## SALUTATIONS.

**Methods of Greeting Friends in Various Quarters of the Globe.**

Salutations in some countries have very dissimilar characteristics, and it may not be uninteresting to explain a few of them. Most of our own gestures of salutation and civility owe their origin to the warfare of the days of chivalry, indicating deference, as from one conquered to the conqueror. The head movement was simply the hand unarmed, the helmet being removed, the party was at his mercy. The hand ungloved was in like manner the hand ungauntleted. Shaking hands was a token of truce, in which the parties took hold of each other's weapon hand to make sure against treachery. A gentleman's bow is but the offer of the neck to the stroke of his adversary, and the lady's curtesy is but the form of going on her knees for mercy. Kissing the lips, by way of affectionate salutation, was not only permitted, but customary among near relatives of both sexes in patriarchial and also later times. In former days the English said: "God save you, sir," and "Good by" is for "God be with you." Our farewell is a direct translation of the German lebewohl, good living being, it is presumed, appreciated by the Anglo Saxon. The different forms of civility connected with bodily gestures are even more remarkable than the words mutual contact, such as the pressure of hands, embraces and kisses being always regarded as the expression of kindly intercourse, although the words may to a certain extent be considered as an index of national character. The theory of firing a salute is that it leaves the guns harmless and at the mercy of the other party, and this is so true that firing salutes with blank cartridge is a modern innovation, occasioned, however, by the fact of a complimentary cannon ball proving fatal once to the personage whom it was meant to honor. When an officer salutes he points his drawn sword to the ground, and the salute of troops is still designated presenting arms—that is, presenting them to be taken.

When the Arabs meet each other the first thing is the salute, which is repeated several times and is done in the following manner: Each strikes the palm of his right on that of his companion, or throws it on his left shoulder, repeating always the same phrase, "Salamat, caif Halcom tarbin" (Peace! How are you?—well?). This way of saluting is most beautiful and striking, and, when performed, gives a new figure and majesty to the naked Arabs who are the actors of it. These gesticulations are always accompanied with a very grave tone of voice. After the salutation they inquire of each other the news about the places whence they came. Their news relates generally to the buying and selling of dromedaries, whether there are loads to carry, or something of this kind. They then ask each other for tobacco or salt, and their conclusion: "Salute me, Hamed, at Carosco, and your Ali at Barbar. Do you understand? In peace, in peace!" After this each resumes his way. Women and children kiss the beards of their husbands and fathers. Their greetings are marked by a strong religious character, such as "God grant thee His favors." "If God will, thy family enjoy good health. Peace be with you."

Nothing affords more interest and amusement than an examination of the various modes of salutation practiced by the nations of the earth. In some degree these forms may be regarded as an index of national character, or the circumstances of national life. The Hebrew salutation was "Peace!" the ancient Greek, "Rejoice!" The modern use the form, "What doest thou?" In Germany, "How do you find yourself?" and in some parts of the country they invariably kiss the hands of all the ladies of their acquaintance whom they meet. In Spain, "How goes it?" and Spanish grandees wear their hats in the presence of their sovereign, to show they are not so much subject to him as to the rest of the nation. When the royal carriage passes it is the rule to throw open the cloak to show that the person is unarmed. In the West Indies the negroes say: "Have you had a good sleep?" In the sickly districts of Egypt where fever was common and dangerous, they salute by saying: "How goes the perspiration? Do you sweat copiously?" "Is it well with thee?" and the inhabitants kiss the back of a superior's hand and as an extra civility the palm also.

Some salutations by reason of their grotesque exaggeration are calculated to impress one with the liveliest feelings of wonder and amusement. The Africans, whose actions are for the most part of a burlesque description, naturally affect farcical in their interchanges of ceries. Their salutation consists of most ludicrous contortions, coupled the absurd usage of pulling the s till the joints crack, and when bony monarchs visit they embrace apping the third finger three times. ...ne nations consider that they evince the most delicate attention and respect in their greetings by a removal of some part of their wearing apparel, or by temporarily appropriating some portion of the dress of the ones greeted. The Ethiopian will take the robe of another and fold it about his own waist, leaving his friend but scantily clad; while the Japanese removes his slippers when he meets a superior, exclaiming, "Hurt me not!" and the people of Arracan their sandals in the street and their stockings in the house. The Philippine Islanders take possession of the hand or foot of a person they salute and gently rest it again their own faces; while this ceremony among the Laplanders takes the form of applying their noses with some force against the saluted one's and treating him to a species of battering ram greeting. According to Dampier, the people of New Guinea have a more polite and picturesque way of exchanging this kind of civility, which they do by placing on their heads the leaves of trees, as being, it may be assumed, symbolical of peace and good fellowship. Other salutations are of so complex a nature that this form of politeness is most decidedly irksome and can only be acquired after the most assiduous practice. Speaking of the customs of the inhabitants of an island in the Straits of the Sound, a French traveler tells us that "they raised his left foot, which they passed over the right leg and from thence over his face."

