FREE

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pill. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Use the old reliable

Hale's Honey

Of Horehound and Tar

For Coughs and Colds

Free from opium or anything injurious At all druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute

Tutt's Pills

stimulate the torpid liver, strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels. A remedy for sick headache. Unequaled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

Elegantly sugar coated. Small dose. Price, 25c.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1. No. 2. No. 3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES PILES, KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to Dr. Le Clerc MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

25 CTS. PISO'S REMEDY Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. 25 CTS.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Pettit's Eye Salve It's Use Will Quickly End Week, Sore Eyes

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 8—1912.

ABOVE MERE STORY TELLER.

Willie (aged seven)—Say, paw, what's a raconteur?

Father—A fellow who wears a dress suit when he tells stories.

Mean People.

Henry Russell, the head of the Boston opera, was describing his foreign tour in search of talent.

"They were mean people," he said of the singers of a certain city. "I could do no business with them. They thought only of money."

Mr. Russell smiled.

"They were as bad as the man who discovered the Blank theater fire.

"The first intimation the box office had of this fire came, at the end of the third act, from a fat man who bounded down the gallery stairs, stuck his face at the ticket window and shouted breathlessly:

"'Theater's afire! Gimme me money back!'"

Feline.

Lou—I would rather a man would call me a fool than a knave.

Sue—Of course. It's truth that hurts.—Toledo Blade.

Many a girl fails to select the right husband because she is afraid of being left.

Lose Either Way.

Reason—Remember, my boy, wealth does not bring happiness.

Rhyme—Maybe not, but fighting the wolf is no round of pleasure.

Wealth may not bring a man happiness, but it surrounds him with a multitude of would-be friends.

From

Our Ovens

To

Your Table

Untouched by human hands—

Post Toasties

—the aristocrat of Ready-to-Serve foods.

A table dainty, made of white Indian corn—presenting delicious flavour and wholesome nourishment in new and appetizing form.

The steadily increasing sale of this food speaks volumes in behalf of its excellence.

An order for a package of Post Toasties from your grocer will provide a treat for the whole family.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited Battle Creek, Michigan

FARM AND BEES

SOLDERING OUTFIT IS HANDY

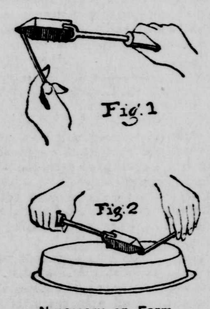
Probably No Investment Farmer Can Make That Will Pay as Big a Percentage of Profit.

(By E. B. TUTTLE.)

There is probably no investment the farmer can make that will pay the percentage of profit that a soldering-kit will. Reduced to its lowest terms a coffer can be bought for 25 cents, acid 5 cents and solder wire 10 cents.

It will be better, however, to buy two coffers, 1½ or 1¾ pounds each, which should not cost more than 75 cents per pair. Using two, one can be heating while the other is in use.

The acid is muriatic, in which dissolve a little zinc. For the beginner



Necessary on Farm.

probably it will be found handier to use the solder in the form of a wire, though later a bar will be found to be convenient.

Having secured the outfit the first thing is to "tin" the point. To do this, file the beveled surface down bright, and heat in the stove (gas, gasoline, wood or coal) until hot enough to melt the solder.

Then with a small, flat stick smear the surfaces with the acid and rub the end of the solder over them (Fig. 1).

If it does not melt freely get the coffer hotter. After tinning the point try not to get it so hot it will burn off; in case you do, however, retin by the same process.

If the tinning is not on, the coffer will not pick up solder nor melt it freely.

For a starter let us try a leaky pan. Sandpaper or scrape clean around the hole and smear with acid. Take the coffer properly heated and set the point on the hole, applying the solder as shown in Fig. 2. Watch and see it run freely (you can tell at once if it fuses properly), and remove the coffer.

If the coffer gets cold, take the other one which should also be in the fire. The work may be done equally well inside the pan.

