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SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 24, 1912

Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

WOODROW WILSON
OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

THOMAS R. MARSHALL
OF INDIANA.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:
(AT LARGE)
JAMES T. TRUITT, Wicomico.
ROBERT E. LEE, Baltimore.
(DISTRICT)
1—ALBERT W. SISK, Caroline.
2—FRANK T. SHAW, Carroll.
3—WM. SHEPARD BRYAN, Balto.
4—JAMES McC. TRIPPE, Balto.
5—LOUIS C. CARRICO, Charles.
6—E. A. BAUGHMAN, Frederick.

FOR CONGRESS:

JAMES HARRY COVINGTON
OF TALBOT COUNTY.

FOR CHIEF JUDGE:

ALBERT CONSTABLE
OF CECIL COUNTY.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Democratic House of Representatives, it will be recalled, passed a bill placing sugar on the free list. It was estimated this would reduce the price approximately 2 cents a pound. Another bill was passed placing a slight tax on incomes in excess of $5,000. This would have meant, in a few words, a transfer of a small portion of the burden of taxation from the breakfast table to wealth. The corporation-controlled Senate has objected to this program, and both bills will die with the session. The Democratic program of substituting a tax on sugar was class legislation, the standpatters and protectionists cried out in chorus. They were never heard to complain, however, of the existing class legislation which permits the burden of federal taxation to fall entirely upon the shoulders of the masses, taxing the average man, woman and child on every stitch of clothing they wear and everything else they must have in order to live, while permitting fortunes to go untaxed.

An era of shipbuilding and increased tonnage of freight in American bottoms may be looked for now that the Panama Canal bill has been signed by the President and the machinery for operating the Great Ditch created by Congress is at last on the statute books. "It means the re-habilitation of the American merchant marine," is a favorite expression of scores of legislators, while those who have been making the fight of their lives for a return to the old order of things before the Civil War, as it relates to our own shipping, see in the Panama Canal bill a consummation much to be desired. The dream of the statesmen of the South, who many years ago urged the great canal project, will soon be realized and will be in practical operation.

Leigh Hunt sets forth in a vivid pen-picture, in terms that glow, the true nobility of the altruist. How fittingly his words apply to General William Booth, whose long life-work, just ended so far as he himself will perform it, was all for humanity. But his work, so well planned, will, happily, never end. For more than half a century the head of the Salvation Army has labored with such great purpose and zeal that the weaklings of the world have been cared for and religious consolation has been carried to the home of hundreds of thousands of the friendless and helpless and hopeless in all lands. The name of Booth will live forever.

One hundred and twenty million dollars were filched from the American people during the last fiscal year by swindlers who operated largely through the United States mails, according to a statement just made public in a formal report to Postmaster-General Hitchcock. Now if the Postmaster-General, or some other high government official who ought to know something about such matters, will be frank enough to give an estimate of the much larger amount the big trusts extort from the people annually, in unjust charges, he will perform a great public service.

Hon. Joshua W. Miles, of Somerset, a few days ago, sent out an appeal to his Democratic acquaintances and raised $500 for the people's fund, which is to carry on the campaign for Governor Wilson, and the Governor wrote him a cordial letter of thanks. The former Congressman was one of the first advocates of Governor Wilson, and great applause greeted his speech for the New Jersey Governor in the National Convention. It was a Wilson-Miles ovation in fact.

Bets settle nothing and are not countenanced. Nevertheless they may be called straws that indicate the trend as interpreted by shrewd students of events to come. There are many seeking to bet on Wilson in New York at odds of two to one, but there is no betting to speak of, the New York World says. There is no one with enough confidence in either Mr. Taft or Mr. Roosevelt's ability to win in this campaign to be willing to risk money on it.

The Louisville Courier-Journal, the most frequently quoted newspaper in America, says there are twenty-three States immovably in the Wilson column, and that the Democratic standard-bearer, Mr. Taft or Mr. Roosevelt have an even chance in the remaining States. The twenty-three given to the Democratic nominee will elect him by a big majority.

Mr. Wm. J. Bryan's estimate of Mr. Wilson's popular majority is still two millions.

The Democratic State Central Committee will meet in Baltimore next Thursday and inaugurate the campaign. An advisory committee will be named to help along the fight and on it will be a number of representatives of each county and Baltimore city. The expectation is confidentially expressed that Maryland will give the national nominees an unprecedented majority and elect a solid Democratic delegation to Congress.

