American Union.

J. H. EMERSON, EDITOR.

DENTON MARYLAND.

ONLY A FEW DROPS.

'Robert, do not give the child any wine; it will not do him any good, and perhaps a great deal of harm.'

"O Ella, a little wine won't hurt him. Will it, my pet.' And as he spoke, Robert Raymond patted his little son on the head. "It is his birth-day, you know, and we can't deny him anything to-day,' he added.

"Me knew papa would give me some,' cried the tyrant of the house; for he was a tyrant, that youngster five years, whose despotic sway none attempted to resist.—He was an only child, therefore, as is almost the case, he was petted by everybody, especially by his parents.

Mrs. Raymond indulged her boy in all his small wishes, but in one thing she was steadfast; she would not let her husband give the child wine. Often he asked for it when he saw his father partaking of the same at the table, but Mrs. Raymond's protest had been so determined, yet so gentle, that her husband had always acquiesced to her desires. She did not even like to see her husband drink liquor of any kind, being greatly in favor of temperance; but as he did not carry his weakness to anything like excess, she never allowed herself to find fault with him. But the very idea of allowing their child to drink wine was abhorrent to her; and she had made up her mind that she would never endanger the happiness of the child's life by allowing him that which she detested as much as poison.

"No, Willie, you shall have none,' said Mrs. Raymond, firmly. "Be a good boy, and don't ask papa for wine any more,' she added, coaxingly.

"Me don't care,' responded the child; "Me can never have what me wants.'

Childlike, he wanted that which he ought not to have, and, being denied it, began to cry.

Just then a servant entered the room and told her there was a person at the door who wished to see her. No sooner did Willie see his mother leave the apartment, than he said, in his most enticing way,—

"Won't you give me some, papa? just a little bit.'

"You musn't tell mamma, if I give you a few drops.'

"No, me won't,' he answered, and Mr. Raymond handed him a small quantity of wine which the child said was nice and sweet.

If Robert Raymond could have looked into the future, and beheld the 'few drops' grow into a love for liquor, as the small acorn expands into a large oak, he would have dashed the glass and its contents to the floor.

As Mrs. Raymond took her seat at the table, after dismissing her caller, the first words that greeted her ears were from Willie, who, having already forgotten his promise which he had given his father, cried in tones of triumph,—

"Ah! papa did give me some.'

Mrs. Raymond's face was full of surprise and pain as she turned to her husband and there was that in her face which made him exclaim,—

"I gave him but a few drops, Ella.'

"No matter how small or great the quantity you have given him,' she said gravely; "but, Robert, I beseech you never to indulge him in that manner again.

"No, Ella, I promise you I will not,' he replied.

"Robert, I have often asked you to give up drink altogether, and now ask you once again to do so,' she said, pleadingly.

"I am too much of a public man to abstain entirely from it; but of this I assure you, that, excepting I have company, I will banish it from my table. You know most of my friends, and among them some whom you and I both esteem highly, would not sit down to dine without having wine with which to allay their thirst. But there is one thing that I promise you, darling, that I will refrain as much as possible, and that no harm shall ever come to me from intoxicating beverages; for, thank God, I am a man, and he who really has the strength of a man is able to resist temptation, and go so far and no farther.

"Well, I believe you will do just what you say, Robert; and furthermore, I think that if it was not for your business position, to please me, if not yourself, you would forswear liquor altogether,' said Mrs. Raymond.

"Yes, that I would, Ella,' he replied.

A week after the above conversation had taken place, Robert Raymond gave a grand dinner party. When the guests had finished their feasting, and returned to the parlor, a little figure stole into the dining-room, which proved to be Willie. What did he want there? Why did he glide so noislessly into the room, and peer around as if afraid of being seen? His object was soon apparent, for seeing no person about who would interfere with his desires, he stole up to the table and drank what wine remained in the glasses. The *few drops* his father had given him had already instilled within him, a love of liquor. He had listened to the conversation of his parents, and young as he was, he well knew that his father would never again disquiet his mother by giving him wine.

Willie sipped the wine as if the taste was pleasant.

"This is really jolly, he said aloud.—"It's just as sweet as sugar,' he soon added smacking his lips. "Oh, I know what I'll do. When papa gives his parties, after they've get through dinner I'll come down here and drink what's left in the glasses.'

