# AMERICAN UNION

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This blessed winter wearies nobody with its prolonged monotony.

A New Jersey man is experimenting raising wingless chickens. A fowl act that.

It is only just that women should receive men's wages, and married women do.

All of the new counterfeit money is in the shape of $5 and $10 bills. We should worry.

Aviators are to be put through a rigid test. Flexible and resilient tests would be better.

Another argument in favor of spring is that it will take the baseball players off the stage.

"'In God we trust,'" says the Toledo Blade, "is not on the new nickel." Nor on the old one.

Approximately 175,000,000 persons traveled in the London tubes last year. What proportion sat down?

The Brazilians make beautiful lace from the fiber of the bannas. Rather a delicate food stuff, though.

Pittsburg has started an anti-noise crusade. Lots of college town would do well to follow the example.

A woman remarks: "The best husbands are the most accomplished liars." They've had experience.

A Kansas City parson says that the turkey trot causes divorces. Hitting a fast trot like that always does.

Sweden exported 35,000,000 pounds of matches during the last six months. No other country is a match for that.

A canon of an English church has written a farce that is said to be a corker. Evidently he hit the bull's-eye.

Spain is to have a government school of aviation. Wouldn't it be a good idea to sentence revolutionists to it?

One octogenarian in Boston says the only rule he knows for long life is this: "Keep your temper and don't worry."

Boston papers are making a great stir over the discovery of an unkissed girl. But they have not printed her picture.

Three Princeton students have opened a shop to shine shoes. Shoe shines are preferable to monkey-shines any time.

Three Alaskan legislators have to travel 2,000 miles by dog sled to attends session. They at least, will earn their mileage.

At least there isn't much danger that any man will carry around for days the eleven-pound parcel his wife gives him to mail.

Now comes an expert who says automobile riding gives a person flat feet. But that probably isn't as annoying as flat tires.

One can't help feeling but that the aviator who flew fifty-four miles to deliver twenty-five pounds of beans didn't know his article.

Copenhagen is possessed of a woman glazier. Probably preparing to go to London and turn over the proceeds from replacing broken windows to help the cause.

Paris boasts a woman with a triple personality. Still, the average American woman can change her mind much faster than that.

Exports of American pianos have trebled in the last nine years. Perhaps that's why there is always an old one in the adjoining flat.

Pupils in the Los Angeles cooking schools are required to eat their own pies. Here is an instance where pastry comes home to punish.

Now it remains to be seen if the parcel postman will give heed to the apartment building sign: "All packages must be delived in the rear."

But twenty-seven lives were lost in Pennsylvania during the 1912 hunting season. Which leads one to wonder whether there were poor shots or few guides.

A New York mother paid her married daughter's rent for ten years in advance. Taking no chances on said daughter coming back to live with her, evidently.

"How to Keep Warm Without Fire," is the caption of an article written by a physician. It is suspected that he is simply boosting business.

Indiana raised 2,000,000 bushels of onions last year. If there is anything in Hetty Green's theory, Indiana should be a mighty healthy state.

A Worcester hynotist, defendant in a divorce suit, claims that his wife said "look at me," and "biffed" him on the "nut." Trying to knock some sense into him, perhaps.

"What has become of the old fashioned Turk who asked no better fate than to enter paradise by the route of death in battle?" asks the Cleveland Leader. Probably he's over here challenging Frank Gotch for 50 per cent. of the gate receipts.

A New York court has held that calling a person a "scab" is not a breach of the peace. And a few weeks ago another held that terming a citizen an ass was not unlawful. What do these jurists consider really abusive language?

# BULLETS FLY OVER BORDER

## Persons on the American Side Are Wounded.

## ONE A U. S. TROOPER.

### Wounded Mexicans Brought To Hospitals On the American Side. American Soldiers Must Not Return Fire.

Nogales, Ariz.—Colonel Kosterlitzky, commanding the federal garrison at Nogales, Sonora, surrendered to General Obregon, the rebel commander, after a terrific battle.

During the conflict several persons on the American side of the border were wounded, including a United States trooper.

Determined to secure the remaining Sonora-Arizona port of entry from the federal government, 1,000 constitutionalists assaulted the town at daybreak, only to be driven back by the dogged resistance of no more than 250 defenders, under Colonels Kosterlitzky and Reyes.

Seen in the field. Constitutionalist Commander General Obregon remarked that the "real attack" had not come. In the meanwhile troops were rushed here from Huachyea, Ariz., and 600 troopers of the Fifth Cavalry are on duty along the border.

