THE JOURNAL.

WM. HENRY LEGG, Editor.

DENTON, SATURDAY MORNING, February 8, 1873.

Joshua Nicholson, Thomas A. Holoban and Albert O. Tucker, have been arrested for the murder of Mrs. Lampley, in Baltimore, on the 2d of January. Nicholson has made a confession, in which he implicates the whole trio.

THE jury in the Wharton case, at Annapolis, came into Court on Monday, just before noon, and stated that they were unable to agree. They were then discharged, after being out three days and nights. They stood eight for conviction, and four for acquittal.—Mrs. Wharton then renewed her recognizance to answer the charge of attempting to poison Eugene Van Ness, at the April term of the Court.

ON Wednesday last, in the trial of John R. Plater, for the murder of his wife, which is now progressing in Cambridge, evidence was elicited of a startling character, and very damaging to the character of the prisoner:

"Wm. B. McCarty testified that he heard Plater speak harshly to the deceased before her death. Some months after that time he heard Bryan say to Plater, "You promised to pay me $1,000 for swearing to a lie for you, and if you do not pay me I will tell the truth next time:" "Plater retorted, "If you do I will fix you as I fixed her:" Bryan replied, "You cannot: you have no muff now:" Plater drew a pistol and witness interferred; both were drunk."

Broken Idols.

The Philadelphia *Enquirer* of Tuesday last, a paper by no means unfriendly to the administration party now in power, discourses thus on the Broken Idols destroyed by the Credit Mobilier:

"There has been no sadder business to the American people than that of the tumbling down into the dust of some of their great political idols by the Credit Mobilier. So many prominent men whom the country delighted to honor, have thereby been stripped bare of their good names, and compelled to appear before the world covered with the shame of their crimes and misdemeanors. It is right that the hypocrite should be exposed; but it is not pleasant when a man like Schuyler Colfax is demonstrated to be a traitor to his trust, and not a statesman, but a mere jobbing politician, using his high office for personal gain, and when confronted by the evidences of his guilt trying vainly to swear them away.

His original offense, had he confessed it, might have been condoned, but what excuse can any one offer for the man who swears to that against which the proofs are cumulative and overwhelming? That one-half of Schuyler Colfax was his set stage-smile we always believed, but we thought him a weak rather than a wicked man. It appears he is both. The Credit Mobilier and the Senatorial Bribery investigations at Washington have shown that Mr. Colfax is not alone among eminent public officials in his want of integrity. They are so well known now that we are spared the necessity of naming them.—Those who think that the infamy to which these men have descended rests only upon them make a mistake. It rests upon the whole country, upon the form of government which makes such acts as theirs easy of commission by men in places of trust and honor. We talk glibly and sneeringly of the "effete autocracies" of the Old World; prate somewhat too much of the corruption of their governments.

We may search through the entire records of foreign Senates and Parliaments and find no parallel to the Credit Mobilier business. It stands quite alone in the extent of its demoralization. It disgraces every citizen of the Union, in some degree, in the eyes of civilization. It is not so much what it is as what it is the sign of. The morality of a people, it will be argued by the enemies of our government, must be in a bad way when our rulers are so unpriniced.—Honorable Senators openly buy their seats, and honorable Senators and Representatives alike sell their votes to the highest bidder, and a man, who is Vice President of the United States, does not hesitate to take, it appears, dirty bribes, and when the truth is driven home against him, does not hesitate to swear to what at present seems most like a lie.

There is nothing but humility for any citizen of the nation in these proceedings. They are full of disgrace to the whole country, and it can only be set aside by the determined action of Congress when the report of the Investigating Committee is submitted. To remove the shame from itself and from its vast constituency Congress must drive out remorselessly, without fear or favor, every man, Representative or Senator, who is found tainted with Credit Mobilier or bribery in any shape. If the country is to be convinced that Congress does not sympathize with corruption must itself deal the heaviest blow against the corruptionists. No matter how many popular idols are shattered, no matter what political jobber is sacrificed, Congress must act promptly, decisively and honestly.