His mother wondered what caused his face to glow that night when she went to his room to kiss him and see that he wanted for nothing, as was her daily custom. If she had but known, she might have taken precaution against the recurrence of his childish folly. She was situated as a great many mothers are, never suspecting her child would do ought that was wrong behind her back.

Those who have observed children closely well know that they are often hypocritical, not having sense enough to be aware how wicked it is to commit stealthy actions. Children are cognizant of their short-comings to a certain extent, but not to the degree of more mature minds.

Now Willie had just perception enough to know that he was acting wrongly, but no more. That anything harmful would result from his disobedient actions, he was too young to know. And so, unseen, went to the dining-room, after some dinner-party, when the guests left the room, and drank the remnants that remained in the glasses.

* * * * * *

Fifteen years passed away. It was the day on which Willie was to return from school. Mrs. Raymond looked forward to the meeting with her son with a great deal of pleasure, for she had not seen him for a year. She knew not that before the day had passed her pleasure would be turned to pain. She received him with open arms and a heart full of affection and motherly love. He was all she had to lean on in her declining years, for her husband had died when Willie was in his fourteenth year.

"Mother,' he said, that evening, "I am going out, but will be back shortly.'

A half hour elapsed before he returned. As he sat down by his mother, she cried,—"O William, where have you been?' for the smell of liquor was in his breath.

"Only out to take a drink,' he replied.

"O my God!' she exclaimed in agonizing tones.

"Why, what is the matter, mother?' he asked.

"O William, do you ask what is the matter? Is it not matter enough that you have been drinking? Oh, if you knew the pain it gives me to hear you make that declaration, you would desist from this fearful risk that you are taking upon yourself.—Oh, where have you learned to indulge yourself in this fearful passion?'

"Why, mother, you do not think it such a great harm for one to indulge in that respect slightly, do you? There was a regular party of us at college, who often went to the village tavern and had a regular jolly time, but unknown to our teachers, of course. Why, our crowd would think you unmanly if you did not drink to some extent. Now there was Ben Arlington, for instance; you could get him to drink a drop of any kind of liquor. Well, for being so namby-pambyish, he was always jeered at by the whole crowd of us. There's no harm in it, mother, if a person does not drink to excess.'

"O, William, there is harm in tasting a drop. It may be the curse of your life.—O my son, give this up; for you are nourishing a serpent in your breast that will some day turn upon and sting you,' she cried, beseechingly.

"Mother, I pride myself I am not one who will allow such a weakness to overcome me; so don't alarm yourself unnecessarily.'

When his mother bade him good-night, her face was so sad, so different from the happy, joyous one that had so lovingly greeted him in the early part of the day, that William was momentarily filled with remorse, and he promised that he would drink no more.

For a month he was steadfast to the resolve he had made, but no longer. One night he came staggering into the house perfectly drunk, and when his mother saw him she sank fainting to the ground.—Time after time he assured her he would relinquish his vicious habit, but only to break his promises almost as soon as they were made.

Young as he was, he soon became a confirmed drunkard. The few drops given him by his father, years before, had reaped a rich harvest; they had engendered within him a love which was the destroyer of the peace and happiness of his life. His folly soon broke his mother's heart, and but a year elapsed before they laid her in her grave.

The moderate fortune that was left to William Raymond took but a few years to dissipate, and ended his days in the poor house; for, though efforts had been made numbers of friends to reclaim him, they were of no avail. No weeping mourners followed him to his grave, for dishonor had fallen upon him in life—the result of only a few drops of wine given him when a child.

The Beauty of Youth.

