American Union

J. H. EMERSON, EDITOR.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

Thursday Morning, July 8 1875

Peach Growers in Council.

Another meeting of the peach growers of the Peninsula was held at Middletown, Del., on Saturday last, to consider the marketing of the vast crop which promises so abundant this season. A correspondent of the Baltimore *American*, writing from Wilmington, Del., furnishes us with pretty full and accurate proceedings.

The testimony from all parts of the peach-growing region concur in the representation of unusually loaded trees, well developed fruit and a healthy growth. By the 20th of this month it is expected that the shipments will commence, and the question of distribution is a vital one at present, owing to the short time which is left to work up new routes. Some of the growers, growing weary at what seems to be tardiness of the association in completing its arrangements, have taken the matter into their own hands, and have visited several inland cities and made arrangement to send thither a number of car loads daily. These are the men who will make the money out of the crop if any is made.

The meeting was more largely attended than usual. Charles Beasten, of Odessa, presided, and J. Thomas Budd acted as Secretary. Hon. B. T. Biggs, from the committee to secure a reduction in cartage rates and to transact other business, reported that A J. Cassatt, General Freight Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Philadelphia, had promised that trains which arrived at West Philadelphia at 6:10 P. M. for Pittsburg, should be forwarded to their destination by 7:10 the next A. M. The committee had also visited Mr. Bell, agent of the Philadelphia and Reading Rail road, who was unable to offer rates before a conference was held with the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore officials. In New York the committee were met by a committee from the Truckers Association and several commission men, and by the former it was stated that they had been instructed to make a reduction of two cents on crates, but nothing on baskets, offering in excuse therefor the exactions of the commission merchants. The association has a membership of one thousand, and the decision above stated was arrived at by a unanimous vote.

Some discussion here ensued between Samuel Townsend, who thought the peach growers should assume an attitude of demand rather than of solicitation, and Mr. Biggs, who, of course, differed with him relative to the action to be taken, when Mr. Townsend offered a resolution defining what course should be pursued, but it was referred to a committee of five.

A letter was read from T. R. Sharp, Master of Transportation of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, offering to carry peaches to Pittsburg, and promising to get them there within thirteen hours after the delivery of the cars at Baltimore. He would also deliver at Cincinnati, Sandusky and Columbus within twenty-four hours of such delivery, and St. Louis and Chicago within thirty-three hours.

Thomas H. Stanford, foreign freight agent of the same road, was also present to ascertain the desires of the growers, and gave as the rates of his road seventy-five cents per cwt. for a car load or less, he promising every facility for the proper shipment of the fruit.

Mr. Stamford was requested to prepare a schedule of rates to all cities on the line of his road with a population of not less than fifteen thousand, and to report at the next meeting.

The committee to which had been referred Mr. Townsend's resolution reported the following substitute, which was adopted:

Whereas, Various committees from the peach-growers of this Peninsula have from time to time been sent to New York and have failed to accomplish but little for the benefit of the growers; therefore,

Resolved, That the peach-growers think that three cents per basket for cartage is a full compensation for the labor performed, and those who ship in crates are benefited by a reduction in fixing the price at six cents per crate instead of eight, as heretofore charged. We, the peach-growers of this Peninsula, are of the opinion that the surest and most practicable way to remedy the grievances that the Peninsula peach business is groaning under would be to arrange with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to set apart a place at Jersey City to build sheds and arrange to transfer the entire peach market to that place for next year, as that is the terminus of the line, thereby relieving the peach-growers of all expense for cartage hereafter.

Hon. B. B. Biggs offered the following resolution of censure, which was also adopted:

Resolved, That the commission men of New York city who were invited by resolution and private letters to meet the committee sent by this Association to New York to confer with them and the carters, in failing to meet with said committee were, to say the least, disrespectful; but the Association exempt from censure Messrs. Duryea, Idell, Hallack and Waddy.

Another meeting of the Association will be held at Middletown next Saturday.

The Beecher Jury.

The Beecher jury was pretty generally represented by the different denominations—the no church members being in a majority. We give below their names, church and no church members, their different avocations and how they voted up to the last ballot.

FOR BEECHER.

Carpenter	Presbyterian	Broker.
Case	No Church	Druggist.
Thyer	Episcopalian	Iron moulder.
Hull	Baptist	Builder.
McMurn	Presbyterian	Grocer.
Halstead	Methodist	Broker.
Whelan	Catholic	Builder.
Taylor	Methodist	Cork maker.
Fitter	Lutheran	Willow ware

FOR TILTON.