Stokes seems to be getting ready for the gallows. On Wednesday he transferred the property at Greenpoint, Long Island, to his mother. This consists of the oil refinery over which he and Fisk first came into hostility in their business operations.

NEWS GLEANINGS.

Commodore M. Fountaine Maury, American hydrographic and naval officer, died in Lexington, Virginia a few days ago.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have decided to lay another track from Baltimore to Cumberland and probably Piedmont. Their rapidly increasing business, besides the immense coal trade imperatively demands third track, there already being a double track to the points named

Mr. J. C. Bancroft Davis, of the Joint High Commission and the Geneva Tribunal, has been appointed Assistant Secretary of State in place of Charles Hale, resigned, from which we infer that the sharp diplomatic correspondence of the style of that in the Catacazy imbrogolio will shortly be resumed by Mr. Fish.

The Court of Appeals, on Friday, January 31st, filed their opinion in the case of Joseph Davis vs. the State of Maryland, on Appeal from the Circuit Court of Washington county, overruling all the exceptions taken by the prisoner's counsel, Mr. Maulsby, to the rulings of said court, and affirming the judgment of the court below, in which he was convicted by the jury of murder in the first degree.

Rumor now has it that the President intends to make no change in his Cabinet for his term, on the 4th of March, beyond a new appointment for the Treasury in the place of Mr. Boutwell who, it is expected, will be elected to the Senate in the place of Wilson, who takes the place in March of Colfax, as Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate. Mr. Fish, Madam Rumor will have it, is to remain where he is. If so, we suppose we must wait a little longer.

An unusual restitution was made in Washington last week, three fine brick houses being turned over to F. Mohoun & Son by an exployee, to whom a continued embezzlement of the funds of the firm during many years past was traceed. The annual statements of the firm have for several years past shown deficits that the partners could not account for, but that for 1872 was of an amount so large as to demand an investigation. Suspicion fell on an employee who upon a salary averaging $800 per annum, had purchased three elegant brick houses, a farm, and had supported his family besides. An examination led to an arrest, which was followed by a confession and restitution as above mentioned.

Barnum's Hotel, an old established institution in Baltimore, has recently undergone an improvement much needed for the comfort of guests, in the introduction of an elevator, of the finest class, with all the latest improvements, similar to that in use at the St. Nicholas Hotel in New York. The elevator car is of walnut, maple, and other woods, beautifully inlaid and polished, similar in style to the famous Pullman palace cars. On either side are two large mirrors, and the top is lighted with heavy plate glass, making the interior always cheerful. By night the car is lighted with gas a large chandalier being hung in the centre. The gas is ingeniously introduced through heavy India-rubber tubes, and is a new feature. A newly-invented telegraphic annunciator is also supplied, by which the conductor can be notified where the car is required, the pressing of a button causing a bell to ring within the car, and indicating the floor from whence it comes. The safety appliances are so perfect as to almost preclude the possibility of an accident.

On Saturday morning John Blumler, aged 59 years, quitted his home, No. 68 Ridgely street, Baltimore, for the purpose of picking up any stray lumps of coal that might be lying along the track of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and while thus occupied he noticed a train approaching him. At that time he was upon the same track occupied by the train, and when the locomotive was within twenty feet of him he stepped to the track leading to the city, and in a moment thereafter a train on that track rounded a curve not more than one hundred yards from him, and in his bewilderment it seemed that he could not leave the track, but ran along it until knocked down by the locomotive. The engineers of both locomotives sounded the alarm in time for him to leave the tracks, but the failed to do so. In falling upon the track mentioned above an entire train passed over his body, mangling and tearing his body into a shapeless mass of flesh, bones and clothing. His head and face were the only portions of his body that escaped the wheels. His remains were gathered up with a shovel and placed in a box and afterwards removed to the dead house at Mount Clare, where an inques was held by Dr. Donavin, Coroner.

