American Union

J. H. EMERSON, Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

Thursday Morning, Oct. 14 1875

A GRAND MASS MEETING

of the REFORMERS of CAROLINE Co.

WILL BE HELD AT

DENTON,

Wednesday, 27th day of October, 1875.

Hon. J. Morrison Harris,

THE PEOPLES' CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR,

Col. Edward Wilkins,

THE FARMER CANDIDATE FOR COMPTROLLER,

And other distinguished speakers will be present and address the people. Reformers, Democrats, Republicans—the whole people—are invited to be present and hear Hon. J. Morrison Harris, one of the best stump speakers in Maryland, on the issue of the present campaign.

The meeting will organize at 2 o'clock, P. M.

THAT profound thinker and astute political philosopher(?) Dr. Noble of the Federalsburg *Courier*, believes we are a little sensitive when he encroaches upon the perquisites of the county printing. Not so Doctor. Our equinimity is not in the least disturbed by any commotion the *Courier* may create. We have heard too much thunder to be disturbed by the braying of long eared animals.

But we are a friend of genuine reform, and no extortioner either upon the individual or the public. Our charges are both reasonable and just, and at some convenient time, we propose to publish to the world our accounts, running back several years, along side those of the other newspaper published in this town, for the special information of the tax-payers of this county, and also for the particular edification of the *Courier*. We may also supplement this statement with the amount of moneys received by the Democratic papers of the State for the publication of the laws.

We would like to believe the Doctor was sincere in his professions of reform, but the facts are against him. He may believe we are ignorant of his designs and movements, but as we are plain spoken we had as well out with the facts. We cannot believe the Doctor will deny that no longer than last Spring he wrote to a prominent Democrat in this town, relative to securing the county printing for the *Courier*, or that he afterward appeared in person and endeavored to secure the job. And when the objection was raised that his paper was not published in this county but Dorchester, he proposed to wheel it across the line to meet the requirements of the law. No one with the least discernment can fail to see with what what keen scent the Doctor hunts the "loaves and fishes," when the further fact is stated that he is not a citizen of this county and pays no taxes in its limits. If this is the Doctors notions of *constitutional law*, or any other law, or right and justice or of honorable motives, we hope we way never draw inspiration from such a source. There is a courtesey and a high toned honorable course which ought to be pursued in all trades and professions and in all the daily transactions of life. When we fail to make an honest livelihood at our business, by an honorable and upright course we will withdraw from journalism and seek some more lucrative employment.

Failing to accomplish his purpose here, he journeyed to the capital of Dorchester, procured the services of a gentleman of the legal profession, entered the office of the county commissioners and ransacked old musty volumes, dust covered and worn, and there made the greatest discovery of the age. Corruption, peculation and reckless waste of the public moneys, he says, has come to pay for county printing. As to the truth of his statements, we know nothing and care less. It is a feud in the Democratic family and they can settle this matter to suit themselves; but we rather suspect if the Doctor had got some of the pickings from the bone, he would have been as silent as the grave upon this subject. If exhorbitant prices had been paid for the work he could have found it out as well before he applied for the county printing as afterward. But after offering to do the whole county printing for $900, (and to publish an extra newspaper so as to gobble up the whole job,) and his offer being refused, the whole design of the Doctor is too thin to be convered up with the sophistical cry of county reform. Those wishing to reform others had better first reform themselves.

We would suggest to the Doctor that as one county is about as much as he can attend to at a time, he had better let Caroline matters alone. The people on this side of the line will attend to their own business and manage them quite as well or better than the Doctor can do with all his conceited notions of superiority over the common and "vulgar herd."

Mr. Wallis' Second Letter.

The second letter of Hon. S. Teackle Wallis to the people of Maryland, containing an epistolatory correspondence between Hon. John Lee Carroll and himself, appears in the Baltimore papers of Tuesday. The manner in which he disposes of Mr. Carroll, William Pinkney Whyte and Comptroller Woolford ought to teach them a lesson of true gentility and the amenities that ought to exist between true gentlemen, however widely they may differ upon State or National questions. His criticisms on Woolford are sharp, and damaging. Mr. Wallis is too much for the Ring and they are feeling the weight of his giant intellect.

