AMERICAN UNION

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

DENTON, - - - - MD.

Everybody is boosting for the bill presented in California to banish poverty.

Every day is getting us nearer to the reverberating sound. "Strike Tuh!"

At any rate, the new nickels will not get you any more for the money than the old ones.

Keeping their word is a habit with politicians, but do they always keep their promise?

English experts cannot find fault with American automobiles, except that they turn them out too fast.

It all depends on the frame of mind on whether or not the picture of imagination is good, bad and indifferent.

The western youth who posed as a girl for 18 years probably gave up in disgust when they handed him hobble skirts.

Newspapers are discussing the desirability of abolishing duels in France. To protect the public at large, no doubt.

A New York man secured a divorce because his wife insisted on dancing all the time. Evidently she hit too hot a pace for him.

Half the babies are described as "calamities" by a professor of sociology. Now we know the real meaning of "calamity howler."

Isidore Duncan, the barefoot dancer, is said to have won a fortune at Monte Carlo recently. Case of making the gamblers dance to her liking.

A Los Angeles scientific teacher declares that hens formerly had teeth. However that may be, the hens' teeth have become proverbially scarce since then.

The maid in Palm Beach who spanked the most famous multimillionaire baby of the day was promptly discharged, but she won fame on the stroke.

A physician has made inquiries of the parcel post as to whether he can ship human bones by it. Evidently planning to dispose of the family skeleton.

An American has just been fined $40 for insulting an English knight. And yet some people insist that the days of chivalry have not passed, but are with us still.

Army aviators think they have discovered how to build invisible aeroplanes. Now if the bird-man can disguise himself as a piece of blue sky all will be well.

A heatless electric light is announced as a new and wonderful invention. It may be so; but it is nowhere in wonderful qualities beside heatless gas heaters.

According to scientists, primitive man was able to think before he could speak. At the present time many of our most volominous orators have not yet learned to think.

New York is to have a cat and dog hospital to cost $35,000, and to be fitted as elegantly as a modern hotel. Wonder if the inmates will lead the lives of cats and dogs?

A wife of a Virginia recluse, fond of out of door sports, gives him much pain by following the hounds. Of course, you can't blame a man for not wishing his wife to go to the dogs.

A Seattle judge rules that it is improper for a husband and wife to sit on the same jury. Necessary to have the jury agree occasionally?

Pekin has issued an order for all women to discard their trousers and wear European gowns. Now it is better understood why that tremendous loan is being sought.

And while they are framing a movement in favor of dispensing with nicknames for baseball clubs, why not eliminate the lingo that accompanies the writing up of the noble game?

A Canada farmer battles with Chicago detectives who came to his rescue when he was in the clutches of confidence men. Probably he felt he knew their methods better than those of the police.

More than one-third of the sand used in the manufacture of American glass comes from Pennsylvania. But the sand used in the manufacture of sugar is not so choice—the grocery man just gets it any old place.

It is announced that a certain "cultivated lady" smokes eight packages of cigarettes a day. Anybody would have to be cultivated to do that.

A one-armed burglar broke an Illinois jail with a spoon, suggesting that it would be a convenient stopping place for two-armed transients.

A Copenhagen physician announces that tears are healthy and a germ destroyer. Probably when the hero kisses away the tears of the heroine, he is preparing for the germless kiss.

A bill advocated by dentists is in the Albany legislature whose aim is to drive fake practitioners out of the state. The advocates of the bill ought to have pull enough to get it through and to see that its teeth are not withdrawn.

"Modern efficiency means a substitution of brain work for muscle work and shows how brain work is both cheaper and more successful in accomplishing the ends in view," says a lecturer. It is a sad fact that brain workers are rarely overpaid.

MADERO KILLED IN THE PALACE

Startling Accusations Made by a Mexican Editor.

SUAREZ WAS STRANGLED.

Charges That American Representative Declined To Intercede To Save Madero From Arrest and Execution.