Both houses of Congress have passed the bill abolishing the franking privilege, on and after the 1st of next July. No officer of the government, from the President down, is saved from the operation the act. The bill also provided that compensation or allowance shall now or herafter be made to Senators, Members and Delegates of the House of Representatives. The bill now goes to the President for his signature, and it is not presumed he will refuse to sign it.

Thus is swept away one of the most fruitful sources of abuse ever in existenge in Washington. In former days the franking privilege was accorded a Senator and Representative from the best of motives, and it was not abused; but of late years, all kinds of rascality has been perpetrated under the frank of some members of Congress, which happily, will now stop. Tons of useless books, speeches, and documents, were annually distributed throughout the country, some of which were never opened, but found their way into the paper maker's bin, to be reground into paper. The abolition of the privilege will also almost wholly stop the sending of the millions of useless speeches just previous to a canvas, which only lumber the mails and do no good. The thunder of some Members of Congress will thus be bottled up.

The Plater Trial,

The trial of John R. Plater, for the murder of his wife, (a removed case from Talbot county, indicted at the March term, 1872) has been in progress for several days at Cambridge. The interest there in the case is intense, and throughout the State considerable interest in the trial is evinced. Gov. Thomas, of Talbot, Henry & Sullivane, of Cambridge, are retained as counsel for defence. The State is represented by Mr. Howard M. Milbourn and Attorney General Syester. Mr. Milbourne was appointed in the absence of Gen. Syester, he at that time being at Annapolis attending the Wharton trial. Mr. Milbourne made the opening statement for the State. He said the State would show that the deceased came to her death at the hands of the accused, by one of three ways, strangulation, suffocation, willful and felonious exposure to inclement weather at a critical condition of her health, or by an actual administration of poison. He said the State expected to prove that sometime in the year 1865 the defendant became acquainted with the accused in the State of Virginia; that she was young, with but little knowledge, while he was a man of mature years, with social and educational advantages; that he won her affections and then sacrificed her innocence upon the altar of his lusts; that he married her when her shame could no longer be concealed; that on the day after their marriage they went to Lynchburg, Va., and stopped at the house of a married sister of the dec'd.; that they remained there sometime, when he went away, as he alleged, to seek employment; that he returned about New Year, 1866, to be present at the confinement of his wife; that he remained with her until the following March, when he went away again in search of employment, as he alleged; that he corresponded with her for a short time, and then she lost sight of him; that in May, 1868, she learned that her husband was in Talbot county, Md., and that she induced Jackson, her brother-in-law to go and see him, but that Plater refused to see him, and that Jackson had to return home without accomplishing anything; that being destitute of money and clothing, she (Mrs. Plater) apprenticed herself to a milliner, and remained there until March, 1871, when she started for Maryland; that when she reached her husband's house he met her with the insulting speech, "You d—d b—h, what did you come here for?" that she entered the house and remained there until the following August; that she soon discovered the reason of his unwillingness to receive her; that she found him living in adultry with a negro woman named Rebecca Cornish, and that while the negro woman was there, Mrs. Plater had to occupy a room in the lower story, while her husband slept up stairs with his negro mistress; that his cruelty became so great that she had to apply to the law for protection; and that on the advice of the State's Attorney of Talbot county, she returned to Lynchburg, Va., where she remained until she received a letter telling of her husband's sickness which created a desire to see him, and she left Virginia for Maryland, reaching Easton on Friday, the 1st of December; that on the following day she started on foot for her husband's house—having no means to pay for a carriage; that when she reached the house Plater met her and demanded to know why she had come; that she answered she properly belonged there and intended to stay; that he sent his precious mistress, Rebecca, over to a neighbor's house, ordered the fire to be put out, fastened down the windows, and secured doors, and left and went to Easton, leaving her sitting on the door step on that cold December day, he returned about sunset, accompanied by Ross, a colored boy, and his overseer, a white man named Bryan; that they found Mrs. Plater had succeeded in entering the house; that he said to her, "You have got in again have you?" and she replied, "Yes, and I mean to stay; if you go away again and come back you will find me here;" that he then ordered Ross and Bryan to bring the wagon and cart, and upon doing so, he ordered the fire all put out, and removed all the beds, bedding and light furniture, and all the food that was in the house and drove over to his overseer's house and deposited the furniture, &c. Bryan and Ross then prepared to take the teams back to Plater's barn, but Plater insisted on going with them; that when they returned they all observed a light in the house; that Plater jumped from the wagon and directed them to go on to the barn, as he was going to the house. That after putting away their teams, Bryan and Ross went to the house and found Plater there in the dark, the fire having been extinguished; that a colored man named Warner, was in conversation with Plater, having just come up before them; that Warner started over towards the house of a man named Williams; that Plater soon started after him that; he remained absent so long they went to look for him and found he had been to Williams', and had a private interview with Rebecca Cornish; that as they were returning, and had reached a fence on Plater's farm, they were met by a small dog barking violently. Bryan had a lan[illegible] and went in the direction the dog ca[illegible] and said he was going to [illegible]; Ross and Plater kept on. Bryan had not gone far before he saw, lying alongside the fence the dead body of Mrs. Plater; that Bryan told Plater what he had seen, and that Plater replied, let her lie there; that they then all went over to Bryan's, returning next morning they found the body of Mrs. Plater still lying in the same place where it had been seen the night before by Bryan.