How beautiful is youth—early manhood, early womanhood, how wonderfully fair! What freshness of life, cleanliness of blood, purity of breath! What hopes! There is nothing too much for the young maid or man to put into their dream, and in their prayer to hope to put into their day. O, young men and women! there is no picture of ideal excellence of manhood and womanhood that I ever drew that seemed so high, too beautiful, for young hearts.—What aspirations there are for the good, the true, the fair, and the holy! The instinctive affections, how beautiful they are, with all their purple prophecy of new homes and generations of immortals that are yet to be! The high instincts of reason, of conscience, of love, of religion, how beautiful and grand they are in the young heart fragrantly opening his little cup, not yet full blown, but with the promise of a man! I love to look on these young faces, and see the firstlings of the young man's beard, and the maidenly bloom blushing over the girl's fair cheek; I love to see the pure eyes beaming with joy and goodness; to see the unconscious joy of young souls, impatient of restraint, and longing for the heaven that we fashion here. So I have seen in early May among New England hills the morning springing in the sky, and gradually thinning off the stars that hedge about the cradle of the day; and all cool and fresh and lustrous came the morning light, and a few birds commenced their song, prophets of many more; and ere the sun was fairly up you saw the pinky buds upon the apple trees, and scented the violets in the open morning air, and thought of what a fresh and lordly day was coming up the eastern sky.—*Theodore Parker.*

A Painful Scene.

AND A TOUCHING CONFESSION.

We find in the Maroa (Ill.) *News* of the 25th of September an account of the resignation of Elder J. V. Beekman as pastor of the Christian Church of that village. For some time past the Rev. gentleman's habits have been such as to cause great grief to his friends and bring reproach upon the church. At the close of the sermon, which was preached by a neighboring pastor, Elder Beekman made the following address, which we give as a warning to all men, both young and old, to avoid the sin and shame which have come upon this man:

As a man, I have the highest conception as to what the life and character of the minister of the Gospel should be. I know that he should lead a consistent and an upright life, that can be looked to by the community as an example of purity and righteousness. Knowing that my life has not been such in all respects, I desire to tender to this church, for which I have labored so long, my resignation.

You are aware that I refer to my sin of intemperance. This may be my last opportunity of addressing you, and I want to ask you that you will not charge this great shame to the religion of Christ. It teaches better things. Charge it all to my own depravity and sinful nature. To you who have not this habit, it is strange that I should thus yield to this temptation. I well remember the time when I thought it strange that others drank and ruined themselves with alcohol. I am glad that there are so many young men here this morning, that I may lift my voice in warning, and beg them to profit by my example. You think now that you are strong, and in no danger. I well remember the time when I believed the same. Twelve years ago when I reached forth my inexperienced hand and took the intoxicating cup, I thought I was strong; but I developed a habit that now holds me in chains, and in the most awful slavery that humanity was ever subjected to. It holds me in its embrace when I seek my bed for repose; it disturbs my dreams during the weary hours of night, and seizes me as its prey when I rise up in the morning to enter upon the duties of the day.

Profit, oh! profit by my example; see what it has done for me. There was a time when I stood as fair as any minister of the church in Illinois; there was a time when I had as bright prospects and as cheering hopes for the future as any of my class-mates. But now they are all gone because of intemperance. O! that I could bring the whole world to hear my warning voice. Young ladies, you can do much to remove this curse from the world by not countenancing its use among your companions.

Brethren, I sever my connection with you as your pastor with a sad heart. It would be sad under the most favorable circumstances, but much more so as it is.—But I shall remain with you in the church, and labor in the community for a livelihood; I will come to your social meetings and work with you in the Sunday school, and will do all I can to atone for the great sin I have committed.

God knows I do not wish to injure His cause. Pray for me that I may yet overcome this besetting sin. I trust that I shall be able to conquer. But, should I go down under the withering influence, I ask that you remember me kindly. Whenever you meet me, and under what circumstances, remember there was a time when you were proud of me. But treat me as you may, act towards me as you choose, I beg that you will remember my wife kindly. Do not give her pain and sorrow because of my wrong doing. Poor woman, she has always suffered enough. I married her a sweet and innocent girl. She has been a patient and faithful wife. Again I ask that you will kindly remember my wife and children.

An Actor's Trick.