Although not so difficult of accomplishment, the inhabitants of the Philippines are lovers of a somewhat complex attitude in their salutations, which consist in bending the body as close as possible to the earth, placing the palms of the hands on the cheeks and then slowly raising one foot in the air, with the knees bent.

The Chinese demonstrate their national vanity and affection in their personal civilities, and the name of their artificial ceremonies is legion. They are not content with their "reverence" and their singular postures, but add quantity to kind, the number of their salutations be... calculated to a nicety, and varying ...dance with the rank and im... a lengthy separation it is their custom to sink down on their knees, and bend the face to the earth, this ceremony being repeated two or three times. Should you meet a Chinese and venture a "How d'you do,' he will in all probability reply verbosely in such a strain as "Very well, thanks to your abundant felicity," or, if he should take the initiative, you will be overwhelmed with some such greeting as "Prosperity is painted on your face," or "Your air announces your happiness." But perhaps the most curious of all these is the custom of salutation after sneezing, relevant to which an amusing account is given of the effect which attends the sneezing of the king of Monomotapa. It is said that "those who are near his person when this takes place salute him in so loud a tone that persons in the ante chamber hear it and join in the acclamation, in the adjoining apartments they do the same till the noise reaches the street and becomes propagated throughout the city, so that, at each sneeze of his majesty results a horrid cry from the salutation of many thousands of his vassals." But, perhaps, the climax of absurdity is reached when the king of Sennaar indulges in this luxury, for the whole of the courtiers turn their backs on him, and loudly smack their right thigh.

The Turks cross their hands, place them on their hearts, and bow, exclaiming, "Be under the cafe of God!" "Forget me not in thy prayers!" "Thy visits are as rare as fine days!"—an ancient greeting, as it is by no means applicable to their present country. The Romans in ancient times exclaimed, "What doest thou!" "Be healthy!" or "Be strong!" when it was customary to take up children by the ears and kiss them. Italians, on meeting, kiss the hands of ladies to whom they are related, with the strange inquiry, "How does she stand?" Manillas bend their bodies, place their hands upon their cheeks, raise one leg and bend the knee. Persians salute by inclining neck over neck, and then cheek to cheek with the extravagant greeting, "Is thy exalted high condition good?" "May thy shadow never be less!" and "Peace be upon thee!" In Poland the inhabitants bow to the ground with the significant inquiry, "Art thou gay?" and "How do you live on?" "Be well!" and a common exclamation, which means literally "God be with you!" has degenerated in late years into the opposite, "Satan take you!" The Hollanders with their proverbial love of good feeling salute their friends by asking, "How do you fare?" "Have you had a good dinner?" Laplanders when they meet on the ice press their noses firmly together. Bengalese call themselves the "most humble slaves" of those they desire to salute. Bohemians kiss the garments of the person they wish to honor. Siamese prostrate themselves before superiors, when a servant examines whether they have been eating anything offensive. If so, they are kicked out, if not they are picked up. Ceylonese, on meeting superiors prostrate themselves, repeating the name and dignity of the individual. The Moors, of Morocco, ride at full speed toward a stranger, suddenly stop and then fire a pistol over his head. Mahommedans say: "Peace be with you!" to which the reply is: "On you be peace!" to which is added: "And the mercy and blessings of God!" The Swedes on meeting one another simply inquire, "How can you?" The Burmese apply their noses and cheeks closely to a person's face and then exclaim, "Give me a smell!" attributable to their great use of perfumes; and the French say, "Comment vous portez vous?" which literally signifies, "How do you carry yourself?"—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

### The Arsenic Eaters.

It has long been acknowledged by the best authorities that arsenic eating is extensively practised in the southwest corner of Austria—that is, in Upper and Middle Styria. It is to a certain extent acknowledged that these people attain a green old age; and it is even suggested that in some sort they owe their longevity to the baneful practice, though there is room for the gravest doubts on this score. When arsenic eating was first brought before the notice of the world, it was treated as a gross imposture would be; and the stories about it were classed with those of Welsh fasting girls and universal remedies; indeed, the profession confidently asserted that these Styrian peasants partook of nothing more unwholesome than a piece of chalk, for it was deemed utterly impossible that a man could, unscathed, consume enough poison to affect a dozen people, and certainly enough to kill three. Fact, however, is stranger than fiction, and a fact so strange as this could not lie unnoticed in the region of myths.

