JOHN T. CARTER, Pres. S. E. HIGNUTT, Cashier

OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

We wish to call your attention to the fact that this bank maintains a first class Savings Department. We receive on savings accounts any amount from one dollar up. On each account we compound the interest semi-annually, adding the interest to the account without any trouble on the part of the depositor. Additions may be made at any time, and under normal conditions deposits may be withdrawn in whole or in part at any time. On these savings accounts we pay 4 per cent interest. We recommend this kind of account to persons who have money for which they have no immediate use and which they want kept in a safe place until needed. The compounding of interest is automatic. This money is not idle, but is constantly making more money for you, accumulating for the rainy day or the day of need when other sources fail. We would be pleased to have you call and open a savings account with us.

Farmers & Merchants State Bank

DENTON - - - - - - MARYLAND

REMOVED!

Having to vacate the Garage on Second Street, I will continue business at my residence, Second and Franklin streets, where I am prepared to serve my customers.

I can offer you some very interesting prices on

TIRES, TUBES, SECOND HAND CARS AND TRUCKS

BULLOCK'S GARAGE

DENTON AUTO CO.

Authorized Ford Dealers

NOTICE TO FORD OWNERS

When your car needs repairs come to our service tion where we have recently installed several dred dollars worth of special Ford tools and e you are assured of getting genuine Ford parts. We have two FORDSON PLOWING OUTFITS ire. See us for terms.

ST-CLASS SQUARE BERRY CUPS BERRY CRATES

-ys :: Boxes :: Baskets

ufactured and are on Sale at Reasonable Prices at Works

LL Lumber—Rough and Dressed; Shingles, Windows, Doors, Blinds, Lime, Hair, at, Coal, Hay, and all kinds of

BOX SHOOKS

UGHES LUMBER AND COAL CO. Maryland

QUALITY SERVICE

WORK AT THE AMERICAN UNION

- - - - - MARYLAND

BALTIMORE'S MOST UNIQUE FACTORY

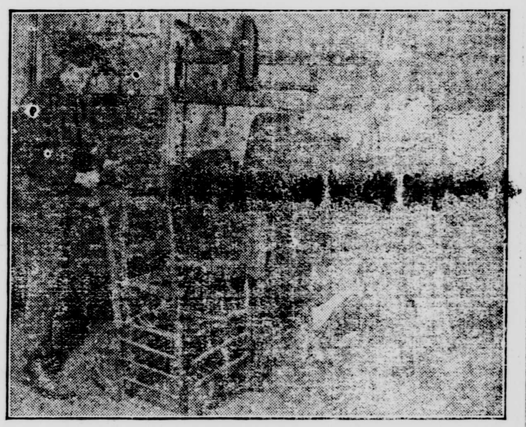


Baltimore has a unique factory in its midst—a throbbing beehive of activity and production. It is unlike any of the other jobs and production plants of the city because its first purpose is to remake men.

In doing this it is a powerful factor in the building of citizenship and good government and in the combatting of Bolshevism and anarchy.

This man factory is to be found in the Industrial Home of the Salvation Army at Sharp and Montgomery streets, where derelicts of every description and from every cause, whether from drugs, drink, crime, misfortune or prison stigma, find refuge and once again eat a square meal and occupy a real bed. Pitiful, helpless, friendless, homeless, jobless and penniless, are the bits of wretched manhood that make up the procession that enters here.

They leave it after a time, remade, regenerated, rejuvenated, ready to face the world again, to once more hold down a steady job, to pay their debts, take up their duties and discharge their obligations. In short, they again



take their places in the world as good citizens and producers—taxpayers, instead of tax consumers. How is this done? What is the solution of such transformation? By the love of God and the brotherly kindness of the Salvation Army, that has learned through half a century's experience how to handle and to help men to help themselves.

Frequently the men who apply for a meal and bed are too weak and exhausted by dissipation, illness, lack of proper food, etc., to do any more than sort or bail papers and when that is through they are assigned just the barest amount of work to earn the first meal. This calls for the sorting of twenty-five pounds of paper means a meal and a bed.

