Munyon's Paw Paw Pills coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, gripe or weaken. They are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves; invigorate instead of weaken. They enrich the blood and enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. These pills contain no calomel; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. For sale by all druggists in 10c and 25c sizes. If you need medical advice, write Munyon's Doctors. They will advise to the best of their ability absolutely free of Charge. **MUNYON'S, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.**

NEOPLATONISM.

Send 25 cents for 10 issues of THE CLIFFSIDE VULCAN, the smallest magazine in the world, started upon a folder post card, as a memento of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration, but owing to an unlooked for circumstance not issued until that event was over, but inasmuch as the subject matter bears more particularly upon the next great event that takes place in New York, a great Universal Exhibition or World's Fair in 1925, it will be all the more appreciated and timely now. And a three months' trial subscription to QUO VADIS, the enlarged form, which the post card memento is to take up, besides taking on the additional subjects of "Farmer's Uplift," "Conservation," Economics, Housing of the Poor in Cities, Socialism and kindred topics, and more particularly the relation which these topics have with regard to the NEOPLATONIC PHILOSOPHY, the Bible and other ancient literatures, and the light which these philosophies throw upon those knotty subjects.

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Maryland Farm, $10 per Acre
1 to 300 acres, level land.
Mild, healthful climate. Two crops per year; no failures. E. C. DREW, Salisbury, Md.

Eighty-seven in every hundred Canadian farmers own their own farms.

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Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all Druggists' 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Baltimore became a customs port in 1780.

For COLDS and GRIP,
Hick's CAPUDINE is the best remedy—relieves the aching and feverishness—cures the Cold and restores normal conditions. It's liquid—effects immediately. 10c., 25c. and 50c., at drug stores.

Louisiana supplies two-thirds of the world's sulphur.

Only One "Bromo Quinine,"
That is Laxative Bromo Quinine. Look for the signature of E. W. Grove. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c

Alaska has 4,000 miles of waterways navigable by steam vessels.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

A six-month-old walrus eats 50 pounds of fish a day.

Buy "BATTLE AXE" SHOES.

The eastern coast of Ireland has more than 200 days of rain a year.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

The harpy eagle of Brazil feeds exclusively on monkeys.

A trifling cough may become permanent unless stopped. A 25c. bottle of *Allen's Lung Balsam* will stop it. All dealers.

London has 2,151 miles of streets and 390 miles of tramways.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. At druggists.

Human Nature.

"Queer thing about men, isn't it?" remarked the thoughtful thinker.

"What's queer about 'em?" asked the innocent bystander.

"Why," rejoined the T. T., "a man will sit on a log half a day waiting for a fish to bite, but he won't wait three minutes for his wife to get ready for church."—Denver News.

The water in Lake Van, in Asiatic Turkey, which is about 60 miles long by from 20 to 30 wide, is so strongly impregnated with potash that the residents along its shores use to wash clothing without the use of soap.

WELL KIDNEYS KEEP THE BODY WELL.

When the kidneys do their duty the blood is filtered clear of uric acid and other waste. Weak kidneys do not filter off all the bad matter. This is the cause of rheumatic pains, backache and urinary disorders. Doan's Kidney Pills cure weak kidneys.

Henry J. Brown, 53 Columbus St., Charleston, S. C., says: "For two years I suffered with my kidneys. Rheumatic pains drove me nearly frantic. My limbs swelled. Nothing helped me until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, and by that time I had nearly given up hope. They brought me quick relief and a final cure."

Remember the name—Doan's. Sold by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. 50 cents a box.

GARDEN, FARM and CROPS

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE UP-TO-DATE AGRICULTURIST

Sheep Rack.

A good rack for feeding sheep can be made by almost any sensible farmer. About all that is needed is a support for the hay so that it shall not fall to the ground and be wasted and also be handy for the sheep to get at.—Farmers' Home Journal.

Watch For Scab.

In selecting and buyng ewes be very careful not to get disease. Watch for scab. They should always be dipped before leaving their old yards, and if possible, dipped again on reaching the new home. Look for ewes that show good breeding.—Farmers Home Journal.

Tankage for Hogs.

