American Union

J. H. EMERSON, EDITOR.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

Thursday Morning May 31, 1877.

THERE are at least four Democratic candidates for Speaker who are confident that they have pledged to each of them from 50 to 80 votes in the caucus.

THE Attorney General of Mississippi has written a letter blaming Governor Stone for not taking active measures for punishing the Kemper county murderers.

MRS HAYES is a devout old-fashioned Methodist. She kneels' in prayer and joins the congregation in singing. She attends class-meetings and performs all the acts of a good church member.

A DISASTROUS fire occurred in Baltimore on Monday night last, which destroyed the extensive sash factory and planing mills of Wilson & Hunting on the southeast corner of President street and Canton avenue. Loss $90,000. Fully insured.

STATE ELECTIONS.—Ten States will hold elections before Congress meets, namely: Oregon in June, North Carolina and Alabama in August; Arkansas, California, Vermont and Maine in September, and West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana in October.

PRESIDENT HAYES on Friday last appointed Gen. E. B. Tyler, Postmaster at Baltimore, in place of Col. Dennison, deceased. This is said to be a fitting appointment and meets the approval of all classes of citizens of Baltimore, who alone are immediately interested in the conduct of the office.

Gov. CARROLL is making good use of the pardoning power vested in him by the constitution of the State. He has just pardoned all the election rioters and illegal voters, convicted in the Criminal Court of Baltimore city last year, for crimes committed at the Fall elections of 1875. They are now ready to repeat the same offences in 1877.

ATTORNEY GENERAL DEVENS has made Simms, the fugitive slave, whom as United States Marshal for the District of Massachusetts, he surrendered to his master, a messenger in his office. Simms evidently cherishes no resentment against the man, who against his own conscience, but in obedience to the law, sent him back to slavery.

GENERAL GRANT, with his party, arrived at Liverpool on Monday, and was received by the Mayor of Liverpool, United States Consul General Badeau, and a number of prominent citizens and Americans. He was greeted with hearty cheers by a large crowd upon landing, and was formally welcomed by the Mayor, who extended to him the hospitalities of the city.

HENRY M. WARFIELD, who was believed to have been legally elected Mayor of Baltimore city in 1875, has again announced himself as a candidate for 1877. His platform may be briefly summed up thus:—the separation of national politics from local elections, the reduction of taxes and expenses, the administration of Government on business principles, the prohibition of extravagance, the ignoring of religion in politics, and the placing of capable and honest men in office. On such a platform he ought to win.

THE Commission appointed to inquire into the management of the New York Custom House has made a preliminary report to the Secretary of the Treasury suggesting certain reforms, which Secretary Sherman has ordered to be carried out.—The most important one is the reduction of the force of twenty per cent., which is to be effected before the 20th of June. The Collector is directed to put on the list of the employees that are to be dropped all who have been guilty of receiving gratuities or bribes, or oppression or insolence in office, or even the want of common courtesy, drunkenness or other bad habits tending to degrade the office, or absence or neglect of duty.

ABOUT one hundred and fifty disappointed office seekers met in Washington one night last week and organized a new "national party." The names of none of the prominent statesmen of the country are mentioned in connection with this movement. If this organization is intended to oppose the policy of President Hayes, it is proper that in the start it should declare its purpose. If this be the object of this movement, the people ought to know it, so that all honest men, who hold country above party may range themselves on the side of the President and organize against the wire pullers, shoulder hitters and the professional politicians who fatten upon the spoils of office. Politicians to the rear—capable and honest men to the front, should be the people's motto. The country has had quite enough of political aristocracy. Slates and rings ought to be smashed and the people allowed to conduct their own affairs. We believe this is the Presidents desire and the good men of all parties should give him their hearty co-operation until by some public act he shall give evidence that he intends to run the Presidential office in the interests of a political faction.