San Francisco.—Colonel Manuel Blanche Alcade, publisher of the New Era, a Mexico City newspaper, generally regarded as the mouthpieec of the late President Madero's administration, arrived here with the assertion that he "is in a position to prove" that Madero was shot to death and that Vice-President Suarez was strangled in the National Palace on the night of February 23, and their bodies taken to the prison in an automobile.

"The reported assault by the guard," said Alcade, "was merely a farcical ruse and a part of the plot. If the automobile was fired upon the guards were only pouring lead into the dead bodies of the President and Vice-President, who were murdered in the palace hours before.

Colonel Alcade described himself as an intimate friend of Madero. His mission in this country, he said, would be to expose the plot which brought about the Diaz uprising and the deaths of Madero and Suarez.

Disguised As Peasants.

Accompanied by his wife, two small children and his brother, Joaquin, and army captain, Alcade fled from Mexico City February 23, taking an obscure route to Salina Cruz.

Colonel Alcade asserted the news of Madero's fate was known in Washington before the hour named in the official version as the time of the alleged attempt to rescue him.

"As a matter of fact," said he, "President Madero and Vice-President Suarez were killed between 8 and 9.30 o'clock, Mexican City time, on the night of February 22. The President was shot from behind and the powder burned his neck. Suarez was choked to death. His secretary, Dernandes de la Feguera, saw the body two days later, and there were finger marks on the throat."

The Wife's Appeal.

"Madame Madero and Madame Suarez went together to the Ambassador to implore him to intercede for their husbands' lives," he said.

"I saw them when they left the embassy, and they told me there was no hope. They said Ambassador Wilson had expressed to them his belief that the President and Vice-President would be executed, as the Huertistas regarded their deaths as necessary for the good of the country.

"General Ascarade was in command of the guard that night. I was told by another officer of the guard that it was he who slew Madero and Suarez."

Bitter in his criticism of Ambassador Wilson, Colonel Alcade declared the American diplomat had declined to intercede to save him from arrest and death.

TRUST PUTS MINIMUM PAY AT $8.

Harvester Company First To Recognize Claims Of Women.

Chicago.—President Cyrus H. McCormick, of the International Harvester Company, made the announcement that, beginning Monday, the minimum wage for girls and women employed anywhere in the United States by the company will be $8 a week. The present minimum is $5 a week for apprentices.

SMOKING DEATH OF OLD WOMAN

Octogenarian's Pipe Sets Dress Afire, Causing Fatal Burns.

Elnora, Ind.—Mrs. William Seneff, 80 years old, while smoking a pipe, allowed some of the burning tobacco to drop on her dress. Before other members of the family could reach her she had been so seriously burned that she died a few hours later.

SAVES CHILD FROM HARM.

Stonemason Catches Little Girl Falling From Building.

Boston.—Patrick J. Moriarty, a stonemason, saw a little girl about to fall from a third-story window of a Cabot street building and rushing across the street caught her in his arms before she struck the sidewalk. The girl, who was Helen J. Hutchinson, aged 5, was not hurt.

TO ENFORCE HATPIN ORDINANCE

New Orleans Women Offender May Be Fined Or Locked Up.

New Orleans.—The police here will be given special instructions to arrest any woman found violating the "hatpin ordinance" of the city, recently passed. The ordinance provides that no hatpins shall protrude beyond the hat unless the point is covered.

TOWN FLOOD-SWEPT.

Gov. O'Neil Of Alabama Asked For Aid By Residents Of Garland.

Mobile, Ala.—Governor O'Neil was appealed to for aid in behalf of citizens of Garland, a small town in Butler county, which fragmentary reports say has been partly swept away by floods.

GOLDEN RULE CHIEF OUT.

Kohler Dismissed For Conduct Unbecoming An Officer.

Cleveland.—The Civil Service Commission announced that it had found Chief of Police Kohler guilty of "gross immorality, conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman and conduct subversive to good order and discipline in the Police Department" and immediately discharged him from office. The above charges were filed by Mayor Baker and the trial of the Chief occupied the whole of last week.