No more will it be said that the corporations, the insurance companies and other concerns, furnished the money by which the successful Presidential candidate reached the White House, as has been proven of sundry campaigns in former years. The corporation, as a rule, is a hard master to have control of governmental affairs, or to hold the obligations of high government officers.

The prospect of the election of Wilson is having a good effect on business. The Marshall Field Circular says: "The week's road sales of merchandise for future delivery were ahead of any corresponding period for the last five years." The Circular is a widely-quoted business barometor, and it comprehends the country.

Three election judges have been each fined $500 and sent to jail in Baltimore for participating in a primary election fraud in Baltimore. One sentence was for two years and six months; one for two years and one for one year.

Hon. James Wirt Randall, a leading citizen of the State capital, who had attained high station in church and State affairs, died on Friday of last week.

Joshua O. Walcott, Esq., is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Attorney General of Delaware.

MR. TAFT A TRUST BACKER.

In the light of the President's veto of the wool bill, which veto gives the woolen trust a continuance of its privilege to plunder the consumer while at the same time paying its workers starvation wages. A page from the hearings in connection with the Lawrence strike inquiry makes interesting reading. The witness is Miss Sanger, a trained nurse. (Page 226, Hearings on House Resolution 409 and 433.)

Mr. Pou: Miss Sanger, were you instrumental in taking a number of the strikers' children away from Lawrence during the strike?

Miss Sanger: Yes, sir.

Mr. Pou: Did you talk with those children about their manner of living?

Miss Sanger: Yes, sir. I found that the children—there were 119 of them in my party—seldom ate meat, and their physical condition was the most horrible I have ever seen. In the first place four of the smallest children had chicken pox, and they had not received any medical attention. They were walking about among the other children apparently without noticing the chicken pox or diphtheria; one child had diphtheria. Of 119 children only four of them had underwear, and it was bitterly cold. We had to run all the way from the station to Labor Temple after we got to New York to keep from freezing.

Mr. Foster: You said only four had underclothing; what was the condition of their outer clothing?

Miss Sanger: It was simply in rags. Their coats were worn to shreds.

Mr. Foster: Were the children pale and thin?

Miss Sanger: Yes, sir, and I want to say that when they had supper it would have brought tears to your eyes to see them grab the meat with their bare hands.

Mr. Foster: Did any of them have on woolen clothiag of any sort?

Miss Sanger: No, sir.

Mr. Foster: And yet they all worked in woolen mills?

Miss Sanger: Yes, sir.

In his veto message Mr. Taft has much to say about the "woolen industry" and "foreign labor." He makes no mention of these poor victims of the woolen trust's greed.

Business Interests for Wilson.

Governor Wilson has quieted the fears of the business interests that the tariff may be reduced too suddenly in the event of Democratic success in November.

Governor Wilson recently had a conference with Congressman Redfield, of New York, who has made some of the most sensible tariff speeches ever heard in Congress, and it was agreed between them that the proper and safe thing to do with regard to the tariff is to cut it down gradually until the proper level is reached. In that way it will be easy to ascertained just what effect each successive cut has on price conditions and wages. Thus by easy stages the tariff for private profit can be turned into a tariff for revenue, and this process is sure to result in a reduction in the cost of living.

Governor Wilson is not anxious to injure any man's business. He will insist, however, in the event of his election, that all business be legitimate, and that the false foundation be taken from under the tariff trusts. But he will make it a gradual process, and one that will not disturb either business or the country in general.

Over capitalization of our industries is not only one of the prime causes of the present high cost of living, but is also one of the principal causes of the present unsatisfactory conditions of labor. This can be demonstrated by a little arithmetic.

Various prominent financial students conclude, and their conclusions are sustained by the reports of the United States Commission and the published figures of the National Corporation Tax Returns, that about $30,000,000,000 of outstanding stock represents water. On this stock, dividends of about $1,500,000,000 are being paid, amounting to about $18 a person or nearly $100 an American family.

Many farmers are careless about the burial of hogs which die of cholera. They should be buried very deep, not less than three feet. It is believed by some that buzzards spread the disease. One of the reasons for the high meat prices is the cholera. Some farmers say they keep the cholera away by giving their swine a plentiful supply of soft coal. Hogs eat the coal freely. Soft coal is regarded in the West as a good means to prevent the cholera.