A factious ruralist reports potatoes "under the weather, but able to be out."

The Way the Money Goes.

By the code of public general laws it is made the duty of the Comptroller of the Treasury, to publish in one or more newspapers in the several counties, and in Baltimore city, thirty days before each general election, the names of all the officers who are in arrears to the State with the amount of their deficiencies. We notice the Comptroller, in obedience to this act, has furnished to each Democratic newspaper in the counties, where there two, this list of defaulters for publication, and in those counties where there is but one Democratic newspaper, it is published in that paper and withheld from papers of opposite political views. Now, if it is actually required, by law, to publish this list in two newspapers in a county where there are two Democratic newspapers published, why not publish the same in two newspapers in a county where there are two papers—one of either party? Are Democrats only to have this information, and those of an opposing party to be left in the dark, where valuable information is to be imparted? Or is it because none but Democrats are defaulters to the State, for the very object of the publication is to inform the people who the defaulters are, and the Constitution disqualifies such from holding office. The exclusiveness with which these lists are given to the Democratic press, would appear to argue conclusively, that none but Democrats in Maryland have squandered the peoples' money, and is a strong argument in favor of the Reform movement in Maryland. Reasoning from this stand point, and the conclusions are both reasonable and just, here is an argument presented by Mr. Woolford, who is a candidate on the Ring ticket for a re-election for a fourth term, strongly carrying the conviction to the minds of honest men, of corruption and fraud in the Democratic ranks, which sadly needs the work of reformation. It is a tacit admission of the improper use of the public moneys by Democratic officials, and Mr. Woolford has sought the proper channel to convey this party intelligence to those who have aided in placing in official position men who have swindled the State.

But who is benefitted by the publication of this list? The publication last year cost the State $7,624. Not a single man in the State, except publishers of Democratic newspapers, received a farthing's benefit. The publication of this list, with the publication of the laws and other small pickings given to those newspapers, have made them strong adherents of the Ring Democracy, and so long as they can bask in the smiles of official patronage they will continue to roar and howl for party. The Democratic press of this State receive for the publication of the laws, and some other publications, about four prices, and swells the list of the tax-payer about $80,000. The Democratic press of the State is subsidized and belongs to the Ring men just the same as if they held the title papers for the presses, materials and fixtures of their several establishments. If they dare oppose the mandates of the Ring, official patronage would be withheld at once, and then would follow a Democratic newspaper death and burial in almost every county in the State where two papers now exist.

Here is over $7,000 of the people's money thrown away for nothing. There are many other seven thousands that might be looked up and lopped off from the public burdens, and we do hope the next Legislature, if they do nothing else, will repeal section 6, article 69, of the code of public general laws, which relates to the publication of the list of defaulters.

Hon. Pinkney White's Speech.

Alluding to a portion of Gov. White's recent speech, at the Maryland Institute the *Baltimorean*, which is good Democratic authority, says:—

But Gov. White's argument against Reform was concluded with a piece of special pleading which seems to be regarded as unanswerable by Democratic speakers as they parade it before the public on every possible occasion. It consists in pointing out the best men in the Democratic party, and triumphantly asking if they are corrupt, or if anything can be said against them. If these men, say these great political logicians, are individually pure and incorrupt, where is the necessity of Reform? The Reform party has never contended that all the Democratic leaders in this State were utterly corrupt and unreliable. If this were the case; if the Democratic party of Maryland were totally and entirely corrupt, any effort to reform that party would be useless and absurd. It would be just as absurd to attempt reform in that case, as it would be for a physician to attempt to raise the dead or to instill life into a corpse. But while the patient is still living, there is hope that by the proper means, he may be restored to health. It is simply because there is still life in the Democratic party; it is simply because the corruption of death has *not* yet set in, that the Reform movement has been inaugurated; that violent remedices have been applied, in order that the life that yet remains may be saved, and the death that seems threatening may be arrested. If there were not some good men in the ranks of the Democratic party, it would be time to bury that party out of sight, that it may rot unseen, and not offend the world by its corruption. But while the very movement to effect the reform is an admission that there is something still existing in the Democratic party which it is possible to reform, which *can* be reformed; it is still an assertion that all is not right, and that there is corruption and dishonesty in the government. This even Gov. White admitted, but condemned the Reform movement because it was not inside the party. There may be two opinions as to what shape Reform ought to assume, and as to the manner in which it ought to come.