If the hole is too large, cut a small piece of tin and put over the hole, having first used the acid on both patch and pan. Put the coffer on top of the patch, and when sufficiently hot run the end of the solder wire around the patch. It should melt readily. Hold down with the coffer or stick until the solder runs.

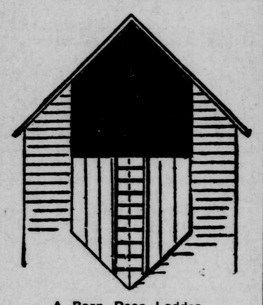
This, briefly is the problem of soldering. Other applications will be readily solved once one is familiar with the tools.

Most metals can be soldered; not, however, cast iron or aluminum. In the case of galvanized iron or zinc, use muriatic acid straight. As more skill is acquired, you will be able to pick up solder on the point of the coffer, when you can buy solder by the bar.

LADDER ATTACHED TO DOOR

Device Will Save Farmer More Steps Than Anything Else, Especially During Haying Time.

The following device is contributed by a writer in the Homestead as having saved him more steps at haying time than anything else on his farm. The accompanying illustration shows a ladder nailed on the inside of the hay barn door. This is made of two 2x4's the full length of the door up and down and one by six fencing is used



A Barn Door Ladder.

for crosspieces. In the first place it is convenient to get the sparrows' nests out of the carrier and when the door is let down one can easily get into the barn to level the hay without getting down on the ground.

Piling Manure.

Market gardeners generally pile the manure near the farm buildings for a perid of about six months. The piles are built with perpendicular sides and they are flat, being about four feet deep. They are also watered as often as may be necessary, to prevent fire-fanging, and turned one to three times during the period of composting. This kind of treatment destroys all weed seeds, makes the manure fine in texture and promotes chemical changes which are favorable to plant nutrition.

Road Dust.

Road dust will serve to hold the nitrogen in manure using it in the stable gutter

PROTECT THE HONEY MAKERS

Bees Should Have Neither Wind or Sunshine During Winter—Empty Building Is Best.

Put your bees in a sheltered place until next spring. They should be sheltered from both the wind and the sun. Probably the best place to keep them through the winter is in an empty building. There is no danger of bees freezing in the coldest winter if they are protected from the wind. When not protected during a blizzard they are often frozen by the chilling wind. If the sun strikes them a cold spell coming immediately after warm weather finds the bees unprepared for it. Changes in temperature also cause the bees to eat more honey than when an even temperature is maintained. Thus, if the food supply is short, there is danger of them starving before spring flowers bloom.

When an empty building is not available straw is often packed around the hive and held in place by a box a little larger than the hive. This is not so satisfactory as the first method suggested, for bees are often forgotten after a snow storm and are smothered before the snow melts from the entrance. If they are given plenty of food and good protection in the fall and then left alone there will be a vigorous swarm ready to make honey in the spring.

USEFUL WIRE FENCE OUTFIT

Quite Essential Implement on Any Farm Is Easy of Construction and Very Convenient.

An outfit for laying out wire fence is a very essential thing on the farm. They are easy of construction and convenient.

Take two pieces of 2x10, six or eight feet long, with one end shaped as sled-runners, and a solid top on which to haul the tools required in building the fence.

Two pieces of 2x4, six feet long, bolted, one on each side and running back about half their length, make a pair of shafts for the bale of the fence.

An inch hole is made near the end of each shaft in which an iron rod

Unrolling the Wire.

is passed and through the bale of the fence.

The end of the fence is fastened to the first post, and with a horse to the sled like the outfit you are ready for a big day's work.

Farm Help.

The solution of the farm help problem lies largely with the farmers themselves, according to my way of thinking. If farmers will arrange their work or reorganize their methods so they can keep men all the year around instead of picking up Tom, Dick and Bill as they stray out into the country during the rush season of harvest, pay all they can afford, give the men good living quarters and help them to keep out of the mire of ignorance and indifference by encouraging the better side of their nature, they will not only secure a much higher type of workman, but perform a real service to humanity. Just keep in mind that we are brothers all—rich and poor, farmer and hired man—and that every man is entitled to a square deal.—A Hired Man.