NOW, WHAT WOULD YOU DO?



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THE GOLD SUPPLY AND HIGH PRICES

Over Production Bound to Leave Effect.

DIRECTOR ROBERTS REPORT.

Great Gold Supply Stimulates Industry and In Consequence Forces Up the Cost Of Living.

Washington.—George E. Roberts, director of the mint, predicts that the production of gold will not materially increase during the next 10 years. The importance of this prediction, made in Mr. Roberts' annual report for the fiscal year 1912, just obtained, lies in its relation to the economic law that over-production of gold tends to increase prices.

It is not probable, says Director Roberts, that any harmful results will come from a slowing down in the rate of accumulation of gold, for, he added, it must be recognized that the growth of gold supplies during the past 20 years has been at an abnormally high rate.

The United States has been particularly successful, Mr. Roberts says, in obtaining the holding a large share of the new gold of the past 12 years, the gains of the Treasury and national banks from 1900 to 1912 aggregating $825,705,000, an increase of more than 100 per cent.

The volume of trade and bank credits, of private, corporate and public indebtedness and the general level of prices undoubtedly have all been affected to some degree, the Director says, by the enlargements of bank reserves through the great production of gold in recent years and by the stimulus thereby imparted to enterprise and industry.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY RESIGNS.

Attitude Toward the Chinese Loan Principal Reason.

Washington.—Huntington Wilson, assistant and acting Secretary of State has resigned and insisted upon immediate acceptance of the resignation, because of his radical difference of opinion with the Administration regarding its Chinese policies, for which he declined to act as spokesman. President Wilson immediately accepted the resignation.

ELIOT HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

Information As To Ambassadorship Must Come From White House.

Cambridge, Mass.—"I have no information to give about that ambassadorship; all information must be obtained at the other end of the line," said President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot, of Harvard, tonight. Dr. Eliot had been asked for a statement on his attitude toward a diplomatic appointment. He celebrated at his home Thursday his seventy-ninth birthday.

POSTAL HOME LOANS.

Illinois Congressman Would Have Uncle Sam Aid the House Builders.

Washington.—An amendment of the postal savings law, providing a building loan system to loan home builders not over $3,500 each, from postal savings funds, at 3 per cent., will be introduced in Congress, Representative Buchanan, of Illinois, states. He poposed to limit loans to half the value of the property upon which they are made.

WHAT THE GIRLS NEED.

More Air and Sunshine, Says Noted Physical Educator.

Paris.—A certain morbidness among girls and women, which rests so heavily on modern life, is due to lack of sun, air and sunshine, according to Professor Manjon, of Nice. "Sun bathing, air bathing and frequent physical exercise in loose garments are indispensable to good health and good temper in women," declared the lecturer.

McCOMBS TO GO ABROAD.

Accepts the Offer To Become Ambassador To France.

Washington.—The nomination of Chairman William F. McCombs, of the Democratic National Committee, to be ambassador to France was prepared at the White House Monday and as it was about to be transmitted to the Senate it was withheld at Mr. McCombs' request. Mr. McCombs has decided to accept the post and it is said the delay does not mean a change in his intentions.

KING OF GREECE IS ASSASSINATED

Sovereign Attacked From Behind By Aleko Shinas.

BULLET THROUGH THE HEART.

The Tragedy Causes a Tremendous Sensation In London and Other Foreign Capitals—The King Killed In Saloniki.

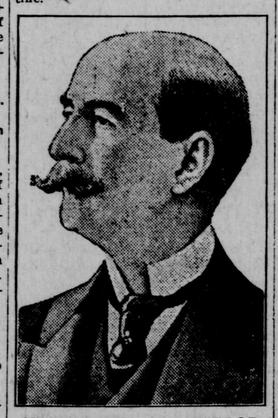
Saloniki.—King George of Greece was assassinated while walking in the streets of Saloniki Tuesday afternoon. Tuesday was the fiftieth anniversary of his reign. The assassin was a Greek of low mental type, apparently a degenerate, who gave his name as Aleko Schinas. He shot the King through the heart.