A LARGE HAUL OF BLUE FISH.—The steamer Tangier, which reached her wharf this morning, had on board about 2,500 blue fish, shipped by a Mr. Johnson, in Virginia. The fish were all taken at one time in a fish pond, located at the mouth of Chesconnessex creek, in Accomac county. Mr. Johnson stated that he only took about half the fish out of the pond, as he had no means of preserving more than he sent up to-day, and left the balance until another day. It is regarded as a remarkably large haul of blue fish, and will doubtless prove valuable. Previous to this large catch, blue fish have not appeared in the waters of the lower bay in any considerable numbers, but it is thought they will be very plentiful hereafter.—*Balto. Bee.*

JUDGE BACON, of South Carolina, who is now visiting Washington with letters from Governor Wade Hampton, expresses astonishment that doubt should longer exist as to the intention of Governor Hampton and the Conservative Democrats of that State to support the administration of President Hayes. He denies the statement made to the effect that Governor Hampton ignores the colored citizen, and says that just after his inauguration he made earnest efforts to secure the names of the most intelligent colored men in the several counties of the State for the purpose of appointing them to local offices. The first officer he appointed after he became Governor was a colored man.

Bad State of Affairs in Mississippi

The following statements by Gov. Stone shows an unhealthy state of affairs in Mississippi. It will be remembered that Col. Chislom and family were brutally murdered by a mob of armed men a short time since and the Governor of Mississippi has been appealed to to bring the guilty parties to trial. The replies by saying "that he has done all in his power to bring the guilty ones to trial by requesting Judge Hanom, circuit judge, to call an extra session of his court for that purpose, and that under the laws of the State the executive has no power to do anything in the matter.—He had gone to De Kalb as soon as he heard of the riot, but when he arrived the rioters had dispersed, and nothing was left for him to do except to go and see Judge Hanom and ask judicial officers to take steps to bring them to trial. The Governor thinks it exceedingly doubtful if a jury in Kemper county would convict the rioters, all of whom were well known and resided there."

Baltimore City Politics.

The *Baltimorean*, Democratic in politics, has this to say in reference to Baltimore city politics.

"It is evident enough from the spirit manifested at the Democratic primaries and afterwards at the City Convention, that the fight for the Mayoralty nomination will be a hard one, and that there is a good deal of the old leaven of Ringism at work in the Democratic ranks. The campaign commenced at the primaries with a goodly display of rowdyism, which showed itself pretty freely afterwards at the meeting of the Convention. If this is the way in which the Democratic campaign begins, what are we to expect when the Fall elections occur? The people of this city, however, are determined to show the rough and rowdy element, no matter on which side that element appears, that they cannot be bull-dozed again as they were in 1875, and that there must and shall be a quiet, orderly and peaceful election.

As for the Convention, it was of the same class and character to which we have grown accustomed in this city—no worse, and we are sorry to say no better than usual. The Democratic party must do better with their nomination than they have done in regard to the Convention, or the people will know the reason why.—The make-up of the Executive Committee, however, does not give promise of a much better order of things, but smells strongly of the old corrupt Ring."

The Corruption of Politics.

Hon. Thos. M. Cooley, Chief Justice of the State of Michigan, delivered a lecture in the hall of the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, last week, in which he justly condemns the motto adopted during Gen. Jackson's administration, and promulgated by his Secretary State, Gov. Marcy, of New York, "to the victors belong the spoils." Judge Cooley says:

"The man who first introduced the phrase that "to the victor belongs the spoils of office," was guilty of bringing from the field of war and devastation the most disorganizing of its maxims, and making it a watchword on the field when calm reason should have undisputed reign. The politics of nation and State and city and ward have been debauched by it, and from the lowest office to the highest, and among all who desire office, the idea is prevalent that a political party is a great aggregate of people, organized like an army, subjected to the discipline of an army, and who are to gather the rewards of a desperate struggle with an opposing force—not in the blessings which flow to them as a nation; not in peace and order and the gradual moral and material elevation of the people, but in what a victorious, half barbarous army might snatch from the enemy—the plunder, the spoils. These offices of the people are parcelled out by leaders among followers for services wholly of an individual and partisan character, and are held by a tenure not of fidelity to the interests of the people, but fidelity to party obligation and usuages. We must eradicate this system of political rewards if we expect either an honest people or a judiciary or government worthy the preservation."

