SUMMARY OF THE NEWS
STATE, NATION AND GENERAL

WORLD'S NEWS IN MIDGET FORM

Long Stories of Big Events Told in Brief Paragraphs for Quick Reading.

NATIONAL CAPITAL SNAPSHOTS

Gleanings of Interest From Washington—Late Happenings in the Realm of Sports—Foreign and Domestic Occurrences.

WASHINGTON

Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes is expected to spend the summer at Bridgehampton, L. I., and Secretary of Treasury Mellon has leased a cottage there for the summer.

Secretary of Commerce Hoover made known his intention to appoint a committee to work a plan for a building code and otherwise consider the housing situation. Leading architects and others having an interest in the matter will be asked to serve on the committee.

Eugene V. Debs came into Washington without guard of any description. He went direct to the Department of Justice and talked for two hours and a half with Attorney General Daugherty.

All papers in the War Department relating to the case of Grover C. Bergdoll, escaped American draft evader, were transmitted to the State Department.

President Harding congratulated representatives of the packing industry and its employees who reached an agreement to avert threatened strike over wage dispute.

President Harding declared before a delegation from the Society of Friends of Philadelphia that it would be unwise for the United States to lead in reduction of armaments if American commerce would be jeopardized.

NATION'S BUSINESS

Secretary Hughes says resumption of trade relations with Soviet Russia will depend upon satisfactory assurances that "fundamental changes are contemplated involving due regard for the protection of persons and property" and establishment of conditions to maintain commerce.

A license and high duty are favored for dye industry.

Business in tea markets continues generally hand to mouth in its character. There was a disposition to defer purchases until after the Easter holidays in view of the closing of primary points.

In an effort to "relieve the critical situation in the canned goods industry," the Pacific Coast-North Atlantic eastbound shipping coference, at San Francisco, has announced a rate of 50 cents for each 100 pounds of canned goods moving between Pacific and North Atlantic ports, in place of the former 65 cent rate.

A contract for refitting the steamship America has been awarded by the United States Shipping Board to the Morse Dry Dock and Repair Company, it was announced. The America is a twin-screw steamer, formerly of the Hamburg-American line and called the Amerika. She was used as a transport during the war. The repairs will require a period of two months.

GENERAL

Ex-Representative Hernandez, of New Mexico, was given a recess appointment by President Harding as Collector of Internal Revenue for the district of New Mexico.

As a reward for their distinguished service from Belleau Wood to the Argonne, 748 temporary officers and enlisted men of the Marine Corps have been awarded permanent commissions, Secretary of the Navy Denby stated.

Damage estimated at $40,000 to $60,000 was caused by a tornado which passed over the western part of Scott County, Ky. No one was killed or injured.

In less than twelve days after the mutilated body of Mrs. Edith Wilson was found dead near her home at Perth Amboy, George Washington Knight, a negro, her confessed slayer, has been sentenced to die.

Word of the death of Cardinal Gibbons was not communicated to his only living brother, John T. Gibbons, at New Orleans, because of the latter's serious condition from a prolonged illness.

Common laborers and maintenance-of-way employees of the Jersey Central railroad refused to submit to proposed wage cut announced March 14.

Georgia farmers are holding 51 per cent of last year's cotton crop for higher prices and will reduce acreage 40 per cent.

During 1920 consumption of milk is estimated at forty-four gallons per capita, not including that used in ice cream, cheese and butter.

Twelve persons were seriously injured when a large trolley car jumped the track at Hartford, Conn., and crashed into a small wooden car.

Two hundred and fifty men employed in New York Central roundhouse at Toledo were laid off as a part of the road's campaign of economy.

Secretary Weeks, discussing case of the Philadelphia draft dodger, Bergdoll, said, "We are going to get Bergdoll if it is possible to get him."

William Perrine, editor of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin, died after a brief illness. He was 63 years old and widely known in newspaper circles.

Judge Loveland Munson, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Vermont, died at his residence in Manchester, Vt.