The King was accompanied only by an aide-de-camp, Lieutenant Colonel Francoudis. The assassin came suddenly at the King and fired one shot from a seven-chamber revolver. The tragedy caused intense excitement. Schinas was seized immediately and overpowered.

The wounded King was lifted into a carriage and taken to the Papafion Hospital. He was still breathing, but died within half an hour.

Prince Nicholas, the King's third son, and other officers hurried to the hospital. Arriving first, Prince Nicholas summoned the officers and, speaking in a voice choked with sobs, said:

"It is my deep grief to have to announce to you the death of our beloved King and invite you to swear fidelity to your new sovereign, King Constantine.'



KING GEORGE OF GREECE

The assassin of the King is an evil-looking fellow about 40 years of age. On being arrested he refused to explain his motive for the crime. He declared that his name was Aleko Schinas, and in reply to an officer, who asked him whether he had no pity for his country, announced that he was against governments.

Schinas maintained a perfectly impassable demeanor, which was suggestive of his being irresponsible for his actions.

Notwithstanding the rapidity with which the King received attention, he was found to be dead on arrival at the hospital.

Precautions were at once taken throughout the city, and perfect order is being maintained.

The King fell into the arms of his aide when shot. Two soldiers ran up on hearing the firing and helped to support him. He was placed in a carriage and efforts were made to stop the bleeding, but he breathed his last on the way to the hospital, nearby.

When Prince Nicholas bade the officers swear fealty to Constantine they shouted "Long live the King!"

Prince Nicholas is the only member of the royal family in Saloniki. Mourning emblems are displayed everywhere.

The Greek governor has issued a proclamation announcing that the oath of fealty to King Constantine has been taken.

MEDALS FOR BOY SCOUTS.

Suffragists To Reward Them For Work During Big Parade.

Washington.—As an appreciation of their work in protecting the marching women from the crowds that threatened the suffrage parade March 3 the Boy Scouts are to be decorated with medals by the women of the national suffrage organization. The contract for the medals has been awarded. They will be of bronze, suitably inscribed, and the contract calls for the delivery of 400 of them.

CONGRESS CALLED TO MEET APRIL 7

Proclamation as Issued is Purely Formal.

CONSIDERATION OF TARIFF.

President Wilson's Call Limited To a Bare Announcement That Congress Is To Be Convened.

Washington. — President Wilson's proclamation calling a special session of Congress for April 7 was issued at the White House Monday.

The proclamation as issued is purely formal and will be accompanied by special messages later. Because of the fact that it does not specifically limit the extraordinary session to consideration of the tariff, it will be possible for President Wilson and the party leaders to bring before Congress any urgent matters that may require special attention.

President's Proclamation.

The President's proclamation was as follows:

"Whereas public interests require that the Congress of the United States shall be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th day of April to such communications as shall be made by the Executive;

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the Capitol in the city of Washington on the 7th day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States of America the 17th day of March, in the year of our Lord, 1913, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-seventh.

"WOODROW WILSON,

"WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
(Seal.) "Secretary of State."

The Wilson proclamation is a duplicate in every respect of the calls for extra sessions issued by Presidents McKinley and Taft.

U. S. CRUISERS TO MEXICO.

The Maryland and California Going To the West Coast.

Washington.—At the instance of Admiral Southerland, commanding the Pacific fleet, who has been watching from Guaymas conditions on the west coast of Mexico, the Navy Department has approved his recommendation that the cruisers California and Maryland be sent to that coast. They are now at San Francisco. Admiral Southerland, who is aboard the flagship Colorado, found that a number of American citizens who have been disturbed by the revolutionary troubles in Sonora, are drifting down to the coast towns, especially Guaymas. For this reason the presence of warships is desired.