Still, there seems to be very good reason to believe with Mr. Wallis, that there might be some doubt as to whether the Ring would reform all abuses of itself, and having done so, go its way, cleansed from its leprosy, and forever converted from its sins.

Gov. Whyte's allusions to Mr. Wallis are much to be deprecated. Mr. Wallis is a man whose character for integrity and purity cannot be assailed by any one with the approval of the people of this city or of the State. His city and his State are proud of him as a man in whom is found combined what is so rarely found in conjunction in these days—great ability with perfect purity and integrity of character.

News and Other Items.

Gov. Tilden tells the New York farmers that the tax bug is a worse enemy to them than the potato bug.

John Gorham, president of the Gorham Silverware Manufacturing Company, has failed with $600,000 liabilities.

It is considered a notable fact that nearly all the aldermen of Houston, Texas, can read and write.

The Legislature of West Virginia is said to have passed a law at its last session 'to prevent the owner of hogs from running at large.'

The man recently captured in Fentress county, Tenn., with $4,700, has been identified as one of the robbers of the Huntington (West Virginia) bank.

G. T. Heard was convicted at Conyers, Ga., Saturday, of an attempt to outrage two little girls. He committed sucide immediately after conviction by taking morphine.

Father Matthew's birthday was celebrated by the Catholic temperance societies in New York, Saturday, by a mass meeting.

Ask a St. Louis man about Chicago, and he will admit there is such a place in Illinois, but will add, "It is all mortgaged to Boston.'

At Lawerence, Mass., Saturday night, Bernard Bradley, while drunk, beat his wife over the head with a bottle, and then poured boiling water over her. She cannot recover. Bradley was arrested.

The withdrawel of the United States bonds deposited with the treasury to secure national bank note circulation for the fifteen months ending September last amounted to $19,500,000.

A disease, the character of which has not yet been ascertained, prevails among the hogs about Columbus, Ohio. About 1,000 have died in Hamilton township in one month.

A woman living in Chester county, Pa., has a guinea egg fifty-nine years old. It was colored on Easter Sunday, 1816, and has the date and name of then owner scratched on it.

A Lewistown, Maide, merchant has in his window a sample of combs of the style of forty years ago, and which is again becoming the style. It is nine inches across and eight inches in height.

The Massachusetts Temperance Convention, now in session at Boston, demands the repeal of the license law, and propose making that an issue at the coming election, and severely denounce Rice, the Republican candidate for Governor.

A Pittsburg dispatch says: On Saturday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Hetsick, were returning from a funeral at Roaring Spring, near Altona, when their carriage was run into and upset, throwing Mrs. Hetsick out upon her head, breaking her neck, and causing instant death.

Wendell Phillips in his speech before the Prohibition Convention, in Massachusetts, declared that in two years the Republican and Democratic parties would be broken up, the exigencies which caused their formation having passed away.

A tramp, who applied for lodgings at the Lowell, Massachusetts, station house, has been held on suspicion of having murdered Miss Langmade, near Suncook, N. H. His face exhibits scratches, his clothing is bloody, and acknowledges having left Suncook about the time of the murder.

Wm. Pemberton, an escaped convict horse thief, was mobbed while in custody of a constable at Peora, Illinois, Friday morning, shot several times and finally hung. The constable mortaly wounded the mob, and Pemberton cut one of his lynchers terribly before he succumbed.

