FEDERALSBURG

Clubwomen Profit by Extension Serv.

The clubwomen here greatly enjoyed the most interesting exhibit of Miss Bertha Knight, of the State University, coupled with an instructive talk by her at their meeting last week.

Miss Knight showed a varied display of articles for household decoration and use created at nominal cost from ordinary articles into things of real artistic value and beauty by needle, thread and a bit of patchwork, or by brush and paint and a sense of color. Many very practical as well as beautiful plans were presented, Miss Knight being skilled in all phases of needle-art, and especially versed in labor-saving tricks in sewing. Her "Short Cuts in Sewing" is invaluable to every housewife or seamstress.

Miss Knight was accompanied by Miss Emily Kellogg, County Home Demonstrator, who gave some lessons in basket-weaving and other arts to some of the clubwomen who are planning a bazaar to be held December 8.

Building of Bank Resumed

After a month's delay in getting materials due to the freight embargo on the central lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad, orders for hollow tile, etc. for building the First National Bank were countermanded and ordered elsewhere. This has occasioned extreme delay, but materials are now at hand. The steel girders have been erected and the vault constructed. The work is expected to advance rapidly now.

Workers Attend Missionary Meeting

Misses Elena Davis and M. Addie Davis left Tuesday for Baltimore to attend the General Executive Meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society in session there in Mount Vernon Methodist Episcopal Church. This meeting, which commands world-wide attendance, will have more than a hundred missionaries present, and five bishops who will address the body at various times. It is calculated to lend great enthusiasm as well as untold instruction to all interested in mission work in foreign lands.

Nabb's School Consolidates with Fed.

A conveyance of unusual appearance is the "school wagon" which daily passes through here laden with rural school children from the neighborhood of Nabb's schoolhouse (now closed) en route to the town school. About seven youngsters of varying age and size are the occupans of this new coach, of which J. B. Sullivan is coachman and apparently enjoy the novelty of this getting to school. The wagon furnished by the county may be closed in weatherproof fashion or thrown open on pleasant days.

Building Still Booming

Many buildings, mostly residences, have been erected this past summer and fall, the building continuing yet with all carpenter forces in demand. Some of the residences erected are: two houses and a bungalow for T. S. Holt, to be occupied by W. T. Watson, Walter Hackett and William Klieber, respectively; a large residence for Mr. John Holt, adjoining property of W. T. Wheatley; a bungalow for Jackson Wright on Green Ridge Road; residences for Chilton Poole, Ernest Wright and O. W. Handy on Bank street extended (formerly the late Senator Voslin property); a house for Mrs. Peter Cook and one for Mrs. Minnie Redhead on Maple Avenue, both of those owners will move here from Preston.

Local carpenters have been constantly engaged and are still contracting for buildings to be erected in the spring.

Mr. Fred Hobbs of New York City spent Sunday night in Federalsburg, returning Monday accompanying to their new home in Philadelphia his mother, Mrs. Mary Hobbs, and sister, Miss Clara Hobbs, who have spent several months in Federalsburg, their one-time home.

Miss Lelia Cox on Tuesday accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Patchett and infant daughter to their home in Merchantville, N. J., for a visit. The latter motored here on Friday, to spent the weekend with Mr. Patchett's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Patchett.

Mr. Herman Cade and sister, Miss for Philadelphia where they expect to by Mrs. Paul Roe of Denton, visited their sister, Mrs. F. L. Williams here Saturday prior to leaving on Monday for Philadelphia, wheer they expect to investigate certain business interests with a view to establishing a floral business somewhere in the west.

Mrs. Olivia T. Davis left Monday to visit her cousin, Mrs. J. Olan Clark at "The Lindens," near Ridgely.

Miss Dora Noble left Wednesday of this week for Ithaca, N. Y., where she expects to spend the greater part of the winter at the home of her cousin, Mr. Clarence V. Noble, an instructor in Cornell University. Miss Noble will visit relatives in Philadelphia before returning here in the spring.

Miss Alma Deen, a student at the Maryland State Normal School, spent the past week end here with her mother, Mrs. Laura Deen.

Miss Rowena Jefferson, who is in training at the Cambridge Hospital, visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Jefferson, last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Clark are spending some time at Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Mr. William Woodington of Southampton, R. I., has been visiting his sister, Mr. P. C. Cantner.

