The Basement Philosopher

By KENNETT HARRIS

(Copyright, 1911, by W. G. Chapman)

The janitor, having improvised a luxurious couch by spreading half a dozen burlap sacks in his wheelbarrow, lit his pipe and disposed himself comfortably with his extended legs on the barrow handles.

"I'll call it a day," he said to his Scandinavian assistant. "If there's anything else to be done, I'll let you do it. Don't thank me; it's no more than my duty. What's that? You wasn't going to? Well, I'm not surprised. A man who looks for gratitude from a guy he's trying to help ain't got the knowledge of human nature that I've raked together in the last thirty years. But you had ought to be grateful just the same.

"The trouble with you, Nels," continued the janitor, "is that you've always been used to work and you don't realize its blessings. I'll bet a bottle of brass polish you've done your eighteen hours a day steady in the old country ever since you was old enough to chew on a hunk of rye bread, and if there was any rush, you done another six hours and didn't think nothing of it. It got so it wasn't no particular treat to you, didn't it? Sure thing! And all them other square-heads around you was working, too, the same way, so you never felt you was any way's privileged. There didn't seem to be no special dignity about it. Ain't I right?

"Well, I'm here to tell you that the man that eats his bread in the sweat of his brow is the king-pin of the row, and any politician will tell you the same. The honest toiler can lift up his head and look the whole world in the face, and if the whole world doesn't like it, it knows what it can do. Of course in some trades that's more so than it is in others, but there's no getting around the fact that labor's the whole thing. It may get a few knocks in the federal courts once in a while, but you'll see it wipe the sweat off its brow and come up smiling every time.

"What you want to do to get the respect of your fellow man—which at the present time is me—is to work. Bend your blooming back to it. Dig



LIT HIS PIPE AND DISPOSED HIMSELF COMFORTABLY.

in your toenails and push. Get underneath and lift, bust your suspender buttons, rip your shirt, put your shoulders to it and your whole soul in it and keep everlastingly at it; that's the way to do it. That's the way I done before I got a weak heart. People used to stand around by the hour to watch me—particularly my boss would. It was a sight to see me work—a rare sight, you might say.

"And another thing, Nels, my friend: When you start in on a job, do it right—the way it ought to be done. Take a pride in your work, take pains with it—and aches. Never mind if you do bark your shins or knock a little of the skin off your knuckles. If a cinder gets in your eye, shut your eye and don't think any more about it; if a red hot coal falls inside your shoe, don't make that an excuse to stop working; leave it alone and it'll cool off in time. If the ashes gets in your lungs, cough if you must, but don't indulge yourself more'n necessary. Keep your mind on your work whatever happens. A well-cleaned grate is a thing of beauty and a joy till it clogs up again. A clear bright window pane is a testimonial of character, and a hallway well scrubbed a certificate of merit. Let your brass work so shine that a woman can powder her nose and set her hat on straight by it. Clip the grass as if you were doing an extra fine job on your own whiskers with a view to that chrome-topped country-woman of yours on the fourth floor. What you've got to think about all the time is your work.

"It's what we was put here for, is work. You need to sleep so's you'll be rested up for it, and eat and drink so you'll have the strength for it. But sleeping and eating ain't what ought to occupy your mind the way it does. You don't want to be looking at the clock to see if it's time to quit, either. What's the difference of a couple of hours or the missing of a meal or so if there's something to be done? Nothing at all, especially when a man's young and strong and has white eyebrows and yellow teeth and a name ending in 'sen.' Work!

"Think of the men that haven't got jobs. Washington's full of 'em this moment. Fellows that's been setting around and doing nothing but spit at red hot stoves all winter and could go back to it any time. Some of 'em will have to go back, but it won't be because they want to. They're aching for a chance to work—for honest toil, collecting for ports, representing in foreign countries, registering in land offices, handing out mail in postoffices—any old thing just so it gives them good hard work and lots of it. Do they want to loaf? Ask 'em.

