Town and County News

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1920

LOCAL NEWS.

Subscribe for the UNION.

Wheat $2.25; corn, $1.60.

The jail has been repaired.

How about your subscription?

Caroline promises a good crop of peas.

Dr. R. B. Page was reappointed health officer for the county.

Denton camp meeting will be begun July 23d and close on August 2d.

The annual Chautauqua will be held at Denton, May 28th to June 3rd.

If you want to sell your corn, shelled or on the cob, see L. B Towers & Bro.

Monuments, tombstones and enclosures. SHORT & Co
1-30 tf Denton, Md.

WANTED—A Wife between the age of 18 and 30. Kindly write and put photograph in and mail to Box No. 301, Denton Md.

There is quite likely to be another spirited town election contest on Monday next, with the same candidates in the field—J. B. Colgain, whose term is expiring. and S. G Nuttle. In the voting April 26 there was a tie.

L. B. Towers & Bros., have decided to advance the contract price of tomatoes for the coming season to $30 per ton or 50 cents per basket. It is understood that all tomatoes contracted for are to be first-class in every respect.

"Wanted salesman, with auto preferred, by large Oil and Paint Co. to cr11 oe Farmers in local territory. Prefer man with successful selling record in this class of trade. Must furnish good reference. Can make from $75 to $150 aweek. PARKER REFINING COMPANY CLEVLAND, OHIO

The Farmers Supply Company unloaded two carloads of poultry and dairy feeds this week. They bought this feed months ago, and have attractived price on it. All poultry growers will do well to get their prices They handle the famous Ful-O-Pep lines, manufactured by the Quaker Oats Company.

While Mr. and Mrs. J. William Frampton, of Denton, were visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Vickers, at Laurel, Delawaae, a few days ago, Roland, a small son of Mr. and Mrs Framton, fell into an excavation, where a foundation is being laid for a new building. The lad received severe injuries.

At a recent meeting of the Home Economics Club it was unanimously voted to change the name of the club to "Denton Community Clud" The nextmeeting of the club will be held in the Court House at 2 30 Frday, May 21st. The snoject of the afternoon's program will be "Dress." This subject certainly ought to interest every woman.

Over five thousand little Belgians with hearty appetites are fed daily by the Junior Red Cross of America at an average of 50 meals for a dollar. These lunches consist of hot soup, bread, vegetables, rice pudding and cocoa and the hungary little lunchers may return for as many helpings as they wish. Junior Red Cross soup kitchens for schools are being operated at 45 centers in the devasted regions of Flanders.

An amendment to the State dog law authorizes the County Commissioners to provide for the employmedt of special officers or constables to enforce the payment of dog license fees which have been neglected by many. One of the provisions of the dog law is for payment for the loss ot fowle, etc., killed by dogs, from the funds accumulated by the dog tax. The Commissioners disposed of one of these cases on Tuesday last when A G, Wroten, of the Fifth district, was awarded $10 for a turkey gobler, killed by a dog.

Fairy Baskets.

Fairy baskets are made of large hazel nuts, filberts or peach pits. Filberts must be soaked in hot water for several hours; hazel nuts and peach pits may be used green. With a sharp, fine pointed penknife bore through the filbert or hazel nut on each side in the light colored upper third, cut away the shell carefully around the hole so as to leave a handle between the incisions, dig out the meat that is inside, then cut very tiny notches in the lower edge. If you use peach pits trim off the sharp point, then bore and cut out the shell and trim the stalk end smooth.

Those baskets are a never failing pleasure to both children and grownups. One use to which you can put the fairy baskets is loop a dozen or more upon a strand of silk floss, fill each one with earth and supply it with a single fine grass seed, then hang them in a sunny window and keep moist.