Stanley Keck, captain of last year's football team of Princeton, saved fireman Emil Redwaller's life in a fire at the Tower Club, Princeton, N. J.

Robbers held up two officials and three employees of the Bellman Brook Bleachery at Fairview, N. J., who were returning to the plant with $8,000 payroll in an automobile. The men made good their escape in the automobile.

Erection of a $2,700,000 building for the national headquarters of the United States Chamber of Commerce, was discussed in Chicago by directors of the chamber at a conference.

The executive committee of the North Carolina Bankers' Association has advised farmers of the state to reduce the acreage in cotton and tobacco by at least 50 per cent.

Halpern bill was passed by the New York assembly prohibiting any person to teach in public schools who does not pledge loyalty to Federal and state constitutions.

Germany defaulted in the payment of 1,000,000,000 marks, which the allies had practically demanded be paid not later than March 23.

SPORTING

The University of Michigan proposes to make outdoor athletics compulsory and a regular portion of the requirements for a degree.

Universities have been coming more and more to the idea that the athletic life of an institution should not be confined to the comparatively few who stand a chance of making the varsity teams.

Ernest Neitzke, recruit pitcher, probably will be one of the Boston American League team's regular string hurlers this season.

There is much talk in baseball circles of an investigation by Judge Landis, the head of baseball, into the record of J. Franklin Baker, the former home run king. Baker, it is said, played in many semi-professional games last year.

A deal for the purchase of the Los Angeles club of the Pacific Coast League by the owners of the Chicago Cubs is said to be under way, in reports from the Cubs' training camp at Pasadena.

Derrill Pratt, second baseman of the Boston American League team and coach of the University of Michigan baseball squad, reiterated that he had no intention of returning to major league baseball.

More than 3,000 athletes, representing 400 universities, colleges and schools in all sections of the country, are expected to participate in the University of Pennsylvania relay carnival on April 29 and 30.

Pete Herman will box Willie Spencer in the fifteen-round final of the Pioneer Sporting Club's show next Wednesday night. Jimmy Carroll, a protege of Joe Lynch, is to box Johnny Lundy in the ten-round semi-final.

Johnny Wilson, middleweight champion, has agreed to meet Mike Gibbons of St. Paul within ninety days, according to a telegram Gibbons said he received from his representative in Boston. The contest would be staged in Boston.

Rocky Kansas has returned to Buffalo with $16,500 he made inside of twelve days. Of this sum $8,500 was for boxing Richie Mitchell at Milwaukee and $8,000 for beating Willie Jackson in New York.

FOREIGN

President Porras, of Panama, called a special session of Congress to consider Panama's attitude toward the demand made by the United States that Panama accept the White award on the boundary dispute.

Reports from Constantinople declare Turkish Nationals east of the Smyrna district attacked and defeated the Greek forces who began an offensive.

It is reported in League of Nations' circles in Paris, that the next meeting of the League Council, which will meet in May, will offer the honorary presidency of the League of Nations to Woodrow Wilson.

Only one newspaper in Berlin, the Vossische Zeitung, published the clear and unmistakable language of the Reparations Commission's answer to Germany. The other newspapers print various summarized versions, which occupy more space and explain the Entente's position less clearly.

Manuel Arguelles, Spanish Minister of Finance, announced the government intended to issue a new loan of 750,000,000 pesetas in July.

Two thousand employees of the International Harvester Company, Auburn, N. Y., accepted wage reductions ranging from 10 to 25 per cent.

Adrienne Boeland, a French aviatrix, has arrived in Mendosa, Argentina, and is preparing to attempt to fly across the Andes Mountains to Chile. She will be the first woman to attempt the feat.

Cecil Harmsworth, speaking in behalf of the government in the house of commons in reply to a question, said he hoped that from the Russian trade agreement would emerge a peace treaty without very prolonged delay.

Copenhagen reports fighting has again broken out between Lithuanian forces and Polish "irregular" troops near Vilna.