It must not, however, be supposed that any one takes to Hedri or arsenic eating quite openly. On the contrary, it is generally began in secret and at the increase of the moon—and in some villages with superstitious observances. A very small dose is at first taken once a week—bread and butter is the favorite medium—then twice a week, and so on, until, when the individual arrives at a dose daily, the dose itself is increased till as much may be taken as in ordinary circumstances would kill two or three individuals. But it must not be understood that those people can consume the drug altogether with impunity. When they first began with their very small doses, they are seized with nausea and burning pains in the mouth, throat and stomach, and are probably very much more uncomfortable than a boy who has taken his first cigar. But one peculiarity of arsenic eating is this, that when a man has once begun to indulge in it, he must continue to indulge; for if he ceases, the arsenic in his system poisons him, or, as it is popularly expressed, the last dose kills him. Indeed, the arsenic-eater must not only continue his indulgence, he must also increase the quantity of the drug, so that it is extremely difficult to stop the habit, for, as sudden cessation causes death, the gradual cessation produces such a terrible heart-gnawing, that it may probably be said that no genuine arsenic eater ever ceased to eat arsenic while life lasted.

It is curious that while, on the one hand, the human organism is so remarkably sensitive to arsenic, a man may, on the other hand, indulge in these poisonous doses for years. This is probably owing to the fact that arsenic acts on the skin, and thus is being constantly carried out of the system; and also because it is readily eliminated by the kidneys. Now, this prevents any accumulation going on in the tissues, and thus, what might seem almost mythical is at least brought within the range of possibility. It has been calculated that this process of elimination has to be carried on for fourteen days before a given dose is entirely removed.—*Chambers's Journal.*

A gratified author, showing his recent book to a dyspeptic friend, said: "There's lots of work on that description. It reads well, but it was hard to write." "Yes," the friend rejoined, "and it is so ... *Tr*

## THE HOME DOCTOR.

**Pneumonia Treated by Calomel.**

Droux de Chapois, a French physician, relates several long delayed cases of pneumonia where excellent results were obtained by fractional doses of calomel—one twenty-fifth grain—repeated every hour. He advises a recourse being had to this treatment whenever, despite the ordinary remedies, the symptoms grow worse instead of better, when the tongue becomes dry, and when the skin imparts a sensation of great heat and dryness to the finger. He mixes one grain of calomel with a teaspoonful of powdered sugar, and after it has been thoroughly stirred for some minutes divides it into twenty-five powders. Within twenty-four, or at most forty-eight hours, he states, the skin becomes damp, the temperature falls, the tongue becomes moist, and the oppression diminishes.

**Sure Cure for Tapeworm.**

In 1860 Dr. Hebbard introduced to the medical profession of the United States the compound extract of male fern, camelia and pumpkin seeds as a specific for worms in the human stomach, and since its introduction it has gained the favor of over 16,000 physicians, having been used by them when all other remedies had failed to eradicate the monster called "tapeworm," and is now accepted by the profession generally as the only reliable and sure preparation for its expulsion. In 1867 over 700 tapeworms, and between 800 and 900 threadworms were expelled from the stomach in Boston, New York and Brooklyn, and nearly 2,000 in 1870, and 4,180 in 1874 in the above named cities, nearly half of which were tapeworm. From the "facts in the case" which Dr. Hebbard has collected and submitted to us for inspection, we find that over 50,000 worms of various kinds (some twenty-seven of them) have been expelled from the human stomach in this country during the last ten years.—*Health and Home.*

**Prickly Heat in Children.**

The child should be dressed lightly, all flannels and impervious articles of clothing being removed. It should be bathed in cool—not very cold—water often enough to remove the irritant perspiratory secretion. Three to four baths in the course of the day will be amply sufficient for this purpose.

After the bath the skin must be thoroughly dried with soft napkins, carefully avoiding all harsh rubbing. It should then be dusted with a simple dusting powder, of which starch is probably the best.

Lycopodsum (yellow infant powder) may be used, but it has no advantage over starch. This should, however, be perfectly smooth and contain no gritty particles. Powders containing sulphur or other irritants should be avoided.

If the itching is excessive, lotions containing one teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda (baking soda) to the pint of water may be applied with a soft sponge and allowed to dry on the skin. Ointments must not be used, as they nearly always aggravate the complaint.

If the eruption covers the entire surface alkaline baths, containing two to four ounces of carbonate of soda (washing soda) to the bath, or bran baths, may be employed, and will rarely fail to give at least temporary relief from the excessive itching.