Jeffrey	Episcopalian	Broker.
Flate	No Church	Roofer.
Davis	No Church	Real estate.

End of the Beecher Trial.

The jury in the Beecher-Tilton scandal suit came into Court on Saturday last, and being unable to agree upon a verdict, were discharged. The jury stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction. The disagreement was in reference to the weight of the testimony and the credibility of the witnesses, and upon this point Judge Nelson was unable to render them any assistance. Thus, after six months of litigation, has ended one of the most extraordinary trials that has ever claimed the attention of any legal tribunal. This is the virtual ending of the case, it being stated that neither party are disposed to continue the suit.—Tilton, Moulton and even the counsel for Tilton, have won for themselves no laurels in the prosecution of the defendant, as the developments in the Loader and Price conspiracy at the conclusion of the trial, has tended to prove to all unprejudiced minds the true animus of the prosecution. Other developments, hereafter to occur, will no doubt, reveal all the facts, and prove this to have been the most stupendous effort to crush one of the most prominent divines of the present age.

The Cucata Earthquake.

LATER DETAILS OF THE HORRORS OF THE CATASTROPHE—THE ALARM AND DEVASTATION.

The mail advices from different places in Columbia, South America, more than confirms the horrors by earthquake in May. A letter from Salaza, May 28, says: "Cucuta is a pitiful sight; everything is in ruins; not a house remains standing; thieves and robbers from the surrounding country have swept down on the ill-fated city and hardly a single safe has been saved from the custom house. Four hundred mules were killed in the streets, and as there is no one to remove them the stench is becoming frightful. The villages of San Cristobal, Tarina, Guasimo, Capache, San Antonio, Labatera, San Juan, De Urena, Rosario and San Cayetano are completely destroyed. The storehouse at Puerto De Los Cachos was sacked and burned by bandits."

A letter from Ocana, May 30, says ten thousand people were killed at Cucata, in addition to other thousands who were seriously wounded and bruised. Death and desolation reign everywhere. Great numbers of haciendas were destroyed and hundreds of houses in the country overthrown, leaving the people homeless and consigned to poverty. Many of the trees were torn up from the roots, and small hills were loosened like a melon.

The cause of the great catastrophe is, of course, unknown, and the precise place of first manifestation. Some suppose that the volcano of Sebastera, which was in action in 1848, is again breaking out, while others say that a new volcano has appeared in the hills of Giracha.

A private letter from Bucaramanga of May 24 says: "In Piedicuesta the town hall is destroyed, and in Pamplona the cathedral is in ruins."

A telegram from Hon. Aquileo Parra to President Perez, dated Bucaramanga, May 24, says: "The earthquakes continue. Last night the cathedral in Pamplona fell, causing great alarm. There is great devastation throughout the valley of Cucata."

A dispatch to President Perez from Cheracoti May 24, says: "The population of San Jose, Rosario and San Cayetaro have disappeared. The rest of the department is in ruins. More than four thousand victims."

A dispatch from Socorro dated May 24, says: "The situation is assuming a grave aspect and sickness and starvation in Pamplona are increasing."

A telegram from Chiquinquira of May 22, says: "The shocks are repeating—two last night—one to-day. Great alarm among the people."

Appeals for help were being circulated through all the cities of Columbia, and the most liberal responses were being made.

No Fear of Death in the Dying.

A striking fact in connection with the dying is that they are not afraid of death. You notice this even in executions. The majority of men who are hanged are reported to die "game." Death following disease or injury is, with the rarest exceptions, not accompanied with fear. Disease dulls the intelligence so that the situation may not be fully comprehended; or there may be pain, and death is looked upon as a relief. Nature, by a kindly provision, seems to prepare for the flight of the spirit; as the hold of life grows weaker, so does the desire for life grow less; and in scarcely a single instance within my own experience, or within that of my professional brethren, with whom I have conversed upon this point, has not the dying man relinquished life at the last without seeming reluctance or fear.

The several physical phenomena which accompany the act of dying, vary considerably in the earlier stages with the causes which produce death there is much similarity in the latter steps. Death offers them a physiognomy, which, once witnessed, is not hard to recognize again.

Among the more constant signs are the failing pulse, which gradually becomes imperceptible, first at the wrist, and lastly at the breast itself; the extremities grow cold; the countenance changes as the venous blood courses the arteries; the skin grows clammy as the vessels relax; the eye glazes; the jaw droops; the fluids accumulate in the wind pipe; causing the "death rattle," so called, as the air passes through; the breath comes short and finally ceases.