REJECT RUSSIAN SOVIET TRADE

Secretary of State Hughes Lays Down Requirements for Commerce With United States.

REFORM ECONOMIC SYSTEM

Sending of Note to Russia Via American Consul at Reval Avoids Acknowledging Lenine Government.

Washington.—America's reply to Soviet Russia's proposal of a trade agreement is as near a flat refusal as diplomatic language permits.

Secretary Hughes made public a message he was sending to American Consul Albrecht, which the consul will hand to Litvinoff, the Bolshevik envoy plenipotentiary at Reval, Esthonia. In brief, the message informs the consul that until convincing evidence is furnished this country that there have been radical changes in the Soviet system there is no use talking about trade relations.

As the changes in question are specified to be safety of life, guarantee of private property, the sanctity of contracts and the rights of free labor, it will be seen that the Bolsheviki have a long road to travel before this country will even discuss a commercial relation with them.

This method of answering the bid for recognition involved in a commercial arrangement deftly avoids even a constructive acknowledgment that the Lenine-Trotzky regime is a government in the diplomatic sense, such as would be implied by a direct communication. At the same time it leaves the door open for further exchanges, so that should the progress of Russia toward democracy continue the negotiations may keep pace with that progress.

Either by coincidence or design, there is a sentiment expressed in the note reminiscent of Woodrow Wilson's communication when he was letting the German people know that getting rid of their autocracy was a necessary precedent to our considering peace proposals.

The note, the issuance of which followed promptly on the meeting of the cabinet at which it was almost the sole topic discussed, is as follows:

"The government of the United States views with deep sympathy and grave concern the plight of the people of Russia and desires to aid by every appropriate means in promoting proper opportunities through which commerce can be established upon a sound basis.

"It is manifest to this government that in existing circumstances there is not assurance for the development of trade, as the supplies which Russia might now be able to obtain would be wholly inadequate to meet her needs and no lasting good can result so long as the present causes of progressive impoverishment continue to operate. It is only in the productivity of Russia that there is any hope for the Russian people, and it is idle to expect resumption of trade until the economic basis of production are securely established.

"Production is conditioned upon the safety of life, the recognition by firm guarantees of private property, the sanctity of contract and the rights of free labor.

"If fundamental changes are contemplated involving due regard for the protection of persons and property and the establishment of conditions essential to the maintenance of commerce, this government will be glad to have convincing evidence of the consummation of such changes, and until this evidence is supplied this government is unable to perceive that there is any proper basis for considering trade relations."

The essence of the note is its concluding paragraph. While this government is not concerned with whatever form of political philosophy or economic theory the Russian people may elect to entertain, it will not do business with them except on the terms on which business is founded the world over.

The cablegram does not specifically refer to the delegation which the recent message from the All-Russian Executive stated would be sent to this country.

CHANCE FOR MUSCLE SHOALS

Weeks Against Nitrate Plant Project Without Private Contract.

Washington.—Secretary of War Weeks indicated that whenever any private individuals showed their faith in the revenue possibilities of the Muscle Shoals nitrate plant to extent making contract with the government he would recommend spending the $30,000,000 needed to complete it. Secretary Weeks always has taken the stand that he is not in favor of "sending good money after bad."

WANTS CLEMENCEAU BACK

Would Enforce Treaty and Handle Lloyd George, Says Tardieu.

Paris.—"Clemenceau wrote the Peace Treaty, let him enforce it."

This became the slogan in the Chamber and Senate when a large number of parliamentaries headed by Andre Tardieu, disgusted by the general chaos, began a strong movement to bring "The Tigar" back to the premiership at the first opportunity. M. Clemenceau has recently returned from a hunting trip in India.

DR. W. R. WHITNEY

Who Has Received One of the Highest Honors in Science



In recognition of the many inventions through which he has applied chemistry in the service of mankind, Dr. Willis R. Whitney has received the Perkin medal, one of the highest honors in science.

GERMAN RADICALS CAPTURE HAMBURG

Communists, Launching Reign of Terror, Hoist Red Flag Above Great Shipyards.