The Ohio experiment station has been testing the value of tankage in hog feeding, and especially to hogs following corn-fed cattle. The result of tankage feeding was found to be excellent when used to supplement corn, making the hogs grow and develop very rapidly. After giving the details of these experiments, showing the rapid gain in hogs fed tankage, the Ohio station concludes its experiment circular announcement on the subject as follows:

"In the tests reported in this circular the gains made by hogs fed tankage were more than one-half greater than the gains made by the hogs that depended entirely upon the droppings from the steers—a decided increase from the use of a supplementary feed rich in protein, and ash."

The Indiana Farmer has heretofore called attention to like statements in the bulletins of the Purdue experiment station, showing the excellent results in feeding tankage to hogs. It is the high percent of protein in tankage that makes it so valuable when fed with corn, which is highly carbonaceous. The two make a great hog ration.

Marketing Potatoes.

Perhaps with no other staple crop can the farmer gain so much by its careful preparation for the market as with potatoes. Both for the local market and for shipping, medium sized potatoes that do not vary much in size are more readily salable than those that vary much in size in the same lot. If your potatoes are not uniform in size it will pay to grade them, putting the large ones in one lot and the medium sized ones in another, leaving out all of the very small ones. After digging it is well to allow the potatoes to lie on the ground till well dried off, usually from one to two hours, so that the dirt will not stick to them. This improves their looks very materially. Bruised or cut potatoes should be carefully excluded from those intended for market. By never marketing anything but sound and uniform sized potatoes a farmer can soon build up a reputation that will be of cash value to him, as dealers are usually very willing to pay more than going prices for potatoes which they know to be all right. The same can be said of communities. If all the farmers of a community grow the same variety, the one best adapted to that locality, and for which there is a good demand, buyers will soon become aware of the fact and more of them will come to bid for them and the farmers will get better prices. Mixed lots of potatoes always sell at a discount.—Written for the Dakota Farmer by W. H. Wenz.

Milk Vessels and Their Care.

Clean, properly cared for milk vessels play an important part in the production of pure and wholesome dairy products. Dirty pails, cans, etc., mean dirty milk and dirty products, and there is no getting around this fact.

In the first place use no rusty or otherwise rough cans or pails for germs of disease will settle in every little crevice and afford a harboring place for bacteria. None but tin vessels should be used. It is better not to use wooden vessels of any kind for the holding of milk, for the reason that it is difficult to keep them clean. The pores in the wood readily absorb portions of the milk and only severe treatment in the way of scalding can keep the pails clean. If regularly washed and saturated with boiling water, the wooden pails will remain sweet, but often this is not done. It is best, therefore, to depend upon tin vessels which are free from pores and are easily washed.

Clean vessels call for scrupulous care in washing. This is often not properly done partly from lack of knowledge and partly because many do not want to take the time to do it right. Wash all utensils clean by first using lukewarm water and some good washing powder. Use a brush in connection with the washing compound and scour thoroughly, getting into every part of the vessels. Follow this with clean, warm water, and finally rinse again with scalding hot water. If at all possible, dry in the sun, which is a great purifier. There is no need of drying with a cloth, for after being rinsed in boiling water the utensils will readily dry in a few minutes. If a cloth is used in the scouring process, let it be a clean one and not a soiled dishcloth.

The deposits that form in the corners and under overhanging rims should be dug out. These deposits contain an assortment of the germs that have grown in previous batches of milk and like chunks of yeast they start up scouring of the milk in the same manner that yeast causes bread to ferment. Scalding will kill these germs, but new ones will soon fall on the deposits.

Use milk vessels for no other purpose than to hold milk. Keep all sour or tainted milk out of them. This infects the utensils so badly that no amount of washing will make perfectly clean.—W. F. P. in the Indiana Farmer.

Experience With Incubators.

I will venture to give my experience with incubators. In the first place I use a good incubator and use only good, fresh eggs, uniform in size and color, for white eggs have thinner shells than brown ones, therefore do not require the same amount of heat, moisture, etc. I run my incubator twenty-four hours without eggs to adjust the regulator to the proper degree, then place the eggs in machine and leave it twenty-four hours longer, only to fill and trim the lamp. On the morning of the third day I turn the eggs, and turn and cool them twice each day until the eighteenth day. I do not turn after the eighteenth day, as the chick is fully developed, and has found its proper position to break its way out, and to turn the eggs at this time would turn the chick head down and drown it, or place it in such position that it could not work to advantage.

