American Union

J. H. EMERSON, Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20, 1877.

PEOPLE'S TICKET.

FOR THE STATE SENATE,

THOS. F. GAREY.

FOR THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES,

JAMES MASSEY,
CHAS. H. TODD.

FOR SHERIFF,

JONATHAN EVITTS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,

WILLIAM H. CASHO,
SAULSBURY HOBBS,
JAMES H. HOLMES.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,

CAPT. J. B. ISLER.

The registry statistics in San Francisco show that her voters comprise 25,042 foreign born and only 22,633 native citizens.

Iowa is the "Banner State" for political parties, there being no less than five tickets and five platforms submitted to the people for approval or rejection this fall.

The New York detectives have captured in different cities property valued at over twenty thousand dollars brought into the port of New York in the shape of personal baggage on which not a cent of duty had been paid. Included in the articles thus smuggled were twenty silk chapeaus and one hundred and forty articles of church vestment and chasubles for the use of dignitaries of the Catholic Church, over two hundred elaborately embroidered cambric articles of ladies under-clothing, and three hundred and fifty sets of imitation diamond and jet jewelry. The smuggler has not yet been arrested.

SAYS the Philadelphia *Press:* Party ties are steadily weakening in the United States, and nobody need much regret the fact. The people are now compelled to look to more serious things than political combinations. Their very necessities and sufferings must force them to select honest candidates, and to legislate for practical measures. The politicians who accept the situation will be saved; those who do not will be sacrificed. The day for selfish and sectional statesmanship is at an end. In such a crisis the wholesome example of the Republican President Hayes is an unspeakable advantage to the country and to the Republican party."

We have on several occasions refused to notice the remarks of the *Journal* in reference to the *Union*; in other instances we have taken occasion to correct its misstatements in order that we might put ourselves right before our readers. Why it should continue persistently to attack this paper, we are at a loss to discover. We have tried uniformly to maintain with it the most friendly relations, and have no desire to incur the displeasure of any one. But the unnecessary and uncalled for insinuations in its last issue, attributing to us base and sinister motives, we cannot suffer to pass by in silence.

True, the article was not written by the editor of the *Journal*, but by publishing it as an editorial he becomes its "daddy;" accepts the bantling as the effusion of his own brain, and thereby assumes the responsibility of its statements.

The idea attempted to be conveyed that Mr. Dunning was presented as a candidate for Sheriff with the purpose of securing the active support of the *Union*, or that we were induced to step down from our high moral platform and devote at least one day to our relations," is false in every particular, and the writer, if he has one ounce of good sense, knew it when he penned the article. With Mr. Dunning and no other gentleman put in nomination, or placed upon the ticket, did we ever hold a conversation relating to their becoming a candidate, nor did we solicit any one to vote for any one whose name was presented to the convention. But the whole article is full of glaring falsehoods and intentional misstatement of facts. The author of this article must be a novice in writing newspaper articles, for he fails to cover up his design to mislead the reader. Almost every sentence is stamped with falsehood.

The article starts out with a great flourish by announcing that the "odds and ends of our political world was held," and yet before he concludes he declares, that "the meeting was composed wholly of Republicans," except eight persons, who have heretofore been Democrats; being the exact number of the righteous that was saved in the destruction of the antediluvian world. If these eight righteous Caroline Democrats, by their independence and influence produce but a tithe of the good which Noah and his family exerted upon the world, they will receive the good-will and esteem of their fellow men, and need not be ashamed of their course.

The statements that there were but *eight* Democrats in the meeting is a downright, wilful and deliberate falsehood. The writer knew better when the statement was penned. About an equal number, if not a majority of the convention, were Democrats. We have abundant proof of this.—They were outspoken and made no attempt to conceal their sentiments.

We have the list of those who voted in Convention for the nomination of the People's ticket before us, and we find from a careful count, that nearly one-half of those participating in the meeting were as good Democrats, if not better, than those who support the Fields ticket. Many of them are old life-long Democrats, whose adherence to Democratic faith has never been called in question until the *Journal* branded them as Republicans. Besides those actively participating in the Convention, there were Democrats present who stood by, endorsed its proceedings and were in full sympathy with its spirit and object. There are also other Democrats, in all parts of the county, who endorse this movement of the people, and will give it their support.

