AMERICAN UNION

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

DENTON, - - - - MD.

Even if mankind has not improved in 7,000 years the plumbing has.

St. Louis man made a sausage fifty feet long. Must have been a dachshund.

A Russian revolutionist escaped from prison in a milk can. Was canned, as it were.

An eastern physician says: "No couple is perfectly mated." He's a married man, it's a cinch.

A Brooklyn man is charged with stealing an airship. Evidently he has aspirations to rise quickly.

German restaurants are listing dog meat on the menu. Here, we buy it under the head of wienerwursts.

Last season 133 tourists were accidently killed in the Alps. Mountain climbing is almost as fatal as aviation.

Scientists have discovered that rattlesnake poison is a cureall. It's a cinch you'll suffer no more after using it.

A Chicago waiter has just died, leaving a fortune. Evidently Chicago is making progress in its imitation of New York.

A recent New York auction disposed of pianos for 47½ cents each. We know lots of pianos that would be a big price for.

In China breaking a cup means an oath of brotherhood. In America it usually means a separation between cook and family.

An Italian archaeologist says that the ancient Romans built flats. Must have had janitors. No wonder the plebs were hated so.

Five divorce cases in thirty-two minutes is the record established by a German judge. Why need New Yorkers go to Reno any more?

Atlanta City cemetery authorities refuse to let a woman bury a pet cat within its confines. Another case where the cat came back.

A college professor, announces an exchange, was robbed of $5,000. Impossible! No college professor ever had that amount at one time.

Boston papers are making a great todo over the discovery of an unkissed girl. However, we want to get a slant at her before expressing surprise.

Corsets have been abandoned by society belles in Washington, but whether it is a fad or due to a rise in the price of whalebone is not evidenced.

An English baronet has an ancient deed permitting him to kiss all the brides among his tenantry. He has just found the deed, but is now eighty-two.

Food may be digested in the stomach of a cat thirteen hours after its demise. Wonder if the eight remaining lives have anything to do with that.

What is the janitor of the apartment house going to do about it when the postman refuses to deliver eggs and butter at any place but the front door?

"Don't expect tips from big men," says a hotel employe. "They are too busy to think of such things." Which again proves the old adage that by looking out for pennies results in fortunes.

Theoretically, according to government figures, each person in the United States possesses $34.72. It is to be hoped the facts are no less consoling.

A British specialist says that Napoleon died from the effects of a cancer. Post-mortems held 100 years afterward are, however, unsatisfactory as a rule.

Brooklyn girl set fire to a house seven times in as many weeks because she was sad. If she'd felt real badly, probably she would have committed murder.

A Massachusetts centenarian says the way to reach the age he has attained is to eat Johnnycake. But anybody who can eat Johnnycake is hardy enough to live that long, anyhow.

Beachcombers have recovered $2,000 worth of watches and diamonds from the beach at Rockaway. But what does anybody want to wear watches and diamonds for when they go in bathing?

A St. Louis bride interrupted the marriage ceremony to promise not to nag her husband. A sort of hobby, evidently.

For a good day's work try breaking in a new typewriting machine after having used one of a different kind daily for several years.

Berlin reports that airmen have been forbidden to fly over the palace at Potsdam and other castles of the nobility. The time is fast approaching for aerial police.

The former sultan of Morocco jailed a dentist who persisted in dunning him for work done. One is lucky to be a sultan, even a deposed one.

Now comes an expert who says too much riding in automobiles gives a person flat feet. Consolation for the man who can't afford to buy one.

A Pittsburgh man bet he could drink forty-seven Tom and Jerrys, a pint of whisky, and six bottles of beer. He did. Then he died. However, he had the satisfaction of winning the bet.

MANY DAYS OF WAR HORRORS

Mexico City a Scene of Terrible Destruction.

BURNING OF THE DEAD.

Thousands Of the Poorer Class Of Citizens In a Starving Condition. Graphic Review Of the Battle.

Mexico City.—All the horrors of a bombardment have been experienced by the residents of this city for many days and to those that might be expected have been added the effects of vicious machine gun and rifle fire in the streets at a range some times of less than 100 yards.

Scarcely a district of the capital has escaped injury. Over and through every quarter at some time shells have torn and screeched and exploded. Little round shells from the automatic pompoms have added to the terror and destruction.

Hundreds of buildings attest by their hole-marked sides and wrecked interiors to the destructive qualities of modern artillery.

