than under the old rates. After the reduction of 1851 the loss was nearly recovered in three years, and in three years more the revenue was 25 per cent. larger than before the change. The latest reduction from 3 cents to 2, went into effect in October, 1883, and was promptly followed by an increase in the use of the mails which promises a recovery of the immediate loss of revenue within a very few years.

The Political Axe at Work.

The administration has the political guillotine completely oiled up now, and Republican heads are falling thick and fast around it. The "offensive partisan" plan itself is laid aside, and the offices which the Republicans still hold are bluntly demanded for Democrats, simply because they are Democrats. Civil service is treated as a myth and civil service rules are snapped asunder as if of no account whatever. In a few days more if the present rate of removals continue, such a thing as a Republican Federal office-holder will be a rarity. There can be no doubt that the manner in which the civil service rules are regarded is disgusting to many of the more decent Democratic organs, amongst which is the Washington *Post*, which is constrained to say: "If it is true as stated, that certain departments of the government have inaugurated the practice of hearing and acting upon charges against incumbents without giving the latter any opportunity to answer, or even know the nature of such charges, we wish to remark that the practice has our cordial and enthusiastic disapprobation."

The administration, however, is getting more manly and bold the longer it continues in office, and it demands the offices because the Democrats wants them and must have them. This is a more honest course than to charge Republican office-holders with committing some kind of a crime, as the cause of removal. We are making no complaint of Republicans being turned out of office. The change of administration carries with it a change of offices, and President Cleveland does right in trying to get officers in full sympathy with the policy of his administration.

A Valuable Discovery.

Dr. Edward D. Wells, of Westminster, Maryland, has discovered and patented a process for neutralizing the nicotine and caustic ammonia in tobacco—which gives the bitter and disagreeable taste to cigars—without affecting the flavor of the tobacco. A company with ample means has been organized at Westminster for manufacturing the anti-nicotine cigars on a large scale. Dr. Wells' process will not enhance the price of cigars, and those eminent chemists, Doctors Aikin and Toury, of Baltimore, say the chemicals used in treating the tobacco are not only uninjurious, but positively beneficial to the throat.

A Novel Time-Piece.

A Salt Lake jeweler has invented a novel time-piece in the shape of a steel wire stretched across his show-window, on which a stuffed canary hops from left to right, indicating as it goes the hours of the day by pointing with its beak at a dial stretched under the wire and having figures from 1 to 24. When it reaches the latter figure it glides across the window to 1 again. There is no mechanism whatever that can be seen, it all being inside the bird. The inventor says he was three years in studying it out.

THE Democratic heads in Washington are dismissing hundreds of Republicans from government employment. This is for retrenchment. After awhile they will put back in these places hundreds of Democrats. This will be for intrenchment.

FOR SALE.

A light-running, side bar carriage, nearly new; will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms, by applying to JAMES N. TODD,
may14-tf. Denton, Md.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful manager of the

Largest Hotel Enterprises

of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to California, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure.

Some years ago one of Mr. LELAND'S farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Horrible itching of the skin, with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offensive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. LELAND'S direction, was supplied with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the sores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use.

Mr. LELAND has personally used

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

for Rheumatism, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.

We have Mr. LELAND'S permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Broadway, 27th and 28th Streets, New York.

Mr. LELAND'S extensive knowledge of the good done by this unequalled eradicator of blood poisons enables him to give inquirers much valuable information.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

FOR SALE.

A beautiful farm situated on Choptank River, containing 100 acres of up land and 150 acres of marsh land. Good dwelling, stables, &c. Convenient to churches, schools and steamboat landing. Price $2700—terms liberal.

A dwelling situated at Denton Bridge, with 3 acres of land—well improved. Price $1200.

A steam grist mill and 50 acres of land. Price $8,000.

A farm containing 14 acres. Well located. Price $700. Apply to
BRYANT & TOWNSEND,
Denton, Md.

PROF. W. PAINE, M.D.



Has discovered living parasites that eat out the Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Womb, etc., and has also discovered a Catarrh Vapor. Under Pill, Stomach Tonic, Nerve Tonic, Blood Searcher, Worm Exterminator that destroys them wherever found. Book and free.