As the red blood leaves the brain, the judgment becomes obscured, and the senses deficient. Speech is incoherent. Many times "last words" are imagined by affection to mean more than intended, if there was any intention at all. "It grows dark" or "more light," are common sayings as the optic nerve loses its stimulus.—Or strange sights may be seen and sounds heard, as occur sometimes in the still twilight. The hallucinations of the dying man may be often explained upon natural causes.—*Prof. R. O. Cowling.*

A ROMANTIC STORY.—The schooner Florinda, Capt. Kemmine, sailed from New Orleans in 1849 for San Francisco, taking a number of passengers who had been seized with the gold fever, and touched at Port Praya and Rio Janeiro, which port she left in the latter part of the year. A vessel calling at Rio shortly after reported speaking to the Florinda in the Pacific, just beyond Cape Horn, but nothing more was heard of her. The New Orleans *Picayune* says that a short time ago a friend of the wife of one of the passengers of the schooner read in an English paper that a British naval vessel, driven out of her course, sighted an unknown island in the lower Pacific, and found upon it several persons, who said they were the Florinda party, who had been wrecked on the island and had been there ever since—more than twenty-five years ago. The names given were those of the Florinda's crew, and in other ways the identity of the party is said to have been established. It is further stated that the offer to take the men off was declined, on the ground that as they had been lost so long they preferred ending their days there. Further inquiries are on foot to establish the truthfulness of the account.

News and Other Items.

The estimated value of the last French vintage is $400,000,000.

A popular amusement in Nevada is matching rats to fight rattlesnakes.

Pennsylvania has about 250 Masonic lodges, with a membership of 35,000 Master Masons.

A Kentucky girl of thirteen is an applicant for a divorce. Smart girls they have in Kentucky.

Milwaukee grows apace. Its population according to the State census just completed, is 101,049.

The total of reported losses by fire in the United States during the month of May foots up $8,745,800.

The latest estimates of the loss of life and property by the inundations of the south of France places the former at 3,000 and the latter at 300,000,000 francs.

"Please admit my friend, Mr. W. S. Grandy, to my hanging to-day, at one o'clock," was a note sent to the Sheriff by the negro hung at Atlanta, Georgia, the other day.

The California State Temperance reform party convention met Wednesday and nominated a full ticket for State officers, headed by W. Lovett for Governor.

Ten thousand dollars worth of diamonds alleged to have been smuggled on the last steamer from Aspinwell, were seized in New York by a Treasury agent on Wednesday night.

A dispatch from Indianapolis, Indiana, announces that Robert Dale Owen, the distinguished scientist and spiritualist, has become insane.

The University of Michigan has conferred the degree of L. L. D. upon Mr. Geo. Ripley, the literary critic of the New York Tribune.

Mr. Richard Smith, of the Cincinnati Gazette, delivered the Fourth of July oration at Clifton, the place of his residence.

The Rev. Mr. Spurgeon, of London, attained his 41st birthday on the 18th ult.

Louisiana will raise two hundred thousands barrels of rice this season, or twice as much as last year.

The supposed heirs of the Lawrence Townley estate in England, worth untold millions, have been summoned to meet at Cincinnati on the 7th.

Of the pretty sum of $13,995,000, the indebtedness of towns in Connecticut, $5,500,000 represents moneys voted in aid of railroads.

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says there is excellent authority for saying that Mr. Beecher's costs in the scandal trial amount to $125,000.

Robert Lincoln, son of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln, has been appointed guardian of his mother's estate under a bond of $150,000.

A number of wild youths went on a patriot excursion from Havana, Cuba, a few days ago, but were overhauled by troops, several killed a number captured and the rest dispersed.

Ex-policeman James Mervine and Frank Basley, who were convicted of murder in the second degree for having killed George W. Alexandria, in Philadelphia, have been each sentenced to nine years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

A telegram has been sent from New York to London and an answer received in 30 minutes actual time. Each message travelled 3,600 miles, and passed through the hands of 18 persons.

Alexander Hamilton, ex-treasurer of Jersey City, N. J., indicted for embezzling $46,000 in bonds and $32,000 in money, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to three years in the State prison and to pay $1,000 fine. Suit is now pending against his bondsmen for the amount embezzled.

Three young men in Milton county, Ga., on June 30, while in a field threshing wheat were struck by lightning and instantly killed.

In the California democratic State convention at San Francisco, last week, Jas. A Johnson was nominated for Lieutenant Governor, Thos. Beck for secretary of the State, J. M. Mandeville, for comptroller, and J. G. Estridill for treasurer.