2,000 Dead, 8,000 Wounded.

How many have been killed or wounded is a question which none can answer with any exactitude. It is doubtful whether even the government records will ever reveal the correct number.

From a source usually considered careful and conservative it has been stated that the number of dead is not less than 2,000, while the total of wounded amounts to from 8,000 to 10,000. The great majority of these are not soldiers, but men, women and children unable to escape the lines of fire. This estimate was made after hearing the reports of scores of officers of the White and Red Cross Societies and of the hospitals.

It is a well-known fact that detachments of 50 and 100 men have been slaughtered here and there at various times when caught in the narrow streets and mowed down by machine guns.

Carts piled high with corpses have been seen to be driven past a certain point to a spot in the outskirts of the city, where the bodies have been burned.

Every morning may be seen what appear in the zone of the actual fight to be piles of burning rubbish. These heaps are for the most part rubbish, but the odor of burning flesh tells another story.

Gas Flame Crematory.

A practical, though gruesome method has been utilized in one place. The gas escaping from a broken main has been lighted and there in that steady flame has been improvised a crematory. In the basement of an apartment house a few blocks from the arsenal is the grave of Mrs. F. W. Holmes, one of the two American women killed early in the fighting by the entrance into her home of a shell. For three days her husband stayed alone there with the corpse unable to remove it and unwilling to leave it perhaps to suffer further mutilation.

Soldiers entered the apartment where he kept vigil, and before his eyes robbed the place. He managed to find boards and carpenter's tools and nail in the building and constructed a coffin, into which he laid the body of his wife. He carried it to the basement and there dug and filled her grave.

Thousands In Distress.

The absolute cessation of all industrial and business activity is fast reducing an enormous number of noncombatants to a state bordering on starvation. The more fortunate are in many cases able to take care of themselves, but the closing of the banks has made precarious the condition even of some of these.

The provisional banking institution established for American residents who find themselves in difficulties has been meeting their demands with currency. Aside from the question of money, however, the situation has been rendered more difficult by the failure of vegetables and other farm produce to reach the city for some days.

Refuge In Cellars.

The military operations of Monday added another chapter to the records of the desolation and anxiety caused by the constant bombardment which had lasted over a week. The scene of the struggle remained in the streets of the capital, which were practically deserted by all but the military, the inhabitants having either departed to the outer suburbs or taken refuge in cellars.

Dynamite Bombs Ready.

Diaz was said to be planning as a last resort to use dynamite bombs to clear a way for his troops into the National Palace. In the arsenal there were huge stores of these bombs and mortars from which they could be fired. The mortars possess a range or over 1,000 yards, and those knowing the plan of Diaz anticipated an enormous destruction of property and loss of life should he begin to hurl them beyond his positions.

Convinced that intervention was a certainty, hundreds of Americans fled from the capital, most of them to Vera Cruz, to seek the protection of the United States battleships there or to secure passage on outgoing steamers.

PLANS SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM.

Dan Hanna Offers Fund To Western Reserve University.

Cleveland. — Announcement was made here that Dan R. Hanna, publisher of the Cleveland Leader and News, has offered $10,000 annually to Western Reserve University for the foundation of a school of journalism. The school probably will be instituted at the beginning of the next school year, although plans are not to be announced for the present. The chief difficulty to be surmounted at the start is the finding of a director.

TAFT'S STATEMENT OF AMERICA'S ATTITUDE.

President Taft's reply to Madero, made public today, was as follows:

"From your Excellency's telegram, which reached me the 14th, it appeared that your Excellency was somewhat misinformed as to the policy of the United States toward Mexico, which has been uniform for two years, or as to the naval or other measures thus far taken, which are measures of natural precaution.

"The Ambassador telegraphs that when you were good enough to show him your telegram to me, he pointed out this fact.

"Your Excellency must, therefore, be aware that the reports which appear to have reached you that orders have been already given to land forces were inaccurate.

"The Ambassador, who is fully informed, is nevertheless being again instructed to afford you any desired information. Fresh assurances of friendship to Mexico are unnecessary, after two years of proofs of patience and good will.

"In view of the special friendship and relations between the two countries, I cannot too strongly impress upon your Excellency the vital importance of the early establishment of that real peace and order which this Government has so long hoped to see, most because American citizens and their property must be protected and respected, and also because this nation sympathizes deeply with the affliction of the Mexican people.