It is always the policy to ascertain the trade or vocation with which the man is familiar and then to put him at that type of work. In order to furnish such a wide range of activities as represented in the constant strain of down and outers, that apply for help here. The Salvation Army long since solved the problem by putting the human wastage to work on the vast assortment of wastage of clothing, furniture and general odds and ends which the public pours forth from attics and store rooms as being no further use. This material is collected by the Salvation Army wagons, usually driven by men seeking to "come back" by this route. It is cleaned, sorted, repaired, also by men as part of their remaking and when the conglomeration of repaired furniture, garments, shoes, etc., are in good shape, and they are sold to people, glad of the chance to outfit families or housekeeping quarters from a source that meet the limitations of the most meager purse. Though the purchase of such a garment or bit of furniture is made for a few cents carries with it its measure of self-respect. Thus in the shops of the Salvation Army Industrial Home all sorts and conditions of trades find their exponents.

The shop at Sharp and Montgomery streets, while providing work and shelter for the men nobody wants, has contributed in a valuable capacity to the solution of the paper shortage which has been nation wide. Here they have collected, sorted, bailed and returned to the paper mills for remanufacture in the past year 461 tons of waste paper that would otherwise have been lost.

They have provided meals for 17,620 men, beds for 5,873 men who would otherwise have been shelterless or else found their way back to jail through vagrancy; 448 garments and 68 pairs of shoes (all of these repaired in this shop) have been given to the desperately needy and 473 men have been helped through these means toward rehabilitation.

While the Salvation Army looks after the body of a man first it does so with a view to reaching his soul. In this home last year, there were 122 evangelistic meetings held with an attendance of 2,240 and eleven conversions are proudly reported. Despite the best efforts of the Army, it never can accommodate all that appear for help because of lack of room, beds and funds with which to operate, and while it spares no effort to fan to life the most dormant spark of manhood and ambition, it must of necessity be financed in order to finance these men through their feeble efforts to gain control of themselves and to be producers. The Salvation Army therefore, welcomes the opportunity to collect all of the salvage of every description that comes within its reach.

18,000 ORPHANS SAVED WHEN SHIP BRINGS IN FOOD

Cablegrams to Near East Relief Disclose Critical Situation Among Starving Armenians.

An epic of American heroism and devotion in saving the lives of 18,000 children at the last moment before all food supplies were exhausted is revealed in a file of cablegrams from Transcaucasia made public by the Near East Relief, the American organization which in the past four years has been the means of saving more than a million lives in the old Ottoman empire.

When the steamer "Quequen," sent from Constantinople by Near East Relief, arrived in the deserted harbor of Batum on April 22, just ten bags of flour remained in that city, while in Alexandropol, Armenia, eighteen thousand orphans and seven American relief workers were on their last day of half-rations, when the first trainload of American flour arrived.

The first news of the desperate situation of the American relief workers and their orphan charges reached the Near East Relief on April 21 in a cable dated April 15, which was the first direct message received from the Americans cut off in the heart of Armenia since mid-February. The dispatch said: "Near East Relief food supplies exhausted. Situation, especially in Armenia, very critical. Send food supplies to Batum immediately," and stated that the new governments of the Transcaucasian States had furnished "satisfactory guarantees making relief operations easier than formerly."

Near East Relief chartered a special steamer, loaded her with flour, rice, beans and milk, and sent her to Batum, in charge of two Americans, Melville Chater, and Charles T. White, of New York City. But before this first shipment reached Batum a new cable from E. A. Yarrow, representing the Near East Relief in Transcaucasia, reported that seventy-five hundred children in American orphanages in [illegible] had been sent to Alexandropol, making a total of eighteen thousand children at the latter point, probably the largest assemblage of orphans ever known.

Arrives Just in Time

"Immediate transport saved eighteen thousand orphans and seven Americans at Alexandropol, where food arrived same day last half-rations exhausted," the cable reporting the arrival of the American supplies states, prosaically.

Get your Epworth League Topic Cards at The American Union.

POSTMASTER GENERAL INAUGURATES REFORMS TO SAVE $15,000,000

Washington, August 1.—Postmaster General Hayes is functioning 100 per cent in his department to redeem the Republican party's pledges that in event it was placed in charge, there would be more business in government. The Postmaster General has just sent detailed instructions to 10,000 postmasters notifying them of the necessity of cutting their expenditures in every possible way consistent with the maitenance of good service. It is the intention of Postmaster Generay Hayes to reduce the operating expenses of the postal department $15,000,000 a year by the plan which has been worked out and approved by him and his advisors. In his statement to the postmasters of the United States, Mr. Hays says:

"Attention is called to the acute financial condition of the country and the urgency of meeting the desire of the President for economy in public expenditures, as far as possible in the postal service."