New Auto La w Goes Effect June First

After June first the Commissioner is forbidden by law to issue either a certificate of registration or licence plates for any car until the owner thereof first secures a certificate of title for same from his office. The law gives all persons who have already secured licence plates and a registration card for the year of 1920 90 days in which to secure a title to their car. After September 1, it will be a misdemeanor punishable by a heavy fine to opeerate a car registered in Maryland unless a certificate of title has been issued to cover this car. On or about the first day of June every car owner in the State of Maryland will receive a copy of the new law governing titles as well as a synopsis of other minor changes in the automobile law. At the same time they will receive an application blank for a certificate of ownership. On this blank they will be required to give a full description of their motor vehicle together with statement of their title to same and liens or incumbrances there on. If the identication numbers serial numbers or engine numbers on the motor vehicle have been tampered with or have been changed defaced, concealed, chiseled, or obliterated the owner of such a car must within sixty days from June 1 file with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles a verified statemente explaing such mutilation obliteration ect. on blank provided for this purpose by the Commissioner of Motor Vehichles. The Commissioner will make an investigation and if he finds no irregularity concerning the mitilation of numbers as far as the present owner is concerned, he will issne a new number, which number shall be regarded thereafter as the one to be used in describing sudh motor vehicles. In the event that an automobile has been purchased second hand it will be necessary for the present owner to state name and address of the person from whom car was purchased and whether the vehicle was bought by cash purchased, trade, conditional sale, or bill of sale. The charge for an original certificate of owner ship is to be $1 00. This certificate does not have to be renewed annvally but is good for the life of the car as is owned or held by the original owner of certificate of ownership. In event of the sale or transfers of the ownership of motor vechicle for which an original certificate of title has been issued the original holder must endorse on the back of same an assigment thereof to the purchaser together with a warrantee of title and a statement of all liens or incumbrance on said motor vehicle. This endorsement and assigment is to be made on the rear of the title certificate in the space and from provided therefor by the Commissioner. The original owner then delivers his title certificate to the purchasher together with the motor vechicle which he is selling. The purchaser in tusn must present this certificate to the Commissioner and make application for a new certificate of ownership before he can secure permission ce tagsto operate same' The charge for the certificate is also $1 00 After September 1, it shall pass between the pass between the parties such certificate of title with an assigment thereof in the form prescribed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. The penalties for violations of this provision are from $5.00 to $1.000 or imprisonment for for not more than 10 years. The certificate of title does not have to be carried in the car but should be kept in safe place with other valuable papers but owner may be required to produce same for inspection by a proper officer of the law.

Negro's Marriage Annulled

Branson Black the negro who came to Elkton from Coatsville, Pa. several months ago and married Helen Robinson aged 17, a white girl formerly of Zion, was arraigned before the Criminal Court at West Chester last week, charged with enticing the girl from her home, It was shown that the girl had gone to Elkton to be married of her own free will and had asked the negro to marry her.

The charge of enticing the away from home was dropped, but the Court ordered the marriage between the two annulled. They were living in Coatsville Pa. when arrested.

To Repatriate Prisoners

American relief organization and churches have inaugurated a campaign for $3.000.000 to be used in repatriating 12 000 Austrian and Hungarian prisoners in Siberia who have been freed but are menaced by starvation and disease because they lack funds to return to their home. Many of these men have been in captivity six years; none less than four. The American Red Cross has its subscription in the campaign. Samuel Weldon, First National Bank of New York City is treasurer of the fund.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

The Orphans Court Tuesday Judges West, Harper and Shawn were present.

Renunciation having been filed leters of administration on the personal estate of Joshua F. Covey deceased were granted unto Walter T Covey and Jacob L Covey. Bond filed and approved Notice to creditors ordered and L C Reid and J. W. Payne were named as appraisers.

Nettie Woothers, administratrix of James Woothers, deceased filed her first and final account of administration, which was approved by the Court.

George M. Jones, executor of the last will and teesament of Francis Marion Jones deceased was granted an order to sell personal property.

In the absence of the Court the Register of Wills, after renunciation had been filed granted letters of administration on the personal estate of milton J. Cohee, deceased, to Linwood Cohee. Bond filed and approved. Notice to creditors ordered and A. C. Howard and Somers Blake were named as appraisers.