Fattening Horses and Mules.

In fattening old horses and mules it may be well to remember that their grain ration should be ground and their hay should be cut fine and then sprinkle the feed with water. Scatter the ground grain and water over the dampened hay and feed at once. You can do the mixing in a trough, but do not have any left over for a next feed, as it becomes sour very quickly.

Cabbage Plants in Reserve.

It is a good plan to have some early cabbage plants in reserve in frames or a protected place to replant any hills that fail in the field.

Inoculating Land.

Soil taken from a well established alfalfa field and spread on land to be sown to alfalfa is a very good way to inoculate it.

Bees and Farm Notes

If the vegetables are withering, pack them in moist sand.

If the parsnips are frozen in, use a railroad pick to get them out.

The fall plowed land should not be worked, but should be left rough over winter.

It is a question whether the wagons or carts are the most desirable vehicle on a farm.

Many farmers now have hand presses and by this means have sweet cider all winter.

The profits edge of farming laps over and rests upon the business desk and farm account book.

Any warm winter day when the soil is open is a good time to make preparations for next spring's hotbed.

It is much better to apply a little manure to our land often than a large quantity at longer intervals.

If good roads from the producer to the consumer were general, the benefits to both would be considerable.

Land plaster gives results on new land by making the potash in the soil more available for the use of plants.

Don't be afraid of getting the soil around the asparagus too rich. The richer it is the better the asparagus thrives.

It takes raw or fresh manure about six to eight weeks to rot fine enough for spring application for spreading broadcast, or in the drill for vegetables.

The farmer who plans and systematizes his work is the farmer who has feed for sale in the spring and then seldom sells it. He realizes that the best market is in good farm stock.

PUT POISON IN BABIES' MILK

Hospital Attendant Breaks Down and Confesses.

EIGHT LITTLE ONES DIED

Winifred Ankers Says She Put Oxalic Acid In the Milk Prepared For the Babies At the Brooklyn Nursery and Hospital.

New York.—Winifred Ankers, a kitchen attendant at the Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital, broke down and confessed after a two-hour interrogation by the police that it was she who had put oxalic acid in the milk prepared for the babies in the hospital, causing eight deaths and four cases of illness. Her purpose, the girl said, was not to kill the children, but to make it appear that nurses in the hospital against whom she had a grudge were not taking proper care of the children.

Miss Ankers has a baby of her own in the hospital. It is not sick. The police brought her to the point of confessing by threatening to take her baby away, whereupon there was a hysterical outburst, in which the young woman sobbed out her story of how she had dropped the oxalic acid into the milk bottles.

District Attorney Cropsey was notified of the girl's statement, and promptly sent Assistant District Attorney Warbasser to the nursery, where the girl had been questioned, to take her evidence against herself down in legal form.

The police believe the Ankers woman is demented.

The Ankers woman was formally arrested later, but is still held at the hospital under police guard. The examination which developed her confession was heard by several nurses. When the threat was made that her child would be sent to another hospital unless she told the truth, the woman who had been denying all evening any blame in connection with the baby's death suddenly became frantic. She jumped from her chair, shaking her fists at Detective McAirdy.

"If you take my baby from me I'll kill you," she screamed. She then sank back into a chair, crying hysterically.

When the officers calmed her she said: "Well, I'll tell you all about it," and went on to relate how she turned the oxalic acid into the milk bottles in the icebox.

"I did it in a hurry, fearing someone would come," she said, "and I don't know how many bottles I put it in."

There was another interruption by hysterics and then she lamented:

"I did not want to kill the babies. All I wanted to do was to make them sick. I knew if they were sick they would be cross and cry and cause a lot of trouble for the nurses. The nurses have snubbed me and they were my enemies. I am very sorry for the poor, poor babies."