**Protests Disregarded.**

Despite protests from Lieutenant Colonel Tate and Consul Simpich, many bullets struck on the American side throughout the day.

Three non-combatants were wounded here, while two American women had narrow escapes from injury, one bullet even piercing a woman's skirts while on the porch of her home. The killed or wounded in the day's battle could not be estimated.

Twenty injured from both sides were brought to hospitals here, but an American physician who braved the firing line reported many more wounded who could not be reached without danger to the rescuers. American residents here quickly gave their services as Red Cross volunteers.

Nogales is set in an ideal position for defense, between two ranges of hills running parallel north and south. The state troops were compelled to move through this mountainous lane and were mowed down by the fire of the federals' rifles and machine guns. On the plain between the hills the attackers concealed themselves in shallow niches caused by the mountain freshets.

**Dead Lie In the Sun.**

Here men dead or wounded lay in the sun without attention. Twice during the day General Obregon failed in stubborn attacks on the defenders.

At 5.20 o'clock the third attempt was made to assault the federal positions. This was more successful, the defenders deserting the right front and extreme left trenches and fleeing to the cover of the town. This increased the hot fire on the American side, and when a report reached Colonel Tate that one of his troops had been wounded, he hastily assembled his men.

The American Red Cross workers were refused passage through the federal lines and the American soldiers had difficulty in clearing the streets of spectators.

## DYNAMITE KILLS THREE.

### Explosion Destroys Miner's Home Near Grayson, Ky.

Huntington, W. Va.—In an explosion of dynamite at the home of A. J. Alexander, near Grayson, Ky., Mrs. Alexander, 41 years old, and two children, aged 5 and 7 years, were instantly killed. The father, a miner, had left 10 kegs of dynamite in the house to keep it dry. The little son took a handful of the dynamite and made a chain of powder from the room to a fireplace. The house was blown into atoms and the bodies of the three victims mutilated by the explosion.

## STORM SWEEPS SOUTH.

### Many Reported Killed — Property Valued At Thousands Destroyed.

New Orleans.—Thirteen persons are reported to have been killed and property valued at several hundred thousand dollars destroyed by a wind and rain storm which swept portions of Louisiana, Texas, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee. A deluge of rain extended over a more extensive area and practically demoralized telegraph and telephone service for several hours.

## A CRASH IN MIDAIR.

### Two Sergeants Of the French Aviation Corps Fatally Hurt.

Rheims, France.—Two sergeants of the army aviation corps were fatally injured in a collision between two machines in midair. The accident occurred in the course of maneuvers by a "flotilla" of five aeroplanes.

## A NEW AVIATION RECORD.

### Perreyon Soars Nearly Four Miles Above Paris In Monoplane.

Paris. — Aviator Perreyon, in a monoplane, ascended to a height of 19,800 feet at the Buc Aerodrome, establishing a new world's altitude record.

## TIME BY EIFFEL TOWER.

### Frenchmen Will Co-Operate With Raido Station At Arlington.

Washington.—Under direction of the Naval Observatory the naval radio station at Arlington, Va., will be used to co-operate with the French Government station at the Eiffel Tower, Paris, to determine the differences of longitude by time observations. An agreement has been made as to their modes of procedure among the scientists and naval officers who will make the tests on both sides of the Atlantic.

## FLYING NORTH



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# THE DIPLOMATS AT WHITE HOUSE

## President Makes a Brief Address to Them.

## BRYAN ALSO RECEIVES THEM

### The President Expresses the Hope For the Continuance Of Amicable Relations Between This Nation and the World

Washington.—While President Wilson already has dispensed with some of the formalities which hitherto have been observed by occupants of the White House, he demonstrated Monday that he would observe to the letter the international amenities of his office.

Probably the most formal ceremony in which Mr. Wilson has ever participated was his presentation to the Diplomatic Corps accredited to Washington by the civilized nations of the globe. In a semi-circle of brilliant color, their uniforms gilded profusely with the insignia of their rank, 146 foreign representatives stood in impressive silence while the new President of the United States and the Secretary of State, William Jennings Bryan, entered through the big doors of the East Room.

The President and Secretary Bryan wore the conventional frock suits of formal occasion in America. The President was accompanied by his chief aid, Col. Spencer Cosby, and his personal aid, Major Thomas L. Rhoads, both of them in the full dress uniform of the American Army. On each side of the entrance six White House aids—three from the Army and three from the Navy—stood at attention.