Oliver Logan tells, in the Baltimore *American*, how Jim Collier, the actor, fooled Maggie Mitchell, who is his kinswoman, while spending a few days at her Long Branch cottage. It is a story of wicked and elaborate deceit. Snakes were thick in the yard, and Collier habitually went out in his slippers. The repeated warning cry of the anxious lady was, 'Jim look out for snakes! Adders! The grass is full of them since the rains. Better come out the grass with those slippers on!' He basely repayed this solicitous attention, according to Olive, in this way: 'Procuring one day at a toy shop on Broadway one of those paper-mache snakes, which make one shudder to look at them, he fastened it to his trousers' leg by a string, whose action he could regulate at his waist. The family were seated on the piazza.—Suddenly a howl rent the air. It emerged from Collier. The affrighted group looked toward him, and with horror beheld a snake writhing out of his trousers' leg.—'Snake! Adder!' shouted he, jumping from the hammock and careering wildly over the lawn. 'I'm bit! Oh, take him off! Murder! Bring me something!—quickly! Whiskey—arnica,' cried Maggie wringing her hands. 'O! bring the whiskey—don't bring any arnica,' shouted Collier, rolling on the ground and making the snake form gymnastics in the air. Mr. Paddock, (Maggie's husband) having got a big stick, was about to rush to the rescue. 'Keep away!' roared the sufferer; 'it shall bite nobody but me—oh, oh!' Then seizing the reptile in both hands at its ends, he attacked it with his teeth in the middle, and apparently accomplished its destruction by madly chewing it in two, to the indescribable horror of the family on the piazza.'

As ancient darkey was observed gathering up a basket of bones in the rear end of the boarding house the other day, and when asked to what use he intended to put them to, he replied: "Dere's lots of Northern chaps walkin' around heah and axin' for relics of the war, an' Ize gwine to please de crowd ef it takes all de beef bones from out doah in Vicksburg!'—*Vicksburg Herald.*

SEWING MACHINE.

Good Business Opportunity.

THE HOWE Machine Company,

Are reorganizing their AGENCY DEPARTMENT, and can offer better terms than ever before given to reliable, energetic men to sell their

NEW LIGHT-RUNNING Sewing Machines

IN MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA.

Apply at or address

NO. 38 NORTH CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

N. B. Applicants for country territory must be able to furnish horses.

Facts FOR THINKING PEOPLE

There are a few, perhaps half a dozen

Sewing Machines

of real excellence, differing from one another more or less in principle, construction and adaptation; one being suitable for tailoring, another for bootwork, another for family use, &c., &c., the rest are inferior, and by far the greater number

ARE WORTHLESS.

It is note worthy that the sewing machine for which the highest premium was awarded at the World's Fair in New York in 1853, long since sunk into merited oblivion. The past fifteen years has seen numerous machines with high sounding pretensions, rise with a flourish, confound the simple and vanish.—So will it be while credulity lasts.

Time Tries all Things.

Use only furnishes the final test. As the purchase of a Sewing Machine is, or may be, the act of a life-time, care should be taken to get what time and use have approved.

During the past six years the Howe Machine Co. have made and sold over

600,000

SEWING MACHINES,

and to-day, though manufacturing at the rate of one per minute can hardly supply the demand. What better evidence is needed to prove that the public have decided that they are

THE BEST.

CHARLES A. DUNNING, Denton, Md., Is sole agent for the sale of the

GENUINE HOWE Sewing Machines

In Caroline County, and offers them to the public on most liberal terms.

Sept24-1y.

CARDS.

DR. ENOCH GEORGE, DENTON, MD.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Denton and vicinity, can be found at the office of G. M. Russum, Esq., unless professionally engaged. ap11-tf

DR. W. H. DOWNES, DENTON, MD

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Denton and vicinity. Can be found at all hours in the rear room of Col. R. C Carter's office, unless professionally engaged

Teeth extracted without pain.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Residence on Front street opposite the M. E. Church.

may9th-tf.

ROBT. J. JUMP, *ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,* DENTON, MD.

Will practic in the Courts of Caroline, Talbot and Queen Anne's counties. ja4-1y

WM. S. RIDGELY, *ATTORNEY-AT-LAW* DENTON, MD.,

Will practice in the Courts of Caroline and the adjoining counties. [jan4-y

GEO. M. RUSSUM, *REGISTER IN BANKRUPTCY,* OFFICE FOR THE COUNTIES OF CAROLINE, TALBOT AND QUEEN ANNE'S, DENTON, MD.

Continues to practice in the Courts of Carroline. [jan1-y

HENRY C. CONRAD, *ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,* WILMINGTON, DEL.