WE commented the other day upon the general mockery of speeches from the gallows, but the case of Austin Humphreys, who was hanged near Detroit on Tuesday for the murder of a dilatory creditor, appears to be an exception to the rule. Facing death with courage, but without bravado, the condemned man spoke this touching farewell: "My dear friends, I am now on the scaffold to pay the last penalty of the law, and I bless God that he has seen fit to pardon me and wash away my sins. I feel that my sentence is just, and I want to warn you all, my dear friends, never to touch the intoxicating cup. It was all through liquor that I came here. Oh, my dear friends, as you value your own souls, leave that cup alone. It has done more harm than all other things put together, and has been the ruin of thousands, as it has been of me. May God have mercy on me and give me grace." Probably no one then within the sound of his voice will ever forget these words.

REPORTED MURDER ON THE LOWER BAY.—Intelligence comes from the Eastern Shore, by passengers on the steamer Helen, which arrived on Saturday, of a bloody murder on the lower bay. The statement is to the effect that a Captain Johnson, of Washington, assaulted one of the crew of his vessel so terribly last week that he died and his body was thrown overboard. The scene of the murder seems to be located about Cherrystone, Va., and the crime grew out of an altercation about $100 Johnson owed his victim. The murderer at last accounts had not been arrested.—*Balt. Bee.*

For the Union.

The Last Prophecy.

Of all the great scenes presented to the mental vision of man, by the power of Jehovah, the closing one was the grandest.

It was then and there shown that the grand Master of the universe would leave man to the devices of his own mind; that He would no longer directly interest Himself in the affairs of men; that the last page but one was opened and when the Prince of Peace came all promises on his part had been fulfilled.

The mind of the Prophet, endowed as it was with preternatural wisdom, saw the long train of events which were to happen, and trembled, not with fear, for well he knew that God was near. He trembled for his nation and his people; nor were they all; he knew the day was fast approaching when all mankind would be weighed with the same balance with which the iniquities of Babylon was weighed.

The Prophet saw at a glance the sorrow and suffering mankind would bring upon themselves by their disobedience; he knew no heed would be taken of the many warnings which God in His mercy had given to man; eyes to see and ears to hear, yet they neither hear nor see, not even the visible presence of God could rouse slumbering humanity from their false dream of security.

The fate of Babylon; the overthrow of the monarchy of Persia; the division of the empire established by Alexander; the blotting out of the kingdoms which were founded by the successors of the great Macedonian king; the founding of the Roman Empire; the destruction of Jerusalem and the overthrow of the Roman world, is evidence of the truth of the last great prophecy.

Yet one more startling fact God in this last act closes the books, man has enough to read, no longer will that voice be heard through the mouth of the Prophet. He is commanded to go, "Shut up the words, and seal the book." The time is past for revelation; the people are stiff necked;—they will not obey, therefore till the end of time, they can follow their own evil inclinations, but at the Great Day of reckoning of each will be exacted the full measure of his deeds. PARGETTER.

The Royal Cow.

When cotton was summarily discrowned from its long reign quite a number of aspirants reached for the regalia, and iron, corn, hay and wheat stretched for the sceptre.—A rival has entered the field, while the deposed monarch is regaining his strength and worshippers; and though centuries have elapsed since Egypt deified the cow and Homer made "ox-eyed June" more queenly for that quantity, the cow is being statistically foisted above cotton and all its other rivals. The coronation is, of course, at the hands of the dairymen and maidens. Their exponent has just declared that the country has $450,000,000 invested in 10,000,000 milch cows, whose annual product is worth $275,142,685, while the last cotton crop was worth only $200,000,000.