Berlin.—The mid-German industrial areas are again in the throes of anarchy in consequence of the Communists' determination to force a widespread general strike in protest against the government's action in massing security police there for the purpose of checking the rioting and plundering which have been going on for the past few days.

The Lignite districts near Mansfield are the chief center of the present disturbances, which not only extend to derailing trains by removing the tracks, but are spreading to serious bomb outrages upon the judiciary buildings in nearby towns and cities, including Leipzig, Dresden, Freiberg and Rodewisch.

Armed bandits, operating under the direction of the notorious "Robin Hood" Hoelz, who a year ago terrorized Vogtland, are carrying out holdups, robbing savings banks and otherwise spreading terror through the community by the destruction of industrial plants and the seizure of arms.

Communist workers seized the city administration buildings in Hamburg, then occupied the Blohm and Voss shipyards and hoisted the red flag, says a dispatch from Hamburg.

Workers in other shipyards quit work and began organizing a mass demonstration, according to the dispatch.

In Leipzig, Dresden, Rodewisch and other cities in Central Germany the Communists directed their efforts against courthouses, city halls, public banks and police headquarters. A bomb exploded in the Leelpzig courthouse and blew off the roof, broke all the windows, wrecked the lobby and shattered the windows of buildings in a radius of two blocks.

The outrages are believed to be connected with the attempt of the Communists to force a general strike.

WORLD NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

BERLIN.—Advices received from the disturbed industrial areas in Middle Germany state that the police have recaptured Eisleben and Hettstedt from the Communists after violent fighting.

LONDON.—The French correspondent of the Daily Telegraph writes: There is reason to believe that within a brief period the French government will approach the Allied governments with a view to taking further active steps against Germany.

NEW YORK.—Strike of deep sea tug boatmen was called off on the Atlantic Coast.

STOCKHOLM.—To reconcile the peasants Lenine has permitted the cooperative organizations to resume activity in the hope that they will get the raw material now hidden by the peasants in circulation and encourage enterprise.

BERLIN.—Communists are still in control of Eisleben and Mansfeld, but quiet has been restored in the Hamburg district.

ST. PAUL.—A resolution petitioning Congress to enact legislation to prohibit or curtail speculation in farm products was unanimously adopted by the Minnesota senate.

PARIS.—Russia would like to resume trade relations with France, but not at the price of recognizing the old Russian debt to France. That is the declaration of M. Vorowsky, head of the Russian trade mission.

BOSTON.—John B. (Larry) McLean, former major league catcher, was shot to death in a South End saloon. His companion, John F. McCarthy, of the Roxbury district, is on the dangerous list at the City Hospital with a bullet in his stomach. John J. Connor, saloon manager, who fired the shots, is held without bail charged with murder.

CARDINAL GIBBONS DIES IN 87TH YEAR

Long Service of Venerated Figure of Catholic Church in America Ended.

DEATH COMES VERY QUIETLY

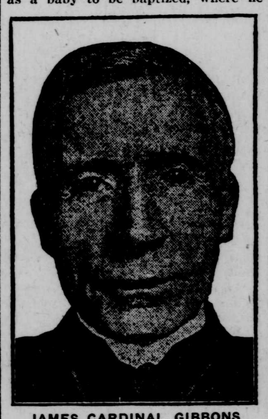
Nation and Church Honored Cardinal. Born in America, He Became Prince of the Church in This Country in 1886.

Baltimore.—James Cardinal Gibbons, archbishop of Baltimore and senior prelate of the Catholic Church in the United States, died at Baltimore, passing so quietly that even his nurse, a Bon Secours nun, could not be sure it was the end. She had seen the change that betokened it, but it was slight, almost imperceptible, and five minutes passed while she leaned above the slight, still form, watching.

Then from the house where he had lived and worked in the shadow of the Cathedral of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary went forth the news that he had died.

His grave will be a niche in the crypt under the high altar of the cathedral. A slab of marble carved with an inscription in Latin in the north wall of the crypt will mark his resting place.