"No, Nels, there's a thousand or two of 'em would be glad of your job if they could get it, and they wouldn't make no roar about the hours or the work. All they'd ask would be a decent salary and a half a dozen husky deputies. And them ain't the only ones. Look at all these fellows you see playing golf and riding around in automobiles and buzzing the merry-merry and smoking cigarettes and drinking cocktails in the clubhouses, just to pass away the time. They haven't got any job, and what's the result? They're miserable. Of course they are. Nothing to do. Look at me and you, we're happy. We're honest, horny-handed sons of toil and our hearts are light and we eat our chuck with a relish. Wheel me back about a yard now and fix them fires. Holy smoke! Look at the gauge. Get a wiggle on, now."

The assistant did as he was requested and then wheeled his superior back in accordance with further instructions.

"But all said and done," remarked the janitor, "the horny-handed is most generally the bone-headed."

FOUND HER ORDERS OBEYED

Trained Nurse Knows Now That Chinese Are Literal, and Trait Does Not Appeal to Her.

"I've always heard that the Chinese were literal," said a trained nurse. "Last week I satisfied myself on that subject. As I was hurrying off for a few days' rest I made up two brown paper parcels, which happened to be about the same size. In one was a bunch of collars and cuffs for the Chinese laundry. I was to leave this on my way out.

"The other package contained a yard of blue velvet and two handsome feather ornaments. My milliner was to call for these and have my hat ready for me on my return.

"'Starch stiff!' I said to the Chinaman as I pointed to my package and hurried out. Four days later, on my return, I stopped on the way from the station, presented my check, paid 44 cents, and came home with my package.

"There was my millinery parcel still uncalled for! I decided to fasten the trimmings on another hat and opened the paper, only to have fall out my collars and cuffs, which I thought had been at the laundry.

"Naturally, it took but a few minutes to open the package I'd just brought from the laundry. Yes, the Chinese were literal! My velvet and my two feathers were starched as stiff and ironed as smooth as though they'd been the shiniest of linen! They were ruined past hope!

"I took them to Mr. Laundryman. He shook his head sadly but firmly.

"You say, 'Starch! Starch stiff!' he repeated. My 44 cents was gone and my velvet and feathers ruined. But I had fully proved that the Chinese were literal!"—New York Times.

Rout of the Money Germ.

One of the marks of the amateur in counting bills is an unrestrained habit of wetting his fingers with his tongue. This has long given experts the fidgets and has caused a general installation of sponge cups. It is not a tidy act nor fair to look upon. While not distressful, it has been classed as a waste of natural resources which might be conserved against the adhesion of a couple of hundred stamps.

Now, however, Dr. Rucker (of the national health service) declares that the danger of infection is so slight as to be hardly calculable. It appears that the ink which the notes are printed is a germicide; bacteria may swarm over our money to their confusion—that is, over the money that is subject to invasion.

News of the bacillus-proof issue should be actuating. Let us get more of it, seeing that its reputation as a germ ambush is false. The opportunities for health increase with the rout of this fanciful foe. On, then, for more money, and let us lick it if it resists!

Wonderful Human Stomach.

The human stomach as diagrammed in the encyclopedia resembles the map of South America, and as a potentiality exercises the revolutionary characteristics of that realm. It varies in size; in youth being longer than thick, and reaching from the chin to the heels; in ripe maturity being thicker than long, and reaching from the back two feet beyond the natural plumb line.—American Magazine.

Concerning Eating.

Let your heartiest meal be at night, or whenever your work for the day is over. Fruit, toast, soft boiled eggs and oatmeal make a good breakfast. When the intermission between hours of labor is short no heavy food should be taken into the stomach. Hundreds of persons who eat heartily and return to work almost immediately afterward have dyspepsia.

Scratched.

She—"And that scar, major. Did you get it during an engagement?" He (absently)—"No; the first week of our honeymoon!"

Rare Combination.

"I have an ideal wife."

"What's your idea of an ideal wife?"

"One who can keep house, her comper and her help."

THAW INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY

Four Others Named in Document By Grand Jury.

NEW WEAPON FOR JEROME.

Governor To Be Asked To Send Additional Papers Based On New Charge To New Hampshire.