Another reckless statement of the *Journal* is, that the "meeting was almost entirely made up of citizens of the Denton district." Every district in the county was represented in the Convention, and by representive men of the Democratic party. This we assert as a fact, knowing it to be a truth. As to its numbers, wealth and influence, it was a fair representation of the people of the county.

As to its being "*a dastardly piece of political rascality,*" as the *Journal* terms it (and this is very strong language,) it again deliberately perverts the truth.—All its proceedings were open to public inspection and conducted in a fair and honorable manner. The Senator and County Commissioners were nominated by the unanimous vote of the Convention without a ballot. The rest of the ticket was elected by a ballot of the Convention, every voter making his own selection, and voting as he desired. There never were fairer nominations made in the county, or those that were freer from political bias.

We stated above that the *Journal* used strong language when it denounced the proceedings of the Convention as the "*most dastardly piece of political rascality* it ever heard of." It is decidedly strong, when we consider that the editor of the *Journal*, who but a short time ago, attained his majority, should brand old grey haired Democrats, bearing the scars of perhaps a hundred political battle-fields—men whose political rights have been invaded and because they refuse longer to submit tamely to a usurpation of power by party leaders—as "political rascals" and party renegades. Such language is an insult to every honest Democrat and a serious reflection upon their manhood and independence. We would advise this modern Samson to be very careful how he wields the Asses jaw bone, for instead of slaying thousands of his enemies, he might so wound those of his own friends as to produce fatal results. A beardless boy should not advise men of hoary locks and of long years of experience, how they should vote. This fledgling of the *Journal* should tarry at Jericho until he could raise something more than mere down upon his upper lip.

Tweed's Revelations.

An adjourned examination of Wm. M. Tweed was held in New York on Saturday before the special committee of the board of aldermen. The Boss gave considerable testimony respecting the assignment of various claims to him, especially that of Mr. James O'Brien, a noted local politician, and recently a violent anti-Tamanyite, for which he claimed to have paid $150,000. The O'Brien assignment was produced and proved to be a transfer to Foster Dewey, Tweed's private secretary, for the consideration of $1, of not less than one half of O'Brien's claims against the city and county of New York, it being understood and agreed that the amount assigned was not less than $150,000; a transfer was also produced from Dewey to Tweed of the same claim, it being understood that the assignment was made to Dewey by O'Brien in order that Mr. Tweed's name should not appear in the paper, but that he was the real party to whom such assignment was made. Witnesses were introduced to indentify O'Brien's signature to the assignment, although he pronounced it a forgery. Tweed testified that the consideration money was paid to O'Brien partly in money and partly in bonds and mortgages.

In regard to the charter of 1870, which created a board of audit to pass bills, composed of Mayor A. Oakey Hall, Comptroller Connolly and Tweed, as president of the board of supervisors, Tweed testified that money was used to pass it through the Legislature. The charter was prepared by Hall, Connolly, Sweeney and Tweed. He says the first understanding between the ring in regard to raising money was that parties were to add a large amount to their bills, of which they were to receive fifty per cent. These bills were to have some basis or foundation. The matter was planned through Mr. Watson, who was a clerk in the comptroller's office, and Mr. Woodward, who was a clerk in the board of supervisors. They were to prepare the bills, the board was to audit them, and Connolly was to pay the money. They had no doubt of Woodward's and Watson's fidelity, for they were very zealous in their interests, and they were to receive two and one half per cent. each for their work.—They were instructed to introduce the bills have them paid, and the parties were to receive the full pay (fifty per cent.) back. The division amongst the ring was Tweed, 25 per cent.; Connolly, 20; Sweeney, 10; Hall, 5; Woodward and Watson, 2½ per cent. each, and the balance to the tradesmen, and Hall was to be told that the expenses of doing the business were so great that they could not give him any more.