**Hopes Relations Will Continue.**

In groups of six and eight the diplomats and their staffs were arranged. Chandler Hale, Third Assistant Secretary of State, presented the President first to Ambassador Jusserand, of France, dean of the Diplomatic Corps. Secretary Bryan was presented with similar ceremony. To each diplomat the President spoke a word of greeting, but the ceremony throughout was quietly formal.

After the President had met individually the circle of diplomats he addressed them briefly, expressing the hope for the continuance of amicable relations between this nation and their respective countries, and indulging the wish that their service in Washington might be personally enjoyable.

**Bryan Also Receives Them.**

Secretary Bryan, by appointment, also formally received most of the Diplomatic Corps in Washington. The Secretary made a felicitous speech, telling the corps, in the name of President Wilson, of the earnest desire of the administration to strengthen the relations between the United States and other members of the great family of nations, and spoke in an optimistic way of the possibility of accomplishing that result through the application of the principles of justice and equity in international dealings.

## HONOR FOR WOMAN LAWYER.

### Ellen S. Mussey the Second One To Argue Before Supreme Court.

Washington.—Ellen Spencer Mussey, of this city, won the distinction of being the second woman of the Supreme Court bar to argue a case before the court. The first was Mrs. Belva Lockwood, also of this city Nearly 40 women are members of the Supreme Court bar, but only these two have made their appearance with clients before the court.

## 68 WOMEN ARE DROWNED.

### Boat In Which They Fled From Beleagured City Capsizes In Lake.

London. — Sixty-eight women, attempting to escape from the beleaguered city of Scutari, were drowned when a boat capsized on Lake Scutari, according to a dispatch from Vienna.

## GIRLS NEED $8.90 A WEEK.

### Milwaukee Social Service Committee Makes Report On Conditions.

Milwaukee, Wis.—A working woman needs $8.90 a week, except in domestic service, to support herself in Milwaukee. This is the opinion expressed by the Social Service Committee of the Milwaukee Federation of Charities in a report just made public.

Four times as much wood was manufactured into paper in the United States last year as there was 15 years

# MENACES EUROPE FATE OF SCUTARI

## Austria Warns Servia to Keep Her Hands Off.

## ALLIES ACCEPT MEDIATION.

### Practically Forbids the Servians Giving Assistance To the Montenegrins In the Siege.

London.—The European chancelleries and stock markets are being kept in a condition of nervous tension. No sooner does one thorny problem seem in the way of solution than another crops up.

The long-experienced agreement for Austro-Russian demobilization was published; the allies have accepted the powers' offer of mediation under certain conditions, and arrangements have been completed for the settlement of the dispute between Bulgaria and Rumania by a conference of ambassadors at St. Petersburg presided over by Sergins Sazonoff, the Russian foreign minister.

Thus the way seems prepared for the restoration of peace in the Balkans. But at the same moment a new difficulty has been raised by Austria, which objects to Servia going to the assistance of Montenegro, and is endeavoring to enlist the powers to her side to coerce Servia. Further, Austria declines to demobilize as far as the Servian frontier is concerned.

It appears, therefore, that the fate of Scutari is still a menace to the peace of Europe. Austria is determined to make Scutari the capital of the autonomous Albania. Montenegro is equally determined on the possession of Scutari, and in the present temper of the allies it seems hardly likely that Servia will desist in her intention of going to the assistance of Montenegro at Austria's bidding.

## HOME FOR CONFEDERATES.

### Veterans, Widows and Orphans Will Be Taken Care Of.

Washington. — Announcement was made by the Southern Relief Society that the Home for Confederate veterans would be opened here April 15. Mrs. George Dewey, wife of the Admiral of the Navy, was among the first to pledge herself to furnish and equip a hospital room and a number of other women, prominent in social and official life, made similar promises. The home will be opened to destitute or sick "wearers of the gray," their widows and orphans. The institution will be under the direction of a board of trustees, the personnel of which will be made public within a few days.

## PENNSY WILL ELECTRIFY.

### Decides To Give Up Steam On Suburban Lines.

Philadelphia.—The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad at a meeting here voted to establish an electric system for suburban passenger train service on the main line between Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, and Paoli, Pa., a distance of 20 miles. The work of electrification, it was announced, will begin as soon as possible and it is expected suburban trains will be using the system next year. The installation of the system will involve an expenditure of about $4,000,000.