A bran bath is prepared by enclosing from five to six pounds of bran in a thin muslin bag and steeping it in the bath for fifteen to twenty minutes before using the bath. The bag should be occasionally kneaded and squeezed in order to diffuse the mucilaginous contents throughout the water. Gelatine and starch baths, containing one or two pounds of gelatine or one pound of starch to the bath, are also often valuable aids in the treatment. After each bath the skin should be carefully dried without friction and dusted with starch, as above directed.—*Babyhood.*

### Sheep-Washing in England.

From a paper in the *Century* we quote the following: "One morning, going down to the barn, I found two of the farm-laborers. Shadrach and Meshach (known among their brethren as Shed and Shach), raising a huge empty barrel into a wagon. In response to my inquiry one of the men said: 'We'se a-going ter wash them ewes, mum.' A vision of 'them ewes' being tumbled into the barrel and scoured seemed rather peculiar; so, on an invitation from Farmer Stubble, to 'come and look on,' I followed the procession. First went the lumbering, picturesque old cart, then the sheep were driven from the fold and turned into the lane, along which they crawled until they came to the mill-stream. I then found it was Shed and not the sheep that went into the barrel, which was placed in the water and lashed to the bank. The sheep were driven up on one side and guarded by several men, while the shepherd raised a great ewe in his arms and threw it head foremost into the rivulet. As it rose the watchful Shed, in the barrel, grasped it by the back and ducked it several times. Escaping from his hand, the poor half-drowned creature rushed toward a cut in the bank and so escaped to dry land. This process was gone through with all the sheep. Whether it was due to their natural stupidity or the muddling effect of water on the brain, many of them blundered into the stream again and tried to escape by a steep ascent on the other side. Then came the turn of the ruddy, cherub-like son of Shadrach, who, planted on the farther shore and armed with an iron hook on a ten foot pole, crooked the wandering sheep to land. Many of them needed assisting up the slippery cut and very comical it was to see their weak-kneed struggles to leg in the meadow. They appeared utterly unable to account for the enormous additional weight of their water-soaked wool, and, as they stood huddled together in the puddles from their streaming sides, the bleating lambs did not appear to know their own mothers. The following day the flock were driven into a new fold in the hill-side pasture, where the process of shearing commenced. All of the well-washed sheep were in turn deprived of their heavy winter coats. As they left the shearers' hands it did not seem possible that these poor, lean creatures could be the round balls of wool we were accustomed to see. Every shorn lamb gazed at its clipped and unclipped sisters with a vague, solemn look, wondering what was coming next. After the ordeal they were turned into the brightest meadow on the farm, and probably soon forgot the break of those two days in their monotonous life of nibbling. The numerous flocks of sheep in Sussex give a charming pastoral effect to many of the delightful pictures of upland and lowland, so characteristic of southern England."

In the ... of the Catskills there are more th... hotels and boarding-hous... some 200,000 visitors

### An Oriental Rebuke.

Inscriptions upon Oriental ware, vases, jars, fans, screens and textiles are often examined with an amused baffled curiosity. What can they mean? It is certain that they mean something. Even on the cheap fans there are curious and grotesque faces which could not have been painted for their beauty. Only those initiated can read their story, and even among the Japanese probably these specimens of pictorial rebus require classical knowledge for their interpretation. History and fable and myth must be understood, and a Japnese who can understand must be equal in imagination to a commentator of Shakespeare. A recent travelar in Japan gives the story of one of these riddles. It is as good as any Egyptian hieroglyph. A Japanese of historic renown is represented as washing his ear in a waterfall. No basin would answer and no placid stream suffice. He must have the full force of a cataract to cleanse the ear into which an improper proposal had been spoken. At a pool below the fall a cow is drinking; but the owner, standing near her, glowers with anger at the ear-washer who is contaminating the stream. If individually people took to cleansing their ears from scandal and other unpleasant impourings, no "water-works" would suffice. "Lady Macbeth's" query would be in order: "Will all great Neptune's ocean" do it?

### Rats in the Cellar.

Shortly before winter as the stores go into cribs and cellars, young rats raised by careful mothers in hollow trees or other safe and sheltered corners, busy themselves at night looking for winter quarters where they will be defense from cold, and where food will be at hand. When a cellar is stored with fruit, vegetables, etc., it is very difficult to drive out rats, and the damage they do in such a place is enormous. All the finest fruits are soon bitten into, defiled and spoiled. A little anticipatory care, to prevent their establishing a colony, pays well. The openings for ventilation should have rat proof screens; the floors and walls should be searched for holes; empty barrels or boxes moved, holes stopped with glass and mortar, and a fresh coat of whitewash given. If doubtful places remain, a good sprinkling of copperas and lime is hateful and deterrent to these troublesome animals. If from any cause the cellar itself cannot be made secure, choice samples of fruit may be kept safe in old tin boilers or similar vessels, or in boxes suspended from the joists above by wire hooks. The rats that go out from new colonies are mostly young, and much more easily caught than older ones. If fed for two or three nights on a tray of sawdust a steel trap placed in the tray will not be seen or suspected, and will general catch and hold at least one marauder.