In regard to what Senators were paid money for voting for the charter of 1870 Mr. Tweed testified as follows:

"I saw Senators Norris Winslow, W. L. Woodin, George Bowen, Theodore L. Manierre and James Wood, republicans.—I did not know how to reach Winslow, as he had the reputation of being a rich man, and I did not think money would fetch him but shortly afterward a gentleman met me on the train and said he thought he could bring the thing about through Winslow's brother in law; this was done and I made my arrangement with Winslow through that source a few days afterward. Hugh Hastings suggested that I should secure Woodin; Hastings had been fighting me all along but I convinced him that it would be to his interest to support me. I met Woodin and asked him if he was going against me, and, after a general conversation, we at last reached money, and finally I agreed to give Winslow, Woodin, Bowen, Manierre and Wood $40,000 each to sustain the charter in caucus. Hastings first suggested the caucus matter, and these five gentleman advocated it saying that if the caucus directed them to vote for the bill their motives could not be impugned. I gave the money all to Winslow, a total of $200,000, and Woodin and others afterward told me that they had received it, or gave me to understand that they had. I also paid other Senators for voting, some in money, and to others by giving places to their friends, who never did any work except draw their salaries."

Mr. Tweed then recited the details of his agreement with Winslow, Woodin, Wood, Manierre and Bowen; how they wanted $50,000 apiece, and how he told them he could only pay them $40,000 apiece. "The money was brought to me by John Garvey. He came to Albany with $100,000. A messenger brought me some, and the balance I carried up myself. Watson and Connolly gave some, and some was raised by notes which were discounted. Some of these notes are in existence, and some are in the hands of Mr. Carolan O'Brien Bryant, to whom I foolishly gave them, believing he could be of assistance to me.

HUGH HASTINGS' CHECK.

Q. How did you come to consult Hugh Hastings on these matters? A. Because I found him a very valuable, active man.

Q. Did you pay him? A. I did. I paid him $20,000 for his labor on the charter.

Q. How did you pay him for it? A. He called upon me after the Legislature had adjourned, when I generally settled up matters, and I gave him a check for $20,000.

Q. Have you got that check? A. I have it.

Q. Have you it here? A. No, but I can produce it at any time.

A LONG WALK.—An Englishman who has made a bet of £50,000 that he will in six years walk through France, Germany, North Russia, and Siberia to China, has started from Calais on his journeying.—His bet obliges him to return through India, Persia, and Southern Russia, and from there over Greece and Italy to France.—He must be in Liverpool by the 1st of July, 1883.

THE CONFLICT.—The most prominent characteristic of life is its uncertainty; the conflict between the life and death principle begins with birth and terminates with a victory for death; yet every one sincerely desires the issue to be as far removed as possible, and when threatened with disease employs such aids and measures for its removal as the common experience of mankind has proven valuable and reliable.—Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica and very many other diseases, dangerous in their tendency, readily yield to treatment with Keller's Roman Liniment, everywhere acknowledged as the best external application in the world.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

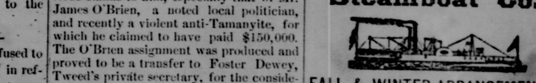
CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR—Per Barrel—	
City Mills	$6.50@6.75
Patapsco Family	8.75@9.00
Patapsco Extra	8.50@9.00
GRAIN—Per Bushel—	
Wheat—white	$1.55@1.60
Wheat—red	1.00@1.35
Fultz Wheat	1.40@1.50
Corn—white	66@68
Corn—yellow	63@64
Rye	65@67
Oats	33@34
CHEESE—Per lb.—	
Choice Eastern	13@14
Western	12@13
Good to Prime	11@12
POULTRY—Per Doz.—	
Young Chickens	$2.00@3.00
Old Fowls	3.00@3.50
EGGS—Per Doz.—	
Good and Fresh	17@18

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Chester River

Steamboat Co.



FALL & WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON and after MONDAY, September 17th, 1877, the New Iron Steamer

B. S. FORD

Will leave Chestertown for Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 1-2 A. M.; Rolph's, 8 3-4; Booker's, 9; Quaker Neck 9.16; Queenstown, 10; Kent Island, 10 1-2.

Returning, leaves Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 A. M., making the above stops.

THE STEAMER

Geo. Law

Will leave Crumpton for Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 1-2 A. M., stopping at Chestertown, Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Queenstown and Kent Island, according to above time.

Returning—Leaves Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 A. M., making the above stops.

Freights received daily, and at moderate rates.