## WORLD'S PURITY CONGRESS.

### Pastors Throughout Country Will Be Called To Aid.

Lacrosse, Wis.—B. S. Steadwell, president of the World's Purity Federation, issued a call to the pastors of all churches of all denominations throughout the United States urging them to make November 9 next Purity Sunday. This Sunday will be during the week of the World's Purity Congress at Minneapolis. It is expected that the vice revelations being made in Illinois and promised in other states during the spring and summer will furnish sermon material for pastors who will discuss the topic.

## NO MORE FIRE HORSES.

### New York Department Supplanting Them With Motors.

New York.—The day of the fire horse in New York City is over. "We will purchase no more horses for the fire department," Commissioner Johnson announced. "We have now about 1,500 horses in the department and we are replacing horse-drawn apparatus with motors as fast as possible."

Dairy products of New York farms in 1912 were valued at $100,000,000.

# SISTER REPUBLICS GET WARNING

## Policy Towards Central and South American States.

## WILSON COUNSELS ORDER.

### His Object, He Asserts, Will Be To Cultivate Amicable Relations With Nations To South.

Washington. — President Wilson issued a statement of his policy toward the Central and South American Republics which come within the meaning of the Monroe Doctrine. In it he condemned those who seek to seize governmental power simply for self-aggrandizement and declared that the Administration would have no sympathy for such.

**The Statement.**

President Wilson's statement follows:—

"In view of questions which are naturally uppermost in the public mind just now, the President issued the following statement:—

"One of the chief objects of my Administration will be to cultivate the friendship and deserve the confidence of our sister Republics of Central and South America, and to promote to every proper and honorable way the interests which are common to the people of the two Continents. I earnestly desire the most cordial understanding and co-operation between the peoples and leaders of America and, therefore, deem it my duty to make this brief statement.

**Co-Operation's Needs.**

"Co-operation is possible only when supported at every turn by the orderly processes of just government based upon law, not upon arbitrary or irregular force. We hold, as I am sure all thoughtful leaders of republican government everywhere hold, that just government rests always upon the consent of the governed, and that there can be no freedom without order based upon law and upon the public conscience and approval. We shall look to make these principles the basis of mutual intercourse, respect, and helpfulness between our sister Republics and ourselves.

"We shall lend our influence of every kind to the realization of these principles in fact and practice, knowing that disorder, personal intrigue and defiance of constitutional rights weaken and discredit government and injure none so much as the people who are unfortunate enough to have their common life and their common affairs so tainted and disturbed.

"We can have no sympathy with those who seek to seize the power of government to advance their own personal interests or ambition. We are the friends of peace, but we know that there can be no lasting or stable peace in such circumstances.

**Nothing To Seek.**

"The United States has nothing to seek in Central and South America, except the lasting interests of the peoples of the two Continents, the security of governments intended for the people and for no special group or interest, and the development of personal and trade relationships between the two Continents which shall redound to the profit and advantage of both and interfere with the rights and liberties of neither.

"From these principles may be read so much of the future policy of this Government as it is necessary now to forecast; and in the spirit of these principles I may, I hope, be permitted with as much confidence as earnestness to extend to the Governments of all the Republics of America the hand of genuine disinterested friendship and to pledge my own honor and the honor of my colleagues to every enterprise of peace and amity that a fortunate future may disclose."

## LIVE WIRE KILLS MAN.

### Moving-Picture Operator Meets Death While At Work.

Philadelphia.—While spectators who crowded a theater in the northeastern section of this city sat in wonder at the sudden stopping of a moving picture being displayed on the screen an investigation by attaches of the house resulted in the discovery that the operator had been electrocuted. His body was found stretched across an electric switchboard in the little room in which the machine was located. The dead man, Frederick Schmidstetter, 43 years of age, was an experienced operator, and the manner in which he came into contact with the live wire is a mystery.

## GIRL PREVENTS DIAMOND THEFT.

### $1,000 Worth Of Gems Found Pinned To Man's Clothing.

Cleveland.—A man said to be Daniel Booth, a noted diamond thief, and his wife were arrested after an attempt to rob a jewelry store. The man was found to have nearly $1,000 worth of diamonds pinned in the inside of his clothing. Miss Ethel Kavanaugh, a clerk, prevented his escape from the store with a $150 diamond stickpin, and after a chase of a block through the streets he was captured. Police say they identified the prisoner as having been convicted of a $5,000 jewel robbery in Fort Worth, Texas, over a year ago.