Duncan D. Templeton, convicted in New York of shooting his wife with intent to kill, and sentenced to seven years in the State's prison, was last week admitted to bail by Judge Davis in consideration of a new trial having been ordered by the court of Appeals.

The Governor and Council of Massachusetts have decided not to commute the sentence of Pomeroy, the boy murderer.

Thirty-two car loads of watermelons passed through Atlanta, Ga., last week, en route from the highlands of Forida to Chicago. A delegation of thirty-one Floridians go with them to make permanent arrangements for trade to and from the Northwest.

The Houston, Ga., Home Journal says Mr. Wm. Brunson had a tooth an inch long extracted from the centre of his tongue near the root, one day last week. It was imbedded in the muscles, and entirely disconnected from the jaws or gums.

Advices from the Black Hills expedition say that the investigations thus far made prove the country to be much richer than at first supposed. The earth in all directions down to the bed rock is filled with particles of gold, and the quartz is very rich.

The national debt statement, issued July 1, shows a reduction during June of $1,431,249.56, coin $79,973,951.38, currency $3,973,952.38, coin certificates $21,706,300, special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit $58,415,000, and the outstanding legal tenders $375,771,280.

Three new cases and one death from yellow fever were reported from Key West last week. The local authorities at Key West and Cedar Keys having refused permission to land the mails, the Collector of the port has been ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury to allow the mails to be landed.

There have been altogether $38,000,000 distributed by the U. S. Government as Admiral Farragut prize awards since the war. The last instalment of $360,000 was awarded on the 22d of June. It will be divided between 4,500 persons who were at one time or another attached to the Admiral's fleet.

During a bar room fight at Columbus, Ohio, last week, Peter Truit, a well known rough, fatally stabbed James Turner, colored, in the abdomen, while running to avoid arrest. Truit also stabbed Robert McArdle, another colored man, seriously injuring him.

Edward Connors, one of the witnesses for Loader in the conspiracy at New York, in connection with the Beecher scandal, and who was arrested on a charge of bigamy, was brought up Saturday on habeas corpus, when bail was fixed in the amount of $3,000.

THE Secretary of War has notified Hon. Phillip F. Thomas, member of Congress from the First District, and Hon. Thomas Swann, of the Fourth District, to nominate candidates to fill the vacancies now existing or to occur at the Military Academy at West Point by the graduations of Cadets in June, 1876.

The North Carolina Swamp Angels

CAPTURE OF THE LAST OF THE LOWRY GANG.

Since 1871 a stalwart mulatto, passing under the name of Bill Jackson, has been living in the neighborhood of Goldsboro', N. C., following the vocation of a plasterer and brick mason. For some time Jackson and another negro have been suitors for the hand of the same woman, and this contest engendered the most bitter hostility between them. They had hitherto been warm friends, and it was during this period of intimacy between them that Jackson divulged to him the ghastly secrets of his former life with the robber chief, Henry Berry Lowry, in Robeson county. Jackson's rival betrayed him and acting upon information received from him, certain parties addressed a letter to the sheriff of Robeson county, asking him for a minute description of George Applewhite. A photograph of the bandit was the response, and led to the apprehension of Bill Jackson as the escaped freebooter. Applewhite was engaged in conversation on one of the principal streets of Goldsboro', when two officers commanded him to surrender, which he refused to do. A violent struggle ensued, and the desperado was finally beaten into submission. There seems to be no doubt of his identity. Applewhite murdered a former sheriff of Robeson county, for which he was sentenced to death. However, with the assistance of his confederates he escaped, and has been at large ever since until now. He was considered one of the most daring, brutal and devlish of the "swamp angels," and his name alone suggested murder. There is a standing reward of $6,000 for his body, dead or alive.

Comfortable Salaries.

The salaries of the different monarchs of Europe are given as follows by a German statistician:

Alexander II. $9,152,000 or $25,000 a day.

Abdul Azir $6,000,000 or $18,000 a day.

Francis Joseph $4,000,000 or $10,050 a day.

Fred William I. $3,000,000 or $8,210 a day.

Victor Emmanuel $2,400,000 or $6,840 a day.

Victoria $2,200,000 or $6,270 a day.

Leopold $600,000 or $1,643 a day.

In addition to this salary, each of these individuals is furnished with a dozen or more first-class houses to live in without any charge for rent.

