WRIGLEY'S



SEALED TIGHT— KEPT RIGHT

DOESN'T BELONG IN BIBLE

American Educator Explains Presence in Book of Myth of Jonah and the Whale.

Dr. R. G. Moulton, professor of literature at the University of Chicago, addressing a gathering of Wesleyans at Bath, England, where he received his education, insists that Jonah was not swallowed by the whale and that the story forms no part of the real Bible.

The Bible, mighty in itself, said Doctor Moulton, had passed through the hands of commentators who had no knowledge, no understanding of literature, and who reduced it to a form which had little or no likeness to the real Bible. One of these numerous commentators had written into that most spiritual and beautiful book of Jonah the narrative of the whale, the only effect being one of distortion and disfigurement.

In actual fact the story, asserted Doctor Moulton, had been originally in the form of a mere footnote comment in manuscript, but by some blunder, due to careless, slipshod printing from which the Bible suffered more than any other book in the world, the fable of the whale had been included in the general text. And in this way had it come down through the ages to the modern world as pure comedy, or, what was worse, ribald satire.

Wasn't Going Too Far.

James was much interested in a mule colt on his uncle's farm. He fed it out of his hand while standing on the opposite side of the fence and one day his uncle saw him patting its nose.

"Why?" said his uncle, "Jinny and you are getting to be good friends. First thing I know you will be trying to ride her."

"Oh, no, I won't," said James soberly. "You see, I'm only being friends with her head."

Willing to Contribute.

He—A kiss speaks volumes.

She—Are you collecting a library?—Boston Transcript.

Clean hands and clean teeth are conducive to a happy stomach.

The wise worm turns in before the early bird turns out.

For a disordered liver, take Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative. All druggists.—Adv

Fugitive in His Case.

"Isn't money close these days?"

"No; it's just as far off as ever."—Boston Transcript.

Infections or inflammations of the Eyes, whether from external or internal causes, are promptly healed by the use of Roman Eye Balsam at night upon retiring. Adv.

Clubs Enough.

"I want to get something for my husband. He's a golf player." "Why not get him a new club?" suggested the clerk. "Dear, me, no. He belongs to three clubs already."—Detroit Free Press.

Amber Beads Long Popular.

The superstition which clings to the meaning of beads is of ancient origin. The custom of wearing an amber necklace was immensely common, and is not yet extinct among old women in England. The amber, when heated sends forth an agreeable perfume. In olden times it was the present made by a mother to her daughter on her wedding eve.

Children Challenge Churches.

I became well acquainted in the White mountains this summer with a layman from a large Eastern parish, writes Dr. George Parkin Atwater in the Witness. As we climbed Mount Willard together he asked: "What do we need most? Could this church capture the child life?"

"It might," I replied, "if it would begin to train laymen for work among children, if it understood the meaning of the boy scout movement, if it poured its money into training men and women rather than into bricks and mortar; in other words, if it accepted the challenge of the children, as Doctor Gardner so finely puts it, and brought the training of children out of the basement into the chief place in the life of the church.

"Moreover, never forget this: The surest way to the heart and life of the parent is through an interest in the child."

Your Table Drink

should bring you comfort as well as appetizing flavor.

Let us Suggest

INSTANT POSTUM

If you have used this pleasing table beverage, you know its wholesome charm.

If you have never tried *Instant Postum*, you have a delight in store.

All Grocers sell Postum

"There's a Reason"

FEDERAL SPECIALISTS TELL POULTRY KEEPERS WHEN TO BUY AN INCUBATOR



Nothing Makes Happier the Heart of an Incubator Owner Than a Full Hatch of Thrifty Chicks.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When only a small number of hens are kept it is doubtful whether an incubator is a profitable investment, but if two or three small poultry flock owners living near each other buy and use one co-operatively, it doubtless would be. Especially is this true if the hens kept are of a nonsitting breed like the White Leghorn. Even hens that come from a type supposed to be good sitters, may prove notional about it some years. Being feminine, they doubtless have a right to be temperamental, but the exercise of that right is likely to upset the plans of their owners, and an incubator at such times comes in very handy.

It often pays with hens that brood late to use a machine for incubation and then turn the chicks over to a broody hen. Hens that have been broody for four or five days are usually willing to mother incubator chicks especially if two or three eggs are placed under them and allowed to hatch there, and the poultryman is spared the trouble of owning or operating a brooder.

Kinds of Machines.

There are many different types of incubators on the market, but they may all be roughly classified as: Hot-air, hot-water, or very large machines. Both "moisture" (those providing means of adding moisture to the air of the machine) and "nonmoisture" incubators (those which it is claimed require no added moisture) are made in the different styles of hot-air and hot-water machines. Most of the small machines are heated by burning kerosene oil or gas, while the majority of the very large machines use a coal stove for supplying heat. Electricity is also used for heating both in the small and very large machines.