Above that vault, behind whose south wall lie the six archbishops of Maryland who preceded him, is the sanctuary of the cathedral, to which Cardinal Gibbons' parents brought him as a baby to be baptized, where he



JAMES CARDINAL GIBBONS

was consecrated a bishop, where he was later consecrated an archbishop and where on June 30, 1886, he was invested with the robes of the cardinalate.

There, too, stands the throne of the cardinal, and above the throne will hang the cardinal's hat, symbol of princedom in the Catholic hierarchy. There it will hang as long as the cathedral stands.

James Gibbons was ordained priest in the Roman Catholic Church on June 30, 1861, after having taken a theological course at St. Charles College in Maryland and graduating "with distinction" from St. Mary's College, Baltimore. He was consecrated bishop in August, 1868, and became archbishop of Baltimore, then the highest ecclesiastical dignitary in the United States, in 1877, on the death of Archbishop Bayley, to whom he had been coadjutor for a few months. He was created cardinal in 1886 in papal recognition of his services to the church.

An American by birth—he was born in Baltimore, July 23, 1834—Young Gibbons was of Irish ancestry and it was to Ireland that he was taken by his father for his early education. In 1853 he returned to America and worked as a clerk in New Orleans and Baltimore until, deciding to devote his life to the ministry, he entered college to study theology.

After his ordination he was appointed assistant priest at St. Patrick's Church in Baltimore and later was transferred to St. Bridget's Church in Canton, O. He showed marked ability, and Archbishop Spaulding called him from parish work to become his private secretary and later chancellor of the diocese.

Two years later, in 1866, Father Gibbons was consecrated bishop of Adramyttum, "in patibus infidelium" and first vicar apostolic of North Carolina, where at that time there were only two or three churches and as few priests. The entire Catholic population of the state did not number 1,000.

Traveling by day and night Bishop Gibbons visited the widely scattered Catholic sections, making the acquaintance of all the adults of his faith in the state. In four years he built six churches, opened and taught a school and established the Benedictine Order in North Carolina.

DELAY FURTHER PENALTIES

Lloyd George Opposes Action Against Germans Before May 1.

Paris.—With the British attitude more than ever opposed to French demands for instant action, it became practically certain that the Allies will not undertake any further sanctions against Germany before May 1. It is declared that Premier Lloyd George believes it would be a violation of the Peace Treaty to act before that date and that he will insist upon strict adherence to provisions of the treaty.

LIEUTENANT KITTREDGE

Commissioner in Charge of Polish Red Cross



Tracy Barrett Kittredge, who spent two years with the Hoover relief administration in Europe, now in charge of the Polish Red Cross organization as commissioner for the League of Red Cross Societies.

28 MORE KILLED IN NEW IRISH OUTBREAK

Executions Followed by Fighting in Which 63 Have Been Killed; 67 Wounded in 5 Days.

London.—In five days the casualties reported in Ireland, comprising Crown forces, Sinn Feiners and civilians, total 63 killed and 67 wounded.

In the ambush of a party of the Ninth Lancers at Scramoge, County Roscommon, the Crown forces lost five killed and five wounded, while the Sinn Feiners lost one killed.

In a fight between a police guard of 11 men and 200 rebels near Dingle, County Kerry, four police were wounded and eight Sinn Feiners killed.

One constable was wounded and six Republicans killed during an attack on a patrol of five constables by 50 Republicans at Ballyporeen, County Tipperary.

One policeman was killed and three wounded in an ambush near Carrowkennedy, County Mayo, and one Sinn Feiner was killed near Rossles, County Fermanagh.

A woman was shot dead and a boy wounded in Belfast during a shooting affray which attended the funeral of a loyalist.

Captain Peck, killed at Stramoge, was Sir Wilfred Peck, nephew of the Earl of Midleton.