W. Brewster Deen guardian to Dorothy E Schwaninger, minor petitioned the court to grant an order authorizing him to advance certain interest money beloning to said minor to him for the purpose of receiving treatment at a sanitarium.

Edward E. Nuttle administrator c. t. a. of Aramantha Bowdle, deceased filed an inventory and appraisement of the personal estate which was approved by the Court.

Waren Van Saut Bartus B Comegys and A. John Rich executors of the last will and tesament of Richard E. Comegys deceased filed an inventory and appraisement of the personal estate also a list of seperate debts and an order to sell was granted.

Is It Another Grab?

Pushed up into a corner by his own incompetency and its numerors blunders and failures, the federal department of justice now announces that it is going to round uy all the profiteers in the country within thirty hays. According to Howard Figg, special assistant to Attorney General Palmer, it is going to be a wholesome round-up and a hot piece of business. He also expresses doubt that the round-up will cause and change in the high cost of living, in view of which it might be wondered wha the round-up is intended for; but never matter.

The difficulty about promises of this kind is that they have for months amounting to no hing more than hot air and this latest announcement appears to have aroused no special excitement. One newspaper makes a good point when it says that if the concrete results of this heralded campaign are not strikingly different from all that has been done so far, it is difficult to imagine a more wasteful use of the public funds. Perhaps, after all, that is the real object of the drive, for the administration is doing its best to get what it can for those on the inside while the getting is good. A big round up as planned would require the employment of another horde of faithal Demodrats, whose salaries would come from the taxpayers' pockets.

Wholesome Prices Advanced Since 1913

Figures published in a recent memoradum of the Supreme Council os the Peace Conference show that general wholesome prices hove advanced since 1913 approximately as follows:

United States	120 per cent
Great Britain	170 per cent
France	300 per cent
Italy	300 per cent
Belgium	300 per csnt

Retail prices undoubtly have advanced to an equal or greater extent in this country according to the memoradum. In publishing these figures, the Supreme Council pleades for increased production, economy and saving as remedies fot the situation, and as a safegard against still higher price levels.

Fullers Earth

Fuller's earth obtains its name from its orignal use in fulling cloth but only a little domestic earth is now used in this country for that puryose. It is used principally in bleaching and in clairifying or filtering fats, greases, and oils. It is also used in the manurfacture of nigments for printing wall papers, in detecting certain colosing matters in some food products and as a substitute for talcum powder.

About 75 000 tons of fuller's earth are produced annually in the United States

Like Game of Chess.

Husband—Always wanting money. It's like a game of chess—nothing but check, check, check." Wife—But if you won't give it to me it will be still like a game of chess, for it will be "pawn, pawn, pawn." — Pearson's Weekly.

Russian Czar Sends Quartet to America

Contest Decides Best Singers

The former Russian Czar wanted the church and folk songs of his country represented to America in the most effective manner possible. In order to secure the best exponents of Russian vocal music he declared an all-Russian contest where thousands of the best vocalists in all-Russia competed.

The four successful competitors were sent to America, and added to the Russian Cathedral Choir. They immediately drew the attention of famous critics and concert managers. The marvelous range of their voices was astonishing. (Bass reaching "B flat" below the staff; tenor "high D.")

Imperial command, however, kept them from all but one public concert a year.

Now, however, that the Czar has been overthrown, the edict is a thing of the past, and this wonderful harmony is available for the music lovers of the country.

They are now on tour with the Swarthmore Chautauquas, and will appear here on the third day of the program.

Their concert in the evening will be followed by Dr. Frank Bohn's lecture, "Revolutionary Europe." He has personally been in the seething nations of Central Europe, and will tell the facts of the hour. Those things which newspapers seldom print about European unrest will receive close attention from Dr. Bohn.

MARYLAND FARMERS TO HEAR MEREDITH

SEC. OF AGRICULTURE WILL BE FARMERS' DAY SPEAKER AT COLLEGE PARK, MAY 29.