GRATITUDE OF A CONVICT.—Some seven or eight years ago James Meginnis was tried and convicted in our court and sentenced to serve fourteen years in the penitentiary, for aiding and abetting in the murder of Mr. Roberts, of Church Hill, Queen Anne's county. Meginnis was poor, ignorant, and had not a dollar with which to pay counsel, but he was defended by C. H. Gibson, Esq., of the Easton bar, with as much zeal as if he had paid him a large fee. He expressed himself very thankful to Mr. Gibson, and hoped it might be in his power sometime to pay him for his services. Of course Mr. Gibson never expected to hear from him again on the subject; but a few days ago he received a letter from Mr. Francis J. Headley, Meginnis's Sunday School teacher in the penitentiary, stating that Meginnis gratefully remembered his services at the trial, that he had made him a handsome set of harness, and desired to know how it could be sent to him.—*Easton (Md.) Star.*

INCREASE IN POSTAL SALARIES.—The Postoffice announces the readjustment of the salaries at the following postoffices in Eastern Maryland. Increase has been made as follows: Aireys, from $32 to $69; Bishopville, $12 to $22; Chesterville, from $52 to $91; Church Creek, from $86 to $160; Girdletree Hill, from $12 to $36; Goldsborough, from $12 to $64; Henderson, from $24 to 64; Ingleside, from $33 to $59; Liberty Grove, from $12 to $35; Linkwood, from $53 to $110; Nanticoke, from $22 to $47; Oxford, from $74 to $110; Parsonsburg, from $12 to $42; Pottsville, from $52 to $82; Quantico, from $71 to $110; Stockton, from $47 to $91; Sudlersville, from $50 to $130; Upper Trappe, from $40 to $55; Woodland, from $12 to $44; Woodlawn, from $44 to $140; Wye Mills, from $17 to $64.

COMMENTS ON THE RESULT OF THE BEECHER TRIAL.—The *Commercial Advertiser* says: "The result is a substantial triumph for the Plymouth pastor. While he is to be congratulated on his escape from the toils of the conspirators, the public are still more heartily to be congratulated on the close of the vilest scandal that has disgraced our later civilization. Let the shameful subject be dropped now and forever." The *Express* says: "The verdict of the jury is a moral acquittal of Mr. Beecher, and ought to have been complete in form. The conclusion of the whole matter ought to be an inscription written in letters of light, 'Save us from our mutual friends.' In Mr. Beecher's case they might almost be written in letters of blood."

LITTLE CHARLIE ROSS.—It is rumored in Philadelphia that John Westernett, the brother-in-law of one of the abductors of little Charlie Ross, and who was arrested and confined some time since as a conspirator in the abduction, has made an important confession as to the abduction of the boy, which promises well for his recovery though it furnishes no information as to his present whereabouts. In this connection it is worthy of mention that it was a year on Thursday last since the disappearance of Charlie Ross, since which time every expedient has been resorted to in order to ascertain his whereabouts.

SHEEP KILLED BY DOGS IN THE UNITED STATES.—According to the returns made to the Department of Agriculture it seems that the real losses of sheep by dogs amounts to more than two per cent. of the value of sheep throughout the country, or $1,000,000 annually. In the States where sheep are protected by law the loss is reduced to less than one-half of one per cent.; but in those unprotected it ranges from 2.2 to 11 per cent. of loss.

RESPONSIBILITY OF POSTMASTERS.—Hon. Thomas A. Spence, Assistant Attorney General for the Postoffice Department, has rendered a decision that postmasters will be held responsible for the loss of packages in their offices. A package, the contents of which was worth $200, went to the Boston office, and was lost. Mr. Burt, the postmaster, wrote to the Postmaster General to know what to do. He received a reply in accordance with Judge Spence's decision to pay for its contents and charge himself with it in his next account.

AMERICAN VS. BRITTISH AXES.—Some of our English exchanges are uneasy over the fact that the axe lately presented to ex-Premier Gladstone was of American manufacture. The Iron-monger, in speaking of it, uses the following language, "Elsewhere this month we have adverted to the acknowledged superiority of the American felling axe, and have stated with some humiliation as Englishmen intensely jealous of the fame of England as the producer of everything made of the useful metals, that when an Englishman who well knew what he was about, wished to present the ex-Premier with the best axe he could find he had to give him an American-made tool."

Cause of the Increase of Crime in New York.