The enormous sum of this dairy interest—which includes nothing of oxen, hides or meat will surprise every one who has paid no attention to it. The fallacy which destroys the hay argument is partially wanting here too. For, while our exporation of hay amounts to nothing and hardly equals consumption, there is a great and rapidly growing export of butter, cheese, salt and fresh beef and live animals. The sum cannot be accurately computed, and carries the particular valuation into the same classification with cotton. For in all these inte rests the final appreciation does not rest upon the amount, how considerable soever that may be, which is consumed at home and so lost to wealth, but upon the amount beyond consumption which is exported and enriches the land by its equivalent in gold or other needs and permanent worths.

This gross value of cattle for labor, leather and other ends, is susceptible of a vast additional and must necessarily expand with western settlement and increase the returns shown in our foreign trade, while sustaining labor at home more abundantly and cheaply, and so enabling every industry to flourish in competition with less favored countries, and comforts and luxuries to be enjoyed by all. It will not hold the throne it challenges any more than the hay crop; provided the southern energy which has done so much toward restoring its early abundance, holds the course it has with the energy it is now showing. But it may, and apparently must, reach a higher sum than any farmer or any statistication has dreamed, for, recovering its total, it has acquired the best blood of the best herds of Europe; has given practical attention and study to the manufacture of cheese and butter; has given the leather interest a new power, is conquering Texas, California and all the new states, and is arousing wonder in and drawing money from Europe and Asia at the same time.—*North American.*

EDINBURG is a new village—it calls itself a city—in the oil region of Pennsylvania. The 3,000 inhabitants live in houses that have neither lath not plaster; and altogether the place is like those that grow suddenly in Western mining districts.—There are five faro banks, a variety theatre, and uncounted liquor saloons. To offset them there is one church. New and profitable oil wells recently bored in the neighborhood are the cause of Edinburg's existense. It is at one end of a narrow gauge railroad, that a correspondent of the Chicago *Times* describes as follows: "It runs around in this mountainous country with an abandon that is truly refreshing. It skips over hills and down precipices, dodges around big stumps, straddles deep gorges on hoppole stilts and twists and bends beneath its tread and threaten to send the traveller three hundred feet into eternal smash every moment, hangs by one foot on the side of the mountain's stone walls, bends around curves like a contortionist, runs on the wheels of one side, bumps the cars around like a chop sea in the English Channel, was completed in January, cost $40,000, cleared itself in three months, charges $1 for the trip, and is crowded with business."

Curiosities of lawsuits for breach of matrimonial promises: In Boston, a girl was engaged to a man who jilted her. This was ten years ago. She married somebody else. Recently she became a widow, and now she sues the original suitor because he will not keep the old promise. In Minneapolis, a man is the complainant. He declares that his pocket and his feelings have suffered an injury equal to $10,000 by the refusal of a wealthy widow to marry him. She promised to do so, and he gave up his business of liquor selling to please her, thus causing his bankruptcy. In Montreal, a woman of forty failed to secure a verdict against a boy of eighteen. He proved that he had never meant nor promised to marry her, but had regarded her rather in the light of a motherly adviser.

News and Other Items.

California is making her own glass.

There are 84,200 buildings in New York.

There are 30,000 negroes in Richmond, Virginia.

Shelby county, Kentucky, collects taxes on 1880 dogs.

Tallahassee, Ala., factories are shipping goods to Europe.

St. Louis has a taxable property valuation of $179,000,000.

The Philadelphia signers of the Murphey pledge number 35,000.

The Philadelphia exhibition is a great success.

Circus taxes in Texas are $300 each performance.

Florida is said to be as good a corn State as Illinois.

There is said to be not one mixed public school in Georgia.

Ship owners of Gloucester, Mass., possess five hundred schooners.

No taxes are paid on $137,000,000 of church property in New York.

The Professors in Columbia College, New York, get $7,500 each, yearly.

It is shown that $106,000,000 is spent in New York city, annually, for liquor.

Michigan's tax levy for the present year laps that of last year by about $462,000.

Last year's tobacco crop of Lancaster county, Pa., yielded from $400 to $600 per acre.