I also sprinkle the eggs every other morning with water warmed 103 degrees.

I run the incubator at 102 first week, 103 second week and 103 to 104 third week.

I test the eggs on the seventh and fourteenth days of incubation. Sometimes the most of the chicks will be out and under the tray, and the heat from their bodies will cause too high a temperature below the eggs, and in such cases it is best to remove the dry chicks to the warmed brooder and hasten the remainder of the hatch by spreading a warm, moist cloth on the eggs and leave it there twenty minutes keeping the door closed the while.

When putting the cloth in don't leave the door open longer than necessary, as it is important that the temperature does not run down more than two degrees. This application alone has saved me fully twenty-five percent of live chicks that otherwise would have died in the shell on account of the shell becoming too dry and the inner lining so tough that the chicks could not break their way out.

I had one experience that I am anxious to give my fellow poultrymen. I took ill during my third hatch, and through carelessness the incubator lamp was allowed to go out and remained out over night when the room temperature registered below fifty degrees.

As soon as it was discovered it was lit up and started again with but little hope of getting a chicken, but to our surprise and pleasure we got a 91 percent hatch from those eggs.

I have taken off four hatches, the lowest being eighty-six percent which was taken out February 18th from eggs laid during January.

Again, I say, use a good incubator, fresh eggs from good, healthy stock, and good common hen sense and anyone can get good results with incubators.—Inland Farmer.

Farm Notes.

Get a strong healthy ram to head the flock.

The ewes should be kept in prime condition, not being permitted to fall off in flesh.

Put a little salt in the daily meal of the hogs. Not too much, but a little daily for best results.

Hogs should not be permitted to sleep in the dust. It may cause mange and lung trouble.

A bushel of corn will make as much pork or beef on your farm as it will in any other section of the country.

Protect sheep from cold rains. The fleece will hold a large amount of water, and it takes a long time to dry.

Let every farmer aim for better hogs. He is getting started right when he buys a few pure bred sows, or a pure bred boar.

To prevent rust, plows, cultivators, mowers, reapers and other implements of the like should have their steel surfaces rubbed over with oil.

If you are not getting along well with your farming, ask yourself what the matter is. Try and probe the trouble to the bottom. Make sure the failures are no fault of your own.

For roof paint, mix 35 parts of powdered clay slate, 30 of powdered mica slate, 35 of powdered American rosin, with half the quantity of pure coal tar and boil until an easily brushable mass is obtained.

Brother Dickey's Philosophy.

Folks what takes de worl' ez dey finds it, sometimes takes mo'n dey kin tote away.

De higher you gets in dis worl' de furder off heaven looks, yit de li'l' chilluns don't have ter tiptoe ter reach it.

De millionaires got de po' mens splittin' rails fer 'um ter fence in de worl', but w'en dey got de worl' fenced ter suit 'um, here comes Satan an' takes de fence fer kindlin' wood.

I hez sometimes said ter myse'f dat I'd git tired stayin' in heaven a million years. I hez got so use ter ol' Satan dat de excitement er runnin' fum him is like secon' natur' ter me. —Atlanta Constitution.

Perfection Distant.

One of the Chicago "L" roads reports that its cars are swept and brushed every night and washed twice a week with antiseptics. Its smoking car is inspected each trip and made as tidy as possible. The windows are kept clean, and an earnest effort is made to maintain a uniform temperature. Other roads follow much the same plan, which leads the Tribune to say: "Perfection may be distant, but definite progress is plain."

HOW MAN CAME TO HAVE FIVE FINGERS

By Prof. Carl W. Neumann, of Berlin University

In the year 1833 scientific excavators in the dark sandstone at Hildburghausen, in Germany, came unexpectedly upon a series of huge impressions, which undoubtedly represented the footsteps of a beast. In some enormously remote period of time, when the sandstone was still soft mud, a very heavy animal must have walked over this place and pressed his forepaws deep in the mud bank. After that the ground dried up and a new layer of mud flowed over the impression. By some accident in a remote geological time the two layers became separated, and thus the impression of the feet preserved in negative and positive form.