BIG PROGRAM PLANNED

Demonstrations Will Cover All Phases Of Rural Work Including Features Of Interest To Women—Baseball Game In Afternoon.

An address by the Hon. E. T. Meredith, Secretary of Agriculture demonstrations of the value of labor saving machinery on the farm and in the home, motion picture presentations of rural activities and a base ball game between Maryland State College and Johns Hopkins University will be the outstanding features of Farmers' Day at the Maryland State College of Agriculture, College Park on Saturday, May 29.

The program for this seventh annual event promises to be more than usually interesting and arrangements are being made to care for hundreds of visitors from every part of the State. Every effort has been made by the faculty of the College and the corps of specialists connected with the Extension Service and the Experiment Station to make the day one of profit and pleasure to those who attend.

In addition to the regular train and trolley service to the College, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will operate several specials, both from Baltimore and Washington, to handle the passengers between those two cities and College Park.

PROGRAM COVERS WIDE FIELD.

The program for the day will cover a broad field of agricultural activities, so that there will be some particular feature of especial interest to each visitor who will have the opportunity of watching such demonstrations as he most desires to see. A varied and entertaining program has been arranged for the women by the Home Demonstration Department.

The demonstration work will begin at 9 o'clock in the morning and from that time until 1 o'clock, representatives of each department will be present to explain the various exhibits. Guides will be on hand to meet the visitors and show them to the points where the demonstrations are in progress.

At 11 o'clock motion pictures will be shown in the auditorium in the Agricultural building and at 2 o'clock the address of the day will be delivered by the Secretary of Agriculture. The ball game is scheduled for 4 o'clock.

Owing to the high price and scarcity of labor, it is expected that the farmers will show particular interest in the demonstrations of labor saving machinery and the specialists in charge of this part of the program will take the opportunity to point out that the more extended use of machinery on the farm is one of the very best methods of combating the present labor situation.

TRACTOR DEMONSTRATION.

In this connection the use of the tractor in belt work will be demonstrated. Many farmers have wrongly come to the conclusion that the tractor has little value outside of its function in pulling the plow and the cultivator. Consequently the tractor is put to work on many farms for a period of approximately one month and stands idle during the remainder of the year. The many uses to which this valuable machine may be put by applying the power from the belt will be demonstrated, the idea being to show that the tractor should be kept busy every month during the year.

FEATURES FOR WOMEN.

Extensive plans have been made to entertain and instruct the women visitors. On the second floor of the Agricultural Building there will be a special exhibit of labor saving devices which can be employed by the farmer's wife. These will include all manner of electrical appliances such as washing machines, electric irons, dish washers and toasters.

On the lower floor of the same building in the offices devoted to the Home Demonstration work there will be an extensive display designed to show the conservation of clothing. Women's and children's garments and even center pieces and other fancy work will be shown as a part of this demonstration in the utilization of old clothing.

Miss Madge Reese, of the United States Department of Agriculture, will be in charge of the milk show and will demonstrate the uses and explain the value of this commodity. At 10:30 o'clock a fashion show with living models will be staged in the auditorium of the Agricultural Building and it is expected that this will be one of the most attractive features for the women visitors. Mrs. Richardson, of the Woman's Division of the War Loan Organization, Fifth Federal District at Richmond, will be present and will make a talk on household accounts and budgets.

ADDED TO ROLL OF HONOR

Soldiers Reported "Missing in Action" Have Been Classed as "Presumed Dead."

According to The Home Sector there are still between 250 and 300 members of the American front line army still unaccounted for.

In speaking of this war mystery of missing men the ex-soldier's magazine says: "Soldiers who go into battle are like men who go down to the sea in ships. There are those who return and those who do not, those who live and those who die. And then there are those who dwell for years in a twilight zone of uncertainty, neither life nor death, from which no word ever comes back to the shores called home.

"A few weeks ago the newspapers of the country announced that there were no more members of the A. E. F. 'missing in action.' The only reason they are not missing in action is that they have been 'presumed dead.'

