BIG POTATO YIELD

Western Canada Man Raised 600 Bushels on Two Acres.

He Thinks He Did Pretty Well, but There Were Even Larger Crops in the Neighborhood—Live Stock Men Prosper.

As a by-product the yield of potatoes on the farm of Ben Pawson of Coaldale, Alberta, was somewhat of a paying proposition. Coaldale is in the Medicine Hat district of Alberta. Medicine Hat is a place, pictured in the mind of many Americans, where the weather man holds high carnival, and when he wants to put a little life or spirit into the people just moves the mercury down a few notches. The rascal has thus given Medicine Hat a rather unenviable place on the map. But it isn't half as bad as it is pictured. Anyway, Ben Pawson likes it. Last year he grew six hundred bushels of potatoes on two acres of land that had no special preparation, and only the usual precipitation, or rain, as the less cultured would call it. When he couldn't work at his hay or grain, because of the damp mornings, he gave them some attention. And then evenings between supper and chores and bedtime he gave them some work. Anyway his yield was six hundred bushels, and he sold the whole lot for $285. Ben is satisfied. Still there were larger yields than this in the neighborhood.

If one might speak of hogs in the same breath in which you speak of potatoes, there is nothing in the ethics of literature that would create a debarment. Taking advantage of this license it will not be out of place to state that large potato yields are not the only feature of interest in this new and interesting country. Amongst others hogs are having a good deal of attention. Not long ago, hogs reached the $23.00 mark on the Calgary market. It doesn't cost much to raise a hog and very little to bring him to a weight of 200 pounds. Don't cost much! Certainly not. But what about the man who recently paid $350 for a Duroc Jersey Boar? That was all right. That man knew what he was doing. He was doing what a great many other farmers in Western Canada are doing today. He is acting on the old "saw," that "it costs no more to raise a good critter than a poor one." That is the reason that Western Canada is looming large in the live stock world. The best is none too good. The same may be said of horses, cattle, yes, and sheep, too. The very best sires and dams of the best breeds are purchased. And while big prices are paid, it is felt that the demand for pure-bred stock at home and abroad will bring returns which will warrant any reasonable price that may be asked.—Advertisement.

It is easier to float a rumor than it is to sink the truth.

"CAN I BE CURED?" SAYS THE SUFFERER

How often have you heard that sad cry from the victims of disease. Perhaps the disorder has gone too far for help, but oftener it is just in its first stages and the pains and aches are only nature's first cries for help. Do not despair. Find out the cause and give nature all the help you can and she will repay you with health. Look after the kidneys. The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering and throwing off the poison that constantly accumulates in the system, everything goes wrong. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles and their kindred ailments. They will free your body from pain in short order. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. In three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not help you. —Adv.

No man or woman is ever good just for the fun of the thing.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A man seldom regrets the things he doesn't say.

Why buy many bottles of other Vermifuges, when one bottle of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

Generosity seldom lands a man in the poor house.

Be Your Own Boss
MAKE $100 WEEKLY AND UP
IN THE TIRE BUSINESS

We make the well-known American Arrow Tires (6000 mile guarantee) and are capable of thoroughly teaching you the vulcanizing and retreading business in our shops in about one week's time.

Complete Vulcanizing Course $20
Complete Retreading Course $20
You receive your course FREE if you buy your machine from us.

$225 invested in equipment will assure you handsome profits and steady income.

We are sole distributors for the famous Western Dry Cure Retreaders and Anderson Vulcanizers

We are looking for live out of town agents to sell our new and retreaded tires. Write for further particulars.

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175 Fifth Avenue, New York

GIRLS Clear Your Skin Save Your Hair With Cuticura
Soap, Ointment, Talcum 25c. each. Sample each of "Cuticura," Dept. N, Boston."