New York.—A blanket indictment charging Harry K. Thaw and four others with conspiracy in connection with his escape from the Matteawan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane in August, was returned by the grand jury here. It will be used as a weapon by William Travers Jerome in his efforts to extradite Thaw from New Hampshire.

The others indicted were former Assemblyman Richard Butler, Michael O'Keefe, "Gentleman Roger" Thompson and Eugene Duff, who are alleged to have been Thaw's companions in the automobile in which he escaped. These are the same men for whom warrants were issued in Dutchess county after Thaw's flight.

Bench warrants on the indictment were issued by the court and turned over to detectives of the district attorney's office.

Mr. Jerome announced that he would at once ask Governor Glynn for extradition papers based on the new charge to be sent to the governor of New Hampshire.

Moses H. Grossman, counsel for Thaw, was in the building when the indictment was returned. He denounced it as a subterfuge.

"A person who has been committed to an asylum as insane cannot be adjudged guilty of conspiracy," he said. "I do not believe the indictment will stand and I seriously doubt if it will in any way affect the status of the case in New Hampshire.

"I have all along contended that it is not the intention to try Mr. Thaw on any indictment, for the very obvious reason that no conviction could be had."

LAST MEAL DELAYS HANGING.

Request For Chicken Dinner Adds Three Hours To Man's Life.

Somerset, Pa.—The execution of John W. Maus, condemned to die here for the murder of Harrison Brown, a mail carrier, September 12, 1912, was delayed in order that Maus might enjoy a chicken dinner. When he had finished his breakfast Maus asked Sheriff Charles L. Hochard for a good dinner. The request was granted, but the meal could not be prepared without delaying the hanging. Maus was taken to the scaffold a few minutes before 1 o'clock and hanged at one minute after 1.

HOUSE'S GIFT TO BRIDE.

Committee To Be Named To Remember Miss Wilson.

Washington.—Democrats, Republicans and Progressives of the House are going to unite to preesnt a wedding gift next month to Miss Jessie Wilson, the President's daughter. Republican Leader Mann gathered a hundred or more members today and proposed that Miss Jessie be remembered with a fitting gift. The suggestion met with instant favor and Speaker Clark was designated to appoint a committee to carry out the plan.

TO PERPETUATE G. A. R.

Movement To Take In Descendants Of Veterans.

Harrisburg, Pa.—The Central Pennsylvania Association of the Grand Army of the Republic named a committee to embody in a formal resolution, to be submitted to kindred organizations, a suggestion that the Grand Army be perpetuated by the children of the eldest sons of deceased veterans or their lineal descendants. This proposition was made by E. W. Jackson, of this city, and was heartily indorsed.

STATUE OF BIG CHIEF UNVEILED.

Great Grandson Of Keokuk Delivers a Message.

Keokuk, Iowa.—On the site where three quarters of a century ago his war councils were held, a bronze statue of Chief Keokuk was unveiled in Rand Park. The unveiling ceremony was held in connection with the conference of the Iowa Daughters of the American Revolution. John Keokuk, a resident of the Sac and Fox agency in Oklahoma and great-grandson of the noted chief, delivered a message from his people.

FIGHTING AT MONTEREY.

Important Battle Between Federals and Rebels In Progress.

Mexico City.—Fighting is reported to be in progress in the outskirts of Monterey. Rebels are said to have made a dash into a suburb and taken possession of some of the outlying positions. The attack on Monterey began Thursday morning, the first shots being fired about 10 o'clock. Shortly afterward the telegraph lines were cut and communication ceased.

CAN'T LIMIT COMPANY WEALTH.

Edward Hines, Lumber King, Wins Mississippi Suit.

Jackson, Miss.—The case of the State of Mississippi against the Edward Hines Lumber Company, of Chicago, of many months standing, was decided in favor of the company. The suit was brought under the State law that no foreign corporation shall own more than $2,000,000 worth of property in the State. The company contended that the law was unconstitutional as applying to foreign corporations.

EVOLUTION OF THE SLIT SKIRT



French Costumer Predicts That Women Will Be Wearing Trousers-ettes.—News Item. (Copyright.)

ROLL OF DEAD IS ABOVE 250

But 23 Taken From Dawson Mine Alive.