The State then called Susan Wilson, who testified that she dressed the dead body for burial, and observed bruises on the back of the corpse, abrasions on the knees, and cuts, as from a kick, about the left groin.

Harrison Kirby testified that he knew Mrs. Plater, witness found the body between some briars and a fence; the body was covered with snow, the hands were clenched, and one held a handkerchief to the nose.

Dr. Anderson was the physician who attended the Coroner's inquest, and he being unable to attend the trial, his affidavit was admitted by consent of the State. The evidence admitted is in substance that there was no marks of violence on the body of the deceased, and that he found a bottle of chloroform and a paper containing remnants of strychnine, and that, in his opinion, Mrs. Plater died of poison administered by her own hand.

Dr. Earle, of Easton, made a post-mortem examination of the body of Mrs. Plater, and believes death ensued from a non-natural cause, possibly suffocation.

John Cox testified that Rebecca Cornish, Plater's mistress, (negress) was dressed better than Mrs. Plater. On a hypothetical question stated, Dr. Steele said the bruises on the corpse were due to unnatural causes—possibly, suffication. Drs. Earle and Bailey confirmed the above opinion.

Mrs. Charles Bryan testified that Plater told her that her husband (a laborer in Plater's employment) need not fear arrest, that if anybody killed Mrs. Plater he himself had done it.

Cure for Small Pox.

John S. Tennyson publishes the following in the *Herald* of Stockton, California: "I herewith append a recipe which has been used to my knowledge in hundreds of cases. It will prevent or cure the small pox though the pittings are fillings. When Jenner discovered the cow-pox in England, the world of science hurled an avalanche of fame upon his head; but when the most scientific school in the world, that of Paris, published this recipe as a panacea for small pox, it passed unheeded. It is as unfailing as fate, and conquers in every instance. It is harmless when taken by a well person. It will also cure the scarlet fever. Here is the recipe as I have used it, and cured my children of scarlet fever; here it is as I have used it to cure small pox. When learned physicians said the patient must die, it cured: Sulphate of zinc one grain; foxglove digitalis, one grain; half a teaspoonful of sugar; mix with two tablespoonfuls of water. Take a tablespoonful every hour; either disease will disappear in twelve hours. For a child, smaller doses according to age. If this were used there would be no need of pest houses. If you value advice and experience, use this for that terrible disease. The above was published about one year ago; but there is so much need of it now that you will have the thanks of many thousands for the republication of it. I have tried it recently, and recommend it as a sure cure.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by Caswell, Hazzard & Co., New York. Be certain to get the *Juniper Tar* Soap, as there are many worthless imitations made with common tar. [nov16-12w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EDUCATION.