NEW VERSION OF SPORTS STYLES

Just what will happen next to sports clothes is a fascinating subject for speculation. The new weaves in silk have intrigued them into beautiful extravagances, and other unusual fabrics have lent them originality. All sorts of materials, from leather to cricket flannel, with a company of sturdy woolens forming their main dependence, invite designers to become independent. Cleverness is at a premium, nothing is considered erratic and there are sports clothes and sports clothes; some of them for actual sports wear and some of them merely versions of sport styles.

For actual sports wear, coats and skirts of wool, or heavy cotton, are plain and cut on boyish lines. Skirts wide enough and patch pockets big enough are their sensible outstanding features. The sweater and sweater-coat, in greater variety than ever, reappear, entitled to more service stripes than any other garment. One of the new, short slip-on models occupies the center in the group of three sports costumes pictured here. This is a very popular model and is made in many gay and brilliant colors.

At the left of the picture a very handsome suit reveals a plaited skirt of silk in which a plain satin stripe and a crepe stripe alternate, the satin stripe in white and the other in light green. The jacket, of white taffeta, has a quilted pattern on the collar and cuffs, and forming a border at the bottom, having the stitching done in green silk thread. Stitching covers the narrow belt and defines the pocket, proving a very original and beautiful embellishment.

Roshanara crepe makes the unusual dress at the right of the picture. It has a straight panel at the back but achieves the effect of a loose cut-away coat at the front, with flaring sleeves that are split up the back. Crepe georgette is used in facings that extend beyond the edges of the sleeves and coat drapery. It took audacity to add a sash of the same material as the dress, to this design, but it is here and vindicates its presence by finishing perfectly a smart and comfortable sports dress.

For Youthful Wearers

©Western Newspaper Union.

It takes considerable discrimination to choose suits for girls who are not quite grown up or for those who are grown, but still in their teens. It is not half so simple a matter as it seems, to express youth by varying the cut and finish of garments just enough to take them out of the young woman class and place them in the young girl company. Generally, in suits, this is accomplished by making coats vague as to fit and simple as to line and by following current fashions, as becomes youth, at a distance. The two suits presented in the picture are examples of good designing to meet the needs of the miss from fourteen to nineteen, and they are recommended for young women who affect youthful styles, providing their figures are girlish enough to suit these models.

Jersey cloth, serge, duvetyn or any of the standard suitings will make the smart suit shown at the left of the picture successfully, but the firmer weaves appear to be the best choice for misses' suits. This one is of beige colored serge trimmed with rows of narrow silk braid to match and insets of navy blue taffeta. The skirt is noticeably wider than those in vogue for older women and is gathered in at the waistline. Five short bands of braid in rows at each side simulate pockets.

The coat in this suit hangs from the shoulders in lines that are straight at the front and a little flaring at the sides and back. In this particular suit a deep cape collar replaces the small turnover that is so youthful, worn with a tie of silk, for the younger girls. But a smaller collar would not admit an inlay of taffeta such as finishes this one. The braid on the sleeves is put on in rows but not in straight lines and a curved inset of taffeta is placed above it. The sleeves are especially good.

Dark blue serge makes the chic suit with bloused coat, at the right of the picture. Narrow braid in two rows finishes the collar, the sleeves, and the skirt of the blouse. Silk cord and round buttons account for the fastening in the best way and form a finish for the close-fitting sleeves. The collar in this suit is the style best liked for girls.

Julia Bottomley

Satin Floor Cushion.

Big floor and divan cushions are covered with colored satin, in a tone to match the room furnishings, and are finished with double ruches of the fabric. Two colors are used, one on one side, the other on the other side of the cushion, and the double ruche shows both colors.

Change the Crown.

A satin tam o' shanter crown is a pretty and easy way of disguising a hat crown that is out of date in shape while the brim remains perfectly good style. Many of these tam crowns are pin-tucked in a plaid about an inch and a half square.

Emblematic Dresses.

Victory carpets adorned with doves and olive branches, arms and flags, roses, thistles and shamrock are shown in the London shop windows. It is understood they will be followed up by emblematic dress materials similar to those sold by London tradesmen after the downfall of Napoleon, in June, 1814.