"In reciprocating the anxiety shown by your Excellency I feel it my duty to add sincerely and without reserve that the course of events during the last two years, culminating in the present most dangerous situation, creates in this country extreme pessimism and the conviction that the present paramount duty is prompt relief of the situation.

"WILLIAM H. TAFT."

MOBILIZING THE MARINES.

Measures Precautionary and Not Looking To Intervention.

Washington.—Two thousand United States marines from various barracks along the Atlantic Coast were ordered to Cuba, there to be held in readiness for possible use in Mexico.

Guantanamo is the present objective point of the marines, who will be established in camp in connection with the fleet, under the command of Rear Admiral Badger. Whether these men will get any further than Guantanamo will depend on Mexican developments.

EXPLOSION WRECKS CHURCH.

Twenty Worshipers Injured When Gas Tank Blows Up.

Kansas City.—Twenty members of the congregationa of the First Methodist Church South, at Oak Grove, 25 miles east of here, were injured when a gas tank blew up in the basement of the church. Rev. J. A. Jester, a retired minister, probably will die. Half a dozen others are in a serious condition.

BURGLARS GET $12,000 IN CASH.

Use Electric Drills and Dynamite To Break Open Safe.

Boston. — Burglars using electric drills and dynamite broke open the safe of E. E. Gray & Co., grocers, at Hanover and Union streets, and escaped with $12,000 in cash. They left their tools and a quantity of explosives behind them.

THE WORLD AT LARGE

Governor Foss signed an enabling act permitting the First Church of Christ Scientist, of Boston, to accept the bequest of $2,000,000 provided in the will of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy.

A hearing upon a petition for the appointment of a receiver for the Union Bag and Paper Company, a New Jersey corporation, will be held in Trenton on March 8.

A strike called in September, 1911, involving 1,100 carmen throughout the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad system, came to an end.

Four children of Joseph Hatfield, at Santa Fe, Ky., were burned to death when their home was destroyed by fire.

The New York legislature adopted a resolution providing for an investigation of the police in New York city.

Don Arturo Bandini, one of the last members of a distinguished Spanish family, died in San Francisco.

The Missouri Senate sent to engrossment by a vote of 19 to 7, the bill giving women the right to vote.

No ragtime will be played by the Illinois bands during the suffrage parade in Washington on March 3.

The New Jersey legislature adopted all of Governor Wilson's antimonopoly bills without amendment.

NEWSY ITEMS.

Alaska's mineral production since 1888 is valued at $207,000,000.

Los Angeles may increase its force of housing inspectors to deal with growing slum conditions.

Quartz lamps are experimentally in use on the streets of Chicago and are said to put the other electric lamps in the shade.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will soon have available 2,872 steel passenger coaches, representing an outlay of $40,000,000.

There is a strong possibility says the Manila Times, that the Bureau of Navigation of the Philippines will send some of its lighthouse experts to the north coast of Borneo to install seven or eight lighthouses for the government of British North Borneo. Although the proposition is only a tentative one, if the contract is made it will mean work amounting in cost to approximately $75,000.

NO RELAXATION IN PRECAUTIONS

Army and Navy Still Moving Towards Mexico.

HUERTA'S MESSAGE TO TAFT.

Heads Of Military Departments Resting On Their Oars While Orders Issued During the Stress Are Being Carried Out.

Washington. — President Taft received the following telegram from Victoriano Huerta, Mexico's provisional governor general:

I have the honor to inform you that I have overthrown this government; the forces are with me, and from now on peace and prosperity will reign. Your obedient servant.

(Signed) VICTORIANO HUERTA,
Commander-in-Chief.

Reaction from the severe strain under which the diplomatic, military and naval branches of the government have been laboring for the last 10 days because of the Mexican revolt is marked by comparative lethargy prevailing in those departments. A hasty consultation between the heads of various departments, conducted to some extent by subordinates, resulted in a general decision to maintain the existing attitude toward Mexico not only in a diplomatic sense, but so far as that involves the preparation of the Army and Navy to meet any emergency that might arise.

Mobolization Orders.

Though naturally gratified at the termination of the almost continuous battle that has raged within the heart of Mexico City for so long a period of time, it was deemed to be unwise to permit that sentiment to affect the progress of arrangements that are being made adequately to protect the lives of foreigners in Mexico, in case the situation should get beyond control of the new temporary government.