"There are still between 250 and 300 members of the American front line army unaccounted for, who, carried on the rolls for months and months as missing in action, seem to have disappeared from the battle field as if by the wave of a magician's wand, leaving neither the ripple of a rumor behind them, the testimony of an eye, nor a footprint in all the paths of the world.

"They are the irreducible minimum of the 50,000 lost, strayed or stolen men that the A. E. F. carried on the morning of Nov. 12, 1918, as missing in action. To guard against injustice to their relatives or friends, the war department has ordered that from henceforth they be carried as 'presumed dead' instead of 'missing in action,' in order that their war risk insurance benefits may be paid. That in brief explains why the American army as it stands demobilized today technically has no 'missing in action.'"

Why Horses Are Diminishing.

An authority attributes the diminution in number of horses to the impossibility of horse prices keeping pace with the prices of wheat, corn, pork, beef and mutton, and therefore the farmer neglects horse breeding for something more profitable. But what are we going to do for work stock five or ten years from now? he asks.

How to Lower Your Meat Bills

Hints From the Department of Justice

HOUSEWIVES BUY LAMB AND MUTTON UNWISELY.

The Eat More Lamb campaign which is being conducted throughout the country at the present time before colleges, domestic science schools, women's clubs, various institutions, public schools, meat markets, etc., has brought before the general public the value of lamb as a food product, but especially has it demonstrated the value and economy of the cheaper cuts of lamb which have been neglected. It has been a contention of the retailer for years that a great part of the fore quarter—the neck, shoulder, shank and breast—must be sold at a loss or eventually reach the scrap or bone box.

Some retail butchers bone out these cheap fore-quarter cuts, put them through the meat grinder, season them and mold them up into lamb patties, putting a strip of bacon around each one, leave them in the cooler over night and sell all of them next day at good prices. Many butchers could sell more than they can supply. The butcher has thus turned into an asset or profitmaker that portion which has heretofore been considered a loss.

Steaks and roasts can be had from the shoulder, lamb rolls from the neck, breast and shoulder, and neck slices are obtained by cutting the neck in sections crosswise, so that the meat has the appearance of chops and is a very inviting dish when used as a stew or potted lamb en casserole. The cheaper cuts of lamb are made from the breast, shoulder, shank and neck which combined are about 18 per cent of the lamb.

Lamb is a healthful food for all people. It is very nutritious, wholesome and palatable and in caloric value it is equal or superior to any other meat.

The boned and rolled shoulder mentioned above is used for roasting purposes; it can also be cut to any desired weight or can be sliced into Saratoga chops.

United States government statistics tell us that each year the average housewife buys for every person in her household only about 5 pounds of lamb as compared with about 71 pounds of pork and 67 pounds of beef. If all American families used lamb one day a week it would mean more than 20 pounds of lamb annually per capita, or four times the present consumption.

More than that, the head of the family, who pays the bills, would no doubt encourage purchasing the cheaper lamb cuts instead of merely a few chops at a time. A shoulder of lamb, being smaller than the average beef joint and less expensive, should appeal especially to small families.

The marketing expeditions should be an education in economy.

It usually pays to shop before you buy.

It usually pays to do your marketing personally rather than telephone your order.

Lamb steaks and lamb chops take but a few moments to cook, but they are the most expensive cuts. As a lamb is not all chops and steaks, other and less expensive parts of the animal must be used and can be made into tasty dishes. Breast of lamb contains more meat than bone, yet it often sells for half the price of pork spareribs, and some retailers on account of a limited demand for the fore-quarter cuts find it necessary to convert these cheaper cuts into sausage in order to sell them at all.

Lamb is a somewhat seasonable meat, by far the greater part of live lambs reaching the market during the latter half of the year. In the spring around Easter time, lamb may be as high or higher than other meats. In the fall and early winter it is nearly always much cheaper.