BODIES OF 14 FOUND.

Smoke Seen Issuing From Second Level Not Believed To Have Come From the Fire.

Dadson, N. M.—Two hundred and thirty miners were entombed in Shaft No. 2 of the Stag Canon mines here when an explosion occurred at the property, according to an unofficial estimate.

General Superintendent Frank McDermott, of the mine, and several American miners are among those entombed.

Meager advices received were that only five miners had been taken alive from the upper level. These reports stated that most of the day shift were employed below the second level, where the shaft was blocked with debris resulting from the explosion.

Immediately after the explosion all shafts were called to the work of rescue and those miners who were employed in other shafts were put to work drilling through the debris which was said to have blocked the mine below the second level.

The United States rescue car stationed at Trinidad was summoned, and every available man in Dawson was aiding in the attempt to reach the entombed miners.

Rescuers worked heroically to supply air to the men. Reports from the mine did not state at which level the explosion occurred, simply that the mine shaft was blocked from the second level.

The mine property is owned by the Phelps-Dodge Company, of New York.

Five mines are connected in the workings, and it is thought that if any of the miners escaped death in the explosion they should be able to reach safety.

In the relief camps situated several yards from the entrance to mine No. 2 are gathered the women and children of the entombed miners. The miners' families are cheered by the knowledge that Superintendent McDermott is among the main body of miners entombed, and they have confidence, as have mine officials, in the superintendent's resources in such a disaster.

TO EXHIBIT COLUMBUS' BONES.

Dominican Republic Will Send Them To San Francisco.

Santo Domingo.—The bones of Christopher Columbus, now in the Cathedral here, will be sent to the Panama Pacific Exposition in San Francisco as part of the Dominican Republic's exhibit, according to plans just announced. The exposition commissioners sailed for Colon, taking with them the assurance that this country will be adequately represented at the exposition.

NEW CURE FOR MILITANCY.

Senator Saulsbury Tells Scotland Yard To Appoint Policewomen.

London. — Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, who is here, advocated a new cure for militancy. He told Scotland Yard in all seriousness that they will never be able to deal with the "wild women" until the authorities have appointed women police, as Chicago has done. "If women had to deal with the suffragettes," he said, "all militancy would soon be squelched."

LIGHTNING KILLS 3 SOLDIERS.

Bolt Strokes Wagon Train Of Cavalry On March.

Houston, Texas.—A bolt of lightning struck a column of the Sixth United States Cavalry, on march between Texas City and Galveston, killing Privates Monroe Morris, George Morris and John Zimmer. Veterinary Surgeon Devine was slightly injured. Several horses and mules were killed.

STORM SWEEPS SHORE.

Tide, Driven By High Southwest Wind, Invades Towns, Flooding Houses.

Centreville, Md.—The worst storm in 20 years swept the Eastern Shore. Practically every town along the water front has been damaged, and in many instances further loss is expected.

Driven by a southwest wind of unusual severity, the tide was the highest for years. The streets in many towns were covered by water from 12 inches to 5 feet deep.

THEY CRAVE FOR INDEPENDENCE

Filipinos Resolution in Reply to Wilson's Message.

CLAIM RIGHT TO BE FREE.

Appointment Of Francis Burton Harrison As Governor General Accepted As Harbinger Of New Era.

Washington.—The answer of the Philippines to President Wilson's message, delivered through Governor General Harrison, came by cable in the form of a resolution adopted by the Philippine Assembly. Emphatic belief in the right of the Filipinos to be free is expressed in the resolution and the President's words are gratefully accepted as "a categorical declaration of the purpose of the nation to recognize the independence of the islands."

The text of the resolution, made public by the War Department, follows:

"We, the representatives of the Filipino, constituting the Philippine Assembly, solemnly declare that it is evident to us that the Filipino people have the right to be free and independent, so that in advancing along the road of progress it will, on its own responsibility, work out its prosperity and manage its own destinies for all the purposes of life. This was the aspiration of the people when it took up arms against Spain, and the presence of the American flag first on Manila Bay and then in the interior of the archipelago did not modify, but rather encouraged and strengthened the aspiration despite all the reverses suffered in war and difficulties encountered in peace.