Original orders to the Army officers to have the soldiers ready to move at short notice and to the transports to proceed to their assigned destinations where they were to embark troops and marines, were allowed to remain in force, officials reasoning that some benefit is to be derived from the experience that is gained through this attempt at mobilization, even if there should be no occasion to give it a practical turn.

Probably some reply will be made by President Taft to the personal message from Gen. Victoriano Huerta, who signed himself commander-in-chief, announcing that he had overthrown the Madero government, but it will be of such a nature as not to constitute a political recognition of the new government.

Awaiting Developments.

Within a week at the longest the new Mexican Congress should be in session, in conformity with the call just issued by the military governor. Upon the extent to which General Huerta and his group transfers to the Congress the powers of government will depend the attitude of the United States toward the de facto government of Mexico.

Meanwhile the attitude of the administration here will remain one of passive, though interested, observation.

DIVORCE BILL PASSES.

Residence Of One Year Will Be Required In Nevada.

Reno, Nev.—The Nevada Senate eliminated Neveda as an easy divorce state by passing a bill requiring a residence of one year in the state before an action for divorce can be started. The Senate also voted down a resolution to make the new bill effective in January, 1915. The old bill will pass into history at the close of this year.

HAS WALKED 7,000 MILES.

Sergeant Walsh Is Testing New Shoes For the Army.

St. Louis.—Sergeant John M. Walsh, U. S. A., arrived at Jefferson Barracks on foot after a 7,000-mile tramp across the continent and back under orders to test army shoes. The sergeant left New York April 10 and is returning from California. He resumed his journey with Fort Ben Harrison (Ind.) his objective point.

AGAINST THE RECALL.

West Virginia Legislature Will Not Submit Amendment.

Charleston, W. Va.—An amendment to the state constitution to provide for the recall of municipal, county and state officials, including judges, will not be submitted to the people at the next general election. This was decided when the House, by a vote of 38 to 30, defeated the resolution.

NEWSPAPER FOR AMERICANS.

Will Be Published At the United States Embassy.

Mexico City.—Arrangements have been made to publish a newspaper at the American Embassy. The object of Ambassador Wilson in publishing the paper is to relieve the anxiety among Americans in the city, who are shut off from all sources of information regarding the present trouble.

CUBAN NAVY ARRIVES.

Soldiers To Be Landed To Guard the Legation.

Washington. — The cruiser Cuba, flagship of the Cuban navy, reached Vera Cruz Sunday, according to a dispatch received at the Cuban Legation. It was said at the legation that a special permit had been secured from the Madero government under which infantry and artillery would be landed from the Cuba and taken to Mexico City to guard the Cuban Legation and to protect Cuban citizens.

"IN HIS FOOTSTEPS"



(Copyright.)

DARING AVIATOR HAS BAD SPILL

Charles K. Hamilton Leaps From Falling Machine.

MAY BE FATALLY INJURED.

To Save Himself From Being Crushed To Death Hamilton Jumped When Nearing the Ground.

Jacksonville, Fla.—By leaping from his falling machine in mid-air Aviator Charles K. Hamilton probably saved his life, although he suffered severe internal injuries when he plunged to the earth. The machine hit head on and turned over twice, completely wrecking it. Hamilton struck the earth with a crash and was picked up for dead. He recovered consciousness an hour later. His injuries may prove fatal.

Hamilton was making a practice flight and had traveled about 15 miles south of Pablo Beach, when he turned and started back to the little seashore town. About 12 miles south of Pablo the machine was seen to dart towards the sand banks. Suddenly it took a downward dip, landed upon its front wheels and turned over twice before coming to a standstill.

Claude Nolan and his men, who were following in an auto, rushed up to the machine, expecting to find the daring aviator a corpse. He was laying far out in front of the machine in an unconscious condition.

Hamilton did not regain consciousness until he was placed aboard the ferry in South Jacksonville. As soon as he opened his eyes he remarked to the attending physician, "We must have had a spill." He then relapsed into unconsciousness again, and when he next opened his eyes he was on the operating table in the De Bota Hospital. His first remark was For God's sake, doctor, give me a cigarette."

Upon examination it was found that no bones were broken. He was badly shaken up, however, and may be fatally injured internally. His left leg is badly wrenched and he is covered with bruises.

SAILS WITH HIS SERUM.

Dr. Friedmann On His Way To New York To Make Test.

Berlin.—Dr. Friedrich Friedmann, whose claims to the discovery of a serum curing tuberculosis have been much discussed, sailed for New York Tuesday on the steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He took with him a quantity of the live germs which he asserts are so efficacious, and it is understood he proposes to attempt the cure of 95 out of 100 cases of tuberculosis, a test for which a New York banker has offered a million dollar fee if success is attained.