The Ladies' Centennial Board of Illinois will organize in that State an Industrial Home for Girls.

There are said to be over twenty-five thousand sheep in Ainwell township, Washington county, Pa.

In the northern district of Berks county, Pa., wages paid laborers average about fifty cents per day.

The valuation of Boston is to be reduced this year $80,000,000, making a reduction of $100,000,000 within two years.

Eight hundred tons of new iron are to be laid along the line of the New Jersey Southern railroad this summer.

The temperance work in central New York has resulted in 18,458 signatures to the pledge in thirteen cities and towns.

The Republican Life Insurance Company of Chicago has been placed in the hands of receivers by the Auditor of State.

A valuable dog died recently in Boston, when a post mortem was held on him and sixty nails were found in his stomach.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company expects to transport 10,000 car loads of fruit this season.

The New York Bible Society distributed by gifts and sale during the last month 3,270 Bibles and Testaments.

There are now published in Japan about fifty journals, all of which have been founded within four or five years.

The Rowlandsville, Cecil county, public schools has been closed in consequence of the fatal prevalence of scarlet fever.

About 40,000 people visited the Philadelphia Exhibition on Saturday. Among the attractions was singing by 3,000 school children.

A New York maiden lady living in a fashionable up-town locality paid $14 for a coffin for a pet cat which died last week, and has had it buried in her lot at Woodlawn.

Philadelphia ladies have established a woman's club. Husbands are not admited further than the hall when they call to take their wives home.

The Postoffice Department received, on Thursday, 18,000 three cent pieces from the postoffices in Maryland, and turned them into the United States Treasury.

In Allegany county, Md., there are 14,062 children, 5,520 of whom were enrolled upon the school returns of the county; the number of teachers at the end of the year 1876 was 106.

In Wisconsin spring wheat is in good order, but the chinch bug has appeared in numerous localities. The acreage is only an average one. Corn, oats, rye and barley promise large yields.

On the first Sunday of the month 2,000 persons were added to the churches of Boston and vicinity, as the fruit of Mr. Moody's tabernacle meetings.

Switzland has formed a national committee to co-operate with the International Association for the exploration and opening up of Central Africa. Russia has also constituted her committee.

A bill passed by the Missouri Legislature provides that all able bodied male persons between the ages of 12 and 60 are to be drafted for two days in each week during the spring months of the year to fight the grasshoppers.

There are 2,265 animals in the Zoological Gardens at London. The number of visitors to the gardens in 1876 was 915,764, exceeding that of any previous year since the opening by more than 200,000.

It has been decided to appoint Mrs. Thompson, widow of an eminent lawyer lately deceased, postmaster at Louisville, Ky. Mrs. T. is the daughter of Rev. Alex Campbell, founder of the Campbellite sect of Baptists.

Edward Brown, a native of Castleton, Isle of Man, 21 years old, who shipped at Baltimore to run the British ship Winchester from Norfolk to Philadelphia, committed suicide by jumping overboard near Fortress Monroe Saturday. His body was recovered.

Sketch of the Greatest City the World ever saw.

London is the greatest city the world ever saw. It is the heart of the British Empire and the world. It covers within the fifteen miles' radius of Charing Cross, nearly 700 square miles. It numbers within these boundaries 4,000,000 inhabitants. It comprises 100,000 foreigners from every quarter of the globe. It contains more Roman Catholics than Rome itself, more Jews than the whole of Palestine, more Irish than Dublin, more Scotchmen than Edenburg, more Welchmen than Cardiff, and more country-born persons than the counties of Devon, Warwickshire and Durham combined. Has a birth every five minutes. Has a death in every eight minutes. Has seven accidents every day in its 7,000 miles of streets. Has on an average 28 miles of new streets opened and 9,000 houses built in it every year. Has 128 persons added to its population every day, and 45,000 every year; has 1,000 ships and 9,000 sailors in its port every day; has 118,000 habitual criminals on its police register, increasing at an average of 30,000 per annum; has more than one-third of all the crime in the country committed in it; has as many beer shops and gin palaces as would if placed side by side, stretch from Charing to Portsmouth, a distance of seventy-three miles; has 38,000 drunkards annually brought before its magistrates; has as many paupers as would more than occupy every house in Reading; has upwards of a million of habitual neglectors of public worship; has sixty miles of open shops every Lord's day; has need of 900 new churches and 200 additional city missionaries; has an influence with all parts of the world represented by the yearly delivery in it of 239,000,000 of letters.