Some people are too trusting for this world. At a recent trial the prisoner entered a plea of "not guilty," when one of the Jurymen put on his hat and started for the door. The judge called him back and informed him that he couldn't leave until that case was tried. "Tried!" queried the juror, "why, he acknowledged that he is not guilty."

A telegram from Wilmington, Del., says that the remains of an unknown man were discovered at Little Creek Landing, Kent county, on Sunday, buried in a very shallow grave. An examination showed marks of violence on the face and head. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict of "death at the hands of unknown persons.

The Supreme Court of New York, general term, has affirmed the order of Judge Barrett, in chambers, denying the motion to vacate the order of arrest in the $6,000,000 suit against Wm. M. Tweed, or to reduce the $3,000,000 bail. Another decision was given reversing Judge Donhue's order, from which the people appealed, requiring a bill of parcticulars, as to the fraudulent bills and vouchers complained of by the people.

Carruth's Condition.

Carruth, the editor in whose brain a bullet lies imbedded, the alleged handiwork of Charles K. Landis, is sinking fast at his home in Vineland. A reporter had an interview yesterday with some friends of the unfortunate man at Vineland, when they said that Carruth's mind seems to be getting weaker every day, that he is suffering a great deal of pain, and his eyesight is very poor. He cannot walk without support, and the wound, which is not healed, continues to discharge all the time. Last Monday, a week ago, he was out in a carriage riding with Mr. E. A. Teall, the purchaser of his newspaper, and when they returned home the wounded editor had to be assisted into his residence. Then he could not see the door. He has not been out of the house since that time. Dr. Brown, of Philadelpia, has been recently attending him, but it is said he could do nothing to ameliorate his condition. It is reported that mutual friends are at work trying to bring about a settlement between him and Landis, with but little prospect of success, however. Soon after the shooting occurred Carruth demanded $50,000 civil damages from Landis, but the latter refused to comply. Afterwards Landis offered to pay Carruth $30,000 for a thirty acre farm belonging to him, on condition that he would leave the State. To this Carruth likewise demurred. The Vineland *Independent*, was sold by Carruth to Teall for $4,500, Landis furnishing the money, and it is now run by Teall. Carruth has a wife and five children living, the eldest of whom is only 15 years of age.

The Grand Jury of Cumberland county, now in session at Bridgeton, it is said, are investigating the case. If Carruth dies within one year from the time of the shooting Landis is liable to be indicted for murder in the first degree, according to the laws of the State.

Gold vs. Greenbacks.

General Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, who has been pitted against General Thomas Ewing in the discussion of the financial question on the Ohio hustings, seems to be more than a match for his able competitor. He closed the discussion at Shawnee as follows:

"When you do work you have to be paid. We want to pay you in gold dollars instead of paper ones. Won't you take the gold ones? [Voice—"We'd rather have the greenbacks.'] My friend prefers a greenback dollar to a gold dollar. There are not many in Shawnee that do. I can sell that five dollar gold piece for sixteen cents premium. Five times sixteen is eighty. I can get from your storekeeper a bill like that and eighty cents in fractional currency besides. Won't five dollars and eighty cents buy more than five dollars?—Put that bee in your bonnet. Now, my friend says we keep the gold and silver in Wall Street. Well, suppose you printed your greenbacks and had them all piled up there, one thousand eight hundred millions of them, enough to pay all the debt, how are you and I going to get them?—[Voice—'Work for them.' I don't know of but four ways. If I have got something that I can sell, I sell it, and they pay me the greenbacks; or, if I know how to do something, and anybody wants my work, and the man that has got the greenbacks pays me; or, if my credit is good I borrow the note, and some day I have to pay it; or if I am hard up, and you are generous, I beg and you give. I can sell and get greenbacks; I can work and get greenbacks; I can borrow and get greenbacks; I can beg and get greenbacks, is there any other way? [Voice—'Steal 'em.' Laughter.] My friend suggests that you can steal. Now, that is the Ohio Democratic platform, and the Democratic theory put in just two words. [Great applause and laughter.]

Westervelt's Sentence.