THE Winter Term for the Public Schools of this county closes January 3rd, and the Spring term begins February 3rd.

The Board of School Commissioners will meet Tuesday, Feb. 11th, on which day the teachers are expected to have their reports in. Every item called for by the form of the report must be carefully entered in its place. By order of Board,

GEO. F. BEAVEN, Sec'y.

feb8-1t

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S

RESTAURANT

AND

EATING SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has fitted up the building on Washington street, adjoining the Norris House, in complete order, and has opened a first-class

RESTAURANT,

where Oysters, Terrapins, Beef and Pork Steaks, Mutton Chops, Coffee, and everything eatable, may be obtained in their season, at all hours, at short notice, and at reasonable prices.

☞ Private rooms for ladies and parties.

He has also fitted up a

BOWLING ALLEY,

BILLIARD SALOON and

BAGATELLE TABLE,

where the lovers of these sports can obtain recreation, and pass away a dull hour.

His BAR will be supplied with the purest and finest LIQUORS, and his PROVISIONS will always be fresh and of the best quality.

The best of order will at all times be preserved, and every effort be made for the comfort and pleasure of his guests.

T. H. HUBBARD,

feb8-tf Easton, Md.

FLOUR by the pound or bbl.

BLACKISTON & ROBERTS.

1873, THE WORLD. 1873,

A new political era is opening before the country.

The negro-cycle of our politics has rounded to its conclusion thro' civil war, social violence, industrial disorder, and has ended in giving freedom to four millions of the negro race, and the balot to its adult males.

"The old order changeth, yielding place to new."

The politics of this new era will come home to every man's business and bosom as never before, being vital to private prosperity and the maintenance of a Democratic Republic.

For not only are the manifold encroachments of Federal upon State powers and of both upon the large liberty of American freemen now as always to be repelled with ceaseless vigilance; not only is home rule or local self-government now as always to be maintained for the best guarantee of civil liberty and of national greatness, but besides, the victories of peace which are to give splendor to the new political era must be won against every advantage which even enemies of free institutions could desire or possess.

A gigantic Debt, which the honor of the country is pledged to pay, encumbers all our industries with its oppressive burden. Nevertheless our systems of Municipal and State Taxation are crude, unequal, and defraud the poor to release the rich. Nevertheless our system of Federal Taxation is such an infamous masterpiece of ignorance and incapacity, put to the vile uses of monopolists and favorites and thieves, as never anywhere has disgraced modern civilization since Louis XIV, with his methods of taxation rather than its amount, paralyzed the industries of France. And along with the Tariff, which prohibits the export of our manufacturers, abridges the number of our industries, cuts down the profit upon the exports from all our farms, plantations, and mines; abolishes our shipping from off the seas, and filches $5 from the people's pockets every time it puts $1 into the U. S. Treasury,—along with this engine of oppression, stupidity and fraud, goes a Currency of fluctuating value as the measure of values in every act of domestic exchange.

Whatever parties may arise or fall, whatever their defeats or triumphs, and whatever their names, THE WORLD now and always will remain the unflinching champion of a

LIBERAL PROGRESSIVE DEMOCRACY.

whereof Freedom defended and defined by Justice, is the polar star.

As a Vehicle of News, THE WORLD will spare no expense, no energy, to maintain and advance its place in the first rank of metropolitan journals. Its fresh, abundant, various, and accurate news, comprising the whole circle of current intelligence and literature, will be discussed as becomes a Trustworthy Organ of Opinion, with candor, with steady devotion to sound public and private morals, with special knowledge for special themes, and with various and wide-reaching apprehension of the manifold interests of men and women in their homes, their marketplaces, their workshops, and their farms.