The following average prices compiled by the National Wool Growers association from representative retailers throughout the country show comparative levels of the different meats in the fall season as they occurred in the middle of October, 1919. These figures are not applicable now, except that they emphasize a typical relationship:

Lamb—Leg, 37 cents; loin, 44 cents; shoulder, 27 cents; rib chops, 46½ cents.

Sheep—Leg, 29 cents; loin, 28 cents; shoulder, 16½ cents; chops, 35 cents.

Pork—Loin, 43 cents; fresh ham, 35 cents.

Beef—Sirloin, 45 cents; porterhouse, 48 cents; tenderloin, 50 cents; round steak, 38 cents.

These prices were for the best-quality meats in all cases.

Mutton Stew With Barley.

Cut meat from neck or breast into small pieces. Put in kettle with water to cover. Use about 1½ cupfuls water to a pound of meat. Add onions, carrot, salt and pepper. For each pint liquid add 1-3 cup pearl barley. Simmer gently two or three hours.

THE Johns Hopkins University

Baltimore, Maryland.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

State Scholarsh p In Engineering Courses.

INTRANCE EXAMINATIONS for the Department of Engineering, as well as for the College of Arts and Sciences will be held in the Civil Engineering Building, Homewood, Monday Saturday June 21-26, 1920, beginning at 9 A. M. each day under the auspieces of the College Entranece Examination Board.

APPLICATIONS FOR SCHOLARSHIP IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING established under the provision of the Laws of Maryland, chapter 90, 1912, will now be received. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship, acompetitive examination must be taken Friday September 17, 1920, beginning at 9 A M. Appointments will be made soon thereafter.

Each Legislative District of Baltimore City and each County of the State, with the exception of Cecil, Harford, Queen Anne's, Talbot and Dorchester Counties will be intitled to one or more schalarships for the year 1920-4921, in addition to those which have already been assigned. In the five counties mentioned above, all the available scholarships have been awarded.

Under the provisions of the Act o Assembly, the County and City Schoiarships in the Department of Engineering are awarded only to deserving students whose financial circumstances are such that tney are unable to obtain an education in Engineering unless free tution be granted them. The scholarships entitle the holders to free tuition free tution free use of text books and exemption from sll regular fees. One of the City carries also tbe sum of $200 The expense of attendanoe for those who do not receive scholarships is not greater than at other Maryland institutions.

Scholarships may be awarded to graeuates of Loyloa College, St. Johns College, Washington College, Western Maryland College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mt. St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College.

One scholarship will be awarded "At Large."

Applicants should address The Johns Hopkins University, for blank forms of application and for catalogues giving information as to examinations, award of scholarships, and courses of instruction. The next session begins Tuesday September 28, 1920.

Prize-Fighter Congressman.

The report that Carpentier, the prize fighter, is ambitious to become a member of the French parliament, recalls the election of John Morrissey to congress on November 5, 1867, from the "Bloody Sixth" ward of New York city, says the Springfield Republican. Morrissey's famous fight, in which he defeated Heenan, took place October 29, 1858, in the no-man's land adjoining Boston Corners in Berkshire county, afterward conceded to New York by Massachusetts. The pugilist had a long record of indictments for assault and burglary and had served nine months in the penitentiary for nine breaches of the peace. He served his district in congress satisfactorily enough to be re-elected.

NUMBER 2547.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF—
THE DENTON NATIONAL BANK
AT DENTON

IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON MAY 4, 1920.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$1,290,348 20	
Notes and bills rediscounted	95,915 00	$1,194,433 20
Overdrafts, secured		2,760 02
U. S. Government securities owned:		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		50,000 00
Pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable		3,500 00
Owned and unpledged		27,450 00
Total U. S. Government securities	$80,950 00	
Other bonds, securities, etc.:		
Bonds and securities (other than U. S. securities) pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable		30,000 00
Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged		41,500 00
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S	$71,500 00	
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)		8,250 00
Value of banking house		12,000 00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		38,698 92
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		25,641 44
Net amt. due from banks, bankers and trust companies other than included in items 12, 13 and 14		11,251 53
Totals of Items 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17	$36,892 97	
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		914 53
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500 00
Total		$1,448,900 64