The most astonishing fact about this discovery was that the impression of the forefeet and the much larger hindfeet bore a very close resemblance to the human hand. You could see at once the ball at the base of the thumb, which could be opposed to the other fingers just as in the human hand, and you could even see the joints of the toes.

This discovery was the beginning of a process of investigation which entirely changed the views of the early evolutionists concerning the development of the human hand. What kind of beast had thus impressed his forepaws in the stone? The scientists sought eagerly through the records of the prehistoric animal world, but nowhere could they find a beast whose construction agreed with those strange footprints. They, therefore, named the extinct animal the "Chirotherium," or "hand beast."

The tracks of the "Chirotherium" are now held to prove that we must share the possession of a prehensile hand not only with the "Chirotherium" and with many of the lower mammals, but with the lower mudfish, and even with the frightful dragon-like creatures of the prehistoric world.

How are we to apply this remarkable agreement of prehistoric creations to explain the riddle of the five-fingered hand? If there is anthing in logic, these facts must point to the existence of a common group of ancestors for all the higher vertebrates possessing pentadactylic extremities with opposable thumbs. We must seek this prehistoric creation further back than the "Chirotherium," who first walked over the mud banks in the Triassic period. When the coal beds were still green forests, hundreds of thousands of years before the age of the "Chirotherium," there swarmed many five-toed amphibious creatures, whose skeletons now adorn the museums. The state of possessing five toes was then in the process of becoming permanent. The hypothetical ancestor of the five-fingered prehensile hand must have already been in existence before the straight trunks of the carboniferous tree found a place to grow on the soft, boggy earth. He must have lived in a depression in the earth's surface which was already inhabited by fish, but not yet by land beasts.

Are we then to infer that the human hand found its origin in the fin of the mudfish?

Science answers "Yes" to this question, and as evidence points to a highly interesting race of animal which is not exclusively a water animal, but is not a land animal. This is the mudfish or lungfish of Australia, known to science as Ceratodus. This has been well described as a living fossil, because it is the only survivor of an otherwise extinct group of animals which populated the earth at the beginning of the carboniferous age. The Ceratodus is endowed with two methods of breathing. In the rainy period, when the stream in which he makes his home is filled with water, he breathes like a true fish, through his gills, but in the long dry period of the Australian summer his gills are out of use and he breathes the air freely through his lungs. Through a creature like the salamander fish, Nature must have made the bridge by which our ancestors passed from exclusive water-dwellers to life on land. Among them, also, we must seek the origin of the five-toed foot.

The celebrated anatomist, Karl Gegenbaur, says the fins of the fish, concerning which we formerly held erroneous ideas, are nothing but many-toed feet. The numerous rays of the fins correspond to the fingers and toes of the higher vertebrates. If the fin is the original form from which the hand develops, then the numerous rays of the fin must have been reduced in some way to five. This process does not appear probable in the highly complicated steering organs of the higher fishes.

But we gain quite a different view when we study the Ceratodus, which possesses today four very primitive fins, somewhat in the shape of a fern leaf. Each fin consists of a strong central stem with numerous articulated rays branching out on each side. On these fins, which are apparently predestined to become legs, the Ceratodus, or lungfish, is accustomed to rest at the bottom of the water.

Let us suppose that in the far distant Devonian period the fins of some species of Ceratodus became developed to aid in the forward movement of the body so that the conquest of the water might be better attained. The main bone of the fin and the side branches which are most useful for movement would have grown stronger, while the other rays would have grown weaker until they finally disappeared altogether from disuse. What remained then of the fernlike fin of the Ceratodus would have been many-toed foot, which in course of time would become better adapted to its needs. This, however, does not settle the question of the five fingers and toes which we, together with all the land animals descended from the Ceratodus, possessed at the starting point of the creation of foot and hands. These must have arisen later, for some object which is still concealed from us.

In any case, we must recognize the Ceratodus as the predecessor of the possessor of the original five-fingered hand from which the hand of man, as well that of other animals, is derived. We must thank the Ceratodus for our decimal system and our method of counting, which is based upon the ten fingers. When we celebrate jubilees and centenaries we should pay some honor to the original Devonian ancestor of the higher vertebrates, who, millions of years after his death, through his Australian cousin, the Ceratodus, has put science on the path of unravelling the problem, of how men came to have five fingers.

HAVING FUN AT THE TABLE.