"Being called to the ballot box, the people again and again ratified this aspiration and since the inauguration of the Philippine Assembly the national representative body has been acting in accordance with the popular will only; thus in the midst of the most adverse circumstances the ideal of the people never wavered and was respectfully and frankly brought before the powers of the sovereign country on every propitious occasion. On the other hand, our faith in the justice of the American people was as great and persistent as our ideal. We have waited in patience, confident that sooner or later all errors and injustices would be redressed."

DIAPHANOUS SKIRT HEALTHY.

Public Health Service Approves the Latest Styles In Gowns.

Washington.—Without attempting to pass upon questions of state or modesty the United States Public Health Service has put its stamp of approval upon all slit skirts and diaphanous gowns from the health standpoint. Assistant Surgeon General Rucker announced that "women wear too many clothes, any way," and that the woman who dresses in up-to-date style is less liable to catch cold these chilly days than one who loads down her body with heavy clothing.

SUES RAILROAD PRESIDENT.

Man Wants Damages Because a Trunk Was Smashed.

Minneapolis. — Thomas G. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, was served with papers in a damage suit when he arrived here. A man in Chicago brought the action against the railroad because a trunk had been smashed. The action was unique, it being brought under a new law under the head of a foreign corporation temporarily within the State.

EX-SOLDIER SUES THEATRE.

Ousted For Standing When Band Played "Star-Spangled Banner."

Washington.—J. Frank Wahl, a former soldier, stood up when the band in a local theatre played "The Star-Spangled Banner," and was put out for creating disorder. He engaged a lawyer today to sue for damages.

TWO KILLED AT DAYTON.

Child Of Victims Of Auto Accident May Also Die.

Dayton, Ohio.—Walter Kreitzer, 30 years old, and his wife, Ruth, 25 years old, were instantly killed and their son, Wilber, 4 years old, was perhaps fatally injured when their automobile was struck by a fast passenger train on the Pennsylvania Railroad at a crossing near their home in Trotwood, Ohio. The child is suffering from a fractured skull and internal injuries.

WILSON PROCLAIMS THANKSGIVING DAY

Washington.—President Wilson issued his first Thanksgiving proclamation as President of the United States, as follows:

The season is at hand in which it has been our long-respected custom as a people to turn in praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God for his manifold mercies and blessings to us as a nation. The year that has just passed has been marked in a peculiar degree my manifestations of His gracious and beneficent providence.

We have not only had peace throughout our own borders and with the nations of the world, but that peace has been brightned by constantly multiplying evidence of genuine friendship, of mutual sympathy and understanding and of the happy operation of many elevating influences, both of ideal and of practice.

The nation has been not only prosperous, but has proved its capacity to take calm counsel amid the rapid movement of affairs and deal with its own life in a spirit of candor, righteousness and comity. We have seen the practical completion of a great work at the Isthmus of Panama which not only exemplifies the nation's abundant resources to accomplish what it will and the distinguished skill and capacity of its public servants, but also promises the beginning of a new age, of new contrasts, new neighborhoods, new sympathies, new bonds and new achievements of co-operation and peace.

"Righteousness exalteth the nation" and "peace on earth, good will toward men" furnish the only foundations upon which can be built the lasting achievements of the human spirit. The year has brought us the satisfactions of work well done and fresh visions of our duty which will make the world of the future better still.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Thursday, the 27th of November next, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer and invite the people throughout the land to cease from their wanted occupations and in their several homes and places of worship render thanks to Almighty God.

In witness whereof I have here unto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 23d day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1913, and of the independence of the United States of America the 138th.

WOODROW WILSON,
By the President.
W. J. Bryan, Secretary of State.

MRS. PANKHURST LET IN.

But With Understanding That She Depart After Lecture Tour.

New York.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette leader, landed on Manhattan Island at 1 o'clock Monday from Ellis Island, where she had been detained by the immigration authorities. She had been ordered deported as an undesirable alien, but President Wilson and Secretary of Labor Wilson intervened on her appeal from this decision and instructed Anthony Caminetti, Commissioner-General of Immigration, to release her on her own recognizance and without bond, but with the understanding that she should depart when she had fulfilled her lecture engagements.