## TITANIC WAIF AGAIN ORPHANED.

### Man Who Adopted Her Killed In Mill Machienry.

Scranton, Pa.—Viola Wells, a Titanic waif, was made an orphan again when the man who adopted her, John A. Rady, was killed in the machinery of the Lackawanna Mills, where he was a foreman. The child's parents were lost in the Titanic disaster.

Hemp growing around Damascus is increasing. Some of the rope made locally goes to Egypt.

# EARNS HIS SALARY

## MR. WILSON FINDS THAT NEW PRESIDENT IS BUSIEST MAN IN THE COUNTRY.

## OFFICE SEEKERS BESET HIM

### Civil Service Employes Fear Demotion More Than Dismissal—Few Changes Are Expected in the White House Staff.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—More activities are crowded into the first ten days of an administration than into any succeeding ten weeks. The offices of the White House resemble the ante-rooms of convention halls when the convention is about to assamble. If President Wilson is to get the nine hours sleep which he has said that he needs, he probably will sleep heavily because of the weariness of the crowded day.

Nine men out of every ten who surge in and out of the executive mansion's office rooms, overflowing occasionally by sheer force of the surge behind them, are seeking preferment for themselves or for others. There has not been in years, perhaps never before, such a crowd of office seekers in the city of Washington as there is here today, and, in fact, as has been here for two or three weeks waiting for the incoming of the new administration.

In addition to listening to the pleas of the men who seek office, the new president has some hundreds of other principal things to do, to say nothing of some thousands of odds and ends of work. Moreover, he is compelled to adjust himself to his new position and to his new home and his new surroundings. He is the hardest worked man in the country at all times if he attempts to live up to all his duties, and during the first few months of his administration he probably works harder than any two other men in the United States. If people think the president does not earn his salary, they must think again in order to get the seat of knowledge well balanced.

**Demoting in Civil Service.**

The civil service employes in the city of Washington, and doubtless elsewhere through the country, very likely need not shake in their shoes for fear that under the direction of the new president they are to be ousted. Civil service is supposed to protect, and Mr. Wilson has said that it will protect while he has the direction of national affairs. Most of the shaking, therefore, which civil service workers are doing is due to the fear not that they will be discharged, but that they may be demoted, or, in other words, be kept in the service, but given inferior positions at smaller pay.

It is not likely that much of this demoting will be done, although it is possible, as is true in some cases where men have been given the highest places in the civil service at a late hour simply to provide them with good places under the civil service blanket, it may be that they will be demoted and the places which they have occupied briefly will be given to others recommended by influential Democrats and approved by the president. None of the civil service positions pays more than $4,000 or $5,000 a year.

**White House Staff May Remain.**

The White House staff of secretaries and clerks is busy these days. How many changes there will be no one knows yet, but with the outgoing of Private Secretary Charles D. Hilles and the incoming of Private Secretary Joseph P. Tumulty, the under secretaries and the clerks naturally fear that an earthquake may follow. The White House force, however, has reduced things so to a system that a new force could not do the work until after months of practice. It is understood that Mr. Wilson intends to keep the White House force pretty nearly intact for the reason that business must be expedited, and for the further reason that there are about as many under secretaries and clerks who belong to the dominent political party as to the outgoing political party, or the other one which came into existence at the Progressive convention in Chicago last summer. It is said that Mr. Taft did not know the political affiliations of half a dozen members of the White House staff, and it is possible that Mr. Wilson likewise will elect to remain in ignorance of the parties to which his unior workers belong.

**Much Sought For Jobs.**

Every incoming cabinet officer within ten days of his taking of the oath probably will have appointed all the assistant secretaries which have places in his office. There are one or two assistant secretaries, however, who are pretty sure to remain in where they are. They are men who are accounted invaluable in their positions, having held them so long that every detail of office work is known to them, and they have become so useful in "courts of last resort" that they probably will not be disturbed. One such man is Second Assistant Secretary of State Alvey A. Adee, who has been in office so long that most people have forgotten the date of his entrance thereto, and it is probable that Mr. Adee is willing that they should forget. When anybody wants to know anything with virtually an affidavit's strength to back the information he goes to Mr. Adee.

Newspaper men for a good many years have been very much in evidence in the treasury department as assistant secretaries. Two former Washington correspondents are now assistant secretaries of the treasury, and it is possible that one of them at any rate will continue to hold his job.