Hard Fighting at Ambushes

Dublin.—Protracted fights resulted from ambushes of police in Dingle, County Kerry, and at Ballyporeen, County Tipperary. In the former skirmish which lasted three hours, four of the police were wounded, though not seriously, while the losses of the Republicans officially are placed at approximately eight killed and twenty wounded.

LATEST EVENTS AT WASHINGTON

A muzzle for professional pessimists who delight in keeping both business and labor "scarced into fits," is the country's greatest need at the present stage of war convalescence, D. R. Crissinger, controller of the currency, said.

Removal of all barriers to the resumption of trade with Russia was advocated by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, a member of the senate foreign relations committee.

Department of Agriculture estimated cattle in the United States total 66,191,000 head, of which 23,431,000 are in dairy herds.

Eugene V. Debs spent two hours in conference with attorney general.

Diplomatic machinery is in motion to enlist the aid of Great Britain in the effort being made by the American government to get Grover C. Bergdoll, Philadelphia slacker, out of Germany.

Heads of all American diplomatic missions have been notied by the State Department that they must get rid of all non-American attaches by July 1. The full Americanization of embassies and legations was provided for in the last diplomatic appropriation measure.

Further evidence that the Harding administration regards the war as of the historic past was afforded when the superintendent of the State, War and Navy building removed from the main entrance the sign "No Visitors Allowed" and substituted one naming the hours when the doors are open to the public.

President Harding and his cabinet will decide the question of renewing trade relations with Russia only after careful consideration has been given to every side of the problem, including its bearing on domestic affairs of this country.

Weak, Nervous, Following Influenza



Montrose, W. Va.—"Last spring after having the flu I was very weak and nervous. I got one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and two bottles of Favorite Prescription and they helped me so much. I am 67 years old and did lots of work last summer and am doing my housework and washing this winter for four in family."—MRS. L. R. WILMOTH, R. F.D. 2.

Dr. Pierce's medicines have been sold by druggists for the past 50 years. Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package of any of his medicines.



Vaseline
Reg U S. Pat Off
Carbolated
An antiseptic dressing for cuts, sores, etc.—A necessity where there are children.
AVOID SUBSTITUTES
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

16799 DIED
in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking
GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES
The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's National Remedy since 1696. All druggists, three sizes.
Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

KEEP HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR



in the house. Don't let colds become influenza, pneumonia or other serious ailments. Use the dependable home remedy that quickly relieves coughing, hoarseness, sore throat, etc.; contains nothing harmful.
30c at all druggists
PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS BRING RELIEF

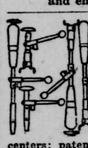
When You Need a Good Tonic
Take BABEK
THE QUICK AND SURE CURE FOR
Malaria, Chills, Fever and Grippe
CONTAINS NO QUININE
All druggists, or by parcel post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D.C.

It's difficult to convince a man that he's a chump—and if you do, what's the use?

A lot of so-called golden silence is only painted.

LUCKY STRIKE
"IT'S TOASTED"
CIGARETTE
No cigarette has the same delicious flavor as Lucky Strike. Because Lucky Strike is the toasted cigarette.
The American Tobacco Co.

CREST
CREST seasonings are what you need for your cooking, baking, preserving, etc., because they are absolutely pure. Send $1.00 for our assortment of 16 sealed boxes of spices, including our complete price list.
CREST PRODUCTS CO.
Ridgefield Park New Jersey
Use CREST seasonings and enjoy more tasty foods.



PATENT SIX IN ONE VALVE GRINDER. Will grind the valves on any automobile also small stationary and tractor engines, etc. We furnish with each grinder directions how to grind valves. This grinder can be assembled six different ways as shown here, which takes but a few seconds. Patent head fits all valve centers; patent operating lever permits the changing of positions while grinding regardless of valve locations. They are made of steel, surface hardened and colored; small assembles 5½ inches long, large ones 13 inches long, weight 1¾ lbs. Price for 30 days $3.00, postpaid. Direct from factory. Order now. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address MOWERS BROS., 344 W. Princess Street, YORK, PENNA.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2929_scm3544-0104.jpg