GOES TO CHILD'S AID; KILLED.

Young Girl and Her Niece Struck By Train.

Altoona, Pa. — Miss Mabel Keller, aged 21 years, was killed at the East Altoona passenger station while trying to save the life of her four-year-old niece, Marjorie McCarthy. The little girl was also killed. While the two were waiting at the station for a local train the child ran across the tracks as a fast express train approached. Miss Keller rushed in front of the train and had just caught the child in her arms when the pilot of the locomotive struck them and threw them aside. Both were dead when picked up.

SHAKE-UP IN PHILIPPINES.

Two Officials Of the Public Printing Office Dismissed.

Washington.—Edward E. Gessler, craftsman instructor in the public printing office of the Philippines, has been appointed to serve temporarily as director of printing, to succeed John S. Leach, who resigned at the request of Governor General Harrison. James Hoggsette, assistant director, also has been removed. Leach and Hoggsette ignored Governor General Harrison in sending to President Wilson and to the president of the Typographical Union in the United States a protest against an alleged contemplated salary cut. Officials here say no such cut was contemplated.

ONE OF THE FAMOUS "306."

Judge Slavens, Who Voted For Grant For Third Term, Dead.

Kansas City, Mo.—Judge L. C. Clavens, prominent in Missouri politics 30 years ago, died suddenly in a hotel here. He was one of the famous "306" who voted steadily for General Grant for a third Presidential term in the Republican Convention of 1880. The judge was 77 years old and had practiced law here since 1865.

HALT ON MILITARY DIRIGIBLES.

Belgian Minister Of War Countermands Proposed Flights.

Brussels.—Because of the disaster to the Zeppelin dirigible balloon, the Minister of War has countermanded all the proposed ascents of the military dirigibles Zodiac and Belgique for this year. He has also decided to suspend, and probably will abandon altogether, the intended purchase of a new dirigible of the German rigid type.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Dun's review says:

"Distribution of merchandise in some sections reflects the stimulus of seasonable weather, while industrial operations, apart from iron and steel, are expanding. Decided improvement appears in some merchantile lines, uniformly encouraging advices being received from the leading trade centers, which scarcely an exception report a larger volume of business than a year ago.

"Failures during the week numbered 323 in the United States against 248 last year, and 39 in Canada, compared with 32 a year ago."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat.—Spot weak; No. 2, red, 95c c i f New York export basis and 96½ f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 92¼ f o b afloat.

Corn.—Spot easy; export, 76¾c f o b afloat.

Oats.—Spot easier; standard white, 44½@45c; No. 3, 44@44½; fancy clipped white, 46@47.

Potatoes barely steady; Maine, per brl., $1.60@1.90; Jersey, $1.80@2.00.

Butter weak; creamery, firsts, 27½@29¼c; creamery, held firsts, 27½@29½; seconds, 25½@27; state dairy, good to prime, 27@28½; common to fair, 24@26; process firsts, 25@26.

Eggs steady; state, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery, whites, 32@50c.

Dressed poultry weak; fresh killed Western chickens, 14@23c; fowls, 14@19½; turkeys, spring, 22@26.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat.—Carlots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, spot and October, 88½@89c; steamer, 86½@87; No. 3 red, 85½@86; rejected "in," 82½@83; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 93@94.

Corn.—Carlots, for local trade, as to location, No. 2 yellow, natural, 79@79½c; steamer yellow, natural, 78½@79.

Oats.—No. 2 white, 46½@47c; standard white, 46@46½; No. 3 white, 45@45½; No. 2, 42@44; sample, 39@41.

Butter.—Solid-packed and other separator creamery, extra, 30½@31c; extra firsts, 29½@30; creamery firsts, 28@29; creamery seconds, 26@27; ladle-packed, extra, 25; do, firsts, 24; do, seconds, 23.

Eggs.—Penna. and nearby firsts, free cases, $9.30; Penna. and nearby, current receipts, free cases, $8.40; Penna. and nearby seconds, $6.60@7.20; Western, extra firsts, $9.60; do, firsts, $8.10; do, seconds, $6@6.90; refrigerator, extra $8.10; do, firsts, $7.50@7.80; do, seconds, $6.60@7.20.