INDIANS RAVAGED BY DISEASE.

Refuse To Bathe and Wear Their Clothes Until They Drop Off.

Washington. — Trachoma — granulated eyelids—and tuberculosis are decimnating the American Indian. More than 22 per cent., or 72,000, are trachoma victims. Hundreds are blind. These are the findings, made public in a Senate document, of the recent investigation of Indian diseases made by the Public Health Service. Among the results of the investigation declared "surprising" is the absence of typhoid fever and smallpox epidemics among the Redmen. Trachoma is most prevalent in the Government's Indian boarding schools and less in the day schools.

PASSENGER TRAIN DERAILED.

Twenty-One Injured On Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad.

Marshalltown, Iowa. — Twenty-one persons were injured, three of them possibly fatally, when a passenger train on the Minneapolis and St. Louis Railroad was derailed six miles north of here. Most of the injured were from Missouri and Southern Iowa, and were bound for Minneapolis and the Northwest, including parts of Canada.

ONE CHURCH MEMBER.

"Congregation" Of New Brunswick Station Consists Of Single Person.

Trenton, N. J.—Declaring that at the preesnt time there is but one living person who has retained membership in the Third Reformed Dutch Church in America, at New Brunswick, Douwe D. Williamson petitioned the Court of Chancery to declare the organization extinct and dissolve the concern.

RIOTING AT PANAMA.

Authorities At Bocas Del Toro Telegraph Canal Commissioner For Aid.

Colon. — The authorities at Bocas del Toro telegraphed the Canal Zone Commission requesting that a force of men be sent there to aid in putting down labor riots. Fifty policemen were sent there.

BURLESON IS RESTRAINED.

Cannot Force Publicity Law Until Court Passes Upon It.

Washington.—The Supreme Court granted a restraining order to prevent Postmaster General Burleson from enforcing the newspaper publicity law while the court has under consideration the question of its constitutionality. The injunction was granted upon a request last week by Robert C. Morris, attorney for the New York Journal of Commerce.

FURIOUS STORM KILLS 60 PERSONS

Winds in Varying Forms Cause Devastation.

WORST KNOWN IN YEARS.

Cyclone Gales Cause Destruction In the South—Snow and Sleet Almost Isolates Chicago From the East.

Washington.—More than 60 persons are reported killed and hundreds were injured, some mortally, by a storm of tornado intensity which raged over Central, Western, Southern and parts of Eastern States and took different forms in different places. Property damage will run well into the millions.

Definite advices have been received accounting for at least 40 persons dead.

Reports from Alabama show the loss of life was heaviest in that State, the number of dead there being already definitely placed at 28, with additional fatalities reported but not confirmed. The town of Lower Peachtree was practically wiped out.

Two persons are dead in Indiana, three in Ohio, three is Tennessee, five in Missouri, two in New York, one in Michigan, two in Louisiana, one in Arkansas and one in Texas.

Accompanying the death lists are estimates of the injury totaling more than 200, with additions coming in at brief intervals.

Coming up out of the Southwest early Friday morning, just as spring was ushered in, the storm swept with startling suddenness diagonally across the country from Northern Texas to Western Pennsylvania and New York, bisecting the Mississippi Valley and moving northeastward across the Ohio into the Great Lake region.

Buildings toppled before the blow in nearly a dozen States and death lay all along in its wake.

The property loss was heavy all along the storm's track. Besides demolishing or unroofing buildings and felling trees, the high winds, rain, hail and sleet did serious damage to early crops, according to reports from some of the affected sections. Estimates of damage to property from Indiana and Michigan alone aggregate $2,000,000, about evenly diveded between the two States.

JAPAN SERVES WARNING.

Will Withdraw Exhibits To Fair If Alien Land Law Passes.