### Child Marriage in India.

Christian missions are beginning to produce really practical moral fruit in India. Dr. Morrison, for many years engaged in mission work in that country in connection with the English Presbyterian Church writes in a most encouraging manner. Touching child marriage and the marriage of widows, he says a great change of opinion has taken place. Public opinion has by various means been tested on the general question, and several leading Hindoos have given opinions in favor of legislative change. Five of the most prominent leaders of the Hindoo faith have expressed themselves in favor of the remarrying of widows, hitherto disallowed, and in favor also of some measures to check the multiplication of widows by some mild legislative enactments in the directions of hindering child marriage. As the Hindoo law now stands, there are millions of females doomed to the fate of Jephtha's daughter from girlhood. It is one of the great curses of India.

**The Famous Notre Dame.**

On the 30th of last January, the Sisters of the most noted Catholic ladies seminary in the United States, the famous Notre Dame, at Govanstown, near Baltimore, Md., made public a card, certifying to the beneficial results attending the use of Red Star Cough Cure in that institution. They state that they found it efficacious alike for relieving coughs, oppressions on the chest and irritation of the throat. Officials of the Boards of Health of Brooklyn, Baltimore and other cities have likewise publicly proclaimed the virtues of this new discovery, which is entirely free from opiates, poisons and other objections.

A man overburden with wine is grape shot.

ALCOHOL WAS NOT INVENTED and minerals were never used medicinally in the days of old. Invigorating and alterative herbs were then the only curatives. Sick animals, with unerring instinct, invariably select strange herbs for their ailments. VINEGAR BITTERS is the greatest herb antidote and tonic ever known.

The wife's pathway in life is generally a buy way.

**"One Nail Drives Out Another,"** is a French saying that finds exemplification in the way one disease will substitute itself for another and graver one, in very many cases. Liver disease, for instance, will soon induce blood disorders, throat ailments, skin affections and eventually, because of impoverished blood, consumption itself, unless, indeed, it be treated in its incipiency and early progress by Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" which acts as a specific in these ailments, accomplishing a rapid cure by its powerful alterative action upon the great organs of the body.

There is nothing so holy and inexpensive as a sister's love.

Young or middle-aged men, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses, should send ten cents in stamps for large treatise giving successful treatment. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Fixed stars---members of a stranded theatrical troupe.

AN ITEM OF INTEREST.---"Beeson's Aromatic Alum Sulphur Soap prevents, cures and heals skin diseases, softens and beautifies face and hand. 25c. by "Druggists" or by mail. Address Wm. Drydoppel, Philadelphia, Pa.

The curse of Cain--carrying it under the arm at right angles with the body.

**We Caution All Against Them.**

The unprecedented success and merit of Ely's Cream Balm—a real cure for catarrh, hay-fever, and cold in the head—has induced many adventurers to place catarrh medicines bearing some resemblance in appearance, style or name upon the market, in order to trade upon the reputation of Ely's Cream Balm. Many in your immediate locality will testify in highest commendation of it. Don't be deceived. Buy only Ely's Cream Balm. A particle is applied into each nostril; no pain; agreeable to use. Price 50c. Druggists.

Hay-Fever. I have been a great sufferer from Hay-Fever for 15 years. I read of the many wondrous cures by Ely's Cream Balm and thought I would try once more. In 15 minutes after one application I was wonderfully helped. Two weeks ago I commenced using it and now I feel *entirely cured.* It is the greatest discovery ever known or heard of.—DUHUMAL CLARK, Farmer, Lee, Mass. Price 50 cents.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water Druggists sell it 25c.

Three things avoid—idleness, loquacity and flippant jesting.

**The Epidemic of Crime.**

Whence comes this epidemic of suicides and murders? Recent discussions have named several causes. Hon. C. H. Reeve, of Indiana, charges it to infidel teachings—holding that hopelessness of a future state cripples fortitude for bearing life's ills. Another declares suffering from the universal business depression the cause. A third writer attributes it to increasing insanity, a physician thinks much of the tendency is inherited, while temperance advocates lay the responsibility upon strong drink.

Free-thinkers have committed suicide, but so have orthodox churchmen. Financial straits have beset many, but the wealthy have also taken their life.

Insanity and dissipation have preceded suicides and family murders.

One feature common to almost every such crime challenges attention. Well nigh every report of suicide and family murder mentions the perpetrator as having "for some time been subject to melancholy." Whence comes this? All recognized medical authorities tell us that the fire which consumes the brain is always kindled by derangements of digestion; that good digestion is impossible without pure blood, and pure blood is never known when the liver and kidneys are out of order. Under such circumstances, a preventive should be sought, and for this Warner's safe cure is sovereign—a fact conceded by the best authorities in the land. and it is especially commended by the celebrated Dr. Dio Lewis.—*Rochester Democrat.*

The darkest thing in the world is a black hat; it is darkness that may be felt.