Fine Waists.

Oen of the latest designs in fine waists shows a waist made of pearl gray georgette crepe with a lacing down the center front. The lacer is the attraction, as it is made of white fur and very narrow; ball ends are used on ends of lacer.

NO GREAT RICHES, BUT FOOD IN PLENTY FROM GOOD BACK-YARD FLOCK OF POULTRY

How Poultry Comfort Was Combined With Back-Yard Beauty.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Too many poultry stories read like fairy tales in which Aladdin is often represented as rubbing his magical lamp and converting poultry poverty into flock prosperity. Unlike such warping of the truth, this is the story of an actual experience of a back-yard poultryman who was not able to buy an automobile from his flock profits, but who did furnish fresh, nutritious food and an abundance of it for his family table, in addition to enjoying his work.

The attractive and serviceable poultry house designed and constructed by this suburbanite cost less than $100 when it was completed in 1914. It has a concrete floor, roosts, trap nests, a water system, and other hen house accessories. It is a pleasure to look at this hen house, which would be really ornamental to the back yard of any thrifty American.

The building is 12 by 18 feet, and is divided into three pens with an aisle at one end. The house is 7½ feet high from the floor to the front eaves and 6 feet at the back. Yellow pine drop siding of medium quality was used for sheathing and roofing purposes, the latter being overlaid with prepared, stone-surface, asphalt roofing. Adjoining the house, with direct access to it, are four pens, one of which is used for small chickens, being inclosed with one-inch mesh chicken wire.

Plenty of Light From Windows.

The windows are an attractive feature of this house. They cost complete $1.50 apiece, those at the side being bungalow windows of large and odd size which the dealer was glad to get rid of. The front windows can be opened both at the top and bottom for ventilation. The side windows, which help to provide free circulation of air, are practically water-proof, as they are hinged at the bottom and swing inward. The material for the floor of this house cost $12, the owner laying the concrete floor during the evenings by aid of an oil lantern.

To begin with, this poultryman had only 15 hens, while his capacity record has been 60 mature hens and pullets. A novel feature of his poultry operations was the maintenance of a number of Belgian hares which he raised for meat. One pen in the chicken house was equipped with four rabbit hutches designed, according to the directions of the United States department of agriculture. In the main he raised Belgian hares only during the fall, winter and early spring up to the time of the setting season, when the space occupied by the rabbits was needed by the hens. Then he would reduce his rabbitry to the minimum point. In this way the rabbit quarters provided plenty of space, by the use of partitions, for six or more setting hens at a time. After the hatching season the owner would place the broody hens in the same pen with several rabbits, as the presence and hopping about of the rabbits would ultimately break the hens of their broodiness.

Rabbits Cost Little to Keep.

The remarkable thing about these rabbit-raising operations was that valuable food was produced from weeds and waste, as practically the only feed for the rabbits was grass clippings, wild hay and weeds. During the young bearing season he would feed the does a little skim milk and a small amount of oats, but never more than one quart of oats a week. In the course of two years he raised and ate about 75 rabbits, weighing an average of two pounds apiece. All this meat was produced as a by-product of his poultry operations with small expense or trouble.

Another desirable point about the rabbits was that they required little care as compared with poultry. The rabbits were fed at any time of the day or night with satisfactory results.

"It is a comparatively simple matter to kill and dress two rabbits in ten minutes," remarked the suburbanite, "but I never was able to pick and dress a single chicken in less than double that period. My family did not tire of the rabbits, because as a rule, we alternated the rabbit flesh with chicken and other fresh meats. The profits which I realized from my poultry and rabbit operations came entirely from the Belgian hares, as my White Plymouth Rocks only about paid expenses, since I had to purchase practically all my feed for them. However, it is a great convenience for a suburbanite to have on hand two sources of fresh meat in addition to a plentiful supply of fresh eggs."