Stimulating the Appetite by Cheerfulness and Not Worrying.

It is astonishing to one who has not studied the subject thoroughly to learn how completely under the control of the nervous system, or, rather, of the emotions, the entire digestive apparatus is.

It is a matter of everyday experience that the appetite is under the subjection of the feelings, although not of the will. The impulse to celebrate any good news by a dinner is founded upon the fact that when one is pleased and elated, hunger is excited. In early times this hunger was gratified on the moment, just as the accompanying thirst too often is now, but the modern man usually defers his eating to a suitable occasion.

The loss of appetite caused by bad news or misfortune of any kind is too well known to need more than mention. Worry of physical fatigue will often act in the same way. The same causes that destroy the appetite will arrest or greatly retard the process of digestion. It is a matter of common experience that any disagreeable occurrence during or just after a meal will stop digestion and may bring on a bilious atack, with headache, nausea, and a coated tongue. Concentration of the mind or anxiety will act in the same way.

On the other hand, as the appetite is stimulated by good news and mental elation, so digestion is favored by whatever promites gayety and high spirits.

"Laugh and grow fat," like so many popular sayings, is an expression which contains much truth. Dyspepsia is a malady that will seldom be found in the family where the dinner gives occasion for cheerful talk and mirth, and where all worry and "disgruntlement," and especially quarreling, are under a ban.

Every member of the family should make it an absolute rule to put worry and all thought of business or study aside for the moment, and come to the table prepared to be light hearted and gay. This is not only as a moral duty, but rests upon the very physical reason that his appetite will be better, and his food will taste better, and will be better digested.

In this connection it goes without saying that bills and disagreeable letters should never be accompaniment of the morning meal, because a day started with chagrin is a very hard day to straighten out.—Youths' Companion.

Copper Production.

The copper industry in 1908 showed a gradual recovery from the severe depression in the last part of 1907. Many producers that had greatly curtailed or even suspended production in that year, began again to increase output practically at the opening of 1908, and in spite of the low price of the metal nearly all the important producers of 1907 were in operation throughout most of 1908, and a few new companies began production during the year. The rate of production has been steadily increasing, and is now greater than at any other time in the history of the industry. It is estimated that the production of blister and lake copper in 1908 from ores mined in the United States will be greater by about 50,000,000 pounds, or between 5 and 6 percent, than that in 1907, which was 868,966.41 pounds. Production of total refined new copper by works in ths country cannot yet be given, but probably it will hardly equal the output of 1907, which was 1,032,516,247 pounds.—Geological Survey.

Immigrants.

In 1907 we got 1,285,000 immigrants; in 1908, 782,870; and these figures were offset by a strong human current running from our ports back to Europe. Out of last year's total, Austria-Hungary sent 168,000; Italy, including Sicily, 128,000; the Russian empire and Finland, 156,000; over three-fifths of the total number thus coming from southern and southeastern Europe. There is a prospect of a Russian emigration of a higher quality than we have had heretofore, from the reformer and high-grade revolutionist class; discouraged patriots, such somewhat as came here from Germany—Carl Schurz among them—after the troubles of 1848.—Harper's Weekly.

Safety and Sanitation.

There are ten European museums of safety and sanitation, located in Berlin, Munich, Paris, Vienna, Amsterdam, Milan, Stockholm, Zurich, Moscow and Buda-Pesth. The Berlin museum of safety covers 34,000 square feet of floor space, where are exhibited devices for the protection of the dangerous parts of machinery or processes in all trades and occupations.

Impressing the Public.

"A statesman never looks really impressive," said the student of human nature, "unless he has a distinctive beard or mustache or a bald head."

"I suppose," replied the suffragette contemptuously, "that you are trying to think up another silly reason why women should not go into politics." —Washington Star.

The wireless apparatus on the Cunard liner Caronia is the most powerful of any in steamship service, having a radius of 1,200 miles.

Have You Tried?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? We can furnish positive proof that it has made many remarkable cures after all other means had failed.

Women who are suffering with some form of female illness should consider this.

As such evidence read these two unsolicited testimonial letters. We guarantee they are genuine and honest statements of facts.