RELICS OF MAINE IN DEMAND.

Another Shipload To Be Brought From Havana.

Washington.—So numerous and insistent are the demands upon the Navy Department for relics of the battleship Maine that it has been found necessary to send for another shipload in addition to the collection brought to Washington recently on the collier Leonidas. The board charged with the distribution of the relics is having difficulty in complying with the many requests from municipalities and patriotic societies, for the reason that little of the material collected is of a nature to lend itself readily to monumental purposes.

Training Station Quarantined.

Washington.—Owing to the death from smallpox of Benjamin Bartow Earnest, ordinary seaman, United States Navy, at the training station, Norfolk, Va., the United States ship Franklin and the training station have been placed under a strict quarantine. Officers and men of the Navy Yard and Marine Corps and their families, with the civilian employes at the Navy Yard, have been vaccinated.

A Hitch Over Morocco.

Madrid.—Another hitch in the negotiations between France and Spain over Morocco has developed. The question concerns territorial compensations which Spain shall give France.

An Aviator's Fall To Death.

Pau, France.—Lieutenant Ducourneau was killed here in an aeroplane accident. While flying at a height of 450 feet a proceller broke and the machine fell.

New Japanese Ambassador.

Washington.—Viscount S. Chinda, the new Japanese ambassador, has arrived in Washington, accompanied by the Viscountess Chinda and a retinue of attendants. He is expected to present his credentials to the State Department within a week. The new Ambassador is a graduate of De Pauw University, Indiana, where he was a classmate of former Senator Beveridge, of Indiana. He was ambassador to Germany when ordered here to succeed former Ambassador Uchida.

Fell Sixteen Floors To Death.

New York.—Sixteen floors down the elevator shaft of a downtown skyscraper, Miss Jean Sacklin, of this city, fell to her death. This is the second fatal accident of the kind within a week, the victim of the first also being a young woman.

From 5,737,372 in 1900 the number of farms in this country grew to 6,340,357, an increase of 602,985, or 10.5 per cent., the lowest rate of increase noted.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreets' says:

"Cumulative improvement is the chief characteristic of the week's trade reports. Demand is expanding and betterment is extending to those centers that have heretofore been particularly quiet. As yet the pace is only steady, but it seems to be consistent and conservative optimism is developing at a greater rate. Mail order concerns have done very well, thanks to the tendency to buy in small lots, and trade in dry goods, wearing apparel, shoes, groceries and other essentials reflects the influences of slow but steady improvement. Cotton goods continue to gain in strength as regards prices, one line after another being jacked up as order books present better aspects.

"Even the South has responded to the improved undertone of things, discontent is disappearing, especially from the larger cities, though some of the smaller centers are still suffering from a paucity of business.

"Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week aggregate 2,299,137 bushels, against 3,816,458 last week and 2,180,921 this week last year. Corn exports for the week are 1,532,566 bushels, against 1,482,048 last week and 2,028,198 in 1911."

Wholesale Market.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red, 102¼c elevator export basis and 104¼ f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 121 f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot barely steady; export, 72½ f o b afloat.

Eggs—Fresh gathered extras, 38@39c; first, 37; seconds, 36; thirds and poorer, 33@35; dirties, 30@32; state, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery whites, fancy large new laid, 40@41; do, selected whites, fair to good, 38@39.

Poultry—Dressed steady; Western chickens, 12½@15c; fowls, 12½@16; turkeys, 12@21. Live unsettled; Western chickens, 12@12½c; fowls, 14@15; turkeys, 15@16.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat steady; contract grade No. 2 red in export elevators, 97@99½c.

Corn—Steady; No. 2, in export elevators, 70@70½c; No. 2 yellow for local trade, 73@74.

Oats—Firm; No. 2 white natural, 58@58½c.

Butter—Weak, 1c lower; Western creamery specials, 34c; do extra, 33; nearby prints, extra, 35.