THE WEEKLY WORLD

is our great edition (Wednesday) for the country. It contains: 1. THE LATEST PRICES (telegraphed from all the Markets of the United States) of Live Stock, Country Produce, General Produce of every kind, and of money, Stocks, and Freights in New York and Europe. 2. The Farmers' Page, with all the doings of the Farmers' Club of the American Institute, letters from practical farmers, and scientific discussions on profitable farming. 3. A page for the family Circle, of lively and pure reading. 4. All the news in concise summary.

NUMBER OF COPIES, SEPARATELY ADDRESSED.	PRICE ONE YEAR, BEGINNING ANY DAY.	PREMIUM TO CLUB COLLECTORS FOR WEEKLY WORLD
1	$2	
5	$7	World Almanac.
10	$12	Weekly World, 1 yr.
20	$20	Weekly World, 1 yr.
50	$50	Semi-weekly World,
100	$100	Daily World, 1 yr.

EXTRA PREMIUMS.

(1.) $250 will be given to the gentleman from whom we receive previous to the 31st March next the money at our club rates for the largest number (not less than five hundred) of subscribers for one year to the WEEKLY WORLD.

(2.) $125 for the next largest paid club list of not less than two hundred and fifty copies.

(3.) $75 each for the five next largest paid club lists of not less than one hundred and fifty copies each.

(4.) $50 each for the ten next largest paid club lists of not less than one hundred copies each.

(5.) $25 each for the twenty next largest paid club lists of not less than fifty copies each.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY

contains (Tuesday and Friday) all the contents of the Weekly and the cream of the Daily.

NUMBER OF COPIES, SEPARATELY ADDRESSED	PRICE ONE YEAR, BEGINNING ANY DAY.	PREMIUM TO CLUB COLLECTORS FOR Semi-Weekly World
1	$3	
2	$5	
5	$12	World Almanac.
10	$20	Semi-Weekly World
50	$100	Daily World, 1 year

THE DAILY WORLD—Price for one copy for one year, $10, (including Sunday Edition, $12), beginning any day; and at the same rate per month for any part of a year.

The World Almanac for 1873 (ready about January 1, 1873)—One copy, post-paid, 25 cents; five copies, post paid, $1.

DIRECTIONS.—Additions to Clubs may be made at any time in the year at the above Club rates.—Changes in Club Lists made only on request of persons receiving Club packages, stating date of subscription, edition, post-office, and State to which it has previously been sent.

TERMS.—Cash in advance. Send post-office money-order, bank draft, or registered letter. Bills sent by mail will be at the risk of the sender.

We have no travelling agents. Specimen copies, posters, &c., sent free of charge, wherever and whenever desired. Address all orders and letters to

"THE WORLD,"

35 Park Row New York.

NEW GOODS at H. BLACKISTON'S.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, sitting as a Court of Equity, the undersigned will sell at public sale, in front of the Court House door, in Denton, on

TUESDAY, 4th day of March next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all that valuable farm formerly the residence of Richard H. Loockerman, and situated in the 3rd Election District of Caroline county, State of Maryland, and is the same lands described and contained in a deed of Mortgage from Mary E. Loockerman and Richard H. Loockerman to Nathaniel Smith, recorded in Liber T. H. K., No. 33, Folio 472 and 473 one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county, and contains

165 Acres, more or less,

It is in a good state of improvement having been highly marled within the last few years, and is now very productive. It has on it one of the best MARL BEDS in the State which makes it one of the most valuable farms in the community.

This farm lies immediately on the public road, is pleasantly located, in a good neighborhood, and is convenient to churches, schools and mills. It has on it a good well of water, a young Apple and

PEACH ORCHARD.

Woodland sufficient for the use of the farm. The buildings consist of a single story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

with two rooms below, cook room attached, and three rooms above. The out-buildings consist of a barn, stables, carriage-house, meat-house and dairy, all in good repair.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are: One thousand dollars cash, balance of purchase money in equal instalments of one and two years thereafter, purchaser giving note with approved security for deferred payments, bearing interest from day of sale. Title papers at expense of purchaser.

