AMERICAN UNION

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SHE PAYS BY CHECK

and thereby creates an accurate record of all expenditures.

Many, both men and women through the absence of such a guiding record, permit small, unnecessary outlays to drive away the joys and independence which increasing dollars provide.

A check account affords the safest, most convenient and satisfactory way of handling your money, besides adding to your prestige.

We solicit personal, as well as business accounts, and the opening deposit need not be large.

The Peoples National Bank,
DENTON, MD.
H. T. NUTTLE, President. T. F. JOHNSON, Cashier.

THE $13,000,000 SALVATION ARMY POSTER

"A man may be down, but he's never out," the Salvation Army slogan, furnished the theme for the official Home Service Fund Campaign poster designed by Frederick Duncan, the noted artist. From this he has evolved a striking artistic creation, typifying the hand of the Salvation Army reaching out to rescue those who are enshrouded in the clouds of poverty and vice. A Salvation Army lass is the principal figure, and the scarlet lining of her cloak, thrown back as she enfolds those who are calling out to her in distress, furnishes the poster with its one spot of brilliant color. The background is of blacks, grays and greens, indicative of the storm clouds of misery and want.

DR. GREENWOOD.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE TREATMENT OF

Liver, Stomach, Skin, Lungs, Heart, Throat, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder, Rectum, Rheumatism, Goitre, Piles, Blood and Nervous Diseases of Men, Women and Chileren.

Dr. Greenwood may also be consulted at 835 West Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md. However, to see him there you had better write first to make an appointment.

DR. GREENWOOD,
Hotel Norris, Easton, Md.
Thursday, May 22nd
Hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.
also **FRIDAY, MAY 23rd**
Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
ALSO AT
ALEXANDER HOTEL
Centreville, Md.
Saturday, May 24th
Hours: 10.30 a. m. to 5 p. m.
also again at the above places two weeks from above dates.

The Goldsboro Bank
Goldsboro, Maryland

Capital	Surplus	Deposits
$12,000.00	$10,000.00	$260,000.00

Learn To Do Without.

"That's easy," some say today who never thought very hard.

It's hard at times, but it gets you somewhere, when coupled up with Saving.

"Doing without" and "Saving money" are a fine team when handled with a steady hand and a cheery word; they'll pull you right to the top of the hill.

Then you'll make two discoveries; one, that you've left the poor-house and the bread line at the bottom of the hill; ahead of you, opportunities that you can grasp with ready money gathered during the steady pull up.

Turn your seed dollar in your pocket into a growing dollar in bank.

The Goldsboro Bank,
Goldsboro, Md.
ROBERT JARRELL, JR., Cashier

F. J. Wright F. J. Wright
DENTON, MARYLAND

School Supplies—Pens, Pencils, Erasers, Ink, Tablets, Books.
Watches, Clocks—Chime and Alarm.

Kodaks and Supplies

Jewelry,
Fine Cut Glass,
and China Ware

Let us fit you with glasses that will give you the best satisfaction.

F. J. WRIGHT
Jeweler and Optometrist
Denton, Maryland

SALVATION ARMY NEEDS

Annual Budget Shows Reasons for $13,000,000 Drive.

Vast Activities Conducted by 1,000 Corps in United States—Future Plans.

New York.—(Special)—The annual budget of the Salvation Army, containing a detailed and comprehensive statement of the cost of maintaining its varied activities throughout the United States, has been issued from National Headquarters, 122 West Fourteenth street. The statistics show why it is necessary for the Salvation Army to go before the American people in the week of May 19 to 26 and ask them to contribute $13,000,000 to its Home Service Fund.

There are 939 corps and outposts of the Salvation Army in the United States. The cost of maintaining these is $2,685,000. The maximum income which these corps may expect from collections in meetings, contributions of members and other outside contributions is $715,000, making the net total cost of supporting the corps $1,970,000.

The cost of maintaining divisional and provincial headquarters, which supervise the work of the local corps, will be, according to the budget, $530,000.

Besides the work of supervising the local headquarters, the provincial and divisional headquarters are in charge of several of the Salvation Army's largest activities, including the operation of fresh air camps for children, relief and employment bureaus and the provincial bands.

Under the heading of "national and territorial obligations" the Salvation Army includes the expenses of maintaining what are among its best known institutions, those which may be grouped under the general name of "social work." For this purpose the Army wants $1,270,000.

The pension fund budget is $400,000.

The Salvation Army has determined on the erection of many new buildings for social work in the future. The building program will require expenditures of $1,875,000.

The remainder of the amount sought for the Home Service Fund is for corps, divisional and provincial buildings and a small contingent fund.