In the Philadelphia Court of Quarter Sessions, on Saturday, Judge Elcock sentenced Jacob Westervelt, charged with being implicated in the abduction of Charlie Ross, to seven years in the Eastern penitentiary to solitary confinement, and fined him $1. It was not generally known that he would be sentenced so soon, and when Westervelt was brought into court but few persons were present. In sentencing the prisoner Judge Elcock said:

"The court has fully considered your case, both as to the law pronounced upon the trial and the evidence submitted to the jury. I have given it a calm, conscientious review, and am fully satisfied with my ruling upon the law, and the conclusion arrived at by the jury. It is such a verdict as I would have joined in had I been a juror. I need not dwell upon the enormity of the offense of which you have been convicted. You have had full time to realize its darkness and your own fate. I had hoped ere this I should have been appealed to for a light sentence by some merciful cry revealing something of the fate of Charlie Ross, but I have heard not even a whisper, nor beheld a ray of hope, and if the knowledge of his fate rests with you then you become your own executioner. Justice calls loudly for your severe punishment."

Violent Trespassers.

THEY REFUSE TO LEAVE A FARM AND ATTEMPT TO SHOOT THE OWNER.

On Wednesday of this week, says the Elkton *Democrat*, a case of shooting took place on the lands of John W. Mews, near Providence paper mill, in Cecil county.—The following are the facts in evidence before the magistrate: Charles H. and Edward Duckett were gunning on Mews' farm. Mr. Mews and his sons were at work in their corn field and hearing the shooting of guns near them, went to the gunners and ordered them off their premises. This order the Ducketts refused to obey, and began to abuse the Mewses.—Edward Duckett raised his gun and threatened to blow a hole through Clifford Mews. Charles H. Duckett then fired at the elder Mews, and the shot might have proved fatal but for the prompt action of the younger Mews, who seized the gun and diverted its aim. Duckett then assaulted the young Mews for his interference. In the afternoon the Mewses went to Elkton and made oaths to the above facts, whereupon Justice Brown issued warrants for the arrest of the Ducketts. The other side of the case is yet to be heard.

PATENT BABIES.—A story drifts over from England, which if true, is the cleverest thing that has been done for years in that honest country. Of course in traveling there it is very desirable to have pleasant companions, or to keep the compartment free of all but your immediate party, as you are locked in at the starting point and obliged to sit *vis-a-vis* to heaven only knows whom, until the next station is reached. Many plans are devised for this, but a London firm, with a deep knowledge of human nature, advertised "artificial babies for travelers," well knowing that a baby is the *bete noir* of the traveling public. Their advertisement runs thus: Common traveling infants, yielding intermittent cries of fear, and capable of being put into the pocket, ten shillings. Second class, crying not too loudly, but lamentably and insupportably, twenty shillings. Third class, full squallers, with a very piercing and aggravating voice of five octaves, £2. The same, arranged as a prompt repeater, £3, 6s.—Fifth class, first quality, capable of continued squalling, £3" and their goods warrented highly successful.

A REMNANT OF THE UDDERZOOK TRIAL.—The West Chester (Pa.) *Local News* says that Dr. Howard, of Baltimore, who was a prominent witness in the Udderzook trial, having made an examination of the murdered man, also an analysis of the blood found in the wagon, some time ago presented a bill of $400 to the county commissioners, which that body held under advisement for some time, and finally refused payment on the ground that it was too large for the amount of services rendered. This action led Dr. Howard to institute legal process in order to recover his claim, and accordingly it was taken to the Supreme Court at Philadelphia, where it has rested for some time. The doctor's claim, which in the meantime had been increased to $600, was heard on Friday, and after argument on both sides a settlement was agreed upon, which resulted in the payment of $300 to Dr. Howard, and both sides paid their respective costs growing out of the affair.