Claims collected, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Dec17, 1874.—1y.

THOS. H. KEMP, *ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,* DENTON, CAROLINE COUNTY, MD.,

Will practice law in the Courts of Caroline, Talbot, Queen Anne's, Dorchester and Kent counties. Will be at his office in Denton every Tuesday and Saturday. At all other times at his residence, near Denton, on the road to Andersontown, and always prepared and ready to transact all business desired by his friends or the public, either at his office or at his residence. [6-3-75-tf

T. N. GOULD. I. R. DUKES.

Gould, Dukes & Co., GRAIN & GENERAL PRODUCE *COMMISSION MERCHANTS,* No. 102 Light Street Wharf, Below Camden St., BALTIMORE.

Consignments of Grain and Produce solicited Orders for Guanos, Fertilizers and Groceries promptly attended to. [jel4-y

L. SHANLEY DAVIS, WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANT No. 95 Barclay, Street, NEW YORK.

Sales Reported Daily. *Returns Once Each Week.*

REFERENCES:

J. Rhodes & Co., Federalsburg, Md.
A. N. Davis, " "
W. S. Goslin & Son, Baltimore, Md.
C. Davis, " "
A. P. Sorden, Denton, Md.
J. M Emerson " "
Dr. D. Stewart, Port Penn, Del. [ag4-y

Sales Reported Daily—Returns once a week.

J. T. & D. H. KENNEY, WHOLESALE Commission Merchants, 305 North Water St., *PHILADELPHIA.*

For the Sale of EGGS, GRAIN, POULTRY, LUMBER, BUTTER, BARK, DRY FRUIT, WOOL, STOCK, OYSTERS, GAME, HIDES, FRUITS, &c. FUR, &c.

Reference—CASH. Nov 7 tf

Established March 25, 1855.

F. E. MARINE, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, *No. 53 West Pratt Street,* BALTIMORE, MD.

All kinds of Country Produce, except Liquors, sold at the highest price.

Refers, by Permission to

Mr. Thos. Higgins, Vienna, Dorches. Co.
Mr. M. S. Fletcher, E. N. Market, " "
Mr. F. J. Henry, Cambridge, " "
Mr. Wm. McMahan, New Hope, Md.
Mr. B. G. Stevens, Potter's Landing Md.
Mr. John Nichols, Gilpin's Point, Md.
2y.

HENRY IRWIN, AUCTIONEER, DENTON, MD.

Offers his service to the public to call sales in Caroline and adjoining counties. He flatters himself, if employed, that he can give entire satisfaction. [dec26-tf

J. W. LOCKERMAN, AUCTIONEER, FEDERALSBURG, MD.

Respectfully announces his readiness to call sales in any part of Caroline, Talbot or Dorchester counties.

Terms, $2.50 per day.

J. W. RANDOLPH, FEDERALSBURG, MD. HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Paper hanging done neatly and in good style Brick fronts painted pencilled in the latest style. Thankful for past patronage, solicits a continuance of the same.

oct-26-1y.

Paints, Dry and in Oil, VARNISHES, TURPENTINE, BRUSHES &c., &c., for sale at Fisher's Drug Store. [Dec24-tf.

CARDS.

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL ISAAC ALBERTSON, Proprietor. Cor. Fayette & St. Paul Sts. BALTIMORE.

Terms - - - $1.50 per Day.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 200 GUESTS.

Persons taking the City Passenger Cars, will ride to the Corner of St. Paul Street, within a few steps of the Mansion House.

feb27, 1873.—y.

Louis Linder, TAILOR, *DENTON, MARYLAND,* UP STAIRS OVER THE OLD POST OFFICE.

All kinds of Gentlemen's Clothes Made to Order, Cleaned, Repaired and Pressed in the best Manner, at Short Notice and Reasonable Prices. [4-22-tf.

A Most Valuable Book for Business Men

The Political, Personal, and Property

Rights OF A Citizen,

Of the United States—How to exercise and how to preserve them. By Theophilus Parsons, LL. D.,

Containing a commentary on the Federal and State Constitution, giving their history and origin, and a full explanation of their principles, purposes, and provisions; the powers and duties of Public Officers; the rights of the people, and the obligations incurred in every relation of life; also, parliamentary rules for deliberative bodies, and full directions and legal forms for all business transactions, as making Wills, Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Notes, Drafts, Contracts, etc. A Law Library in a single volume. It meets the wants of all classes and sells to everybody. [6-24-1y.