Mr. Roger Christopher of Hurlock is visiting his cousin, Mr. Lee Wheatley.

Miss Clara Noble is spending some time at the home of her mother, Mrs. George Noble, near town. Miss Noble recently returned from Haines' Falls, N. Y., where she spent most of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Brown last week motored to their home, Newark, Del., after visiting their daughter, Mrs. C. H. Smith, several days.

Mr. Leon Bradley, who has been in Milwaukee, Wis., for some time, is now visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bradley.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Breeding entertained on Sunday Mr. and Mrs. W. Ford Breeding and little daughter, Jane, of Seaford, and the recently married Mr. and Mrs. T. Mark Breeding, of Denton.

Rev. Dorsey Blake, a former minister of Christ M. P. Church here, visited friends in town here on Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Wright is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ethel Allen, and Miss Eva Wright at Wilmington.

Mr. Ivan H. Stack returned Sunday to his home, Warren, Pa., after spending a week here with his father, Mr. E. M. Stack. The latter, tho somewhat improved, is still seriously ill.

The parsonage of the Union M. E. Church presents a very striking improvement over its appearance a monthago, when it was quite low upon the ground. Now it has been elevated some feet, with a concrete block underpinning while the front porch extended around the south side of the house adds greatly to the looks and comfort of the home. The porch is further enhanced by the dignified Doric columns and a railing while substantial concrete steps approach both front and rear entrances

LIFE IN CHINA INTERESTING TO AMERICANS

(Continued from Page 1)

and $500 yearly for the support of it. There are 2,000 women and children in the factory. Many of the older girls attend the night school and they were so pleased to show us what they were doing when we went through the building. It certainly is a well lighted and well ventilated place.

If you could only see the rooms stored with great bags of silk cocoons you would wonder how they ever raised mulberry leaves enough to feed the hungry "animals". The next process is to sort the finest from the poorer cocoons, and then on down the grades. The youngest children stand in front of the machines and put the cocoons in a basin of boiling water. They keep them swirling around until they become saturated and then catch the loosened ends of the silk to the whirling machines and the thread is unwound and comes out into a wonderful shining skein. It is so soft and fine you can only think of the delicacy of a spider web. Others examine the skeins to find knots and then it is twisted in a beautiful roll and packed. Much of it is sent to the silk mills in America and some of it is woven here. The Chinese silks are marvelous. They are so rich in quality and design. They are not so expensive here but when sent to America there is a duty of 60 per cent.

It surprised us to find a new hotel in Wusih with the title,"Washington Hotel". We went over to look at it and found that it was built by returned students from America. It seems to be something of a clubhouse for them. We saw real knives and forks on the table and everything looked like home. There are two large Chinese hotels in the city, built on the American plan with four or five stories and covered with electrict lights. They looked fine. Soochow is a muc hlarger city but is more conservative. It is a very wealthy city but you could never know it from the narrow streets and the high walls that all look the same. We came back last night after dark and the long black walls almost seemed to come together. The electric lights are a great blessing to China.

If there is anything that was ever intended for the orient it is buffalo milk. We use it all the time. It is boiled as soon as it comes and then the cream rises. The cream is perfectly white and can be lifted from the milk with a spoon in one large mass. It makes excellent butter, and can be whipped or used for ice cream Of cours the butter is absolutely white but it is then colored and tastes almost like butter made from the cows milk.

We are eating persimmons that look like tomatoes. They are about five times the size of those at home. We cut off the top and eat the delicious pulp as you would an orange. Also—they do not need to wait for frost and there is no mistake made concerning green ones.

There isn't any American vegetable quite so good as "buzzi." It is a kind of a water chestnut. We eat the large cultivated chestnuts that you have at home, boiled and served with a sauce that makes them taste fine. Eggs are boiled in tea and carried along the streets for sale. The seller of the eggs and fruits always take off the shell or paring if you pay him a copper extra and hands it to you from his nice dirty hand. Most people prefer to pay the extra copper—except the missionaries. We really are very careful and eat only that which is prepared in our own kitchens.

It will probably take me until I reach America again to become accustomed to dashing along in a ricksha on the wrong side of the street. At least it is wrong to all of us Americans. Everyone passes on the left side instead of the right. When I get home I shall be sure to stay on the left side.