TUMULTY FINDS A HOME.

Wilson's Secretary Leases It For Only Two Years.

Washington.—Joseph P. Tumulty, who will be secretary to President Wilson after March 4, selected the residence he will occupy during the time that he will rule over the Executive office. The house, which is a new one, is in a fashionable section, and is a colonial brick structure, containing ten rooms and three baths. Some comment was caused when Mr. Tumulty signed the lease for the premises for only two years.

TO CREMATE POET'S BODY.

Ashes Of Joaquin Miller To Be Scattered To the Winds.

San Francisco. — The body of Joaquin Miller lies in Juanita cottage, named for his daughter, on the Hight, as he called his home in the foothills of Alameda county. Hundreds flocked there to look their last on the Poet of the Sierras. The body will be cremated and borne to the funeral monument on the estate which the poet built with his own hands several years ago, and there the ashes will be scattered to the winds.

CARRIES $3,000,000 MORE.

Postoffice Appropriation Increase Due To Parcel Post.

Washington.—An increase of nearly $3,000,000 in the annual Postoffice Appropriation Bill was made by the Senate Committee on Postoffices, which reported the measure to the Senate. The total asked for support of the postal service for the year is $283,487,442; the sum including an increase of $2,500,000 in railway mail pay, occasioned in part by the establishment of the parcel post.

RAILROADS AGREE TO ARBITRATE

There Will Be No Strike of Firemen on Eastern Lines.

THE MEN WIN THEIR POINT.

They Realize That the Public Would Not Stand For a Strike—Defects In Erdman Act.

New York.—There will be no firemen's strike on the eastern railroads. The railroads yielded and agreed to arbitrate under the Erdman act the controversy with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. The firemen had stood, to a man, for this method of arbitration ever since the deadlock began; the railroads had stood firm for arbitration before a commission of six or seven men. Three men, acting under the law, will decide the firemen's claims. Their decision will be binding.

The firemen selected their representative on the board of arbitrators as soon as the railroads' decision was announced. He is Albert Phillips, of Sacramento, Cal., vice-president of their organization. The railroads selected as their man W. W. Atterbury, vice-president and general manager of the Pennsylvania lines east.

Within a day or two these two men will select the third or neutral member. Within thirty days thereafter the arbitrators must render their findings.

FRANCE HAILS NEW PRESIDENT.

Inauguration Of Poincare On a Bitter Cold Day.

Paris.—The inauguration of Raymond Poincare as president of the French Republic for a term of seven years took place Tuesday with very simple ceremonies. There was a great display of popular enthusiasm as the new chief executive proceeded to the Palace of the Elysee to take office.

Premier Briand shortly after 2 o'clock in the afternoon called at the private residence of the President-elect. The two then proceeded in a four-horse open carriage, escorted by a regiment of Cuirasiers, through the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne, the Avenue des Champs Elysee and the Avenue de Marigny to the palace.

M. Fallieres, the retiring president, with Emile Loubet, the only other living ex-president of the French Republic, received Poincare on the steps of the palace and walked with him to the reception hall, where M. Fallieres delivered a brief address, at the end of which he transferred the seals of office to M. Poincare. The latter in a few remarks accepted the responsibilities of his new post.

DOUBLE WAGES FOR A WEEK.

General Sanford Thus Remembers 3,000 Employes In Will.

Amsterdam, N. Y.—Double wages for a week for each of the more than 3,000 employes of the carpet factory in which he was a partner is provided for in the will of General Stephen Sanford, which was filed here. Aside from bequests amounting to $100,000 to local charitable institutions and smaller amounts to relatives, the residue of the estate, estimated at $20,000,000, is left to the testator's son, John Sanford.

WANTS A FLY SWATTER.

Ohio Woman Recommended For the Job In New York.

New York.—Dr. William H. Hale, superintendent of public baths in Brooklyn, has recommended to the Board of Estimates that a woman be employed as "official fly swatter" for this city, and suggests that the position be given to Miss Jean Dawson, a teacher in the Normal Training School in Cleveland, O. Miss Dawson recently headed a campaign which resulted in her home town becoming known as "the flyless city."

TAFT AND WILSON ACCEPT.

President and President-elect To Address Peace Congress.