CHIGGERS HARMFUL TO CHICKEN FLOCK

Young Fowls Are Most Liable to Suffer From Parasites.

Mites Penetrate Skin, Causing Intense Itching and Abscesses Are Formed —Birds Become Droopy and Refuse to Eat.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Chiggers, harvest mites, or "red bugs," which so frequently annoy campers by the intense itching they produce, may also attack fowls. Young chickens having a free range, especially if it includes low-lying land, are the most liable to suffer from these parasites. The mites penetrate the skin, causing an intense itching, and abcesses may be found where clusters of mites are feeding. These abcesses are sometimes a third of an inch in diameter, surrounded by an area of inflammation. The birds become droopy, refuse to eat, and may die from hunger and exhaustion.

If an abscess has not yet formed the inflamed area may be treated with sulphur ointment or a mixture of 1 part of kerosene oil with 3 parts of lard. If suppuration has occurred the scab should be removed and the area washed with 4 per cent carbolic-acid solution. Frequent light dusting with flowers of sulphur will keep the chickens from becoming infested. In the southern and central states, where harvest mites are most numerous, it is often necessary to keep young chickens off the range in summer. In these sections it is a good plan to hatch the chickens early in the spring, so that when the warm weather comes in which the mites are most abundant, the birds will be old enough to resist their attacks.

Best Poultry Houses.

It is not necessary to build expensive poultry houses, but they should be serviceable, fairly roomy, well lighted and well ventilated, without drafts.

Produce Best Celery Plants.

Celery is a gross feeder and liberal applications of manure will produce larger and heavier plants.

Essential Buildings.

Thoughtfully planned, conveniently arranged, and carefully constructed buildings are as essential in the country as in the city.

Weeds Become an Asset.

A rank growth of weeds becomes an asset when plowed under before they make seed.

Damage by One Rat.

One rat will eat or spoil four bushels of grain a year. It costs $2 to $3 a year to feed a rat on your place.

BEST RESULTS WITH SWINE

Push Pig to Greatest Extent From Time He Is Born Until Finally Sent to Market.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Best results in hog growing are going to be obtained by pushing the pig to the greatest extent possible from the time he is born until he is driven over the scales. Never let the hog lose his pig fat; keep it going forward all the time. Proper feeding and care is the only way this can be successfully accomplished.

ADVANTAGES OF SAME BREED

Better Prices Are to Be Secured From Sale of a Uniform Product From One Community.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

There are many advantages to be gained when the stock raisers of one community raise the same breed. Better prices may be secured from the sale of a uniform product and suitable breeding stock can be secured near home.

POULTRY NOTES

Often the lack of water is responsible for the hens not laying.

* * *

Keep a supply of grit, oyster shell and charcoal before the fowls.

* * *

Lice and mites are the two most troublesome poultry parasites.

* * *

The more hens eat the more material they have to turn into eggs.

* * *

Give the hen a home, comfortable, but not hot; light, dry, well ventilated, but free from drafts; clean and free from lice, mites, etc.

* * *

From years of experience in the poultry business it has been discovered that it is unsafe to venture beyond the number of hens one can care for himself.

* * *

One of the most important factors in keeping the young chicks growing is good, clean, fresh water in clean vessels.

* * *

The poultry house may be nearer the house than the other buildings, but should be so placed, if possible, that the chickens will not overrun the yard.

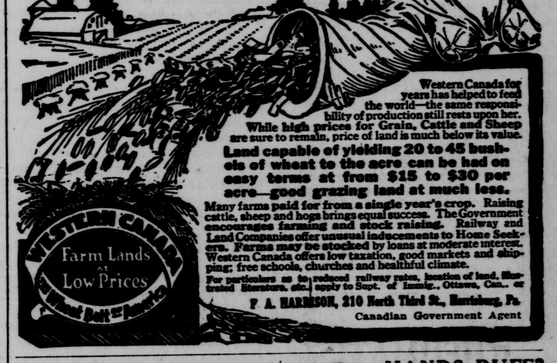
* * *

Ducklings almost wash down their feed with water if they have the opportunity, and unless they have plenty to drink their rapid method of eating is likely to be dangerous.