**Your Friends will Never Tell You,**
but perhaps somebody, who isn't your friend, will, that your presence is rendered offensive by the foul, fetid smell of your breath. Every word you utter, though it be the very echo of wisdom and poetry, disgusts your hearers, and your laugh is productive of anything but mirth to them. It is a duty you owe, not only to yourself, but to society, to remove this cause of offense. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will heal the diseased mucous membrane, will bring relief to yourself and others. Do not hesitate to employ it

There is many a better sermon thought out in the pew than is delivered in the pulpit.

PHOSPHATE.---The Improved Plant Food, manufactured only by C. F. & J. F. Marsden, of Baltimore, Md., is made from the best materials, and formulated in such a way as to get the best results obtainable. The necessity of commercial fertilizers is no longer questioned, the only object being to obtain a good pure article. In this respect *Phosphate* is unrivaled, and wherever used is a deserved favorite.---*The Practical Farmer, Phila.*

A well-regulated justice will find a true bill against a man for uttering a false bill.

**A BALTIMORE SENSATION.**

**A Lady Whose Life was in Imminent Peril Rescued by Her Husband**

Among the many pleasantly located and cozily comfortable homes in the eastern section of the city of Baltimore, that of Mr. William A. Thompson, at No. 208 North Bond street, would strike a visitor as possessing more than ordinary advantages for home life. Mr. Thompson is a highly esteemed member of Marley Lodge, No. 107, I. O. O. F., and is generally well known in that section of the city. In order to confirm certain statements which had come to him indirectly, and thereby secure data for an interesting article, a reporter called at Mr. Thompson's residence. Mrs. Thompson, being asked for, received him courteously and told the story of her peril in these words:

"I have been a sufferer for fully seventeen years, during which time I have endured the most awful misery of mind and body. My illness became most alarming about five years ago. I was attended by Professor Yates and Doctor Stephenson, of this city, both of whom stated that I had the most aggravated case of nervous dyspepsia and indigestion that they had ever attended or heard of. I am now nearly 60 years of age and was told by my physicians that owing to my advanced life the process of cure would be slow and difficult. I waited patiently for the expected relief, but seemed to grow worse, until finally I concluded I had to die. I did not eat the smallest morsel without suffering the most terrible agony. My whole body was racked with pain and misery. Frequently I had night sweats, and, believing that I was dying, would send for my friends and neighbors. My limbs would become rigid and cold, and I have often thought I was paralyzed, for I completely lost all power of action, and would lie in bed gasping for breath. During all this long period of suffering the doctors afforded me no relief. I grew emaciated, could not sleep, entirely lost my appetite, and was truly the most miserable woman imaginable. My whole nervous system was shattered. I never expected to get well, and my friends have since told me that they expected to learn of my death at any time. One day my husband purchased a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters and begged me to try it. I had no confidence in medicine of any kind. I believed my case hopeless, and expected to die suddenly in one of my sinking spells, which I experienced about three times each week. I, however, took Brown's Iron Bitters to gratify my husband. After using three bottles I began to feel better. When I had finished the fourth bottle my husband and friends were able to notice a great improvement in my general appearance. My appetite returned, and I could eat anything without the least bad effects. I rapidly grew stronger and more fleshy. When I had taken six bottles I knew that I was a well woman, and at the present time I never felt better in my life, and have gained forty-five pounds in flesh. I firmly believe that Brown's Iron Bitters saved my life, for I had stopped taking all other medicines and only used Brown's Iron Bitters, and if I had not used that I am satisfied I would not be alive to-day. I most cheerfully recommend that medicine to everybody."

Miss Annie L. Agner, Elmeria, Va., says: For years I suffered with attacks of sick headache, neuralgia and female trouble; tried various remedies, but found nothing equal to Brown's Iron Bitters.

Mr. Hugh Daily, Westminster, Md., says: Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of dyspepsia of 20 years' standing. Constant suffering reduced me almost to a skeleton; this valuable medicine speedily and effectually restored my health.

Mr. J. Ryney Whitehead, Halifax, N. C., says: I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for indigestion, loss of appetite and nervousness. Am satisfied it is a good medicine and take pleasure in recommending it.

Want of prudence is too frequently want of virtue.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

**Important.**

When you visit or leave New York city, save baggage expressage and $5 carriage hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

600 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, $1 and upward per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

When a man sees double, it is evident that his glasses are too strong for him.




THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, and other Pains and Aches.
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TELEGRAPHY Learn here and earn good pay. Situations furnished. Write VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.




**Grateful Thousands** proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

**Made from** California roots and herbs, free from **Alcoholic** Stimulants. A **Purgative** and Tonic.

**This Bitters** cures **Female** Complaints, Inflammatory and Chronic **Rheumatism,** Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Blood, **Liver** and **Kidney** Diseases.

**Dyspepsia or Indigestion,** Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Furred Tongue, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Pneumonia, and Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, are cured by the use of the Bitters.