The Postmaster aims to eliminate extravagance and expensive methods which crept into the postal service during and immediately after the war. To a greater or less extent, the Post-office Department participated in all war work, such as the draft, the Liberty loans, food, fuel, and labor conservation and, in short, all war activities which touched the civilian population. This necessitated a vast increase in clerical force and an increase in operating expenses, quite aside from the payroll. The war is over and yet there has been very little curtailment in the extraordinary expenses or in the auxiliary help or overtime.

Postmaster General Hays orders the elimination at once of overtime and also calls upon the postmasters carefully to revise the working schedules of clerks and carriers. To assist in this, there will be an inspection of the routes of every carrier and collector and very possibly a readjustment of routes. In addition a campaign will be at once inaugurated to educate the public to the necessity of intelligent and whole-hearted cooperation with the postal department. This co-operation will consist of early mailing by every one, equipment of every resilence and place of business with mail receptacles and on the part of large users of the mail, use of pre-cancelled stamps, facing of mail, etc. The Postmaster General believes these reforms can be inaugurated and overhead expenses thereby reduced without impairing the quality of the postal service.

SAYS TEACHERS' WAGES DISGRACE THE NATION

Boston, July 30.—Low wages for teachers were characterized "as the greatest disgrace which America bears and the deepest insult offered to any child anywhere" by John J. Tigert, United States Commissioner of Education, in addressing the New England National Guidance Association at Harvard University.

He added that "unless the American people are willing to work out some kind of scheme to secure sufficient revenue to pay our men and women teachers at least as much as they do delivery boys, laborers or scavengers, none need be surprised if the temple of freedom is destroyed by a babel of ignorance."

He said the average adult American was possessed only of a sixth-grade education.

FIRE AT MILFORD, DEL.

Blaze Destroys Five Buildings and Threatens Business Section

Milford, July 28.—Fire companies and apparatus from Harrington, Georgetown, Milton, Lewes, Dover, Ellendale and Smyrna aided the local firemen today in battling the worst fire that this town had experienced in many years and which at one time threatened to destroy all business places. The loss, which is estimated at $160,000, was confined to one block, although blazing embers were carried by a strong wind for a quarter of a mile and an intercepting grove of trees along the Mispillion creek was the only thing that saved North Milford from being burned.

The buildings destroyed were Milford Storage Battery Co., loss $25,000; Harry Lindale, flour and feed dealer, $10,000; Pierce Hardware Company, $10,000; Grange Hall Company, $4,000 William V. Sipple, marble yard and office, $2,000.

W. E. SHANNAHAN

Easton—July 29.—William E. Shannahan, well-known banker and business man of Easton and father of E. McNeal Shannahan of the Nash Motor Car Company, Baltimore, died yesterday, at his home here from a stroke of paralysis he suffered a week ago. He was 70 years old.

Mr. Shannahan was president of the Shannahan & Wrightson Hardware Company, secretary and treasurer of the Easton Ice Manufacturing Co.; director of the Easton Furniture Mfg. Co. and a member and official of the Ebenezer Methodist Episcopal Church.

Besides his son, Mr. Shannahan left a widow, who, before her marriage, was Miss Louise McNeal, daughter of the late James McNeal, and another son, William B. Shannahan, who was associated with his father in the hardware business. The funeral was held Saturday morning and all banks and business houses of Easton were closed as a tribute to Mr. Shannahan.

JOSEPH F. SMITH

Mr. Joseph F. Smith died July 22d at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Kent, Federalsburg, at the advanced age of 83 years, 4 months, and 1 day.

Mr. Smith moved to Maryland from Pennsylvania about 43 years ago and resided on his farm near Nichols until about 15 years ago when he moved to town. He was a veteran of the Civil War.

The following children survive: Ira, of Seaford, Del., Mrs. John Kent, Mrs. Asbury Bunker and Mrs. E. R. Cohee of near Federalsburg, and Mrs. Chas. Krayer, of Newark, N. J.

Funeral services were held in Nichols M. E. Church Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Interment in Federalsburg Cemetery.

The One He Loved Best

An Atlanta husband, having offended, came home the evening of the qurrel with a parcel under his arm.

"Darling," he said to his wife, "look here. I've got something here for the person I love best in all the world."