Both the hot-air and the hot-water type of incubator have been used successfully throughout the country. The large machines are used both in the day-old chick business and in custom hatching. Their capacity varies from 1,500 to 10,000 or more eggs. The machines are built in sections for about 2,000 eggs each, the size varying in different makes.

There are a large number of reliable makes manufactured in this country. Some kinds have become popular in certain sections because they have been advertised extensively in that locality rather than on account of adaptation to climatic considerations. Cheap machines are less reliable, require more attention, and wear out much quicker than higher priced incubators. As the value of the machines is small compared with the value of the eggs used during the normal life of an incubator, it is poor economy to purchase a machine which is not reliable. Whenever possible it is well to select an incubator which is giving good satisfaction in your neighborhood, so that you may have the benefit of the experience of the other operators in your section.

How Large Shall It Be?

Circumstances must govern to a large extent the size of a machine to buy. It takes about as much time to care for a 60 as it does a 360-egg machine, so that it is advisable to get one of at least 150-egg capacity, although special conditions often exist which make the small machine valuable. A small machine is often used in connection with a larger one, placing all the eggs in the large machine after the first or second test. Incubators of 300 to 400-egg capacity are commonly used on those large farms which use individual lamp incubators. When an incubating capacity of less than 3,000 to 4,000 eggs is desired, individual incubators of the 50 to 400 size are generally used.

Many poultrymen believe that it pays to have an incubator capacity large enough to hatch the bulk of their stock in two or three batches, so that much time is saved in tending to the incubators and brooders, while the chickens are more even in size than those that are hatched when the incubating period extends over a longer time.

A fair estimate of incubator capacity for a poultry farm is an incubator space of one egg per hen, provided that about one-half of the flock is to be renewed yearly and no outside hatching is carried on. That is, if the flock numbers 200, a 200-egg incubator is about the right size. The larger machines cost less in proportion to their capacity than the smaller ones.

EARLY HATCHED BIRD GIVES BEST RESULTS

Hatching Operations Delayed by Pressing Farm Work.

Chicks Hatched Early Are Strongest and Most Vigorous in Flock and Make Quicker and Better Growth Than Later Ones.

Chickens can be hatched at any time of the year, but it is the chickens hatched early in the spring that give the best results. One reason is that if no special effort is made to hatch early on the farms throughout the country the hatching season coincides too closely with the planting season, and hatching operations are reduced on that account, says the United States department of agriculture.

Early hatched chicks, as a rule, are the strongest and most vigorous in the flock because they are produced from eggs laid while the hens are in their best breeding condition. After a long period of laying the hens lose something of their vitality and their capacity to transmit vigor to their offspring, and so late-hatched chicks are on the whole decidedly inferior to early hatched ones in vigor and constitution. Because they are thrifty and vigorous the early chicks make quicker and better growth than the late ones. Thrifty chicks get more from a given quantity of food than others. Weak and undersized birds often consume as much feed as the larger and better developed ones but make no perceptible growth.

The early chicks develop to a stage where they can withstand extreme heat and an attack by the parasites which are more numerous and troublesome in hot weather. The severe heat is apt to check the growth of the late chicks and in their weakened condition they easily become a prey to lice and mites. When the cold, wet weather comes in the fall they are peculiarly susceptible to it and likely to develop colds, while the vigorous early chicks find the coolness stimulating.

When eggs do not hatch well early in the season there is time to find the reason for the poor hatching and to cure it before the season is too far advanced. When late hatching is not successful the crop of poultry is cut short and egg production falls.

Early hatched cockerels are ready for the market when prices are highest. Early hatched pullets mature before cold weather and lay when prices of eggs are highest. Late-hatched chickens are not mature before cold weather sets in and often will not lay until spring.

SOME BENEFITS OF SOY BEAN

Legume Enjoys About Same Kind of Weather as Corn—Adds Needed Nitrogen to the Soil.

Soy beans are an annual legume which enjoy about the same kind of weather as corn and will stand even more drought. They add nitrogen to the soil in much the same way as clover, although not in such large amounts.

CO-OPERATIVE LAWS FAVORED

Measures Passed by Louisiana, New York and Pennsylvania Dealing With Organizations.

Three states, Louisiana, New York and Pennsylvania, have passed laws dealing with co-operative organizations based upon the suggested co-operative law published by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, while similar legislation has been under consideration in other states during recent sessions of their legislatures.

POULTRY NOTES

The cost of keeping fowls on the farm is very small.

• • •

Scald the drinking vessels often so they will not harbor disease germs.

• • •

Plans should be made to provide fowls with very early and also late green crops.

• • •

Common white clover is one of the best if not the best green feed for poultry that can be obtained.

• • •

Keep the scratching litter reasonably clean, because the hard grain must be scattered on it for the fowls to scratch out.

• • •

Keep oyster shells, grit and charcoal always within reach of the fowls, along with a box of dirt for them to wallow in this winter.

