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The Peoples National Bank,
DENTON, MD.
ALBERT G. TOWERS, Prest. T. F. JOHNSON, Cashier.

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Cash Bargain House
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We carry a complete and up-to-date line of merchandise, pleasing to the buying public, including

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING; MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR; SHOES, FELTS, GUM BOOTS, RUBBERS, ARCTICS; HOSIERY, HATS, CAPS, &c.

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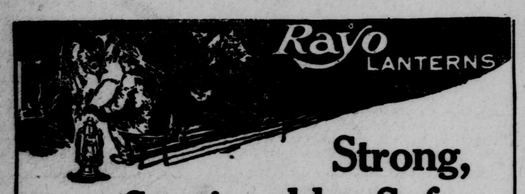
Tinware, Queensware and Glassware. Also a fine line of Groceries at prices pleasing to the buying public.

Marketable Produce taken in exchange for goods

Soliciting a liberal share patronage, and wishing you a prosperous New Year, I am yours for business,

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Under-taker  **and Embalmer**
DENTON, MARYLAND
We use the Arterial System of Embalming, and all the latest underta king ppliances. Phone calls answered at all hours, day or night. **Phone No. 39.** No Extra charge for Lady Assistant.



Strong, Serviceable, Safe.

THE most reliable lantern for farm use is the RAYO. It is made of the best materials, so that it is strong and durable without being heavy and awkward.

It gives a clear, strong light. Is easy to light and rewick. It won't blow out, won't leak, and won't smoke. It is an expert-made lantern. Made in various styles and sizes. There is a RAYO for every requirement.

At Dealers Everywhere
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated in New Jersey)
Newark, N. J. Baltimore, Md.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



The Tyrolean Alpine Singers

AT THE 1913 CHAUTAUQUA.

These quaint costumes belong to the magic-throated mountaineers who will teach Chautauqua crowds this summer what the Swiss yodel is. The seven of them won the praise of all New York a year ago in their season's engagement at the Hippodrome. They come with all the musical attainments of strict training besides great native skill with their home music. On the platform they trill and call and shout with the most joyous abandon. Then, to the astonishment of the audience, they give us zither and violin solos and vocal numbers as splendid in the conventional way as could be enjoyed if the seats cost ten times the price! The personalities of the troupe are like their entertainment, deliciously refreshing.

CELERY ON CITY LOT

Carpenter Makes Profitable Experiment With Plant.

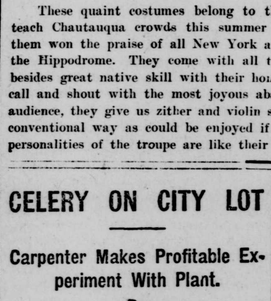
As Soon in Spring as Ground Could Be Worked, Part of Five-Cent Package of Seed Was Sowed—Profits Were Big.

(By R. B. QILLER, Indiana.)

I am a carpenter, not a gardener, but I wanted to make some extra money and tackled celery. I have a lot back of my house, 50x125 feet, and it was not particularly adapted for celery, but I read up on the subject of soil and learned that in order to raise the best crops, growers give a good coat of stable manure every second year. From this I concluded stable manure contained the necessary fertilizing elements for the celery plant, which might be raised on any good ground, provided it was fertilized well in that way.

As early in the spring as the ground could be worked I sowed part of a five-cent package of seed in one row across the garden, and cultivated it the same as my rows of beets and parsnips. When the plants were about four inches high, I prepared a trench to set them in. The round was first coated well with good stable manure and then spaded up as deep as one could spade. After it was well worked I made a trench about one foot deep and 7 or 8 inches wide at the bottom. In this trench I set two rows of plants six inches apart and the plants also six inches asunder in the row in a zig-zag manner so that in a trench 25 feet long I set just 100 plants. All lived and all produced fine, large stalks.

The plants being set out in the middle of the summer, needed very little cultivation. They grew so rank that they kept the weeds down in the row, and only a few weeds grew on the side of the trenches. These can be hoed to advantage with an ordinary garden hoe, so I cut off the up corners



Banking Up Celery.

of my garden hoe, making it an A shaped. With this tool I could hoe close under the leaves without doing injury to the plants.