Sacramento, Cal.—An alien land law to exclude Japanese from ownership of real property in California, can be enacted only at the cost of Japanese support of the San Diego and San Francisco expositions in 1915, according to messages and personal warnings received by members of the legislature. Before the sub-committee in charge of land bills, Frank Brittan, attorney for the Panama-Pacific Exposition, declared today that not only would such a law offend Japan, but that it would seriously effect England and Germany, both of which nations desire a liberal Oriental representation guaranteed before their merchants and manufacturers cooperate.

"NOTHING TO NOTHING."

So-Called Baseball Tie Making Lunatics Of Us, Says Davenport Man.

Washington.—An urgent telegraphic appeal was made by a Davenport (Iowa) baseball fan to Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, to save the nation's fans from insanity. He detailed a 0-to-0 score of last season between Washington and the Red Sox. "They call it a tie," he said. "The old system of baseball should be closed to the public or it will make lunatics of them." Senator Nelson is not a fan.

LIGHTNING STRIKES JAIL.

Negro Prisoners Thrown Into Panic At Covington, Ky.

Cincinnati.—Lightning struck the county jail at Covington, Ky., hurling the 15-foot chimney to the ground and bouncing the 60 prisoners, all negroes, from their iron cots. The prisoners were thrown into a panic. The iron cells and cots made perfect conductors and the lightning created the impression that the cellhouse was on fire.

DOLLAR IN HIS HEAD.

Doctor Mashes Out Coin To Make Silver Skull Plate.

Omaha, Ark.—John Crickmore, of this place, will always have $1 on his person, but it will never be available as a cash asset, as it lies in the front part of his head over a jagged hole more than two inches long and one inch wide. An Omaha doctor made the skull plate from a coin.

ADRIANOPLE IS READY.

Turks Offer To Deliver "Holy City" To Bulgars—Negotiation Pending.

London.—A telegram from Sofia reports that the garrison at Adrianople has offered to surrender on condition of being allowed the honors of war and permitted to keep their arms. The Bulgarians, however, have not accepted these conditions.

$50,000 FOR THREE HORSES.

Edward B. McLean Buys Thoroughbreds From New York.

Washington.—Three horses of the highest hackney type have been purchased by Edward B. McLean, of Washington, from Joseph W. Harriman, of the Harriman National Bank of New York, for which the near-record price of $50,000 was paid. The horses are Naal, Lady Dilham and Elegant Dilham. Each has won scores of blue ribbons in the horse shows of this country and England.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

R. G. Dun Co.'s Weekly Trade Review says:

"Owing to the largely increased demand for seasonable merchandise, business for the week showed a decided change for the better, and both jobbers and manuafcturing concerns were well supplied with orders. Favorable weather conditions also had a material effect upon retail distribution in lines of men's and women's wearing apparel for spring, which moved freely. Prospects in the ready-made clothing industry appear favorable, manufacturers having received orders from many new sources, in addition to business derived from their regular customers, and limitations point to a substantial increase in the volume of sales for the current season. Collections are about as good as usual at this season, and values are very firm."

Bradstreet's Review states:

"Retail trade in Easter goods is quite brisk, being stimulated by mild weather. With spring shipments going forward briskly, new business coming in of good proportions, and house trade assuming increased activity, jobbers as a rule are busy. Wholesale milliners are exceptionally busy, spring bookings being of liberal volume and running ahead of a year ago. Like conditions exist in dry goods, notions and footwear."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK. — Wheat — Spot irregular; No. 2 red, 109½ elevator and 111 f o b, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 98 f o b, afloat.

Corn—Spot easy; export, 56½ f o b, afloat.

Butter—Creamery extras, 36@36½c; firsts, 35@35½.

Eggs — State, Pennsylvania and nearby gathered browns and mixed colors, 18½@19½c.

Live Poultry — Western chickens, 16c; fowls, 16½; turkeys, 20. Dressed dull; fresh killed Western chickens, 14@15; fowls, 15@17½; turkeys, 21 @24.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat declined 1c. No. 2 red in export elevator, $1.00½@1.01½.

Corn—Firmer; No. 2 red mixed in export elevator, 54½@55c.