This summer don't spend hours over a hot stove! Serve Libby's delicate Corned Beef chilled — it will give you an entirely new idea of how easily an appetizing summer meal can be prepared. Get a package from your grocer today.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Western Canada's "Horn of Plenty" Offers You Health & Wealth



Western Canada for years has helped to feed the world—the same responsibility of production still rests upon her. While high prices for Grain, Cattle and Sheep are sure to remain, price of land is much below its value.

Land capable of yielding 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre can be had on easy terms at from $15 to $30 per acre—good grazing land at much less.

Many farms paid for from a single year's crop. Raising cattle, sheep and hogs brings equal success. The Government encourages farming and stock raising. Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to Home Seekers. Farms may be stocked by loans at moderate interest. Western Canada offers low taxation, good markets and shipping; free schools, churches and healthful climate.

For particulars as to reduced railway rates, location of land, illustrated literature, etc., apply to Supt. of Immig., Ottawa, Can., or

F. A. HARNESON, 210 North Third St., Harrisburg, Pa.
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SAM'S PILE REMEDY
STOPS PAIN IN 30 MINUTES
AT DRUG STORES OR $1.00 BY MAIL POST PAID
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REGISTERED DRUGGIST URBANNA, VA.

HANDS RUFF?
Mystic Cream
—that's the stuff.
Buy a 50c jar of your druggist today.
MYSTIC CREAM CO., MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.

The Under Dog.

"Doctor,' said the patient on the operating table, in feeble tones.

"Well, sir?"

"Before I take gas, promise me that you won't hurry."

"Of course I won't. What put that notion into your head?"

"I just now heard you tell one of your medical friends out in the hall that you would be ready to join him in that little game of golf in 45 minutes. I've got more at stake than a game of golf."

Just in Time!

"I thought," said the woman in the scarlet jumper, "that Grace had got married."

"She was to have been," answered her friend in the emerald georgette blouse, "but it didn't come off. Didn't you hear about it?"

"No. Tell me what happened."

"Case of 'waiting at the church.' He left her at the very altar."

"Heaven! Did the man's courage desert him?"

"No; it returned!"—London Answers.

Not Much of a Munchausen.

Father—Listen, Harold! The camel can go eight days without water. Isn't that wonderful?

Harold (skeptical)—Not very. You ought to hear Charles Brown tell one! —London Answers.

If there is anything a spinster really hates it is a woman who has had three husbands.

FRENCH DAMSEL QUITE WISE

Not by Any Means as Unsophisticated as Doughboys Had Figured She Would Be.

"Believe me, it didn't take those French girls long to wise up to American ways," remarked a doughboy the other day. "My buddy and I met a whole lot in Paris and we got sick of them. One day we got a chance to hike into the country, and when we spotted a chic little piece sitting by a brook we figured it would be a refreshing change to talk to her.

"So up we blow, and sure enough she had the big smile ready. So I speaks up and says to her that we're Americans, and tell her where America is, and that we're over here because there's a war.

"I couldn't tell her what the war was about because I didn't know much about it myself, and then I remembered we hadn't introduced ourselves.

"'Mademoiselle,' says I, 'my name's Jones, and this is Mr. Smith.'

"'But no,' she cries, 'already I have meet two Meester Smeeth from America. Eet ees what you call too theen, yes?'"

Immediate Choice.

"If you could read the future, what kind of a prophet would you like to be?"

"A profiteer."—Baltimore American.

It is the twenty-fifth anniversary of her debut into the world that is oftenest celebrated by a woman.

You Hesitate to Give Coffee to Children

Then why give it to grown folks? You can pleasantly solve the question of a table drink by giving all the family

Postum Cereal

Boiled full 15 minutes after boiling begins, it tastes much like superior coffee. It's an economy.

At Grocers.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c

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