**Why These Places Are Desirable.**

The assistant secretaryships are much sought for, especially in the treasury department, for they are considered stepping stones to fine business positions in private life after a change of administration has retired an incumbent from office. Charles D. Norton, who was an assistant secretary of the treasury and later Mr. Taft's private secretary, now has a high salaried position in New York city, and the same general prosperity in business life has met nearly all the former assistant secretaries of the treasury. The training which they get in the department, directing as they do customs matters, revenue matters and public building matters, is considered admiral preparation for executive position in big business concerns.

The men who get the positions of assistant secretaries in the treasury department will be considered extremely lucky, but only less lucky will be those who enter on similar positions in the department of commerce and labor and of the interior, and of the postoffice department where assistant secretaries are known as assistant postmasters-general.

The attorney-general has to enter suits against great corporations which violate the interstate commerce law, and of course he has other suits of various natures. The great corporations are rich and they employ the best legal talent which money can secure to defend them in court. An untrained assistant to the attorney-general has a hard time of it when he goes up against lawyers who know business from A to Z, and know all the technicalities which ever have been depended upon to win any kind of a case in any kind of a court. The president never has had very much to say about the appointment of assistants to the attorney-general.

**Plan for Harmony in Senate.**

In the United States senate the Democrats will hold a series of caucuses to try to get the majority party in that body lined up in behalf of the new administration's policies. Apparently the Democratic senators do not see how they can aid the administration's endeavors without making advance efforts to line up "a Wilson majority" in the senate and through it make sure that what Mr. Wilson wants to obtain will have its way in the committees and on the floor.

The question of today is, will the conservative Democrats, knowing that their progressive brethren are to be in the majority in the caucuses, bind themselves to be governed by all that the party gathering may decide upon? It is said today that there will be about thirty progressives in the caucuses pledged to abide by the "Wilson will." This is more than a party majority, and if the conservative Democrats agree to abide by the caucus decisions in all things, it seems certain that the Democratic party will have real harmony in the upper house for some time to come at least. Concord may be the part of the Democrats in the senate, therefore on all subjects except perhaps the tariff.

**May Make Kern Floor Leader.**

One of the questions which must be settled in advance of the extra session is whether or not the present senate Democratic floor leader Senator Martin of Virginia, will be chosen for the same position. It is known that some of the progressive Democratic senators wish to have the leadership given to John W. Kern of Indiana, and it may be that they can get a majority in his behalf. All of the progressive Democrats in the senate, it is said, are not fixed in their determination to vote against the Virginia senator. They probably will wait to learn if Mr. Wilson desires the unhorsing of the present leader before they make up their minds definitely as to the course they will pursue.

If the Democrats carry their re-organization fight to the extent of trying to prevent Mr. Martin and Mr. Simmons and some others of the conservative old guard from keeping their present ranking committee positions, they will have trouble to make the fight good, for there are a good many progressive Democrats in the senate who think that seniority ought to count and that it would do no harm to make some of the senior conservatives chairmen of committees, providing the rest of the committee membership is "finely progressive."

The extent of the trouble which the Democrats may have in caucus, therefore, probably will hinge upon the extremes to which they attempt to go.

# MAKE FRESH AIR YOUR FAD

### It Is Good for the Skin, Good for the Eyes and Means Health and Beauty.

If the woman of many physical charms wishes to be comely until a good old age, she must not ignore the beautifying effects of fresh air.

This is the day when some of us have come to a realization of the fact that lack of fresh air for the lungs spells ill health, and, of course, ill health is beauty's enemy.

If you have been in the habit of keeping your windows closed, or almost so, fair listeners, throw them open tonight after you are ready to jump into bed. It matters not if the mercury points to zero, as cold air is not harmful, whatever you may have been taught to believe.

Of course you must so protect your bed that the air will not blow directly upon it, nor must there be a draught. That there may be not the slightest possibility of your taking cold, put a screen in front of your bed, as in this way you will be entirely protected from the winds that do blow. If you are not so fortunate as to possess a screen, buy one, as the cost will be comparatively trifling.

Do not content yourself with opening one window, as cold air is not necessarily fresh. You must provide an escape for the air. The ventilator over the door will answer every purpose, but if you are without this convenience then open one window at the bottom and the other at the top.

Be a fresh air fiend. Fresh air is good for your lungs, it is good for your skin, it is good for your eyes. In a word, it is good for you!

**Insatiate.**

"As soon as Felice gets out of one romance she plunges right straight into another."

"That girl must spend all her time in moving picture theaters."

**More "Problems."**

"What sort of play is this?"

"It is said to present some unvarnished truths."

"Umph! In that case we'd better get front seats."

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