☞ Fare, $1.25. Fare to Baltimore and return next day, $2.00

H. A. ALBERT, Secretary.

sep20-tf.

PENINSULA

AGRICULTURAL AND POMOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL FAIR.

Middletown, Del.

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY,

October 3d, 4th and 5th, 1877.

PREMIUMS, $5,000.

The good order and decorum that have characterized our previous Exhibitions will be strictly maintained, the premiums will be impartially awarded, and every effort will be made to render the occasion pleasant and satisfactory to all who attend.

EXCURSION TICKETS

Will be issued by the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Balt. R. R. admitting to the grounds, which to be good for the return trip must be punched by the gatekeeper. It is expected that Excursion Tickets will be issued by all railroads connected with the Delaware Railroad. The Philadelphia Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad will charge regular rates of Freight to Middletown upon all articles and stock for the Exhibition, and return them Free. *Exhibitors will please apply to agents of Delaware Railroad for rates.*

The grounds will be open Tuesday October 2d, for the reception of articles and stock for the Exhibition. Ladies, Agriculturists, Pomologists, Horticulturists, Poulterers, Graziers, Inventors, and Mechanics are cordially invited to become Exhibitors. Books are now open and information will be cheerfully given.

One of the very best half mile tracks in the country. Trials of speed each day under the rules of the National Trotting Association as follows:

FIRST DAY.

Colts, under 4 years,	Purse, $100
3.30 Class,	" 150
2.40 Class,	" 250
SECOND DAY.	
For owners,	Purse, $ 50
2.50 Class,	" 200
2.34 Class,	" 350
THIRD DAY.	
3.00 Class,	Purse, $150
2.40 Class,	" 300
2.29 Class,	" 450

Box Stalls for track horses. Hay and Straw free.

Ample arrangements have been made for the comfort of Stock, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, &c. First-class Dining and Refreshment Saloons.

A BAND OF MUSIC

Will be Present During the Fair!!

Admission, 50 cents; Season Tickets, $1. Children under 12 years of age, half price.—Admission to the Grand Stand, 25 Cents.—Saddle Horse, 25 Cents. Carriage, 25 Cents.

W. R. COCHRAN, President.

J. B. NAUDAIN, Sec'y. [sep20-2w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oysters! Oysters!!

THE undersigned will supply the people of Denton and vicinity with fresh Oysters every Saturday, and at the lowest price,

THOS. STEWART.

sept20-tf.

REGISTRATION

Of Voters.

To the Voters of Caroline County,

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Officers of Registration appointed for the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Election Districts of Caroline county, will, on

MONDAY, 1st of October,

1877, meet in their respective districts aforesaid, and there attend for two successive days, viz: On the First and Second days of October, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M., on each of said days for the purpose of discharging the duties imposed upon them by chapter 249 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at January session, 1876, entitled "an act to provide for the revision of the lists of registered voters in this State."

Voters desiring to be transferred from one district to another, or from one county to another, from the city of Baltimore to any district in Caroline county, will take notice that they can only be transferred on certificate from the officer of registration where last registered.

All male citizens, without distinction of color, who are entitled to registration, are hereby notified to appear before the undersigned, at the places named below, between the hours prescribed on one of the two days, and be registered. They may be otherwise excluded from voting at the November election, by the provisions of the act of Assembly and the constitution of the State of Maryland.

For the purposes, on the days aforesaid the Officer of Registration for the First Election District will attend at

Henderson;

and the Officer of Registration for the Second Election District will attend at

Greensborough;

and the Officer of Registration for the Third Election District will attend at

Denton;

and the Officer of Registration for the Fourth Election District will attend at

Harmony,

the first day, and at

Preston,

the last day;

and the Officer of Registration for the Fifth Election District will attend at

Federalsburg,

to perform the duties imposed upon them by Act of Assembly and the appointment of the Governor. Persons desiring to register will be required to attend at the offices of the undersigned on the days named.

All foreign born citizens not registered will be required to have their naturalization papers with them.

DAVID R. HEATHER,
Officer of Registration for 1st District.
JAMES A. ROE,
Officer of Registration for 2nd District.
L. H. GADD,
Officer of Registration for 3rd District.
JOHN RUMBOLD,
Officer of Registration for 4th District.
ELI C. GULLETT,
Officer of Registration for 5th District.

sept20-3w.