The committee of the New York Assembly, charged with the investigation of the cause of the increase of crime in New York, on Wednesday examined William A. Martinet, who was on the police force eight years and a ward detective four years. He testified that while he was a detective in the twenty-ninth precinct the keepers of panel houses paid to Capt. Burden $75 a week and fifty per cent., of the amount named by complainants. The gamblers and keepers of houses of prostitution used to pay for police protection. He believed that this practice still existed. He was sure that no gambling or panel houses could exist in any precinct without the knowledge of the captain. Thieves and pickpockets were well known to most of the detectives. There was little encouragement to detectives to arrest thieves. They might take a man to the central office, and swear that they knew that he was a thief, but they would probably meet the man in the street on the next day. In reply to the committee's question as to the recovery of stolen property, Mr. Martinet said that much of it was recovered through collusion between the thieves and the detectives. When a public man's property was stolen the pickpockets were warned that unless it was returned they would all be "run in." That notice usually brought back the property.

BALTIMORE COUNTY JUSTICE.—The Towsontown Union of Saturday says:

"A right good joke is told on one of our county magistrates. This week a man was so unfortunate as to accidentally lose his life. The magistrate in question summoned a jury and after the verdict had been rendered, the next thing in order was to bury the remains, which were terribly mangled. About this time a colored man was seen passing, and the justice hailed him and asked him to assist in the burial. This the man declined to do, when the justice arrested him, and fined him $1.50, and the money not being forthcoming, the civil rights individual was committed to Towsontown jail. He was brought here, but the sheriff very properly refused to receive him, and was taken back. What afterwards became of him we have not learned."

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR—	
City Mills,	$5.50@650
Patapsco Family,	$8.25@00.00
Chesapeake Extra,	$7.50@00.00
GRAIN—	
Wheat—white,	125@135
" red,	127@133
Corn—white,	85@87
" yellow,	80@81
Rye,	95@100
Oats,	62@66

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of Stanford Potter & Son, are hereby notified to make immediate payment as further indulgence cannot be given. The firm has been dissolved by the death of Stanford Potter and a settlement of all claims due the firm must be paid to me. R. J. POTTER, Surviving Partner.

All persons indebted to me are likewise requested to make immediate payment as I intend to close business.

7-8-tf. R. J. POTTER.

Public Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an order of the Orphans' Court for Caroline county, I will sell at public sale at the late residence of Stanford Potter, dec'd., in Denton on

SATURDAY, JULY 17th, INST., the following named personal property, to wit:

Beds, Bedsteads, Chairs, Bureau, Tables, Stands, Carpets, Desk, Silver Watch, Stoves, Tubs, Kitchen ware; and a variety of other articles not here enumerated.

TERMS OF SALE.

Sums under $5 cash, over $5 a credit of six months will be given with approved security.

Sale commences at 2 o'clock, P. M.

R. J. POTTER, Adm'r. of S. POTTER, dec'd.

A Further Sale

of my personal property will be made on the same day, at the same place and on the same terms. The property to be offered consists of Beds, Bedsteads, Chairs, Stands, Safe, Library, Tables, Stoves, Clock, Hogs, Garden, a lot of Manure, and a variety of other articles not here named.

7-8-tds. R. J. POTTER.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE SHALL RESUME the sale of Fruit in the New York market at the opening of the season, and having a knowledge of the Market, we shall endeavor by quick sales and by prompt returns to merit your confidence and continued favors. Yours Repectfully,

7-1-3w. J. L. NOBLE.

Order of Ratification.

William H. Charles, vs. Harriet Charles and others. } Circuit Court for Caroline County in Equity. June 26th, 1875.

ORDERED that the sales made and reported by Robert J. Jump and William S. Ridgley, trustees for the sale of the real estate of Jacob Charles, deceased, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the second day of September next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Caroline county once in each of three successive weeks, before the twenty second day of July next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $19,483.18. JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk.

True copy Test—J. W. TEMPLE, Clerk.

7-1-3w.

A Most Valuable Book for Business Men

The Political, Personal, and Property

Rights OF A Citizen,

Of the United States—How to exercise and how to preserve them. By Theophilus Parsons, LL. D.,

Containing a commentary on the Federal and State Constitution, giving their history and origin, and a full explanation of their principles, purposes, and provisions; the powers and duties of Public Officers; the rights of the people, and the obligations incurred in every relation of life; also, parliamentary rules for deliberative bodies, and full directions and legal forms for all business transactions, as making Wills, Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Notes, Drafts, Contracts, etc. A Law Library in a single volume. It meets the wants of all classes and sells to everybody. [6-24-1y.

Geo. T. Melvin, Agent

FOR FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD DISTRICTS OF CAROLINE AND TALBOT COUNTY.

A FRESH supply of cigars and Tobacco at H. BLACKISTON'S.