Geo. T. Melvin, Agent

FOR FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD DISTRICTS OF CAROLINE AND TALBOT COUNTY.

CABINET MAKING AND UNDERTAKING

I GIVE NOTICE through this medium that I still continue to carry on at my old business stand

CABINET MAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Undertaking A Specialty.

No pains spared in trying to give satisfaction

Persons taking measures for coffins should give the exact length of the corpse.

A good hearse, nearly new, a gentle horse and a trusty driver.

All material of the best class.

I will also brick up graves when desired.

Scythe and cradles at shortest notice of white ash.

All work put up with sharp tools

Forty years experience in the above business I flatter myself that my work cannot be surpassed on this shore. In my absence my brother, Collison Pritchett, will be found at my house or shop.

Orders should be sent in early for Scythe and Cradles.

Our thanks for past patronage.

Respectfully the public's ob't. servant,

5-6-tf. EDWARD PRITCHETT

Choptank Nurseries DENTON, MD.

PETERS & DOWLING, Proprietors,

OFFER FOR SALE THIS FALL,

50,000 select Peach Trees, No. 1, embracing all the leading varieties, such as the early Beatrice, early Louise and early Rivers.—They have also late varieties, such as the Ringgold Cling, Nanticoke and Bilyus late October, Reeves' Late Yellow and Key Port Late White.

PEARS—standard and dwarf, including all the leading varieties.

APPLES—about 50,000, from three to four years old, including all the Southern winter varieties.

APRICOTS, CHERRIES and PLUMS, Shade and Ornamental trees, Roses and bedding plants, &c.

SMALL FRUITS, such as Gooseberries Currants, Raspberries, Blackberries and 200,000 Conovers' collossal Asparagus, Rhubarb, &c. Also 500,000 Osage Oranges, one year old.

PETERS & DOWLING are practical Nurserymen and the public may rely upon every article sold by them being true to representation.

Send in your orders early.

PETERS & DOWLING, Oct15-tf. Denton, Md.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

CALL and see Dr. Fisher, at the Drug Store where, you may obtain the article you so much stand in need of. His Stock has been greatly increased and he feels assured that there but few demands that he cannot meet. If there is one article he has not got you may rest assured he will procure it for you.

His Prescription List

is as nearly complete as you will be likely to find in a country Drug Store.

His Patent Medicines

are standard articles such as

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, AGUE CURE, CATHARTIC PILLS; SCHENCK'S PREPARATIONS; SELLER'S, WRIGHT'S AND SHOLL'S PILLS; HALL'S CECILLIAN HAIR RENEWER; GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER; BOSCHEE'S SYRUP OF TAR, WILD CHERRY &c. WILBER'S COD LIVER OIL AND LIME; DR. BULL'S PREPARATIONS; DR. GROVE'S ANODYNE; SOOTHING SYRUP; BRONCHIAL TROCHES & WORM CANDY; BITTERS—HOSTETTER'S, VINEGAR, AND MISHLER'S; FINK'S MAGIC OIL; ELLIS' SOLUTION OF CITRATE MAGNESIA; CONDITION POWDERS AND OIL CAKE MEAL FOR HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS &c., &c.

—ALSO—

FANCY SOAPS, PERFUMERY HAIR OILS, &c. PAPER, ENVELOPES PENS, HOLDERS, PENCILS, &c., &c. Many other articles not mentioned.

oct30 tf

$5 to $20 Per Day at home. Terms free. Address, G. STINSON & Co., Jan21-1y. Portland, Maine.

BACON wanted at H. BLACKISTON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.]