Eggs—Steady; Pennsylvania and other nearby firsts, f c, $10.80; per case; do current receipts, f c, $10.60 per case; Western firsts, f c, $10.80 per case; do current receipts, f c, $10.60 per case.

Live Poultry—Quiet; fowls, 14@15c; old roosters, 10@10½; do young staggy, 11@12; spring chickens, 14@15; ducks, 16@17; geese, 14@16; turkeys, 14@15.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—Spot and February, 99¾ nominal; March, 101 nominal; May, 103½ nominal.

Corn—Spot and February 70⅛; March, 70¾; April, 71¾.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 34; creamery, choice, 32@33; creamery, good, 31@32; creamery, imitation 27@29; creamery, prints, 33@35.

Cheese—We quote, jobbing lots, per lb, 19@19½c.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 34c; Western firsts, 34; West Virginia firsts, 34; Southern firsts, 33; guinea eggs, 16@17. Recrated and recandled eggs ½@1c higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens heavy, 14c; do, old hens, small to medium, 13; do, young, choice, 15@16; do, rough, staggy and poor, 10@12; do, old roosters, 8@9. Ducks—White Pekings, 16@17c; do, muscovy, 14@15; do, puddle, 14@15. Geese—Nearby, 13c; do, Western and Southern, 11@12; do, Kent Island, 15. Turkeys—Choice hens, 19c; do, young gobblers, 18; do, old toms, 16; do, small and poor, 10@12.

Dressed Poultry—Scalded, undrawn, head and feet on—Turkeys, choice, 20c; do fair to good, 18@19; do, rough to poor, 11@14. Chickens—Choice, young, 15@16; do, old and mixed, 14@15; do, old roosters, 10. Ducks—15@18c. Geese—Nearby, 13@14c; Western and Southern, 10@13. Capons—Large, 7 lb and over, 21@22c; do, medium, 18@20; do, small and slips, 15@17.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Cattle—Beeves, $4.70@8.50; Texas steers, $4.60@5.75; Western steers $4.85@7; stockers and feeders, $2.80@6.10; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.15; calves, $5.75@8.25.

Hogs—Light, $5.80@6.20; mixed, $5.90@6.27½; rough, $5.90@6.05; pigs, $4.25@5.80; bulk of sales, $6.05@6.20.

Sheep—Native, $3.25@4.80; Western, $3.50@4.85; yearlings, $3.75@5.75; lambs, native, $4.25@6.75; Western, $4.60@6.75.

NEW YORK.—Dressed beef quiet, 8@12c.

Calves—Veals, $7@10.75; culls, $5@9.50; barnyards and Westerns nominal. Dressed calves firmer; city dressed veals, 11½@16c; country dressed, 10½@12.

Sheep and Lambs—Sheep steady; lambs slow, 10c lower; three cars unsold. Sheep, $3@4.25; culls, $2.50@2.75; lambs, $5@7; culls, $4@4.75; yearlings, $4.50@5.50.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Cattle—market steady; dressed beef and export steers, $6.50@8.25; fair to good, $5.35@6.50; Western steers, $5.25@7.25; stockers and feeders, $4.50@6.60; Southern steers, $5.25@6.40; Southern cows, $3@5; native cows, $2.90@5.50; native heifers, $4.50@6.50; bulls, $3.65@5.25; calves, $4@7.50.

Girls

Read About These Three Girls. How Sick They Were and How Their Health Was Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Appleton, Wis.—"I take pleasure in writing you an account of my sickness. I told a friend of mine how I felt and she said I had female trouble and advised me to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as she had taken it herself for the same trouble with wonderful results. I had been sickly for two years and overworked myself, and had such bad feelings every month that I could hardly walk for pain. I was very nervous and easily tired out and could not sleep nights. I had dizzy spells, and pimples came on my face. But I have taken your Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has restored my health. I think it is the best medicine in existence."—Miss CECILIA M. BAUER, 1161 Lawrence St., Appleton, Wis.