MINISTERIAL HORSE-RACING.—The Milford *News* reports a horse race in the long lane near Frederica between the horses of Rev. J. S. Willis, of Stamford, Conn., but who owns a farm near the first named town, and those of Joshua Bennett, of Milford Neck. A big crowd was present. The race was quite exciting and was one by the reverend gentleman by about 40 yards. This race recalls to mind some of the Sunday contests which used to take place in Kent county, Md., in which a popular young Methodist minister, now deposed, used to reign out for the fast teams after preaching his morning sermon, and it always required the best of horses to dust him in the rear.

Robert Dale Owen is well physically and improving mentally.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR—	
City Mills,	$6.25@650
Patapsco Family,	$8.75@00.00
Chesapeake Extra,	$8.00@00.00
GRAIN—	
Wheat—white,	140@155
" red,	145@150
Corn—white,	73@75
" yellow,	72@73
Rye,	73@75
Oats,	42@47

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INDEPENDENT REFORM TICKET

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. J. MORRISON HARRIS,

of Baltimore County.

FOR COMPTROLLER,

COL. EDWARD WILKINS,

of Kent County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

S. TEAKLE WALLIS, ESQ.,

of Baltimore City.

NOTICE.

All persons without distinction of party, who are opposed to Ring rule in county or State and who are in favor of an economical expenditure of the money of the tax-payers, are invited to meet in Denton on Tuesday afternoon next for consultation. The crisis demands thoughtful consideration and the counsel and advice of our best citizens. By order of

10-14-1t. THE PEOPLE.

Citizens' Building & Loan Association.

THE REGULAR semi-annual meeting of stockholders of the Citizens' Building and Loan Association will be held on Tuesday October 19th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JOSIAH WHITE,
10-14-1w. Secretary.

PROPOSALS

FOR IMPROVEMENTS and repairs to Denton Academy will be received by the Board of School Commissioners for Caroline county until Tuesday next, 19th inst. Specifications furnished on application to Wm S. Ridgley, at Denton.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF
10-14-1t. SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTICE.

THE COLORED SCHOOLS of Caroline county will open on Monday the 15th of November. Teachers of these schools who hold a second grade certificate will receive a salary of $70 per term; but if only a permit to teach, $50 per term.

GEO. F. BEAVEN.
10-14 3w. Secretery Board.

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, as Attorney, for Mrs. Ellen D. Jones, will, (if not sooner sold at private sale,) offer at public auction, at the Court House door in Denton, on

Tuesday, Nov. 2d 1875

all that small farm adjoining the town of Denton and near the Catholic Church property, containing

12 Acres, More or Less,

improved by a comfortable dwelling, smoke house &c., and fruit trees in full bearing.—The soil is well adapted to the growth of vegetables and fruit, and the location pleasant and one of the most desirable in the neighborhood. Also, that HOUSE AND LOT on Gay street in said town, lately occupied by Messrs. Jones & Son as a Shoe Shop

TERMS CASH. ROBT. J. JUMP,
10-14-tds. Attorney.

CLIPPER WASHING MACHINE.

I HAVE USED the machine over two years and having the utmost confidence in the same, beg leave to bring it again before the public. In washing quilts, blankets and men's cassimere clothing it cannot be excelled, and will give perfect satisfaction. One trial according to directions will convince the most skeptical. This machine received the Diploma at the State Fair, held at Middletown, Dela., October, 1874.

Direction For Using.

Place the boiler on the stove; fill with water to the circle when boiling; cut from one-third to half pound of soap in the same.—Having soaked or wet the clothes in cold water, soap the soiled parts; drop them loosely and evenly in the water, as many as will turn easily. Turn the crank, not all the way round, but half way round and back.—Thus by a rapid reverse motion you will have the clothes cleaned and boiled in *ten minutes*. The cleansing properties of the soap and hot water and the action combined, accomplishes the work. Colored clothes washed by this process will fade less than by the usual mode or manner of washing. All letters of inquiry in regard to machines or Rights for Counties or States will be answered by addressing

MRS. E. PENNINGTON,
Middletown, Dela.,

who has Power of Attorney to dispose of either.

CERTIFICATES.

The following are extracts from private letters from ladies who have used the machine and voluntarily testify of its merits.