J. W. BRYANT, Trustee.

J. W. LOOCKERMAN, Auctioneer.

feb8-ts

BURNS & SLOAN,

No. 132 Light Street Wharf,

BALTIMORE, Md.

BUILDING AND HARD-WOOD LUMBER,

SHINGLES, FENCING PALES,

DOORS, SASH, BRICKS, &C.

Feb8-y.

WANTED.

SEVERAL single, white FARM HANDS, to go to Queen Anne's and Talbot counties. Good wages will be paid. Apply to Editor of

febl-tf DENTON JOURNAL.

NOTICE.

M. W. GREEN having placed his bills in my hands for collection, all persons indebted to him will please call and settle immediately, as I must close the accounts, before the 25th of Feb.

febl-tf O. E. ROCHESTER.

Order of Ratification.

P. W. Downes and J. W. Bryant, Trustee vs. John B. Williams. } In the Circuit Court for Caroline county. In Equity.

ORDERED, this 29th day of January, 1873, that the sales made and reported by J. W. Bryant and P. W. Downes, Trustee's, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the first day of April next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Caroline county, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the first day of March next. The report states the amount of sales to be $1889.12½.

THOS. H. KEMP, Clerk,

True Copy, Test—THOS. H. KEMP, Clerk.

feb1-3w

HOME ENTERPRISE.

Choptank Nurseries,

READY to supply all demands for Trees, Plants, Vines, &c., for

SPRING OF 1873,

One, two and three year old

APPLE TREES.

most approved, early market and finest summer and autumn varieties, Southern Winter Apples, thirty varieties, obtained from Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia, and by test, will keep in this climate.

PEACHES.

Thirty varieties of most popular and thoroughly tested market varieties—grown from Natural Seed, and budded under my own inspection. Being grown from Natural Seed, guaranteed free from the greatest enemy of peach culture—the Jersey Yellows.

PEARS,

STANDARD AND DWARF,

One and two years old.

Orange Quinces,

One and two years old.

HEWES VIRGINIA CIDER CRAB,

The finest and best tested Cider Apple ever grown in this climate, cider equal to Champaign Wines and sells for ten and fifteen dollars per bbl.

CHERRY TREES,

STANDARD AND DWARF.

PLUMS,

STANDARD AND DWARF.

APRICOTS.

YARD AND SHADE TREES, extra assortment and fine size.

EVERGREENS & ORNAMENTAL TREES, large and handsome assortment.

Small Fruits,

Blackberries, Raspberris, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberry Plants, &c.

RHUBARB.

GRAPE VINES,

Concord, Clinton, Taylor's, Bullet, &c., one and two years old.

ROSES,

a well selected assortment.

Public patronage solicited, and all orders by letter guaranteed to receive same care as when given personally.

T. H. KEMP, Prop.

Denton, Caroline county, Md.

Feb. 1, 1873. 1y.

THOMPSON & KERSEY,

EASTON, MARYLAND,

ARE CLOSING OUT THEIR IMMENSE STOCK OF

HEAVY WINTER GOODS,

at astonishingly low prices. They will make it pay the good people of the counties to call and see them.

Feb. 1st, 1873—1y.

Examiner's Notice.

WE, the undersigned, having been appointed by the County Commissioners of Caroline county, to examine, and if found necessary, to locate a new County Road to begin at a point on the County Road leading from Willoughby's School House to Denton, at the division line on said road, between the lands formerly belonging to the heirs of Stephen Colescott, dec'd., Wm. Willey and Wm. G. Horsey, and through the lands of Joel Atwell and others to the new County Road from Wesley's Chappel to Anthony's Mill, hereby give notice that they will meet at the proposed point of commencement of said road, on MONDAY, 3rd day of March, 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing said commission.

J. BOON DUKES,
SAULSBURY HOBBS,
JOEL ATWELL,
Examiners.

febl-tm

Road Notice.