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$100,000 00
Surplus fund		150,000 00
Undivided profits	$52,864 49	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	22,400 34	30,463 15
Circulating notes outstanding		50,000 00
Net amounts due to National banks		2,314 74
Net amounts due to banks, bankers and trust companies (other than included in items 29 or 30)		10,202 66
Certified checks outstanding		151 16
Total of Items 28,30,31,32 and 33	$12,668 88	
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
Individual deposits subject to check		304,784 27
Total demand deposits	$304,784 27	
Time Deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
Other time deposits		$675,984 34
Total of time deposits	$675,984 34	
Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank (including all obligations representing money borrowed other than rediscounts)		100,000 00
Total		$1,448,900 64
Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank		95,915 00
Total contingent liabilities		95,915 00

Of the total loans and discounts shown above, the amount on which interest and discount was charged at rates in excess of those permitted by law (exclusive of notes upon which total charge not to exceed 50 cents was made) was none. The number of such loans was none.

STATE OF MARYLAND, County of Caroline, ss:

I, William I. Norris, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WILLIAM I. NORRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of May, 1920.

ELIZABETH MacDONALD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

HARVEY L. COOPER,
J. ROLAND CHAFFINCH,
JAMES H. NICHOLS,
Directors.

Report of the Condition
—OF THE—
Farmers & Merchants State Bank
AT DENTON

In the State of Maryland, at the Close of Business May 4th, 1920.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$214,105 97
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,457 60
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.		25 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures		1,856 49
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve		2,378 36
Checks and other Cash Items		154 54
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz.:		
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	$5,170 00	
Gold Coin	122 50	
Minor Coin	1,087 74	6,390 24
Total		$226,371 60

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$30,000 00
Surplus Fund		6,000 00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid		4,105 87
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve		1,058 78
Due to Approved Reserve Agents		697 71
Deposits (demand):		
Subject to Check	$50,488 21	50,488 21
Deposits (time):		
Savings and Special	$59,468 03	
Certificates of Deposit	24,650 00	84,118 03
Bills Payable, including Certificates of Deposit for money borrowed		50,000 00
Total		$226,371 60

STATE OF MARYLAND, County of Caroline, ss.

I, S. E. Hignutt, Cashier of the above-named institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. E. HIGNUTT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May, 1920. MILDRED GORSUCH, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:

C. FULTON NOBLE,
D. WILSON DAVIS,
M. K. NEWNAM,
Directors.

Report of the Condition
—OF—
The Peoples Bank
AT DENTON

In the State of Maryland, at the Close of Business May 4, 1920.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$401,829 93
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		277 18
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.		128,261 94
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures		10,000 00
Mortgages and Judgments of record		10,500 00
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve		3,553 85
Checks and other Cash Items		5,022 24
Due from approved Reserve Agents		2,355 68
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz.:		
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	$ 9,819 00	
Gold Coin	535 00	
Minor Coin	958 08	11,312 98
Total		$573,113 80

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$ 50,000 00
Surplus Fund		32,500 00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid		10,827 28
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve		2,755 43
Deposits (demand)		
Subject to Check	$168,954 37	
Cashier's Checks outstanding	5 70	168,962 07
Deposits (time)		
Savings and Special	$208,669 02	208,669 02
Bills Payable, including Certificates of Deposit for money borrowed		70,000 00
Total		$573,113 80

STATE OF MARYLAND, County of Caroline, ss.

I, T. F. Johnson, Cashier of the above-named institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. F. JOHNSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May, 1920. WM. S. CROUSE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

WM. CROLL,
H. EARLE SMITH,
F. P. COVEY,
Directors.

"Kick" in Hot Drinks.

In China it is the custom to drink wines hot. The thrifty Chinese believe that heated wine intoxicates more expeditiously than cold wine.

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