Potatoes — Weaker; Pennsylvania, choice, per bushel, 68@73c; do, New York, per bushel, 60@63c; do, fair to good, per bushel 55@58c.

BALTIMORE. — Wheat — Spot and March 105¼ bid; April, 106¼ nominal; May, 107¾ nominal.

Corn—Spot and March, 54¾c; April, 55½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 39c; standard white, 37@37¼; No. 3 white, 36@36¼; No. 4 white, 34¼ asked. The lighter and medium weight oats are bringing a premium over the heavier weights.

Rye—Western Rye—No. 1, 69@70c; No. 2, 65@66; No. 3, 61@62; No. 4, 59 @60. Bag lots, nearby, as to quality, 55@65c.

Hay—Timothy—No. 1 $18@18.50; standard, $17@17.50; No. 2, $16@ 16.50; No. 3, $13@14.50. Clover Mixed —Light, $15.50@16; No. 1, $15; No. 2, $11.50@13.50; heavy, $12@13.50. Clover—No. 1, $11.50@12; No. 2, $9@ 10.

Straw—Straight Rye—No. 1, $18@ 18.50; No. 2, $17@17.50. Tangled Rye —No. 1, $12.50@13; No. 2, $10@11.50. Wheat—No. 1, $8.50@9; No. 2, $7.50@ 8.50. Oat—No. 1, $9@10; No. 2, $8@ 8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36@37; creamery, choice, 34@35; creamery, good, 32@33; creamery, prints, 36@ 38; creamery, blocks, 35@37; ladles, 22@24; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 20@22.

Cheese—Per lb, 18½@19c.

Egg—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 17c; Western firsts, 17; West Virginia firsts, 17; Southern firsts, 16. Duck Eggs—Nearby, 34c; Southern, 31. Recrated and rehandled eggs, ½@1c higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 17½@18c; do, small to medium, 17½@18; old roosters and stags, 11; young, choice, smooth, 20@21; do, rough and staggy, 12@13; winter, 2 lbs and under, 23@25. Ducks—White Pekings, 20c; muscovy, 18; puddle, 18. Turkeys—Choice hens, 24@25c; young gobblers, 22; old toms, 19; rough and poor, 10@12.

Dressed Poultry—Turkeys—Choice, 24@25c; fair to good, 22@23; old toms, 20. Chickens—Young, 20@21; mixed, 18@19; old hens, 18; old roosters, 11@12. Ducks, 20@22c. Capons —Seven lbs and over, 27@28c; medium, 20@24; small and slips, 18 @20.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk of sales, $8.80@8.95; light, $8.80@9.15; mixed, $8.60@9.05; heavy, $8.40@8.95; rough, $8.40@8.55; pigs, $6.95@9.

Cattle—Beeves, $7.25@9.15; Texas steers, $6@7.50; stockers and feeders, $6@8.15; cows and heifers, $3.50@8; calves, $7.50@12.

Sheep—Native, $6.10@7; yearlings, $7.25@8.25; native lambs, $8@9.10.

PITTSBURGH. — Cattle — Choice, $8.70@8.90; prime, $8.40@8.60.

Sheep—Prime wethers, $6.85@7.25; culls and commons, $3@4; lambs, $6@ 9.25; veal calves, $11@12.

Hogs—Prime heavies, $9.50@9.55; mediums, $9.80@9.85; heavy, Yorkers, $9.80@9.85; light Yorkers, $9.85@ 9.90; pigs, $9.85@9.90; roughs, $8.25@ 8.75.

KANSAS CITY. — Cattle — Dressed beef and export steers, $8.40@9; fair to good, $7.60@8.35; Southern steers, $6.75@8.25; Southern cows, $4.25@ 7.75; bulls, $5.50@7.25; calves, $7@ 10.25.

Hogs—Bulk, $8.60@8.80; heavy, $8.45@8.75; packers and butchers, $8.65@8.85; light, $8.70@8.85; pigs, $7.25@7.90.

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