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IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

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LESSON FOR OCTOBER 29

MESSIAH'S MINISTRY (WORLD'S TEMPERANCE SUNDAY)

LESSON TEXT—Isa. 61:1-9.

GOLDEN TEXT—Righteousness exalteth a nation; but sin is a reproach to any people.—Prov. 14:34.

REFERENCE MATERIAL—Matt. 7:15-20; Rom. 14:13.

PRIMARY TOPIC—How Four Boys Became Healthy and Happy.—Dan. 1:3-20.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Destroying the World's Enemy.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—The Next Step in the Prohibition Campaign.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Progress of Prohibition Throughout the World.

The lesson committee has gratuitously named this lesson "World-wide Prohibition." Neither the text nor the context, directly or implied, says anything about prohibition as we understand the use of the word. However, when Messiah shall reign upon the earth the rum traffic with all other iniquitous practices will be abolished.

I. Messiah's Commission (v. 1).

He was appointed by the Lord. God's plan for the world is a time of peace and blessing.

II. Messiah's Program (vv. 1, 2).

Messiah's program is twofold: to "proclaim the acceptable year of the Lord, and the day of vengeance of our God." The careful reading of Luke 4:18-21 will show that Jesus suspended reading of this passage at the comma, in Isaiah 61:2. His first coming opened up the day of "grace and the acceptable year of the Lord," and His second coming will usher in "the day of vengeance of our God." (II Thess. 1:7-10; cf. Mal. 3:1-3).

1. Proclaiming the Acceptable Year of the Lord (vv. 1, 2). In His ministry of grace He preached (1) "good tidings to the meek." "Meek" here means not only a grace, but a condition, that is, those in poverty and affliction. (2) "Bind up the brokenhearted." "Bind up" signifies healing. (3) "Liberty to the captives." The figure of deliverance from the Babylonian captivity is used to describe deliverance from sin and death (Heb. 2:15). (4) "Opening of the prison to them that are bound." Messiah's work was to give deliverance to those who were enslaved by the consequences of their sins. (5) "The acceptable year of the Lord." This means a space of time in which God would accept all who repent of their sins and come to Him.

2. Proclaiming the day of vengeance of God (v. 2). While the day of mercy is lengthened out, the time of judgment will surely come. The day of vengeance will break upon the world when the Lord shall be revealed from heaven (II Thess. 1:7-10). The period of mercy is called "year," while the period of vengeance is called "day," showing that the period of mercy is much longer than the period of wrath.

III. The Blessings of Messiah's Kingdom (vv. 3-9).

1. "Comfort all that mourn" (v. 2). The day of vengeance will bring sorrow to many, but they shall be comforted when they shall see the King on the throne.

2. "Give unto them beauty for ashes" (v. 3). This peculiarly applies to Israel.

3. "Oil of Joy for Mourning" (v. 3). Israel has been mourning for centuries. When the Messiah shall reign as King they shall be glad.

4. "Garment of Praise for the Spirit of Heaviness" (v. 3). Instead of wearing the symbol of the burden of sin they shall be clothed so as to indicate their joyfulness.

5. "Called Trees of Righteousness" (v. 3). These trees represent Israel as planted by God and bearing fruit, not as reeds bowed down with sorrow.

6. "They Shall Build the Old Wastes" (v. 4). Israel shall return to their own land and shall rebuild the city of Jerusalem and the cities of Judah which lie waste.

7. "Strangers Shall Stand and Feed Your Flocks" (v. 5). In the time of the kingdom the Gentiles shall render voluntary service unto Israel so that Israel may devote her whole time to the service of God.

8. "Ye Shall Be Named the Priests of the Lord" (v. 6). God chose Israel to be the priestly nation to represent Him to the Gentiles.

9. "For Your Shame Ye Shall Have Double" (v. 7). Instead of the shame and confusion which Israel has experienced for centuries she shall have double honor and rejoicing.

10. "I Will Direct Their Work, and Make a Covenant With Them" (vv. 8, 9). God will vindicate His people and cause the Gentiles to see the divine favor upon them.

False Prophets.

Believe not every spirit but try the spirits if they be of God, because many false prophets are gone out into the world.—John 4:1.

Unjust Things.

He that speaketh unjust things cannot be hid, neither shall the chastising judgment pass him by.—Book of Wisdom, 1:8.

In the Sight of All Men.

Provide things honest in the sight of all men.—Romans 12:17.

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