Setting in this way has at least three advantages: First, it does not need to be banked with earth since the stalks grow tall without it; second the wind cannot whip the stalks about and thus injure the leaves; third fewer leaves of equal size grow on the stalks. In this trench the celery was 30 inches tall and of a very fine quality.

Such trenches as I made need not be more than 5 feet apart. On an acre of ground one can grow 33 rows, 26 feet long with 1,056 plants in a row, or 34,848 plants per acre. At 1 cent each they would fetch $348.48. I have sold a few stalks to my neighbors at 2½ cents a stalk. At this rate an acre would produce $871.20. But should I receive only one-third the retail price, there is profit in raising it here where there is no celery land.

Dry Matter in the Cornfield.

Prof. J. H. Sheppard, dean of agriculture, North Dakota agricultural college, says the amount of dry matter in a cornfield increases at almost a regular rate from the time of tasselling until ripe. In round numbers it is as follows: When in silk it has twice as much dry matter as when in tassel, when in milk three times, when glazed four times and when ripe five times as much as when in tassel. The digestible matter also increases as the corn matures, so that the increase in dry matter is even less than the increase in digestible matter per acre. With these facts in mind one cannot be left in doubt as to the importance of allowing corn to become as near ripe as possible before cut for fodder. It should not be left, however, after it is ripe, for the leaves to be broken off by the wind and the digestible matter bleached out by rain and dews. The common mistake, however, is for the grower to cut it too early.

Roup and Catarrh.

Catarrh is not roup. It is usually caused by dampness; exposure to a drenching rain is a good starter for the disease. Dr. Sanborn says it is a filth disease, and not caused by "taking cold." The difference between roup and catarrh is that the latter has a tendency to get well without treatment, while the former seems inclined to progress to a fatal end.

Comfort for the Birds.

No success can be obtained with poultry unless the fowls are kept comfortable. A man caught in a rainstorm can change his clothing and thus save catching cold, but a fowl must allow her clothing to dry on her. No fowl can stand a constant exposure to inclement weather, and the more we protect them the better will be the results.

JUDGING THE VALUE OF EGGS

Difference in Color Is Merely Indication of Strain of the Bird and Nothing Else.

It is a curious fallacy that the brown egg is better than the white. The difference in color is merely the indication of the strain of the bird and nothing else, says a leading authority.

It is a fact that, generally speaking, brown eggs are preferred over white ones, and dealers have learned to cater to supply this demand at small cost. If their customers want brown eggs, they supply them as long as they have them in stock, and then color the white ones to fill out.

It is a very easy matter staining a white egg a beautiful delicate brown by dipping it in weak coffee or analyne dye. Eggs colored in this way sell just as readily and please the customers as well as though they had bought genuine brown eggs.

There is quite a difference, however, in the lucrative value of very light colored yolks and those which have a rich reddish yellow color. The pale yolk indicates poor feeding and bad conditions, but the reddish, yellow yolk indicates that the hens have been fed on the right kind of rations, and are therefore better food.

Iron in the food gives color to the yolk of the egg, and anaemic persons whose diet embraces eggs should always select those of the rich reddish color, because they contain more iron than the pale ones.

In judging the value of the egg as food, therefore, do not take the color of the shell as an index of its food value, but upon its contents.

Liming Sandy Soils.

Lime may improve loose sandy soils by making them more compact and more retentive of moisture. For this purpose some form of carbonate of lime is usually recommended, and in much smaller quantities than for clay soils. Clay soils will stand more lime than sandy soils. The improvement of sandy soils will often be much greater if the lime is applied to a green crop turned under.

Lime hastens the conversion of the vegetable matter into humus, and this with the lime helps to fill the open spaces between the sand grains. It is claimed by those who have given much attention to light sandy soils that there are no other types of soils that will respond quite so readily to lining, provided the necessary vegetable matter is supplied in the form of a green cover crop turned under.

SHONE IN REFLECTED LIGHT

Mr. Spinks' Only Claim to Fame Was In His Possession of a Brilliant Better Half.

Little Mr. Spinks was an excellent man of business, and fairly prosperous in a modest way, but he lacked the artistic talents.

His better-half, on the other hand, was well known among a certain literary and artistic set as being a remarkably brilliant woman, and one with great powers of entertaining.