25 ELEGANT CARDS. No two alike.—With name 10 cts. Post paid. Husted & Co., Nassau, N. Y.

New and Thrilling! Millions Eager For It!!

2000 AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

CROSS and the CRESCENT,

By the eminent L. P. Brockett. Unfolds the strange social, political, and religious peculiarities and History of the Russians and Turks; cause of the war, mighty interests at stake; Biographies of Rulers, etc., Richly illustrated. For terms, address quickly, HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 733 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TRIFLING

WITH A COLD IS ALWAYS DANGEROUS.

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,

a sure remedy for Coughs, and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Chest and Mucous Membrane.

Put Up Only In Blue Boxes.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

C. N. CRITTENTON, 7 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

Vegetine, REV. J. P. LUDLOW WRITES:

178 Baltic St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, '74.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq. Dear Sir,—From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cure thereby have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the VEGETINE for the complaints which it is claimed to cure. J. P. LUDLOW,

Late Pastor Calvery Baptist Church, Sacramento, C.

VEGETINE

IS PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass. For Sale by all Druggists.

AGENTS WANTED, Pen and Pencil Sketches of the Great

RIOTS. An Illustrated History of the great Rail-Road and other Riots, with a History of Communism and Trade Unions. By the popular author Hon. J. T. Headley. All classes want this book, depicting the reign of terror in ten States. The best selling book for Agents. Now Ready. 550 pages, 53 Illustrations $2. Send 50 cts. for outfit and territory. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y.

SANFORD'S GINGER. JAMAICA

The only combination of the true Jamaca Ginger with choice Aromatics and French Brandy, is a delicious, harmless, and strengthening substitute for all kinds of stimulants. It promptly relieves Dyspepsia, Oppression after eating, and every species of Indigestion, corrects all disturbances of the Stomach and Bowels, and cures Cramps, Chills, Fevers, and Malaria. Ask for Sanfords GINGER.

RUPTURE.

Those wishing Relief and cure for Rupture should consult Dr. J. A. SHERMAN, 258 Broadway, New York, or send for his new book, with Photographic likenesses of bad cases before and after cure Beware of cheats who pretend to furnish Dr. Sherman's treatment.

One of these fellows, a german clerk, now calling himself Dr. W. G. Crempien, is indicted on complaint of Dr. S. and awaits trial for forgery and embezzlement.

sep20-4w.

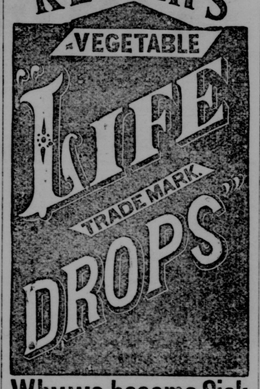
CARRIAGE TIRES, (all sizes) 3 1-2 cts. per lb. at B. G. STEVENS.

A SPLENDID WOOD SEAT CHAIR $3 per set at B. G. STEVENS.

CANE SEAT CHAIRS $5 per set at B. G. STEVENS.

BOILED LINSEED OIL, low, at B. G. STEVENS.

KELLER'S VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS



Why we become Sick

Aside from hereditary pre-disposition to many diseases, there are four prominent causes of much of human disease, and these are: Impure air, which causes poisoning of the Blood and Pulmonary diseases; unhealthy water, which is a great source of Typhoid and Kindred fevers; improper food, which is the cause of Stomachic and Intestinal derangement; and sudden changes of climate and temperature, which induce congestive disorders. Thus, the absolute essentials of life are often charged with the principles and poisoned with the germs of disease and death. Whenever the proportional principles of the Blood become disturbed from any of the causes named, impoverishment or poisoning of this fluid follows; if the digestive organs act abnormally, Dyspepsia and its distressing effects manifest themselves; any cause that tends to excite the unusual action of the Liver is certain to produce Bilious diseases; and whenever there is a torpitude or sluggishness of the bowels—Constipation, with its host of attendant evils, establishes itself.