THIRTY days from this date, the undersigned, with others intend to petition the County Commissioners of Caroline county to lay out and open a new road commencing at Hog Creek Mill, and run around the land of J. S. Dourty, and between the land of Purnel Todd and Charles R. Thompson, to the corner of said Todd's lane, then across the said Thompson's land and others until it intersects the County Road that leads from Willoughby's Branch to Picture Hill, at or near John R. Knowles' gate.

NEWTON ANDREW,
CHAS. R. THOMPSON,
JOHN WILLIAMSON,
JAMES L. PAYNE.

febl-4w

Auditor's Notice.

John B. Williams and Robert D. Williams, vs. John R. Dick and wife. } In the Circuit Court for Caroline county, in equity sitting.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on or after Monday, 10th day of February next, the undersigned will proceed to audit the fund in this cause. All persons having claims against said fund are hereby notified to file the same, properly proved, in the office of the Clerk of Caroline County Circuit Court, on or before said 10th day of February, or they may be excluded from all benefit of said audit.

JAS. B. STEELE,
Auditor.

jan25-3w

PRIVATE SALE OF TWO FARMS.

BY virtue of power contained in a Mortgage from William Williamson and wife to John Heath, the undersigned will sell at private sale all that Farm, near Denton, Caroline county, formerly occupied by Wm. Williamson, and is the same lands described in said Mortgage, recorded in Liber J. J., No. 31, Folio 446 and 447, one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county.

This Farm contains

200 Acres, more or less,

and is situated on the county road from Denton to Bursville, about three miles from Denton, and is improved by two sets of DWELLINGS and out buildings. The tract can be divided, without expense, into two farms of about 100 acres each, and will be sold separately, or in one Farm.

The owners have instructed me to sell this property for the best price attainable, but to sell at an early day, without reserve—so I am prepared to sell on terms of great advantage to the purchaser.

Terms of Sale.

One-fourth cash; balance in one and three years, purchasers giving note with approved security, bearing interest. Possession given on day of sale.

J. W. BRYANT,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

jan25-tf

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court for Caroline county, the undersigned will sell at public sale, at the village of Templeville, on

SATURDAY, 22d day of Feb., next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., the following tracts or part of tracts of land, the same being part of the land Perry Thomas died, seized, viz:

Tract No. 1. containing

6 Acres of Land,

more or less, with one story dwelling and old stable thereon, situated in the First Election District of Queen Anne's county, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Hendricks and others.

Tract No. 2. containing

34 1-2 Acres of Land,

more or less, with one story dwelling house and stables thereon, situated in the First Election District of Caroline county, and part of the Home Farm of said Perry Thomas, dec'd., now occupied by Jas. H. Winchester, as tenant.

No. 3. containing

15 Acres of Land,

more or less, with one story dwelling house and stables thereon, situated in the First Election District of Caroline county, and part of the Home Farm of said Perry Thomas, dec'd., and now occupied, as tenant, by Marsellus Winchester.

The two first named tracts will be sold clear of widows dower. The third tract will be sold subject to widow's dower.

Terms of Sale.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are: One-third cash, balance in six and 17 months, with note bearing interest from day of sale, with approved security. Deed at expense of purchaser.

J. W. TEMPLE,
Trustee.

jan25-ts

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court for the Caroline county, the undersigned will sell at the Court House door, in Denton, on

TUESDAY, 11th day of Feb. next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M. All that lot or parcel of land situate in the 5th Election District of Caroline county, and adjoining the lands of William Loockerman and others, and is the same lands of which James H. Williams died, seized, and contains

19 Acres of Land,

more or less, and is known by the name of "Dawson's Hazzard" and "Mary's Lot."

The improvements consist of a single story dwelling house, stables, &c. There is on this farm a small Orchard.

TERMS.—The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are: One-third cash, balance in six months, with note bearing interest from date. Deed at expense of purchaser.

J. W. BRYANT,
Trustee.

jan18-ts

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