"The Sure Witness."

"The nineteenth century is the age of novels," remarks a literary historian,—he might have added with equal truth, "and novel impositions." Studied politeness has been passed off on us for native refinement, the forms of devotion for its essence, and speculation for science, until we look askance at every new person or thing, and to an assertion of merit, invariably exclaim, "Prove it!" In brief, Satan has made himself so omnipresent, that we look for his cloven foot everywhere—even in a bottle of medicine. Imagine a lady, having a complexion so sallow that you would deny her claims to the Caucasian type if her features did not conform of it, purchasing her first bottle of the Golden Medical Discovery. The one dollar is paid in the very identical manner in which Mr. Taylor might be expected to purchase a lottery ticket after his experience with "No 104, 163," with this difference, his doubt would be the result of personal experience, while hers would be founded on what a certain practitioner (who has been a whole year trying to correct her refractory liver) has said concerning it. At home she examines the bottle half suspiciously, tastes of its contents carefully, takes the prescribed does more carefully, and then proceeds to watch the result with as much anxiety as a practitioner would count the pulse beats of a dying man. She takes another dose, and another, and shows the bottle to her friends, telling them she "feels better." Her skin loses its bilious tint, her eyes regain their lustre, her accustomed energy returns, and the fact that she purchases another bottle is a sure witness that she has found the Golden Medical Discovery to be a reliable remedy for the disease indicated. The lady wisely resolves that in future her estimate of any medicine will be based upon a *personal knowledge of its effects*, and not upon some practitioner (who always makes long bills rhyme with pills) may say of it. Dr. Pierce is in receipt of letters from hundreds of the largest wholesale and retail druggists in the United States stating that at the present time there is a greater demand for the Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets than ever before. In affections of the liver and blood they are unsurpassed.

Gloomy Prospects in California.

A California writer gives a woeful account of business prospects and poor crops in that State. He says:—

"All the news from the Pacific coast is disastrous. I give it as my deliberate opinion that we will have a famine in this State before the season is over. The drought has killed all of our crops, and nearly destroyed all our cattle. This is the second great drought since the settlement of California, and the memory of these two will always be a cloud upon the business horizon of this wonderful State, for capitalists will not invest money in ranches and cattle, and run the risk of a burning season, when all their possessions will be devoured and annihilated by the sun and dust.

"I fear you will soon hear of more business disasters of a most gigantic character from this coast. Things were really in an unwholesome state when Ralston died, but the difficulty was then averted only in greater calamity and panic. It is a fact that people who were millionaires six months ago are to-day eager to secure situations as waiters and farm laborers. The drought alone nearly ruined the State, but occurring simultaneously with the bursting of the mining bubble it has proved more than the people can stand. Starvation literally stares the whole farming population in the face, and in a few weeks more they will have neither meat, fruit nor grain."

Confirmatory of the above is the following taken from a letter from Stanislaus county, Cal., and addressed to a citizen of Botetourt county, Va.:

"Our crop prospects are indeed very unpromising. The season has been unusually dry throughout. I doubt much whether the entire Sanjoaquin valley will yield 100,000 bushels of wheat and barley, which yielded last year about 10,000,000 bushels."

Wholesale Robbery of a County.

A GANG OF THIEVISH OFFICIALS.