From these universally accepted truths it becomes comparatively easy to explain Why We Become Sick. By neglecting the laws of nature, and eating unsuitable food, or eating wholesome food in an improper manner; by abundant drinking at meals, by many other improprieties of eating and drinking, and particularly by that one health-destroying habit peculiar to the American people—rapid eating—Indigestion or Dyspepsia is established with all of its distressing consequences; immediately the Blood lowers its standard and begins to deposit its impurities in the weakest poets of the system, causing in manner of discomfort and diseases according to the degree of impurity and the point of deposit. The great organs become involved; the Brain feels the bad influence; the Liver, the Spleen, the Heart, the Lungs, the Kidneys, the Skin—all are affected, and unless the impurity be removed, the whole volume of the Blood will become so poisoned that existence will be impossible.

How to Cure Sickness

Nature's method of purification and consequent cure is founded on the rational principles of judicious purgation; and when it is considered that physicians pursue the practice of attending to the stomach and bowels as preliminary (and often the only) treatment of disease, it is not difficult to perceive that a remedy possessing all the requisites of a purgative and alterative, in addition to other and valuable remedial influence, must obtain for itself more than ordinary consideration and favor. Our remedy combines every quality required for the treatment of disease on the above-named rational principle. It is a pleasant Cathartic, active or gentle, according to the dose; it is a Blood purifier, toning and enriching this fluid by its alterative property; its action on the Liver is soothing and certain, promoting the Biliary secretions; it is a safe and reliable Emmenagogue, acting specifically upon the uterine system; it affords the greatest attainable relief in Dyspepsia, and cures whenever used as directed; and in conjunction with hygienic means is the best preventive of Constipation that can be suggested.

From the above it would then appear that the simplest method to cure sickness is that one which combines judicious purgation with physical sustenance, and the observance of hygienic measures; the head should be kept cool, the feet warm, and the bowels open; and when treating diseases on the principles exhibited in the manual referred to below (which every one should read) the strength should be sustained by nourishing (not stimulating) food of the kind adapted to the complaint while the remedy is removing the disease.

To Prevent Sickness.

The pronounced opinions of the ablest Therapeutists indicate that most diseases are the direct result of vitiated Blood; and as their successful treatment of disease is founded on the principle and practice of eliminating this blood poison by judicious purgation, so this same principle, by reasonable adaptation to any case, is the surest means to prevent disease.

Keller's Vegetable Life Drops are an absolute preventive of diseases caused by impurity of the Blood, of Liver diseases, of diseases of the Stomach, Intestines, etc. Its corrective influence will prevent or shorten attacks of Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Nervous Debility, Uterine disorders, Fever and Ague and all that numerous class of diseases induced by malarial poison. To prevent disease, then, purify the blood if needed by using a reliable alterative and purgative; this, conjoined with the observance of hygienic directions, will establish a condition of body in which health will be the rule and disease the exception. A careful perusal of the "Manual of Purgative and Depurative Medicine," will fully illustrate the subject of which the above is a mere outline, and will clearly indicate the method of using Keller's Vegetable Life Drops. To be had at Drug Stores or sent to any address on receipt of 3 cent stamp, by W. L. KELLER, Chemist, Baltimore

To the Public.

IN looking over the "Union" of July 26th, I find a notice forwarning all persons from paying any money due the firm of T. D. Case & Co. to myself. Feeling aggrieved, or that great injustice has been done me by this publication, I herewith transmit the facts, as the public may understand my position.—Some time in the year 1875, T. D. Case, J. B. Draper, J. T. Saugston and myself entered into a copartnership to transact the boating business, and at their request, I did take charge of the books of said firm, (T. D. Case & Co.) When this firm was dissolved, I proceeded to collect the bills and liquidate the debts of said firm, and applied out of my individual funds, seven hundred and fifty dollars, to assist in same, which amount is still due me. T. D. Case overdrew his account three hundred and two dollars and ten cents. After finding he could get no more of said funds he caused this notice, through malice, to appear, I conjecture, to injure me. As far as the old firm of Case & West is concerned, I will state that T. D. Case, some time ago, applied for the benefit of the Bankrupt law, and I as the only partner left, presume I have the privilege to close up the same, which I shall proceed to do in case of both the firms referred to.