250 So. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

I would call attention to my stock of Gold and Silver Watches, made by the Waltham, Springfield and Elgin companys, in all grades. Also, a fine line of Jewelry and Silverware. I am buying the same directly from the manufacturers, enabling me to sell as low as any jeweler on the Peninsula.

GOODS WARRANTED,

and, if not as represented, money refunded. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. SAMUEL AMBURSKY,
apr30-tf. Denton, Md.

BLACKSMITHING.

LOOK HERE!

In view of the hard times prevailing at the present time, I have reduced my prices as follows:

STEEL TOED SHOES, $1.00
PLAIN, " " 75

All other work at correspondingly low prices—must be cash.
JOSEPH F. ROOP,
may14-tf. Andersontown, Md.

C. C. SEYMOUR,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

DENTON, MD.

(SECOND DOOR FROM THIRD STREET.)

SUITS FOR GENTLEMEN cut and made to order. Trimmings furnished when desired.

☞A large assortment of samples always on hand. [may14-y.

DENTISTRY.

PRESTON DENTON

DR. WM T. KELLY

WILL PRACTICE IN PRESTON every 1st and 3d Monday in each month. Denton on Tuesday, and Greensborough on Wednesday, days following.
Office 110 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md.
oct16-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN.

LARGE OR SMALL SUMS on good farms in this county for 5 years or shorter periods.
INTEREST 6 PER CENT.
THOMAS HILL,
Fayette and St. Paul Streets,
may28-3mos. Baltimore, Md.

F. P. COVEY,

AUCTIONEER,

Federalsburg, Md.,

IS PREPARED at all times to attend sales in Caroline, Dorchester, Queen Anne's and Talbot counties. I will also call sales anywhere in Delaware. Satisfaction guaranteed
nov20-y.

HENRY IRWIN,

AUCTIONEER,

Denton, Md.

jan9-y.

J. W. BRYANT. URIE TOWNSEND.

BRYANT & TOWNSEND,

Attorneys-at-Law,

DENTON, - - - MARYLAND.

☞Office opposite Court House.

NEW

GOODS.

When you are in search of goods do not fail to give us a call. We have a large stock suitable for both young and old which we have just received from the city, both

NEW AND CHEAP.

and which combined with our stock already on hand makes the largest stock in Denton. These goods have been selected with care and bought at cash prices, and consist principally of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
TINWARE,
OILS AND PAINTS,

and a variety of other things that you may need. Please call and examine our stock, for we know we can sell you good bargains.

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

We want to call your attention to our stock of Furniture, Carpets and Mattings which we are selling very cheap.

We have taken the old Masonic Hall to store our Furniture, where we are enabled to make a good display, which now makes four rooms well filled with new and seasonable goods, and if we cannot suit you it will not be our fault. If you do not see what you want in the first room call for it, it may be in some other.

Country Produce taken for Goods.

Give us a call and we guarantee satisfaction.
H. BLACKISTON & SON,
may7-y. Denton, Md.

NEW GROCERY.

I HAVE JUST opened at the store lately vacated by George & Redden, two doors above the Brick Hotel, a complete stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

The best Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, etc. Meats—Sugar-Cured Hams, Shoulders and Sides; Salt Fish, etc. It is impossible to enumerate, so call and investigate.

MY STOCK of PROVISIONS

will constantly be replenished and kept fresh and full.

CANNED FRUITS--ALL VARIETIES.

The highest Market price paid for country produce.
☞Goods delivered anywhere in town.
JAMES A. TRAZZARE,
feb19-ly. Denton, Md.

GEORGE & REDDEN.

Fresh and Pure DRUGS

A full line of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Soaps and Perfumery.

MASSANETTA WATER,

for sale cheap—kept by the barrel.

ICE COLD SODA WATER, 5c a Glass.

Hair Brushes, Flesh Brushes, Paint Brushes, and Brushes of all kinds—the largest assortment in town. A full assortment of

LUCAS' READY-MIXED PAINT.

in cans of all sizes.