The auditors appointed by the County Court at Scranton, Pa., a year ago to make an audit of the Luzerne county finances for the past seven years have finished their labors, and the result will be published. It reveals a record of official dishonesty unparalleled in the previous history of the county, and shows how for seven years past the Commissioners, Treasurers, Sheriffs, clerks and others have stolen boldly large sums from the treasury. The thefts took all possible shapes, such as bogus contracts, changing records, altering figures, retaining taxes, etc. Positive proof was furnished by the auditors of $50,000 stolen from time to time, but the full amount of the seven years stealing will doubtless reach $100,000. Some of the dishonest officials, including an ex-Treasurer, three County Commissioners, a clerk, and a former Auditor, have been already convicted and are now in prison. The people are determined to bring the perpetrators of these crimes to justice.

A REMARKABLE WOOL CLIP.—The wool clip of San Fernando (Cal.) Sheep Company this year was in many respects a remarkable one. It was probably the largest single clip in the United States, or perhaps in the world. The flocks of the company comprise 39,400 sheep, and their yield of wool was 331,000 pounds. As amongst this number there were a good many lambs last fall, this was an average of over nine pounds to the sheep.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR—	
City Mills,	$6.00@ 7.00
Patapsco Family,	11.50@00.00
Chesapeake Extra,	10.25@00.00
GRAIN—	
Wheat—white,	1.75@1.80
" red,	1.65@1.70
Corn—white,	58@ 59
" yellow,	59@ 60
Rye,	75@ 78
Oats,	44@ 45

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Loan.

$3,000 IN SUMS TO SUIT. Apply to JOSIAH WHITE, Sec'y. C. B. & L. Association.
may31-2w.

LOST.

ON THE 20th of March last, on the road from Denton to Cecilton, Cecil Co.—by way of Greensborough, Suddlersville, Crumpton and Galena, a

Gold Headed Ebony Cane.

It bore the inscription of "Rev. A. G. Marlett" etc. Being a family relic its permanent loss would be especially regretted. Any information concerning it can be addressed REV. E. P. ALDRED,
May-31-3w. Cecilton, Cecil Co., Md.

LARD OIL at H. BLACKISTON'S.

NO CREDIT, NO LOSS!

NO HIGH PRICES.

The Superior Standard

OF OUR

CLOTHING

FULLY MAINTAINED AT PRICES

LOWER THAN EVER.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,

POPULAR ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS,

184 West Baltimore Street,

Opposite Light Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Branch of 487 Broadway, New York.
may-3 2mos.

LARGE STOCK

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

—:x:—

H. BLACKISTON & SON

HAVE just returned from the City with their recent purchases. Our Stock is large and well selected. We feel confident that customers generally will find it to their interest to give our

Stock an Inspection.

We think that we can sell our goods as cheap as they can be bought at other places. Call and see for yourselves. Our stock consists of

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Groceries,
Ready-Made Clothing
Hats & Caps,
Boots & Shoes,
Hardware,
Glassware,
Queensware, &c.,

and many other things useful in families.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

P. S.—We must insist on prompt payment by all persons that we accommodate with goods on time. We cannot continue to run bills from year to year.

H. BLACKISTON & SON.
may3-tf.

6 New pieces sheet music, retails for $1.75, sent for 10 cts & stamp. Cheap Music Co., Middleboro, Mass.

25 ELEGANT CARDS all styles with name, 10 cts. post paid. J. B. Husted, Nassau, Rens Co., N. Y.

FUN 1 copy curious love letter, 1 pk. comic cards, 1 pack poping question cards; all for 10 cts. & stamp. Fun Card Co., Middleboro, Mass.

TIP The Tip Top Package is the largest and best selling out. READ AND SEE. 18 Sheets of Note Paper, 18 Envelopes, Pencil, Pen-holder, Golden Pen, Set of Elegant Gold Stone Sleeve Buttons, Gents' Lake George Diamond Pin, Amothyst Stone Ring-inlaid with gold, Amethyst Stone Scarf Pin, Gold-plated Wedding Ring, Set Rosebud Ear Drops, Ladies' Flowered and Silvered Hat Pin, Ladies' Fancy Set Pin and Drops, Gold plate Collar Button, Gents' Gold plated Watch Chain and Set of Three Gold-plated Studs. The entire Lot sent post-paid for 50 cts. Extraordinary inducements to agents. J. BRIDE, Clinton Place, New York. TOP

HA 1 comic oil chromo, 7x11, mounted, worth 25 cts.; 1 pk love cards, 1 pk comic envelopes; 1 pk comic cards, 1 pk scroll, 1 24 p book Fun, all sent for only 5 3 cent stamps, Novelty Co., Middleboro, Mass.