S. N. WEST,

Greensborough, July 30th, 1877.-3w.

THOMPSON & KERSEY'S

OWN SELECTION.

Goods Just From the Mills.

NO SECOND HAND STOCK ON SALE!

CARPETS!

STYLES NEW!

GOODS FRESH!

Just from the loom and selling at lower prices than Old Stock and Old Styles when not bought of the manufacturers. One of the firm has spent several days visiting different Carpet Mills; selecting and making arrangements for the

GREAT EXHIBITION

of Brussells, Three-Ply and Ingrain Carpets to commence at their

CARPET DEPOT

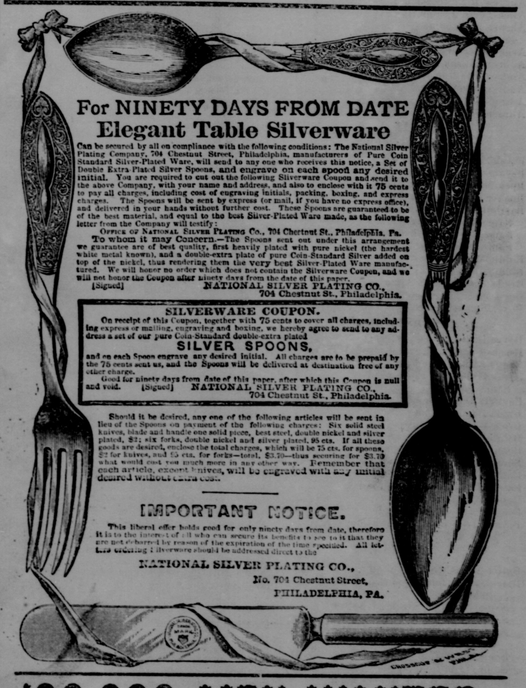
on the 11th of September. Remember that we are the only merchants on the shore that offer the people their goods from first hands. Brussells Carpet at prices within the reach of all.

Carpet at 25 Cents!

Beautiful styles, heavy goods, 37 1-2 cents, We have on exhibition the new, beautiful and durable "Linoleum Carpet," which is sold only by first-class Carpet dealers, Don't fail to see it! Our pledge is Largest Assortment, Newest Styles, Lowest Prices!

Thompson & Kersey.

sep-13-y. EASTON, MD.



For NINETY DAYS FROM DATE

Elegant Table Silverware

Can be secured by all on compliance with the following conditions: The National Silver Plating Company, 704 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, manufacturers of Pure Coin Standard Silver-Plated Ware, will send to any one who receives this notice, a Set of Double Extra Plated Silver Spoons, and engrave on each spoon any desired initial. You are required to cut out the following Silverware Coupon and send it to the above Company, with your name and address, and also to enclose with it 75 cents to pay all charges, including cost of engraving initials, packing, boxing, and express charges. The Spoons will be sent by express for mail, if you have no express office), and delivered in your hands without further cost. These Spoons are guaranteed to be of the best material, and equal to the best Silver Plated Ware made, as the following letter from the Company will testify:

OFFICE OF NATIONAL SILVER PLATING CO., 704 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

To whom it may Concern.—The Spoons sent out under this arrangement we guarantee are of best quality, first heavily plated with pure nickel (the hardest white metal known), and a double-extra plate of pure Coin-Standard Silver added on top of the nickel, thus rendering them the very best Silver-Plated Ware manufactured. We will honor no order which does not contain the Silverware Coupon, and we will not honor the Coupon after ninety days from the date of this paper.

[Signed] NATIONAL SILVER PLATING CO., 704 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

SILVERWARE COUPON.

On receipt of this Coupon, together with 75 cents to cover all charges, including express or mailing, engraving and boxing, we hereby agree to send to any address a set of our pure Coin-Standard double-extra plated

SILVER SPOONS,

and on each Spoon engrave any desired Initial. All charges are to be prepaid by the 75 cents sent us, and the Spoons will be delivered at destination free of any other charge.