St. Louis. — The Business Men's League, which is arranging the details of the American Peace Congress to be held in St. Louis, May 1-3, received word that President-elect Wilson had accepted the honorary presidency of the congress. President Taft has accepted the honorary vice-presidency. Governor Wilson has promised to attend if it is possible for him to do so.

MADERO ARRESTED HUERTA AT HELM

Commander of Federal Forces Provisional President.

REVOLUTION MAY BE OVER.

Coup Executed By General Blanquet. The Result Of a Plot To Overthrow the President and End Conflict.

Mexico City.—Francisco I. Madero, arrested in the National Palace by General Blanquet, one of his own commanders, was forced to sign his resignation from the presidency.

General Victoriano Hureta, commander of the federal troops which have been fighting Diaz, has been proclaimed provisional president.

Gustavo Madero and all the cabinet ministers, with the exception of Ernesto Madero, are under arrest. The vice-president of the republic, Jose Pino Suarez, is still at liberty, but is hiding.

Election To Be Held.

The women members of the Madero family who were in Chapultepec Castle, were whisked away in an automobile by friends who had learned of the coup of the National Palace.

Telegrams have been sent to the governors of the states notifying them of the proclamation of Huerta as provisional president, and also to the military commanders assuring them that general elections would be held for president.

General Huerta made a speech from the balcony of the palace to the assembled crowds. He declared that he had no personal ambition, and announced himself as military governor and General Blanquet as military commander of the federal district.

It is finally believed that a definite agreement will be reached between the rebel forces and General Huerta.

The negotiations will be conducted through the American Embassy.

The Result Of a Plot.

From the first it had been known that General Blanquet was unwilling to fight. His men were of the same mind. He held complete command over them, and it was not doubted that they would follow him in any adventure, which they did at the National Palace.

An agreement between Generals Blanquet and Huerta was reached, but the first intimation that Blanquet's men had of the new role they were to play was shortly before the successful stroke was made. Blanquet drew his men up in order and delivered a stirring speech.

To End the Conflict.

"This inhuman battle must end," he said. "The time has come when some drastic means must be taken to stop a conflict in which father is killing son and brother is fighting against brother; when non-combatants are sharing the fate of war—and all this because of the caprice of one man."

Blanquet then issued orders for the arrest of the president and assigned a detachment to that duty. Madero was soon a prisoner in his own apartments in the palace.

ROBS BANK OF $200,000.

Efforts To Pass $10,000 Bills Cause Arrest Of Thieves.

St. Louis.—The mystery surrounding the theft of $200,000 in American currency in Havana, Cuba, last September has been solved. Four men accused of the crime are under arrest in Havana and one of them has confessed, according to a cablegram received by the St. Louis police from Havana. The arrests and confession resulted from the attempt of Ramon Llando, a Cuban, to get foreign exchange on two of the stolen $10,000 bills at a St. Louis bank last week. Llano was arrested and held for the Cuban authorities and acting on information he gave the Havana arrests were made.

REBELS OBJECT TO HUERTA

Colonel Orozco, Sr., and Colonel Galan To Fight On.

Laredo, Texas.—When informed that Madero government had been overthrown and General Huerta named Provisional President, Col. Pascual Orozco, Sr., and Col. Andres Garza Galan, revolutionary leaders in the north of Mexico, declared the revolutionists in that section would not approve the selection of Huerta and would continue the rebellion.

KANSAS FOR THE RECALL.

Senate Adopts House Resolution Affecting State Officers.

Topeka, Kan.—The House resolution favoring a constitutional amendment providing for the recall of all elective and appointive officers of the State was adopted by the Senate. After five hours of debate, an amendment to exclude judicial officers from the recall was lost by a vote of 17 to 22.

ICE BREAKS; 3 CHILDREN LOST.

Boys' Play At Seymour, Conn., Ends In Tragedy.

Seymour, Conn.—While playing on the honeycombed ice of the Naugatuck river three small children were drowned, the ice giving way beneath their weight. The bodies were recovered.

LEFT ESTATE OF $700,000.

Steel Manufacturer Fritz Wills $63,000 To Employes.

Bethlehem, Pa.—The will of the late John Fritz, the iron and steel master, who died Thursday, was probated. It disposes of an estate of about $700,000. Relatives are given $309,000 and four employes, $63,000. The other most important bequests are: Lehigh University, $150,000; Temple College, Philadelphia, $21,000; Methodist Hospital, Philadelphia, $21,000.

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