• • •

Lameness among fowls that are fat and heavy is often caused by the roosts being too high. There is no need for making them more than two or three feet above the floor.

FIND WEALTH IN WINTER

Canadian Farmers Turn Winter Months to Good Account.

Large crops and good prices for the wheat, oats, barley and flax from Canadian farms have made the winter resorts in California at times resemble a meeting of a Canadian farmers' institute, but the practice among successful farmers of spending their winters holidaying seems to be on the wane. After all, nothing can be more tiresome than having nothing to do, and the farmers of Western Canada are now finding winter employment right on their farms which rivals the attractions of the sunny South.

Live stock is the explanation, according to a six-foot Westerner who dropped into the Canadian Government Information Bureau at 311 Jackson street, St. Paul. He was on his way back to Western Canada with a carload of selected breeding stock which had carried off blue ribbons at several state fairs in 1919. "We have found," said he, "that there is just as much pleasure and a great deal more profit in developing a herd of prize stock as in listening to the murmur of the sad sea waves. Where we used to grow grain exclusively now we are raising stock as well. The fact that steers raised in Western Canada took the grand championship at the International Live Stock Show at Chicago two years in succession shows how well we are getting along. And instead of depleting our bank rolls we add a tidy sum to them."

"But don't you find the life monotonous?"

"Not in the least. You see, we have a rural club which meets in our school house, where we thrash out all kinds of problems. Here we exchange ideas and also have occasional talks from government experts, and the man who goes abroad for the winter only realizes how much he has missed when at a summer picnic he hears an address by a neighbor that would do credit to a college graduate.

"It was at one of these meetings that we decided to import a prize-winning stallion, and today our district is raising some of the best draft horses in Canada. The carload of breeding stock which I am now shipping to my farm is indirectly the result of our club meetings. We are going to make that little corner of Saskatchewan one of the big stock centers of America. Why shouldn't we? Everything is in our favor—climate, fertility, cheap land, free grazing land adjoining lots of farms, creameries, government supervision. You know how energetic the northern climate makes a man? Well, it's just like that with stock. They get to be great, husky fellows, hardy and big-framed—and that counts on market day.

"Come up and see me some time," were his parting words as he left to catch his train. "I'll show you some of the finest land and live stock out of doors, and treat you to a real farm meal—everything but the coffee and sugar grown right on my farm. That counts some in these days of high prices."—Advertisement.

Utilizing Waste.

A new industry just introduced at Milan, Italy, consists of the manufacture from waste leather cuttings of boxes for collars, cuffs and carpets, furniture coverings and wallpaper.

How's This?

We offer $100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE

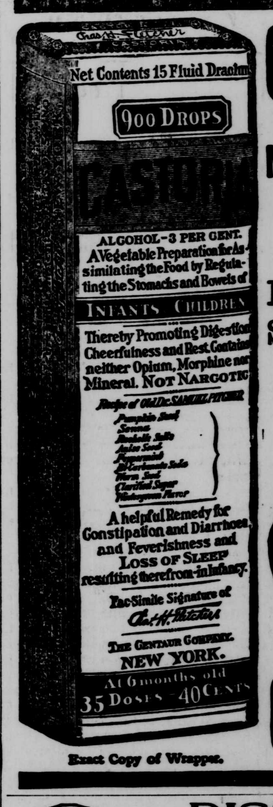
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

The Difference.

"Our men went overseas in uncertainty." So they did, but they came home in transports."



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

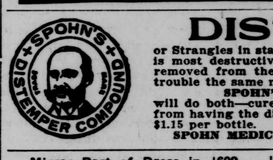
For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



DISTEMPER

or Strangles in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. Sold by your druggist. 60c and $1.15 per bottle.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Mirror Part of Dress in 1600.

In the sixteenth century no lady was considered in full dress unless she had a mirror at her breast. It was oval in shape, about four inches in size.

A Martyr.

Wife—Do you expect to get to heaven by hanging on to my skirts?

Hub—No, but I might by showing St. Peter the bills for them.

An Instance.

"The war has put many a lowly one on unexpected heights."

"Sure it has. Look at the profiteer."

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for total free to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Eighty-six counties of the 250 in Texas have women among their elective officials.

ASPIRIN—A Talk

Take Aspirin only as told by "Bayer"

The name "Bayer" identifies the true, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years. The name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions of people.

In each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" you are told how to safely take this genuine Aspirin for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis and for Pain.

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Cannot Be Silent.

A politician must often talk and act before he has thought and read. He may be ill-informed regarding a question, but speak he must.—Macaulay.

God gave us our relatives but, thank God, we can pick our friends.

Harmony.

"What's all the jaw and racket about?"

"Another harmony dinner, I believe."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

No man is particularly fascinated by a woman who is so good that all her woman acquaintances like her.



GOOD IDEA! Open your Lucky Strike package this way—tear off part of the top only.

Protects the Lucky Strike cigarette—a cigarette made of that delicious real Burley tobacco. It's toasted.

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