Details of the Salvation Army's activities in the United States for the last year show how remarkable is the scope of the Army's endeavors and what vast numbers of people it serves. For instance, the Army maintains seventy-five hotels for men and women. Last year 1,656,528 persons found sleeping accommodations in these. Beds were supplied for 127,889 children in the Army's four children's homes in the same period, while 48,000 children were sheltered in the slum nurseries. In the industrial homes beds were supplied for 1,742,815. In the rescue homes and maternity hospitals 1,899 girls went under the care of the Army last year.

The Army has 2,918 officers and cadets in the United States. Last year they preached to over 24,000,000 persons.

EVANGELINE BOOTH TELLS HOME SERVICE FUND'S NEEDS.

Evangeline Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, explaining the purpose of the campaign for $13,000,000 which will be conducted from May 19 to May 26 for the Salvation Army Home Service Fund, said:

"The Salvation Army has been toiling on the upward trend for more than half a century, doing just what it did in France, all in the same spirit and manner, but you did not happen to hear of it, perhaps.

"The war depleted our forces and our finances at home. There must be not only a rehabilitation now, but we must rise to the new high-tide mark and equip ourselves to maintain here in the United States the contracts we were privileged to make on both sides of the sea because of the war."

The Salvation Army Home Service Fund campaign for $13,000,000 will be conducted during the week of May 19-26. Its success will enable the Salvation Army to practically double its efforts among the poor.

The Salvation Army returns from the trenches of France to take up its half century old battle in the trenches of poverty in the United States. Remember the Salvation Army Home Service Fund campaign for $13,000,000 May 19-26.

LLOYD GEORGE PRAISES "ARMY."

Evangeline Booth, Commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, received the following letter from David Lloyd George:

"British Delegation,
"Paris, April 8, 1919.

"Dear Madam—I have very great pleasure in sending you this letter to say how highly I think of the great work which has been done by the Salvation Army amongst the Allied Armies in France and the other theaters of war. From all sides I hear the most glowing accounts of the way in which your people have added to the comfort and welfare of our soldiers. To me it has always been a great joy to think how much the sufferings and hardships endured by our troops in all parts of the world have been lessened by the self-sacrifice and devotion shown to them by that excellent organization, the Salvation Army. Yours faithfully,

"DAVID LLOYD GEORGE.

"Commander Evangeline Booth,
New York City."

The Salvation Army Home Service Fund Campaign for $13,000,000 will be conducted during the week of May 19-26.

The Salvation Army's slogan is "A man may be down, but he's never out!" The "Army" will ask for $13,000,000 during the week of May 19-26. Your contribution will help prove the truth of the slogan.

The success of the Salvation Army Home Service Fund campaign for $13,000,000—May 19-26—means less poverty and less crime in the United States.

HOSTESS HOUSE FAMILY REUNION

How It Happened to Entertain Only A. E. F. Mother Who Visited Army of Occupation.

BIG CORPORAL DUTIFUL SON.

No Knightly Courtiers Ever Acted With More Gallantry to Lady Fair Than Did He and His Doughboy Pals to This Little White Haired Woman Dressed Exquisitely in Black.

By GRACE GOULDER.
(With the American Y. W. C. A. Overseas.)

Coblenz, Germany,
March 28 (By Mail.)

It happened right here in Coblenz.

A big corporal came into the Y. W. C. A. Hostess House and asked for the director, Miss Ruth Woodsmall, who comes from Colorado Springs, Colo.

"Could my mother stay here?" he began at once, trying his best to cover his excitement.

"Your mother!" gasped Miss Woodsmall. "How did your mother ever get here?"

"Well, she isn't here yet, but if she comes will you keep her?"

"Of course I will, but—"

She didn't finish, for the boy had smashed his cap back on his head and was out of the door on a run.

The corporal's visit remained a mystery for two days. Then one evening just at dusk a little white haired woman dressed exquisitely in black appeared in the sitting room of the Hostess House, and the corporal was hovering behind her, trying to be beside her and back of her and in front of her all at once. He was carrying her coat—a big fur one. With them were three doughboys, pals of the corporal. They tried to keep in the background, but their eyes were glued on her face.

Everyone in the sitting room sat at attention. There are no English speaking men or women out of uniform in the Third Army area. Yet here was a woman in civilian clothes. Mothers are unheard of with the army. But this was a mother, everyone knew.

After awhile someone found out about this mother.

Had Been Interned During War.

She and her husband, who were born in Germany, but had been naturalized, lived in San Francisco. Before the war they left for Weisbaden, Germany, that their invalid daughter might have treatment at this famous health resort.