Cresson, Pa.—"Five years ago I had a bad fall, and hurt myself inwardly. I was under a doctor's care for nine weeks, and when I stopped I grew worse again. I sent for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, took it as directed, and now I am a stout, hearty woman."—Mrs. Ella E. Aikey, Cresson, Pa.

Baird, Wash.—"A year ago I was sick with kidney and bladder troubles and female weakness. The doctors gave me up. All they could do was to just let me go as easily as possible. I was advised by friends to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am completely cured of my ills, and I am nearly sixty years old."—Mrs. Sarah Leighton, Baird, Wash.

Evidence like the above is abundant showing that the derangements of the female organism which breed all kinds of miserable feelings and which ordinary practice does not cure, are the very disorders that give way to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are afflicted with similar troubles, after reading two such letters as the above, should be encouraged to try this wonderfully helpful remedy.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

A Great Idea.

"Why do you have those stout rubber bands about the bills of all your hens?" we ask.

"Keep 'em from cackling," answers our friend, the hen-and-eggery owner. "When they find they can't cackle they think they were mistaken and lay another egg."—Chicago Evening Post.

Argentina consumes 44,092,000 pounds of malt for brewing annually, representing 176,370,000 pounds of barley.

Free to Our Readers.
Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and sells for 50c. Try It in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes, for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

A single factory with a capacity of 500 tons a day, provides Liberia with its sole supply of ice.

For HEADACHE—Hicks' CAPUDINE
Whether from Colds, Heat, Stomach or Nervous Troubles, Capudine will relieve you. It's liquid—pleasant to take—acts immediately. Try it. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at drug stores.

Fifty-ton loads of coke can be dumped from up-to-date steel freight cars in less than two minutes.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.
Pazo Ointment is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c

Religious workers say the Gospel is preached in 30 different languages in the United States.

Perry Davis' Painkiller when thoroughly rubbed in relieves strains, sprains, or aching joints, whatever may be the cause.

The German Army boasts the best health record of all the world's fighting forces.

Buy "BATTLE AXE" SHOES.

Cooked food is sold from automobiles in the streets of Paris, Berlin and Moscow.

The world's population is estimated at 1,467,000,000.

Buy "BATTLE AXE" SHOES.

Cypress water tanks have been known to defy decay for a quarter of a century and white pine ones two decades.

Not an Inch of Healthy Skin Left.
"My little son, a boy of five, broke out with an itching rash. Three doctors prescribed for him, but he kept getting worse until we could not dress him any more. They finally advised me to try a certain medical college, but its treatment did no good. At the time I was induced to try Cuticura he was so bad that I had to cut his hair off and put the Cuticura Ointment on him on bandages, as it was impossible to touch him with the bare hand. There was not one square inch of skin on his whole body that was not affected. He was one mass of sores. The bandages used to stick to his skin and in removing them it used to take the skin off with them, and the screams from the poor child were heartbreaking. I began to think that he would never get well, but after the second application of Cuticura Ointment I began to see signs of improvement, and with the third and fourth applications the sores commenced to dry up. His skin peeled off twenty times, but it finally yielded to the treatment. Now I can say that he is entirely cured, and a stronger and healthier boy you never saw than he is to-day, twelve years or more since the cure was effected. Robert Wattam, 1148 Forty-eighth St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9, 1909."

A New Jersey farmer has patented a cover for milking pails that admits the milk through a strainer covered with a cloth that may be removed for cleansing, and which even keeps impure air from entering the pail.

An architect of Chihuahua, Mex., has been granted a patent on a method for making concrete houses in one piece.

Fortune Telling

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health.

The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dross.

Womanly health when lost or impaired may generally be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women, by the hundreds of thousands and this too in the privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indelicate questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*. All correspondence held as sacredly confidential. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S GREAT FAMILY DOCTOR BOOK, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers *in Plain English* hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent *free*, in plain wrapper to any address on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only, or in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Insomnia

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all that they are represented."
Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 926

BUY "BATTLE AXE" SHOES

In 1909, 90,148 Americans moved to Canada. B. N. U. 13.

BUY "BATTLE AXE" SHOES

PATENTS, Trade-Marks, Pensions, Bounty Pay, Claims Against the Government, Soliciting.
Address W. H. WELLS, Att'y-at-Law, 312 Ind. Ave., Washington, D. C.
35 YEARS' PRACTICE.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

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