Good for ninety days from date of this paper, after which this Coupon is null and void. [Signed] NATIONAL SILVER PLATING CO., 704 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Should it be desired, any one of the following articles will be sent in lieu of the Spoons on payment of the following charges: Six solid steel knives, blade and handle one solid piece, best steel, double nickel and silver plated, $2; six forks, double nickel and silver plated, 95 cts. If all these goods are desired, enclose the total charges, which will be 75 cts. for spoons, $2 for knives, 95 cts. for forks—total, $3.70—thus securing for $1.19 what would cost you much more in any other way. Remember that each article, except knives, will be engraved with any initial desired without extra cost.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

This liberal offer holds good for only ninety days from date, therefore it is to the interest of all who can secure its benefits to act on it that they are not deferred by reason of the expiration of the time specified. All letters ordering Silverware should be addressed direct to the

NATIONAL SILVER PLATING CO., No. 704 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

100,000 MEN WANTED.

THE object of this organization is to keep the low prices *long since* established by us, down *so low* that the "weepings, wailings, and gnashing of teeth of *all* foreign competition can be distinctly heard, and to permit the troops in their march to the front to stop under the shade of the willows and regale themselves, as I have to give *a-weigh* 10 barrels of Sugar, 6 bags of Coffee, 5 barrels of Flour within the next thirty days. Come—delays are dangerous.

GROCERIES,

Fresh and fine, in price we *defy* competition. To convince you, we simply ask you to call.

HATS,

Try them, you will find them substantial, fine, and such styles as are worn by the "gay and festive."

NOTIONS,

The finest variety and selection on the Shore, and at prices that will *absolutely* astonish you.

BOOTS & SHOES,

We have them heavy and fine for men and boys; for the ladies we have them of *every* variety, from the easy, comfortable slipper, to the magnificent finished gaiter; *in fact all kinds,* even those who are fond of tripping the "fantastic toe" need not go to Easton for them.

ATTENTION LADIES!

DO call and examine our dress goods. We have made this a *specialty,* and promise to sell them as cheap as they can be sold in the market. We have every variety and kind imaginable, and will do our *very* best to please, and are confident you will return to your homes rejoicing.

Muslins, Cassimeres & Prints.

In these I am sure in quality and price will astonish you.

PRINTS,	5 to 6 1-4 per yard
YD. W'DE MUSLIN,	6 " "
ALL WOOL CASSIMERE, (splendid)	75 " "
FRUIT OF THE LOOM,	11 cts per yard.
LAUREL D,	10 " "
PORTSMOUTH B,	4 " "
WAMSUTTA PRINTS	4 " "
BEST,	6 1-2 " "
LONSDALE CAMBRIC,	12 1-2 " "

These goods are cheap and sold for cash *only.* Call for our $1 Cassimere and lament over what you have been gone and done.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

It is *absolutely* surprising how very cheap we can offer these things to our customers.—Our cheap prices and pretty styles cause an unconcious smile as the buyer hurries off to his home, fearing some mistake has been made, be called back to arrange it. We can give you a nice Cassimere for 50 cents per yard, and other inducements to cash buyers.

Harness.

Both Carriage and Cart, Bridles, Collars, and *all* articles in that line, we offer at figures that suit the times. We will sell you a suit of new bgggy harness for $10. They are here for you—*come get them.*

Hardware.

Nails from 2d to 40. Carriage bolts all sizes. Plow bolts. *A gimlet you cannot break.*—Best Hickory Felloes and Spokes, Carriage Shafts and Hubs all sizes, Carriage and Dearborn Arms and Axles. The best Rowland Shovel and Spade, $1 each. Hay and Straw Forks. Trace, Back and Tug Chains. Knives and Forks *very* low, odd forks. The celebrated "Emerald Cook" Stove, sold at less than city retail prices, also the "Virginia" "Sea Bird," and "Welcome" in store, and sold cheap for cash. Stove pipes and elbows 30 to 40 cents a joint. Stoves and fixtures for your stoves furnished at short notice. Canvass for Carriage tops, good and common, Oil Cloth Matting, and everything you want can be had at figures to suit the times.

☞ Wheels of every description ready made to fit Carriages, Dearborns, &c.

NOW COME ONE, COME ALL,

And bring any kind of trade you have—*we take all,* and would be pleased to have the opportunity of convincing you that all is as we represent.

B. G. Stevens,

Potter's Landing, Md.

jun-7-y.