She came forward with a shrug.

"Humph. What is it?" she asked. "A box of cigars?"—Thermoid News.

3 CHILDREN KILLED BY FALLING SAND BANK

Were Playing Under Bank When it Caved In—One Hurt

Easton, Aug. 1.—Three children were killed instantly and one other so badly hurt that she will probably die when a sand bank under which they were playing yesterday caved in here. The dead are: Annabel Cullison, 8 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Cullison; Susie Covey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Covey, and Ernest Covey, 12 years old, her brother. The injured girl is Lena Covey another sister.

The sandpit is located in the north end of Easton, between Aurora and Washington streets. The children were digging beneath the bank and weakened it, causing about 10 tons of earth to fall on them. It is believed the three children were killed outright. When their bodies were recovered it was seen that the girl's skull was fractured, as was that of the Covey boy. His sister's neck was broken by the weight.

Lena Covey's life was saved only by the fact that her head remained outside the sand. She suffered a broken hip, however, and probable internal injuries. At Emergency Hospital, where she was taken, it was declared her chances for life are slim.

ORPHANS' COURT

At the regular term of Orphans Court held Tuesday, Judges West, Harper and Shawn were present and the following matters were attended to:

In the absence of the court, after renunciation had been filed, on application, letters of administration on the personal estate of Annie E. Quimby, deceased, were granted to Charles L. Jarrell, bond filed and approved, notice to creditors ordered, and Robert Jarrell, Jr., and J. Frank Lane were named as appraisers.

Frank L. Wright, administrator of Twiford N. Wright, deceased, filed an interest account and his first and final account of administration and distribution.

Frank L. Wright, administrator of Twiford N. Wright, deceased, filed releases from Ella K. Calloway, Fred Noble Wright and Frank L. Wright, distributees.

William E. Scott, administrator of Walter Scott, deceased, filed a release from William E. Scott, distributee.

Mary Melvin, administratrix of Howard Melvin, deceased, filed an inventory and appraisement of the personal property, and an order to sell was granted.

In the matter of the estate of Anne Baynard, deceased, Calvert C. Merriken, trustee for the sale of the real estate filed his first and final account of trusteeship and audit, which was approved by the court.

Charles L. Jarrell, administrator of Annie E. Quimby, deceased, filed an inventory and appraisement of the personal property which was approved by the court.

Edward E. Nuttle, administrator of George H. Smith, deceased, filed an account of sales of the personal property, which was approved by the court.

The last will and testament of Joseph F. Smith, deceased, filed in this court by Josiah Smith, the custodian after having been duly proven was admitted to probate, and Josiah K. Smith, the executor named in the will qualified by filing an approved bond. Notice to creditors ordered and Edward E. Nuttle and Jerome J. Frampton were named as appraisers.

GAITLEY—LYNCH

A quiet but pretty wedding took place Thursday morning, July 28th at 6 o'clock at St. Benedict's Catholic Church, Ridgely, when Miss Rose Lynch became the bride of Mr. Thos. Gaitley. The marriage ceremony followed by nuptial mass, was performed by the Rev. Dr. Joseph A. Lee. The bride wore a dark blue tricotine suit with hat and gloves to match. Mrs. Calvin Lynch was matron of honor and wore dark blue georgette. Mr. Calvin Lynch, brother of the bride, was best man. Miss Florence Kline played the wedding march and Miss Rebecca Swing and Ella Pearsaul sang "O Promise Me" and "I Love You Truly." Only a few friends and relatives were present. After the ceremony they returned to the home of the bride's brother where a breakfast was served to the young people, and a few relatives and friends. Mr. and Mrs. Gaitley left for a trip north where they will visit many places of interest. On their return they will reside in Ridgely.

NEGRO IS SHOT FROM AMBUSH AFTER FIGHT NEAR PRESTON

As the aftermath of some fisticuffs July 16 between Winfield Coleman and Albert C. Jones, negroes, in which the former was reported to be worsted, Coleman is alleged to have concealed himself in a cornfield bordering the road between Jones' home and Preston, and when Jones passed fired on him with a shotgun at a distance of 30 feet. The charge took effect in Jones' leg and hip.

Jones was rushed by auto to Hurlock for treatment. Coleman has not been apprehended.

Papa Didn't Do It

"Oh, Reginald, have you spoken to papa yet?" asked the excited, sweet young thing.