Lamps and Lamp Goods.

☞Call and see us early and often.
GEORGE & REDDEN.
jly24-y.

PEABODY HOTEL.
NINTH STREET,
[illegible] Squares South of New Post Office,
[illegible] PA.



20 Rooms with Board $1.00 per day.
25 Rooms with Board $1.50 per day.
25 Rooms with Board $2.00 per day.
10 Rooms with Board, Bath and Dressing Room, $3.00 per day

W. PAINE, M. D.,
OWNER.
Open Day and Night.

BLACKSMITHING.

—AT LOW PRICES—

JOHN J. BARNES.

DENTON, MD.

—(x)—

I AM CARRYING on the Blacksmith business at the old stand, formerly occupied by John T. Comegys, on Third Street, where I will continue to do first-class work at reasonable prices. I will continue Horse Shoeing at prices to suit the times.

I hope by reasonable prices and prompt attention to the wants of my customers to merit a good share of public patronage.
feb22-y.

CHOPTANK HOTEL,

DENTON, MD.

[OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.]

I have rented the Choptank Hotel at Denton, and am prepared to entertain guests at all times. Boarders by the day, week or month. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Terms reasonable.

First Class Livery Attached.

Passengers carried to and from all points on the Peninsula. Bus free for guests to and from steamers. J. W. POWELL,
jan4-y. Denton, Md.

LLOYD'S UNION HOTEL

PRATT & CHARLES St., Balto., Md.,

For the last thirty-five years has been serving meals of the very best, and all you can eat, of everything in season, for

25 CENTS A MEAL, or

$1 PER DAY, BOARD AND LODGING.

Wishes a continuance of favors from his old friends, and has no objection to new ones.

☞Hacks and Express Wagons for hire at all hours. [jun12-1y.

DENTON RESTAURANT

—AND—

ICE CREAM SALOON.

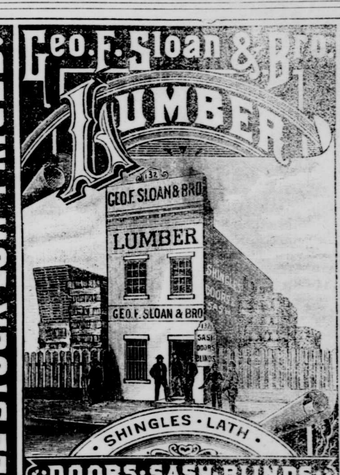
Chicken, Ham, Beef-Steak, Eggs, and everything in season, furnished at all hours. A square meal of everything for 50 cents, or a smaller quantity at half the cost.

Also, Ice Cream of the best flavors always on hand; prices very low. Families furnished at short notice. Next door to Bakery.
ARMSTEAD WILLIAMS,
apr30-6mos. Proprietor.

FULL STOCK LOW PRICES.

Geo. F. Sloan & Bro.

LUMBER



WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

MANSION HOUSE.

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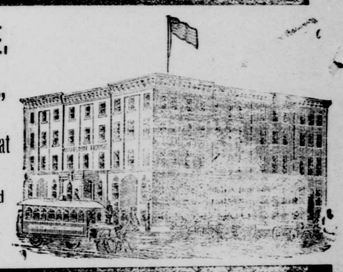
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ROOMS FIRST-CLASS.

Good Substantial Board at $1.50 PER DAY.

N. W. Cor. St. Paul and Fayette Sts.,

BALTIMORE, MD.



BAUGH & SONS

Established 30 Years.

Manufacturers of the ORIGINAL

RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE

AND OTHER STANDARD BONE MANURES.

ALSO HIGH GRADE CHEMICALS.

☞WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

BAUGH'S PURE RAW-BONE MEAL

AND

PURE DISSOLVED RAW BONES

Buyers will be surprised to find how low they can buy WARRANTED PURE BONE from us.

☞Write for BAUGH'S PHOSPHATE GUIDE. Address

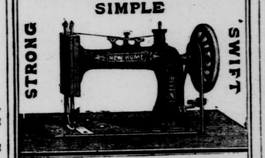
BAUGH & SONS PHILADELPHIA, PA. BALTIMORE, MD. or NORFOLK, VA.