20,000 ACRES Stock Grain and Fruit Farms,

LOCATED IN CAROLINE AND ADJOINING COUNTIES, FOR SALE BY

WM. S. RIDGLEY, *REAL ESTATE AGENT*, DENTON, MD.

6-17-tf.

Caroline Co. Teachers' Institute,

At the Court House, Denton, July 13, 14, and 15, 1875.

PROGRAMME.

TUESDAY MORNING.

PRAYER.

MUSIC.

Calling Roll of Members

Essay, Miss Mary E. Medford

Discussion: Do the good morals of a community depend upon its intelligence?

AFFIRMATIVE:

Mr. Thos. C. West, and Mr. John F. Cowan.

NEGATIVE:

Reading, Miss Mollie E. Cox.

Mr. Jas S. Prouse, and Mr. Jas. E. Carroll.

Tuesday Afternoon.

CALLING ROLL.

Reading, Miss Dora Powell.

Essay, Miss Ada Noble.

Views of teaching Arithmetic, J. E. Carroll.

Address, J. W. Bryant.

Wednesday Morning.

MUSIC.

Calling Roll.

Reading, Miss R. Satterthwaite.

Essay, Mrs. Carrie Mason.

Discussion: Should corporal punishment be inflicted in the presence of the School?

AFFIRMATIVE:

Mr. James Swann, and Miss Lizzie M Carter.

NEGATIVE:

Mr. Wm Straughn, and Miss Georgie Park.

Address, Prof. M. A. Newell.

Wednesday Afternoon.

CALLING ROLL.

Importance of map-drawing in teaching Geography, Augusta Payne.

Reading, Miss Georgie Sorden.

Views of teaching reading, Mr. T. Smith.

THURSDAY MORNING.

MUSIC.

Calling Roll.

Essay, Miss Sallie Meloney.

Importance of example in speaking as a means of teaching the correct use of our language, Mr. R. O. Christian.

Views of the importance of mental Arithmetic Mr. James Swann.

Thursday Afternoon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSIC.

Doxology.

The expression of views on these topics from others than those here named is desired. 6-10-2w

Cheap Boots & Shoes.

I HAVE just returned from the city with a large and well selected stock of

French Calf and Spanish Sole Leather,

for the purpose of manufacturing gentlemens Boots and Shoes in the latest styles and fashions.

A Fit Always Guaranteed.

I have now on hand a large stock of Childrens' and Boys' Gaiters and Shoes, which I am selling off at less than cost.

HARNESS.

I am manufacturing Harness at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms—repairing done at the shortest notice.

Thanking the public for the kind patronage extended to me, I hope by strict attention to business to merit and receive a continuation of the same.

6-3-y. WM. T. SHEWBROOKS.

Special Notice.

To Freighters & Shippers of Grain &c.

THIS is to give notice, that we are still running the new and substantial schooner Pandora, and have not discontinued the freighting business as might be inferred by a notice in the American Union signed by T. D. Case & J. B. Draper, under the head of a dissolution of Copartnership, but that we intend to continue the business at the old place formerly owned by T. D. Case, where we have every facility for accommodating the public—good wharf and granary, with freight room attached, to secure all perishable freight until called for. We hope to have the patronage of our old friends as heretofore, assuring them that we will do as well for them in prices as others engaged in the same business. All orders filled with care and fidelity when accompanied with cash, and no commission charged for buying.

6-17-3m. S. N. WEST, & Co.

To Those Contemplating Building or Repairing.

THE IMPRESSION has gone abroad, because of my having engaged in farming operations and having removed to the country, that I had given up my regular business of HOUSE CARPENTERING, but I would inform the public that I am ready at all times to take contracts for new buildings or to alter, change, or repair old ones.

I have also reduced my wages from $2 to $1.50 per day where myself and hands are furnished with board, &c. Those having work in my line will address me at Preston, Caroline county, Md., where all orders will receive prompt attention.

4-1-6m. S. H. FLUHARTY.

NOTICE.

EDUCATIONAL.

A TEACHERS INSTITUTE for Caroline county will be held in Denton on the 13th, 14th and 15th of July. Prof. M. A. Newell, the Principal of the State Normal School, will be present. Attendance on the Institute is obligatory on the teachers who expect to be employed next year.

GEO. F. BEAVEN, Secretary &c.

6-3-4w.

PREPARE for the HARVEST of 1875!

You will need a first class REAPER and there is none made that will suit you as well as the No. 6 IMPROVED.