STATE OF MARYLAND, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Constitution of the State of Maryland, by Article 14, section 1, directs amendments to the Constitution, to be made as follows:

"The General Assembly may propose amendments to the Constitution, provided that each amendment shall be embraced in a separate bill, embodying the Article or Section, as the same will stand when amended and passed by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses, by yeas and nays, to be entered on the Journals, with the proposed amendment. The bill or bills, proposing amendment or amendments, shall be published by order of the Governor, in at least two newspapers, in each county, where so many may be published, and where not more than one may be published, then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the city of Baltimore, one of which shall be in the German language, once a week for at least three months, preceeding the next ensuing general election, at which the said proposed amendment shall be submitted, in a form to be prescribed by the General Assembly, to the qualified voters of the State, for adoption or rejection. The votes cast for or against said proposed amendment or amendments, severally, shall be returned to the Governor, in the manner prescribed in other cases, and if it shall appear to the Governor that a majority of the votes cast at said election on said amendment or amendments, severally were cast in favor thereof, the Governor shall, by his proclamation, declare the said amendment or amendments, having received said majority of votes, to have been adopted by the people of Maryland, as part of the Constitution thereof, and, thenceforth, said amendment or amendments shall be part of the said Constitution. When two or more amendments shall be submitted, in manner aforesaid, to the voters of this State, at the same election, they shall be so submitted, as that each amendment shall be voted on separately."

AND WHEREAS, An Act of the General Assembly, at January Session, 1874, Chapter 264, was passed, for amending the Constitution of the State, as follows:

"*An Act to amend Section 8, of article 4, of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.*"

"SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring,* That the following section be and the same is hereby proposed, as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as provided, it may be the same to supercede and stand in the place of Section 8, of Article 4, of said Constitution."

"SECTION 8. The parties to any cause may submit the same to the court for determination without the aid of a jury, and in all suits or actions at law, issued from the Orphans' Court, or from any court, sitting in equity, and cases of presentments or indictments for offences, which are or may be punishable by death, pending in any of the courts of law, in this State, having jurisdiction thereof, upon suggestion, in writing, under oath, of either of the parties to said proceedings, that such party cannot have a fair and impartial trial in the court in which the same may be pending, the said court shall order and direct the record of proceedings in such suit or action, issue, presentment or indictment to be transmitted to some other court, having jurisdiction in such case, for trial; but, in all other cases of presentment or indictment, pending in any of the courts of law in this State, having jurisdiction thereof, in addition to the suggestion, in writing, of either of the parties to such presentment or indictment, that such party cannot have a fair and impartial trial in the court in which the same may be pending, it shall be necessary for the party making such suggestion, to make it satisfactorily appear to the court that such suggestion is true, or that there is reasonable ground for the same; and thereupon, the said court shall order and direct the record of proceedings, in such presentment or indictment, to be transmitted to some other court having jurisdiction in such cases for trial, and such right of removal shall exist upon suggestion, in cases when all the judges of said court may be disqualified, under the provisions of this Constitution, to sit in any such case, and said court, to which the record of proceedings in such suit or action, issue, presentment or indictment may be transmitted, shall hear and determine the same in like manner, as if such suit or action, issue, presentment or indictment, had been originally instituted therein, and the General Assembly shall make such modification of existing law as may be necessary to regulate and give force to this provision."

"SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall be, at the next general election to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14, of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election, the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed these words, "For the Constitutional Amendment," or "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election, due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said 14th Article of the Constitution."

NOW THEREFORE, I, JAMES BLACK GROOME, Governor of the State of Maryland, in compliance with the requirements of the provisions of the Constitution, do order and direct the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland, to be published in two newspapers in each county, where so many may be published, and where not more than one may be published, then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be in the German language, once a week for at least three months, preceeding the next general election to be held in November next, the said newspaper to be by me designated.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the City of Anapolis, this 28th day of July, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-five.

(SEAL)

JAMES BLACK GROOME.

By order of the Governor, R. C. HOLLYDAY, Secretary of State.

8-5-3m.

Whitelock Vegetator

AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATE. W. WHITELOCK TRADE & CO'S MARK VEGETATOR BALTIMORE 160 THE CROP PRODUCER

$4.00 Per Bag.

$50.00 Per Ton.

NO COMMON MATERIAL USED.

SURE TO PRODUCE A CROP.

NOT EXHAUSTED IN THREE CROPPINGS

ALWAYS UNIFORM IN QUALITY.

We ask Farmers to test its value by the side of any manure they may apply.

W. WHITELOCK & Co., 8-5-2m. 44 South St., Baltimore.