THE LIGHT RUNNING

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

SIMPLE

STRONG SWIFT



THE ONLY SEWING MACHINE THAT GIVES

PERFECT SATISFACTION

HAS NO EQUAL

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE MASS.

30 UNION SQ. N.Y. CHICAGO ILL. ST. LOUIS MO. ATLANTA GA.

FOR SALE BY

F. L. THOMAS, Agent,

Hurlock's Station, Md.

AYER'S Ague Cure

contains an antidote for all malarial disorders which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.

WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to refund the money.

Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

WM. T. WATTS,

HOUSE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

The undersigned having rented the shop lately occupied by J. T. Comegys, is prepared at all times to do all kinds of

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING,

in the best manner and at the most reasonable prices. Also,

GRAINING AND GLAZING.

All orders by mail promptly attended to ☞Satisfaction guaranteed.
WILLIAM T. WATTS,
may14-y. Denton, Md,

FOR SALE.

TWO NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES can be bought cheap by applying at THIS OFFICE.

Maryland Steamboat Comp'y.

1885. SPRING SCHEDULE. 1885.



DAILY EVENING LINE BETWEEN

Baltimore, Easton, Oxford, Cambridge.

Commencing with Tuesday, April 21st, the splendid iron steamers

IDA and ENOCH PRATT

will leave Baltimore from Pier 4 Light street at 9 P. M., as follows: For Easton, Double Mills, Oxford, Clora's Point, Cambridge, Jamaica Point and Medford's, daily except Sunday. For Johnston's and Travers', every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. For Secretary every Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday. For Dover Bridge, Towers', Potter's and Denton, every Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Returning, for Baltimore, leaves daily (except Saturday), Medford's at 1 P. M., Jamaica Point, Cambridge (5 P. M.) Clora's Point, Oxford, Double Mills, and leaves Easton at 9 P. M. And leaves Denton every Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 o'clock (noon) stopping at Potter's, Tower's, Dover Bridge and landings named. Leaves Secretary at 3 P. M., every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday. Stops at Travers' and Johnson's every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Arrive in Baltimore at 4 o'clock the following morning.

Freight taken at very low rates and carefully handled.
HOWARD B. ENSIGN, Pre'st.,
apr30-tf. 98 Light St., Balto., Md.

Chester River Steamboat Co.



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, 1885.

On Wednesday, June 3d, 1885, and thereafter daily until further notice, the Steamer EMMA A. FORD will leave Chestertown at 6:30 A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island, arriving in Baltimore at 11:40 A. M. Returning, will leave Pier 7 Light Street Wharf at 2:30 P. M. for all the above landings. ☞Steamer will leave Queenstown for Baltimore at 9 A. M.

The Steamer CORSICA will leave Crumpton every Tuesday and Thursday at 3 P. M., and on Saturday at 12 M., for Baltimore, stopping at Spry's, Deep Landing, Round Top, Chestertown, Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck and Centreville, (Larrimore's Whf.) ☞Will leave Centreville wharf (Larrimore's) at 7 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday and Thursday, and at 5 o'clock P. M. on Saturday. Returning will leave Baltimore at 11 P. M., on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, making the above landings.
GEORGE WARFIELD,
jun4-tf. President.

Reid's National Hotel,

S. E. Cor. Holliday and Fayette Sts.

Main Entrance No. 17 N. Holliday St.

On the European and American Plan.

American Plan, $1.25 to $1.50 per day.
European Plan, Rooms 50 and 75 cents per night—$2 and up per week.

Persons visiting Baltimore will find this one of the most reasonable, as well as central and convenient locations to stop at, being near the City Hall and in easy access to all Theatres, Churches, Public Buildings, Street Car Lines, &c. ☞Open all night.
jly24-y. W. W. REID, Prop'r.

GEO. M. RUSSUM. HENRY R. LEWIS.

RUSSUM & LEWIS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

DENTON, - - - - - - MARYLAND.

Will practice in the Courts of Caroline, Talbot and Queen Anne counties. [apr9-tf.

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