BALTIMORE. — Wheat. — Contract opened easier; December No. 2 red, 92¼c nominal; spot No. 2 red, 90½; No. 2 red, Western, 90½; October No. 2 red, 90½; November, No. 2 red, 90¾ nominal.

Corn.—We quote fresh shelled yellow corn on track, for domestic delivery, at 76½c per bu. asked for carlots on spot.

Oats.—No. 3 white, heavy, B. & O. elevator, 44c; car No. 3 white, heavy, in elevator, 44; standard white, 44½@45; No. 3 white, 44 sales; No. 4 white, 43½.

Rye.—No. 1 rye, Western, domestic, new, 75@76c; No. 2 rye, Western, domestic new, 71@72; No. 3 rye, Western, domestic, export, new, 65@66. Bag lots nearby as to quality, 60@70c.

Hay. — Timothy. — No. 1, $20.50; standard, $20; No. 2, $19@19.50; No. 3, $17@18.50. Clover Mixed — Light, $18.50@19; No. 1, $18; No. 2, $16.50@17.50; heavy, $16.50@17.50. Clover—No. 1, $17.50@18; No. 2, $16@16.50.

Butter.—Creamery, fancy, 31@32c; creamery, choice, 29@30; creamery, good, 27@28; creamery, prints, 31@33; creamery, blocks, 30@32; ladles, 22@23; Maryland and Penna. rolls, 22@23.

Cheese.—We quote, jobbing lots, per pound, 18½@19c.

Eggs.—Maryland, Penna. and nearby firsts, 29c; Western firsts, 29; West Virginia firsts, 28@29; Southern firsts, 27. Recrated and rehandled eggs, ½c to 1c per dozen higher.

Live Poultry.—Chickens, old hens, heavy, 16c; do, old hens, small to medium, 15; do, young, 17. Ducks, 13@15c. Geese nearby, 12@15c; do, Western and Southern, 12. Pigeons, young, per pair, 20c; do, old, per pair, 20. Guinea fowl, old, each, 35c; do, do, young, 1½ lbs. and over, 60; do, do, young, smaller, 50. Turkeys, young, 8 lbs. and over, per lb., 18c; do, old, per lb., 17.

Live Stock

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Hogs.—Bulk, $8.00@8.25; heavy, $8.10@8.25; packers and butchers, $8.05@8.35; light, $7.85@8.25; pigs, $6.25@7.75.

Cattle.—Southerns; steady to weak; prime fed steers, $8.95@9.35; dressed beef steers, $7.75@8.75; Southern steers, $5.50@7.00; cows, $4.25@7.00; heifers, $5.00@9.00; stockers and feeders, $5.50@7.75; bulls, $4.50@6.50; calves, $5.50@9.00.

Sheep.—Lambs, $6.00@6.75; yearlings, $5.00@5.50; wethers, $4.00@4.75; ewes, $3.40@4.25.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Choice, $8.50@8.75; prime, $8.00@8.40.

Sheep steady; prime wethers, $4.80@5.00; culls and commons, $2.00@3.00; lambs, $5.00@7.15; veal calves, $11.00@11.50.

Hogs steady; prime heavies, medium and heavy Yorkers, $8.70@9.00; light Yorkers, $8.00@8.30; pigs, $7.00@7.50; roughs, $7.75@8.10.

CHICAGO.—Hogs weak, 5c to 10c; lower; bulk of sales, $8.00@8.40; light, $7.85@8.40; mixed, $7.90@8.45; heavy, $7.85@8.45; rough, $7.80@7.95; pigs, $5.00@8.00.

Cattle.—Beeves, $6.85@9.55; Texas steers, $6.80@7.90; stockers and feeders, $5.25@7.65; cows and heifers, $3.50@8.30; calves, $7.00@11.00.

Sheep.—Natives, $3.85@5.00; yearlings, $5.00@6.90; lambs, native, $5.75@7.10.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2929_scm3540-0273.jpg