"I think the Clipper machine the best that ever was invented. I have seen and had quite a number but this is the only one I can recommend." MRS. ANNA MACKEY, Easton, Md.

"I am happy to say I like the washer very much indeed. It gives perfect satisfaction—do not think I could do without it. It is all right and nothing wrong." MRS. HENRY MARSHALL, Lewes, Del.

"Having used one of your Clipper Washing Machines and being so well pleased with it, I feel it my duty to say something in its favor. I am so well pleased with it that unless I could get another of the same kind, I would not dispose of it for three times the price. It is simple and works like a charm in every particular; is less liable to get out of order than any other machine in use. To appreciate its real worth is to possess it. MRS. GEO. H. BECK, Easton, Md.

"I like the washer exceedingly—better every time I use it. Would not take $20 for it if I could not get another" MRS. WM. THOMPSON, Rehoboth Del.

REFERENCES.

By permission I refer to the following ladies as to the merits of the washer:

Mrs. Capt. A. M. Clarke,	Crisfield, Md.
Mrs. Chas Corkran,	Middletown, Del.
Miss Willie Lippincott,	" "
Mrs. Vanhekle,	near Port Penn, Del.
Mrs. Stroud,	Staunton, Del.
Mrs. Alrich,	" "
Mrs. Lamborn,	412 King St., Wilmington.
Mrs. R. Jones,	7th and West St., "
Mrs. Cottingham,	Seaford, Del.
Mrs. Thos. B. Hopper,	Chesapeake City, Md.
Mrs. Boyce,	Temperance Hotel, Laurel, Del.
Mrs Humphreys,	Salisbury, Md.
Mrs. Capt. Jas. Frazier,	Cambridge, Md
Mrs. J. H. Emerson,	Denton, Md.

MRS. J H. EMERSON, Agent.
10-14-3m.

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES for sale by
B. F. FIELD & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trustee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county passed on the 27th day of September, 1875, I will offer for sale in the town of Greensborough, in front of the hotel of James H. Willis, on

SATURDAY, 30th of OCTOBER, 1875,

between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M, and 4 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate to wit:

No. 1.—All that farm, tract or part of a tract situate lying and being in the 1st Election District of Caroline county, adjoining the lands of Robert Jarrell and others, commonly called and known as "EDENBORO," and more lately by "KEEN'S CROSS ROADS," containing

225 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, being more fully described in a deed from Philip W. Downes, Annie H. Downes and Sarah M. Downes to Amos Heckler, Jacob Bingaman and Samuel Heckler, recorded in liber T. H. K., No. 33, folios 582 and 583 one of the land record books for Caroline county.

No. 2.—All that part of a tract of land lying on the left side of the county road leading from the town of Greensborough to Whiteleysburg, containing

250 Acres of Land,

more or less, it being a part of the land conveyed by deed from Samuel H. Horsey to Amos Heckler, Jacob Bingaman and Sarah Heckler, recorded in liber T. H. K., No. 34, folios 340 and 341, one of the land record books of Caroline county.

TERMS OF SALE.

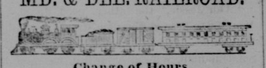
The terms of sale are: One thousand dollars of the purchase money to be paid in cash on day of sale to be proportionate between the two farms, and the balance to be paid in two equal instalments in one and two years from the day of sale, the credit payment to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser or purchasers with security or sureties to be approved by the trustee. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

THOS. H. KEMP,
Trustee.

I will also sell one Portable Grist Mill, one Portable Saw Mill—Blandy's make, and 20 horse power, and has been run three years, and the tools will be sold with the mill—The terms of sale will be 12 months credit.

THOS. H. KEMP,
10-14-tds. Trustee.

MD. & DEL. RAILROAD.



Change of Hours.