**For Skin Diseases,** Eruptions, Boils, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

**It Invigorates the Stomach,** and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, which render it of unequaled efficiency in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

**No Person** can take the Bitters and remain long unwell.

**Pin, Tape and other Worms,** are destroyed and removed from the system.

**Cleanse the Vitiated Blood** whenever it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

**In conclusion:** Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

**R. H. McDonald Drug Co.,** Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St. Cor. Charlton St., New York.

**Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.**

**ECZEMA!**

My wife has been sorely afflicted with Eczema or Salt Rheum from infancy. We tried every known remedy, but to no avail. She was also afflicted with a periodical nervous headache, sometimes followed by an intermittent fever, so that her life became a burden to her. Finally I determined to try S. S. S. She commenced seven weeks ago. After the third bottle the inflammation disappeared, and sore spots dried up and turned white and scaly, and finally she brushed them off in an impalpable white powder resembling pure salt. She is now taking the sixth bottle; every appearance of the disease is gone and her flesh is soft and white as a child's. Her headaches have disappeared and she enjoys the only good health she has known in 40 years. No wonder she deems every bottle of S. S. S. is worth a thousand times its weight in gold. JOHN F. BRADLEY,
Detroit, Mich., May 16, 1885. 44 Griswold St.
For sale by all druggists.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
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HAY-FEVER. I was afflicted for twenty years, during the months of August and September with Hay-Fever, and tried various remedies without relief. I was induced to try Ely's Cream Balm; have used it with favorable results, and can confidently recommend it to all. ROBERT W. TOWNLEY, (ex-Mayor), Elizabeth, N. J.

CATARRH




Cream Balm has gained an enviable reputation wherever known, displacing all other preparations. A particle is applied into each nostril; no pain; agreeable to use. Price 50c. by mail or at druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

HAY-FEVER

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STOMACH BITTERS

Among medicinal means of arresting disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stands pre-eminent. It checks the further progress of all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, revives the vital stamina, prevents and remedies chills and fever, increases the activity of the kidneys, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism, and is a genuine stay and solace to aged, infirm and nervous persons. The article is, moreover, derived from the purest and most reliable sources. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.




DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY RIGHT NOW?? Ministers, teachers, ladies, and young men, in fact all classes, can procure PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT, during all or any part of their time, by addressing *B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1013 Main Street, Richmond, Va.,* who give SPECIAL TERMS on MOST POPULAR and FAST SELLING BOOKS and BIBLES at lowest prices.

PENNYROYAL "CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH" The Original and Only Genuine. Safe and always reliable. Beware of Worthless Imitations. "Chichester's English" are the best made. Indispensable TO LADIES. Inclose 4c. (stamps) for particulars, testimonials, etc., in letter sent you by return mail. NAME PAPER. Chichester Chemical Co., 2307 Madison Sq., Philada, Pa. PILLS!

G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. M'f'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction. MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex. G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom. A. L. SMITH, Bradford, Pa. Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

R. U. AWARE THAT Lorillard's Climax Plug bearing a *red tin tag;* that Lorillard's Rose Leaf fine cut; that Lorillard's Navy Clippings, and that Lorillard's Snuffs, are the best and cheapest, quality considered?

MORPHINE Chloral and Opium Habits EASILY CURED. BOOK FREE. DR. J. C. HOFFMAN, Jefferson, Wisconsin.

RUBBER STAMP with your name in fancy type, with indelible ink to mark linen, only 25 cts. Book of 2000 styles free each order. Prints visiting cards handsome. Agents wanted. Big pay. Circulars free. THALMAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Baltimore, Md.

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Did you Suppose Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.


**Advertising Cheats ? ! !**

"It has become so common to begin an article in an elegant, interesting style,

"Then run it into some advertisement, that we avoid all such,

"And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as possible,

"To induce people

"To give them *one trial,* which so proves their value that they will never use anything else."

"THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the papers.

Religious and secular, is

"Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines.

"There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability * *

"In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation."

**Did She Die?**

"No!

"She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years."

"The doctors doing her no good;"

"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about."

"Indeed! Indeed!"