TRIFLING

WITH A COLD IS ALWAYS DANGEROUS.

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,

a sure remedy for Coughs, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Chest and Mucous Membrane.

Put Up Only in Blue Boxes.

Sold by all Druggists. C. N. CRITTENTON, 7 Sixth Avenue, New York.

FUN 1 pack acquaintance cards, 1 pack bdkf. flirtation, 1 pack scroll, all sorts, for only 10 cts and stamp.—Fun Card Co., Middleboro, Mass.

BOOK See this. Only $1.50 capital required to start canvassing for MARK TWAIN'S NEW SCRAP-BOOK. Apply, with stamp, to John K. Hollowell, 139 East Eighth St., N. Y. **Canvassers**

FUN 1 package comic Envelopes, pk. comic Cards, pack scroll cards, 24 p. book of Fun; all for 10 cts. & stamp.—Novelty Co., Middleboro, Mass.

The Black Hills.

By H. N. MAGUIRE, who has spent 12 years in this region. Latest accounts of Gold and Silver prospects, Agricultural and Grazing resources, Climate, Hunting, Fishing, Indians, and Settlers' Adventures with them, Mining and Wild Western Life, the Waterfalls, Boiling Geysers, noble Scenery, immense Gorges, etc. With 27 fine illustrations, and 1 map. Price only 10 cts. Sold by all Newsdealers, or sent post-paid for 12 cents, by DONNELLY, LOYD & Co., Pubs, Chicago, Ill.
may24-4w.

School Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the public schools of Caroline county will be closed after Friday, the 15th of June next.
may17-3w. GEO. F. BEAVEN.

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

FOR TOUCHY CUTS DISEASES OF THE SKIN, BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, HEALS SORES AND ABRASIONS OF THE CUTICLE AND COUNTERACTS CONTAGION.

This Standard External Remedy for Eruptions, Sores and Injuries of the Skin, not only REMOVES FROM THE COMPLEXION ALL BLEMISHES arising from local impurities of the blood and obstruction of the pores, but also those produced by the sun and wind, such as tan and freckles. It renders the CUTICLE MARVELOUSLY CLEAR, SMOOTH and PLIANT, and being a WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER is far preferable to any cosmetic.

ALL THE REMEDIAL ADVANTAGES OF SULPHUR BATHS are insured BY THE USE OF *Glenn's Sulphur Soap*, which in addition to its purifying effects, remedies and PREVENTS RHEUMATISM and GOUT.

It also DISINFECTS CLOTHING and LINEN and PREVENTS DISEASES COMMUNICATED BY CONTACT with the PERSON.

IT DISSOLVES DANDRUFF, prevents baldness, and retards grayness of the hair.

Physicians speak of it in high terms.

Prices—25 and 50 Cents per Cake; per Box (3 Cakes), 60c. and $1.20.

N. B.—The 50 cent cakes are triple the size of those at 25 cents.

"HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE," Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av., N.Y.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye

FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

Sold by all Druggists; and Dealers in Medicines.

DRESS-MAKING.

Mrs. C. M. King

IS prepared to cut and fit Ladies and Children's Dresses, at short notice, and on reasonable terms. Using "Cornwell's self-fitting Chart"—the old method of so *often* trying on, entirely done away, and a perfect fit guaranteed.

Also prepared to cut and make gentlemen's shirts. Public patronage respectfully solicited. Place of business, opposite Mr. Allen Moore's residence.

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$12 a day at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free.
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