It chanced that both Mr. and Mrs. Spinks were inadvertently asked to a large party together—a Bohemian gathering, which was not quite in the little man's line. During the course of the evening his wife sang, and the richness of her voice attracted a well-known man who happened to be present.

He asked to be introduced to her. This was done by the hostess, but in about five minutes after effecting the introduction she hurried up, and carried Mrs. Spinks off again, telling the discomfited stranger that he mustn't monopolize the celebrated woman.

"But I'll introduce you to Mr. Spinks," she added, by way of consolation.

"Mr. Spinks!" ejaculated the great one. "Never heard of him. He's a stranger, isn't he? What's he famous for?"

"Er—well, his wife!"—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

FAR, FAR AWAY



Novelist—I'm looking for an honest lawyer.

Humorist—Then keep on traveling to the Never, Never Land.

COMEDIAN'S JOKE.

Of the jealousies of the stage Mme. Judith, in her "Recollections," gives many instances, but also of its good-humored nonsense. The comedian Boffe, it appears, was fond of displaying his versatility in the street. On one occasion he said, "You just wait a minute, Judith, and I'll make you laugh." He went to the edge of the pavement, and with bent back, hunched up shoulders, pinched features, head shaking piteously, and tottering gait, he had suddenly become an old man. Thus metamorphosed, he tapped on the pavement with his stick, tottered to the edge of the road, made a few trembling steps to cross it, and then, seeing a carriage coming, started back and feebly endeavored to step on the curbstone again. Finally, when a little work girl compassionately helped him, remarking, "Poor old fellow, your dancing days are a long way off," Bouffe of a sudden turned head over heels, "after which he pirouetted several times, made his assistant a low bow, and left her simply petrified with astonishment."

Windows in Poultry Houses.

Put the windows in the poultry houses low down to the floor, so that the hens will get the benefit of the light and sunshine when scratching for their feed.

The trouble with windows set high up is that they let the sunshine on the perches when the hens are on the floor scratching, and when they are on the roost the sun doesn't shine, so there is no equilibrium in such plans.

Requirements for Egg Production.

The secrets of egg production consist of a good supply of grit, good health, plenty of exercise, pure food, green food, fresh water, cut clover hay and green cut bone, freedom from lice, regularity in feeding, cool houses in summer and warm ones in winter, and breeding only from the best laying stock.

Causes of Failure With Alfalfa.

Experiments at the Cornell station have been conducted to determine the causes of failure in alfalfa culture, and the practical suggestions derived from the results were that at least a moderately fertile soil is needed for this crop, that the use of phosphate as a fertilizer is valuable in this connection and that inoculation is futile unless the soil is in a condition to favor the growth of the bacteria.

NOTICE
—TO—
Merchants, Traders and Others

ALL PERSONS AND BODIES CORporate or politic in Caroline county, who are or shall be exercising or pursuing any business, or shall be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a license is made necessary by the laws of Maryland, are hereby warned to obtain a license or renew the same before the

FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT,

under the penalty imposed by said laws for the infraction thereof.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

TRADERS' LICENSES.—The amount to be paid by traders for license (the amount of stock at the principal season of sale to be given under oath) is as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed $1000			$12 60
If over 1000 and not over		$1500	15 60
" 1500	"	2500	18 60
" 2500	"	4000	22 60
" 4000	"	6000	30 60
" 6000	"	8000	40 60
" 8000	"	10000	50 60
" 10000	"	15000	60 60
" 15000	"	20000	80 60
" 20000	"	30000	100 60
" 30000	"	40000	125 60
" 40000			150 60

Females vending millinery and other small articles of merchandise, whose stock does not at any time during the year exceed five hundred dollars, shall be entitled to a license on paying $6 60, but if stock exceeds five hundred dollars shall pay the same rates as other persons, the amount of stock in trade to be ascertained by oath, as in other cases.

The applicant must either make oath as heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale, or the oath may be administered by a justice of the peace when a person wanting a license applies through an agent.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May without license.

HAWKERS AND PEDDLERS must renew their license on or before the first day of May, as other traders. These rates are as follows:

To travel on foot,	$100 00
With one horse and wagon,	200 00
With two horses and wagon,	300 00

BROKERS.—Any person who shall make it his business to deal in any manner, on his own account or for others, in the purchase or sale of stocks, bills, notes, bank notes or other obligations, shall be deemed and taken to be a broker. The rates are as follows:

Stock broker,	$75 60
Real Estate Broker,	25 60
Merchandise, for each individual or member of firm,	75 60
Bill broker,	50 00
Insurance broker (granted by Insurance Commissioner),	101 00
Exchange broker,	100 00
EXHIBITION—Circus,	$30 00
Menageries,	15 00

LICENSES TO OWNERS AND KEEPERS OF STALLIONS AND JACKS.