A SCHOOL TEACHER'S GRATITUDE:

Geneva, Iowa.—"I have been teaching school for some years and I have neglected my health because I was too busy with my work to attend to myself properly. I suffered greatly every month and was on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

"I wrote to you about my condition and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Blood Purifier as you recommended. These remedies have done wonders for me and I can highly and widely recommend them to every suffering woman."—Miss MINNIE SHAVER, R. F. D. No. 1, Geneva, Iowa, c/o Sam Erickson.

A COLORADO GIRL'S CASE:

Montrose, Col.—"I was troubled very much with irregular periods. Sometimes two months would elapse. I suffered severe headache, was weak and nervous, could eat scarcely anything.

"I took both Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier and the result was wonderful. I feel like another person.

"I think your remedies are the best on earth and cannot express my thankfulness to you for what they have done to me. I help my neighbors when they are sick, and I shall always recommend your medicines."—Miss ELLA MCCANDLESS, Montrose, Col.

Is it not reasonable to suppose that a medicine that did so much for these girls will benefit any other girl who is suffering with the same troubles?

Does it not seem the only sensible thing to give such a medicine at least a trial? You may be sure that it can do you no harm, and there are lots of proof that it will do you much good.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine, made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Irascibility Explained.

"Isn't your husband getting a fearfully bad disposition?" asked Mrs. Shortsoot.

"No," replied Mrs. Leedout. "He has read somewhere that brainy men are always cranks and he's trying to get a reputation."

A QUARTER CENTURY

Before the Public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples proves the genuine merit of ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Alas!

Wigg—Young Sillicus says his heart is lacerated.

Wagg—Who's the lass?—Philadelphia Record.

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children, 50 cents.

On the Trail.

"Does your fiance know your age, Lotta?"

"Well—partly."—Fliegende Blaetter.

For COLDS and GRIP

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—relieves the aching and feverishness—cures the Cold and restores normal conditions. It's liquid—effects immediately. 10c., 25c., and 50c. At drug stores.

Too often the man with the hoe gets the worst of an encounter with the man with the gold brick.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Love may not make the world go round, but it seems to make a lot of people giddy.

ITCH, ITCH relieved in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. At Druggists.

A mirror often prevents a woman from getting lonesome.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

RELIEVED NEURALGIA.

J. A. Ingram, Morrison Bluff, Ark., writes: "I have tried one bottle of your Mustang Liniment and it has proved very satisfactory. My sister has been suffering with Neuralgia and Rheumatism about 18 years and your Liniment quickly relieved her. I am obliged to say it's the best I ever used." 25c. 50c. $1 a bottle at Drug & Gen'l Stores

DISCOVERED AT LAST

A dye that will positively change your old Tan Shoes, Satchels, Kid Gloves, Belts Straw Hats, Leggins, Dress Suit Cases, Alligator Bags, Grips, etc., into good black ones, never to wear or rub off.

EVERLASTING BLACK DYE

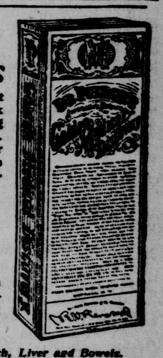
is the name of the remarkable article which is sold by all Shoe Dealers, Drug and Department Stores throughout the United States and Canada, or sent by mail. Price Twenty-five cents per bottle. Address THE E-JAY-R MFG. CO., Baltimore, Md.

PROTECT YOUR HOME

BUSINESS

Reyburn Hunter of Philadelphia, manufacturers of Lightning Rods, Ornaments and Fixtures, offer you a business that may be handled with a limited capital, showing liberal profits, if you are prepared to devote about six months time during the Lightning Rod season. Our numerous customers in the business prove this statement. Do you wish to engage in it? Exclusive territory on special goods may be secured if you write immediately.

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles



Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale-people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach. A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of *unknown composition* as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 & $5 SHOES

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