CAYUGA CHILF Reaper and Mower, an entirely new machine with all the good points of the Old No. 2, and many new features including the Ledger plate of the guard incased gear iron frame and Automatic Rake. We offer this machine to the public strictly on its own merits and will guarantee that it will do more work and better work in a given time with less expenditure of power than any machine before offered in the market. Be sure and examine our new machines before purchasing elsewhere.

In Threshing Machines

WE OFFER

THE RUSSEL, THE PITTS, THE PEERLESS, THE DIAMOND STATE, THE WHEELER MELLECK.

Knowing we can suit parties wanting separators of any class.

IN HORSE POWERS—We Have

THE PELTON, THE CAREY, THE RUSSEL,

Both down and mounted and guarantee the prices and quality,

WE ARE SOLE AGENT FOR

The Wood, Tabor & Morse Agricultural ENGINE

which is so well known in this section as to need no description It is without doubt the best built and largest engine made for the money in the United States.

Horse Rakes--we have

THE TAYLOR, THE PRALL, THE BOSS, THE ITHICA.

In fact we have the finest line of Agricultural goods and machinery on the Shore and as we are agents direct from the manufacturers can give the best terms and prices.

We call attention to the

Milburn Wagon,

which we control and recommend to the notice of the farming public.

Always on hand a full stock of American and English HARDWARE, TINWARE & STOVES,

WHEELWRIGHT and BLACKSMITH

supplies, Plows, Castings, Harrows and Cultivators, Cucumber Pumps, Terra Cotta Ware, Lime and Cement, Farm Machinery of all kinds repaired in the best manner and at the shortest notice. If you want anything in our line do not fail to give us a call as we will make it to your interest.

TUTHILL & AVERY,

5-27-tf. EASTON, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Caroline county, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of GABRIEL BEWLEY, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of December, 1875, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 8th day of June, 1875.

WM. BEWLEY, Adm'r. of GABRIEL BEWLEY, dec'd.

6-10-3w.

New Spring & Summer MILLINERY GOODS.

MISS REGINA D. PRITCHETT, wishes to inform the ladies of Denton and vicinity, that she has just returned from Philadelphia with a new and well selected stock of

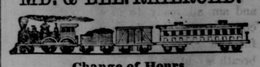
Spring and Summer Millinery Goods,

and notions; all of which she offers at very liberal prices. She is also prepared to do

DRESS MAKING

in a neat and fashionable Styles. A fit guaranteed. She may be found at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bucknam. [5-6-tf.

MD. & DEL. RAILROAD.



Change of Hours.

On and after *Thursday, June 10 1875*, Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

Leave	Pass. No. 1.	Frt. No. 2.
Easton	4.10 A. M.	10.30 A. M.
Woodland	4.20	10.50
Cordova	4.30	11.05
Hillsborough	4.45	11.20
Ridgeley	4.55	11.35
Greensboro'	5.10	11.55
Goldsboro'	5.25	12.15 P. M.
Henderson	5.35	12.25
Marydell	5.45	12.50
Slaughter's	5.55	1.05
Kenton	6.10	1.25
Clayton [ar]	6.20	1.50
Wilmington	8.05	4.10
Philadelphia	9.20	5.35
Baltimore	1.15 P. M.	8.15
New York	5.10	10.22

GOING SOUTH.

Leave	Frt. No. 3.	Pass. No. 4.
New York	11.55 P. M.	9.25 A. M.
Baltimore	7.00 A. M.	2.45 P. M.
Philadelphia	8.00	5.15
Wilmington	9.25	6.40
Clayton	11.05	8.30
Kenton	11.20	8.45
Slaughter's	11.35	9.00
Marydell	11.50	9.15
Henderson	12.00 M.	9.25
Goldsboro'	12.15 P. M.	9.35
Greensboro'	12.35	9.50
Ridgeley	12 50	10.05
Hillsboro'	1.05	10.15
Cordova	1.20	10.30
Woodland	1.35	10.40
Easton [ar]	1.50	10.55

Freight train will have Passenger Car attached, and will be subject to delays incident to freight business.

All freights must be at the various stations in time to be loaded and manifested at least thirty (30) minutes before the starting of the trains, otherwise they will lay over twenty-four hours.

Passengers using the 4.10 A. M. train from Easton will arrive in Philadelphia at 9.20 A. M., and returning will leave Philadelphia at 5.15 P. M., thus giving nearly eight hours for business purposes in that city.

6-10-tf. J. L. CALDWELL, Supt.

WANTED.—I will give fifty cents per hundred pounds for old bones.

Apply to THOS. H. KEMP.

Feb4-tf.