The owner and keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall, before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some one of the counties of this State the highest sum which he intends to ask or receive for the season for one mare, and the receipt of the said Clerk, with the seal of the court attached thereto, for said sum shall be the license for stationing or standing such Stallion or Jack for one year from the date thereof; provided that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by this section for license be less than $10, and that every Stallion or Jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other tax.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION OF OWNERS OF STALLIONS IS CALLED TO THE ACT OF 1892, CHAPTER 419, SECTIONS 1 and 2, WHICH READ AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That every owner or agent who may have the custody or control of any stallion, who shall charge a fee for the services of such stallion, shall, before advertising or offering such services to the public for any fee, reward or compensation, file with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which such owner or owners, agent or agents reside, or in which such stallion shall be kept for service, or if such services shall be offered in the city of Baltimore, then with the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, a written statement giving the name, age, pedigree and record, if it is known, and if not known then that the same is not known, the description, terms and conditions upon which such stallion will serve. Upon filing such statement the Clerk for the Circuit Court for the county, or for the Court of Common Pleas of Baltimore, as the case may be, shall issue a certificate or license to the owner or owners, agent or agents having the custody and control of such stallion, that such statement has been filed in his office; they shall then post a written or printed copy of the statement so filed with such clerk in a conspicuous place in each locality in which said stallion shall be kept for service.

SEC. 2. Every owner or agent who shall proclaim or publish a false or fraudulent pedigree or record or statement of any kind regarding any stallion, or shall neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of section one of this act shall forfeit all fees for services of such stallion, and the person or persons who may be deceived or defrauded by such false or fraudulent pedigree or record or statement may sue and recover in any court of competent jurisdiction such damage as may be shown to have been sustained by reason of such false and fraudulent representations.

ALCENUS E. COOPER,
Sheriff of Caroline county.

FOR RENT—A four-room dwelling house, with garden and fire wood, near Denton. Inquire of or address
J. W. KERR,
Eastern Shore Nurseries and Fruit Farm, Denton, Md.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER



Paul M. Pearson

AT THE 1913 CHAUTAUQUA.

The Director of the Chautauqua Association is on the program at the request of those who heard him last year. He will present a lecture-recital, "The Joy of Living," in which, as is his custom, he will recite a number of poems.

YOUR RHEUMATISM

is probably due to uric acid in the system—the blood must be purified—the poisonous acid driven out and general health must be improved.

Thousands testify that *Scott's Emulsion* rids the system of poisonous acid by enriching the impoverished blood, and its concentrated nourishment is converted into red blood corpuscles which *drive out rheumatism.*

It is especially valuable to aged people.

Ask for and insist on SCOTT'S.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Bloomfield, N. J. 12-60

Auditor's Order Nisi.

Sallie A. Cooper et al.
vs.
Ann Eliza Nichols, et al.

In the Circuit Court for Caroline County. In Equity. No. 1541.

Ordered, this 26th day of March, 1913, that the Auditor's Report, made and filed in the above entitled cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless good cause to the contrary be shown, within three weeks from the 27th day of March 1913; provided a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Caroline County, once in each of two successive weeks before the 4th day of April 1913.

J. KEMP STEVENS, Clerk.

Auditor's Order Nisi.

John H. Horsey, Trustee,
vs.
Eliza A. Garrett.

In the Circuit Court for Caroline county. In Equity. No. 771.

Ordered, This 26th day of March, 1913, that the Auditor's Report, filed this day in the above entitled cause be ratified and confirmed unless good cause to the contrary be shown, within three weeks from the 27th day of March, 1913; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Caroline County, once in each of two successive weeks before the 4th day of April, 1913.

J. KEMP STEVENS, Clerk.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



CHAUTAUQUA WEEK
A Summer Festival
INFORMATION
INSPIRATION
ENTERTAINMENT
31 EVENTS $2.00
Buy a Season Ticket

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