"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

**A Daughter's Misery.**

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery,

"From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility,

"Under the care of the best physicians,

"Who gave her disease various names,

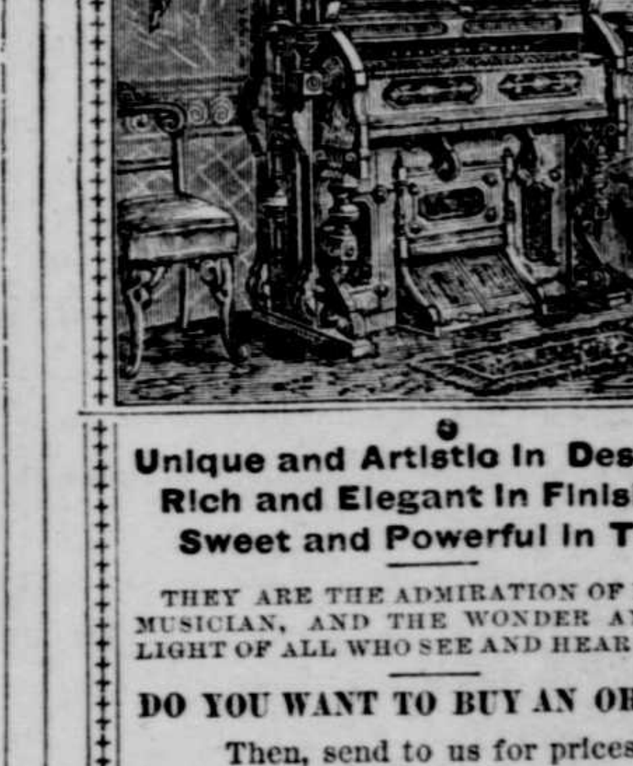
"But no relief,

"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it. THE PARENTS.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

B N U 36


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Unique and Artistic in Design, Rich and Elegant in Finish, Sweet and Powerful in Tone!

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Has treated Dropsy and its complications with the most wonderful success; uses vegetable remedies, entirely harmless. Removes all symptoms of dropsy in eight to twenty days.

Cures patients pronounced hopeless by the best of physicians.

From the first dose the symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed.

Some may cry humbug without knowing anything about it. Remember, it does not cost you anything to realize the merits of my treatment for yourself. In ten days the difficulty of breathing is relieved, the pulse regular, the urinary organs made to discharge their full duty, sleep is restored, the swelling all or nearly gone, the strength increased, and appetite made good. I am constantly curing cases of long standing, cases that have been tapped a number of times, and the patient declared unable to live a week. Send for 10 days' treatment; directions and terms free. Give full history of case. Name sex, how long afflicted, how badly swollen and where, is bowels costive, have legs bursted and dripped water. Send for free pamphlet, containing testimonials, questions, etc.

Ten days' treatment furnished free by mail.

Send 7 cents in stamps for postage on medicine.

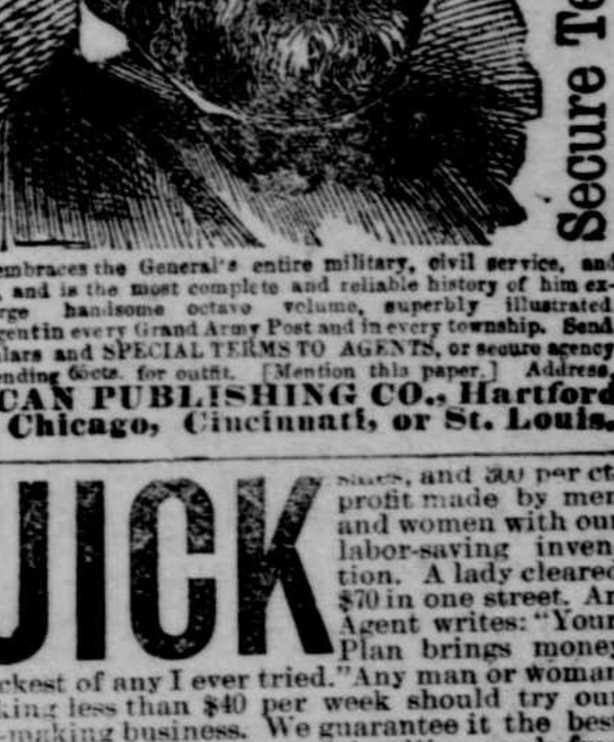
Epilepsy fits positively cured.

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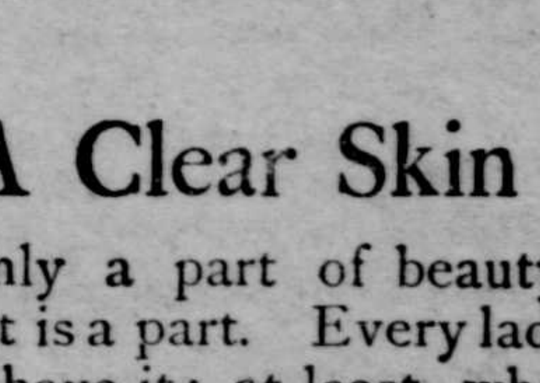


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$1000 REWARD For any machine hulling and cleaning fit for market as much Clover Seed in ONE DAY as the VICTOR DOUBLE HULLER. Illustrated circular mailed free. NEWARK MACHINE CO., Columbus, O. Ea. Br. House, Hagerstown, Md.



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