On and after *Wednesday, Sept. 15th,'75*, Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

Leave	Pass. No. 1.	Frt. No. 2.
Easton	4.10 A.M.	10.30 A. M.
Woodland	4.20	10.50
Cordova	4.30	11.10
Hillsborough	4.45	11.30
Ridgeley	4.55	11.50
Greensboro'	5.10	12.15 P. M.
Goldsboro'	5.25	12.40
Henderson	5.35	1.00
Marydell	5.45	1.15
Slaughter's	5.55	1.35
Kenton	6.10	2.00
Clayton [ar]	6.20	2.30
Wilmington	8.05	4.10
Philadelphia	9.20	5.35
Baltimore	1.15 P. M.	8.15
New York	5.10	10.22

GOING SOUTH.

Leave	Frt. No. 3.	Pass. No. 4.
New York	11.55 P. M.	9.25 A. M.
Baltimore	7.00 A. M.	2.45 P. M.
Philadelphia	8.00	5.15
Wilmington	9.25	6.40
Clayton	11.05	8.30
Kenton	11.25	8.45
Slaughter's	11.25	9.00
Marydell	12.05 P. M.	9.15
Henderson	12.20	9.25
Goldsboro'	12.40	9.35
Greensboro'	1.05	9.50
Ridgeley	1.25	10.05
Hillsboro'	1.45	10.15
Cordova	2.05	10.30
Woodland	2.20	10.40
Easton [ar]	2.40	10.55

Freight trains No. 2 and 3 run with passenger car attached, subject to delays, will run as follows:

All freights must be at the various stations in time to be loaded and manifested at least thirty (30) minutes before the starting of the trains, otherwise they will lay over twenty-four hours.

Passengers using the 4.10 A. M. train from Easton will arrive in Philadelphia at 9.20 A. M., and returning will leave Philadelphia at 5.15 P. M., thus giving nearly eight hours for business purposes in that city.

8-19-tf. J. L. CALDWELL, Supt.

Ayer's *Hair Vigor,*

For restoring to Gray Hair its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, fallen hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning grey or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.

JOB PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED
AT THIS OFFICE.

ANTHONY LOPES'

MILFORD, DELAWARE.

MONUMENTAL

MARBLE WORKS.

Dealer in Foreign & American Marble,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

MONUMENTAL WORK.

Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots
Furnished at Short Notice.

ALL ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. H. EMERSON, Agent,
9-30 1y. DENTON, MD.

THE ANNUAL COMMOTION HAS BEGUN

At The Largest Store in Easton, Md.,

And those who have already bought, are now sending in their friends. The way we keep business lively is not known by competitors, but can be answered by our customers. Give us a call and join the large number that are being benefitted by purchasing all classes of DRY GOODS from

THOMPSON & KERSEY.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Judges of Election and to the Voters of Caroline county, that an Election will be held in the several Election districts of Caroline county, at the usual places of holding the Elections, on

Tuesday after the First Monday, being the 2d day of November, 1875,

for the purpose of electing one person to be Governor of the State of Maryland; one person to be Comptroller of the Treasury of the State of Maryland, and one person to be Attorney General of the State of Maryland.

Also, two person to represent Caroline county in the House of Delegates of Maryland to serve for two years.

Also, one person to be State's Attorney for Caroline county, to serve for four years.

Also, three persons to be Judges of the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, to serve for four years.

Also, one person to be Sheriff of Caroline county, to serve for two years.

Also, one person to be Surveyor of Caroline county, to serve for two years.

Also, three persons to be County Commissioners for Caroline county, to serve for two years.

The voters are also to express their opinion on the Constitutional Amendment, by adding the words "For Constitutional Amendment," or "Against Constitutional Amendment," to their ballots.

The polls for said Election will be opened in each and every Election district of said county, at the usual places of holding the polls, at nine o'clock A. M., and will close at six o'clock P. M., when the ballots shall be opened and publicly counted.

JAS. E JOHNSON,
9-30-tde. Sheriff of Caroline County.

J. T. COMEGYS,

Wheelright & Blacksmith

DENTON, MARYLAND.

HAS RENTED the new shop in the town of Denton, lately occupied by Richard Potter, where he has commenced business.—A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. [9-23-tf.

A FRESH supply of cigars and Tobacco at
H. BLACKISTON'S.