They brought their other children with them. One was Walter, a small boy, and the other was Ralph, now Corporal Stepp of the American Army.

When the war was declared they sent Ralph back to America, because he was of military age, and they did not want him to fight for the kaiser. Then America entered the war.

Mrs. Stepp—Mrs. Anna Stepp she is—told this part of the story:

"Until a month ago I hadn't heard from Ralph for two years and a half—even before America got in the war mail was held up. I didn't know whether he was in the army or not—but I was sure he was, because—well, because he is an American." Here she stopped a minute to smile up at him.

"After awhile we heard from some friends that he was in the army—and that he had come over here. That was all I ever knew. It's nearly five years since I have seen him!

"Of course it was awfully hard—I couldn't get word to him and he couldn't to me. My husband used to tell me it wouldn't help Ralph any for me to cry. I tried not to—before the rest of them anyway. My daughter got worse steadily—she is no better. We couldn't get the proper food for her after awhile. And she hated to see me worried about Ralph, so I used to try to keep up before them.

"Last January my husband came to Coblenz about his citizen papers. An American soldier in Ralph's company who was in the office heard his name and asked him if he was any relation to Ralph. He didn't tell him Ralph was in Coblenz, but went after Ralph. He didn't tell Ralph his father was here. When they met they couldn't believe their eyes.

"Ever since then I have been trying to see Ralph. He couldn't come to Weisbaden because it was out of the American area, and I couldn't get through until today—more than two months."

They asked her if her Ralph had changed much in all that time.

"Oh, yes—very much. But do you know, I think it is because all that long time when I didn't know where he was or how he was—I got in the habit of thinking of him as he was when he was a baby—I kept seeing him as a baby and remembering the way he felt when he was little. Isn't that queer? And now look at him!"

And the corporal tried not to see the adoration in her eyes.

"Five years is a long time to wait to see your boy," she murmured, and kept her eyes on him. Again she had forgotten the people around her.

The corporal cleared his throat. "This is why I asked you if you could keep my mother, Miss Woodsmall. I didn't want her to come unless she had a good place to stay. Ah, e-e-r—thanks awfully."

And that is the story of how the Hostess House happened to entertain the only known A. E. F. mother who has visited the Army of Occupation.

Watch This Space
An Advertisement
By The
Caroline County Bank
will soon appear

HOW DIAMOND CUTTERS WORK

Three Distinct Processes Before the Rough Stone Is Considered Fit for Personal Adornment.

Few people who wear diamonds know the story that lies behind them. To most of them the diamond is an agreeable means of personal decoration—something that attracts the eye in a jeweler's window and is purchased an hour or so later in its comfortable setting of platinum or gold.

But let us see what lies beyond. Let us glimpse the long road that stretches between the miner and the wearer. There are three processes in the conversion of the rough stone into flashing brilliance. The first one consists in cleaning the course stone of defective parts and splitting off the flaws. The second is the cutting, which gives the stone its form and, in a rough way, determines the number of faces it shall have. Finally, there is the polishing, which gives to these faces their clearness and brilliancy.

The sawyer, when he finds a flaw, inserts the diamond into a sort of a cup filled with a fusible cement. Then, by means of an instrument furnished with a recently cut diamond, the edge of which projects sharply, he rubs on one of the stones the pointed end of the other, after which he strikes lightly in order to separate the two pieces.

The cutter uses somewhat similar instruments to the sawyer. He forms only about one-half of the faces, leaving it to the polisher to form the remainder.

The diamond is then polished on an iron plate rotating rapidly and impregnated with diamond dust and oil. It is set in an alloy of lead and tin in the form of a cone, of which the stone occupies the summit. The operation, as described in the Modern Hospital, takes a long time and requires the exercise of extreme patience, but the result is certainly in every sense of the word a "brilliant" one.

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Equitable Building
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Dentistry in all its branches at prices that, for workmanship and quality of material, cannot be equaled in the city or elsewhere.

Artificial Teeth.—Some want quality, others quantity. We can furnish teeth at any price.

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Appointments by mail or telephone. **Telephone No. 34.**

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Denton, Md.

SAVING a dollar and investing it shows more patriotism than singing the Star Spangled Banner. It is serving the country, by increasing its capital and promoting its thrift.

Saving promotes character; makes better citizenship; increases the general happiness. Whether your income is little or big, SAVE.

Make a resolution NOW to start your Savings Account, and come at once to The

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Our Up-to-Date Savings Department pays you

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computed quarterly, on your money. We solicit your banking business.

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