No. dear," was the reply of Reginald; "those cuts on my face I got at the barbershop." — Yonkers Statesman.

WILLIAM J. RICKARDS, Solciitor

Notice of

First Meeting of Creditors

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maryland
In the matter of Calvin F. Haltaman
BANKRUPT

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of July, 1921, the said Calvin F. Haltaman, of near Ridgely, Caroline County, Maryland, was duly adjudged bankrupt, and the First Meeting of his creditors will be held at the law office of William J. Rickards in Denton, Maryland, on the 17th day of August, 1921, at 11 o'clock a. m., at which time the creditors of said bankrupt may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee or trustees, examine said bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SIDNEY P. TOWNSEND, Referee,
Chestertown, Md.

N. B.—Creditors should at once prove their claims before a Notary Public and file same with the Referee or have them ready to file at the first meeting of creditors.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

HARRY J. THOMAS
vs.
BLANCHE M. THOMAS

In the Circuit Court for Caroline County
In Equity

To the Honorable, the Judges of Said Court:

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for a divorce a vinoulo matrimonii by Harry J. Thomas from Blanche M. Thomas.

The Bill of Complaint states that on the fifteenth day of August, Nineteen hundred and twelve, the said Harry J. Thomas and Blanche M. Thomas were married and resided in Caroline County, State of Maryland, at intervals until on or about the day of September, nineteen hundred and seventeen.

That, though the conduct of the said Harry J. Thomas toward the said Blanche M. Thomas has always been kind, affectionate and above reproach, that said Blanche M. Thomas has without just cause or reason, abandoned and deserted him and that such abandonment has continued uninterruptedly for at least three years and is deliberate and final and the separation of the parties is beyond any reason expection of reconciliation.

That the said Harry J. Thomas and Blanche M. Thomas, have no children.

That the said Blanche M. Thomas is a non resident of the State of Maryland, and that the plaintiff Harry J. Thomas is a resident of Caroline County in equity that the plaintiff by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Caroline County once in each of four successive weeks before the 20th day of August, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, giving notice to said absent defendant of the object and substance of this Bill warning her to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor on or before the 7th day of September next to show cause, if any she has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

LAWRENCE B. TOWERS, Clerk.

True Copy, Test: 28-4t
LAWRENCE B. TOWERS, Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

This is to give notice that the subscriber of Caroline County, has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Caroline County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of

VASHTI S. GAREY

late of Caroline County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are warned to exhibit the same to the subscriber, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, on or bfeore the 8th day of February, 1922, or they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 19th day of July, 1921.

H. EARLE SMITH, Admr.
Vashti S. Garey, deceased. 21-3t



What Optical Science is doing to develop better vision

Just two pieces of glass! And yet those lenses which correct so effectually the defects of vision are possible only because of the highly-trained skill of the optical specialist, aided by scientific instruments of perfect precision.

The conditions of modern life constantly increase the number of people whose efficiency or health is lowered by some impairment of eyesight—for which the remedy is glasses prescribed and fitted after a thorough examination.

To this examination the optical specialist brings knowledge and training of the highest order. He also utilizes the latest equipment and apparatus which have been perfected for precise scientific work. Science has stepped in and brought its aid to personal skill.

Most people do not know when eyesight trouble really begins; usually it starts so gradually that for a long while it may not even be noticeable.

Imperfect vision, if not rectified, grows worse with the years. The surest way of preserving your eyesight at maximum efficiency throughout life is to go to an optical specialist for an examination once a year.

DR. C. A. WHISLER

Osteopathic Physician—Optometrist
Third Street Denton, Md.
Hours by Appointment

DR. W. A. SMITH

DENTIST

DENTON, MARYLAND

Open Daily from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Appointments by mail or telephone
Telephone No. 32

Teetering On The Brink

After a sermon by an old colored preacher one of the brethern said to him: "Br'er Jenkins, how fur off, you reckon, hell is?"

"How old is you, Br'er Thomas?" asked the preacher.

"Well, suh, ef I don't miss my kalkerlations I is sixty-fo'."

"Well," said the preacher, "we'en you wuz born inter dis worl', hell wuz jes' sixty-fo' years off, an' all I got ter say is, ef you ain't in sight er it now, it ain't yo' fault."—Atlanta Constitution.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2929_scm3544-0244.jpg