A serum is used to prevent the cholera. It is said that from $20,000 to $30,000 worth of hogs are lost in Kent and Queen Anne's annually, and President Skipper, of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board, has received 10,000 cubic centimeters of the serum for those counties and with this he thinks he can stampout the cholera. The cost to the farmer of this immunizing process has heretofore been so great as practically to prevent its adoption, but since the last legislature passed a law providing for the manufacture of the serum and for its sale to the farmers at cost of production, the expense attached to the immunization of a herd of swine will be greatly reduced. It costs 65 cents to immunize a 100-pound hog, and figuring the high price of grain in the feeding of hogs, the farmer's margin of profit is extremely small per hog if he has to stand the added expense of immunizing them. However, Mr. Skipper, who has made a close study of the disease, believes that only by immunizing the hogs can the disease be prevented, thus saving the farmer not only the loss of his own hogs, but the expense of buying meat for the farm in the event of the loss of his herd.

The Live Stock Sanitary Board, whose office is in the Union Trust Company's building, Baltimore, gave out the fact that hog cnolera is existing to quite a serious extent in the State, and with a desire to do all in its power to overcome this terrible enemy to our hog stock, has bought a small quantity of hog cholera serum, which it will supply to the farmers free upon the condition that it is administered promptly as the State veterinarian may direct by a competent party. Our farmers may write the Live Stock Sanitary Board, at the address given, and obtain full particulars.

Good Prospect for Canned Tomatoes.

The busy packing season will soon be begun. Mr. Thomas J. Mehan, of Baltimore, who gives much study to the packing and markets, says:

"The outlook is for one of the largest and finest crops for many years. And not only the tomato crop, but the sugar corn as well, promises to be a remarkable one. The jobbers from all over the country report that the demands from their customers are increasing rapidly, and they look forward to a large distribution of Baltimore canned goods during the fall and winter months. From reports it is known that the jobbers all over the country have cleared up their canned goods carried over from last season. These were consumed during the spring months, which makes a very open market for the new goods canned during this season."

"You know," said Mr. Meehan, "Maryland leads the world in the quality of her tomatoes. Those from Virginia and Southern New Jersey ripen about two weeks earlier than ours, but they are not so good, and bring 5 cents a dozen less in cans. From now on to the end of the season, in October, it will be the Maryland crop.

"The original name of tomatoes, you know, was 'love apples,' and tradition has it that it was a Maryland tomato that caused Adam to fall in the Garden of Eden. Be that as it may, that particular vegetable, when grown in Maryland soil, is sufficient to tempt the appetite of any man. And this year it looks as if we were to have a fine crop."

The Price-Anderson Debate Assured.

The skirmishing preliminary to the discussion by Senator Jesse D. Price, President of the Senate, and Superintendent William H. Anderson, of the Anti-Saloon League, of the Senator's responsibility for killing the local option bill has reached the place where Senator Price after making certain demands, including ten minutes to answer Mr. Anderson's rebuttal speech, stated that even if his terms were not accepted he would be present anyhow and speak, thus assuring the meeting at Saulsbury on September 27.

Mr. Anderson refused to agree to the terms on the ground that so long as the Senator was trying to break into the management of the meeting he was not entitled to anything more than his rights under the ordinary rules of debate. On Monday, however, Mr. Anderson notified Senator Price that in view of the latter's recognition that it was a League meeting he would be given the ten-minute rebuttal speech he wanted, "or three of them if he thought he needed so many." The letter says that now that the meeting is assured the League wants the Senator "to have such freedom that it will be generally understood after the meeting is over that there is not another solitary thing that the Senator can think of to say in his own defense."

Owing to the suggestion of eggs by the Opera House manager in trying to cancel the contract for the use of the house this meeting has been more widely advertised throughout the State than any similar event in recent years and the introductory correspondence has warmed up enough to infuse considerable ginger into the debate itself.

The publishers of Puck, the National Cartoon weekly, have just issued a life-like portait in colors, size 14x21 inches of the Hon. Woodrow Wilson, Democratic nominee for the Presidency. This portrait will be securely wrapped and mailed to any address on receipt of ten cents by the publishers of Puck, 295 Lafayette street, New York.

The Job Dodger.

"My good man, they need laborers badly in the next town."

"Thanks for the warning, boss. I'll make a detour."

School of Horticulture.

At a recent meeting of the Board of the Maryland Agricultural College and Experiment Station, a special School of Horticulture was provided for. This organization will co-ordinate the extension work in horticulture and greatly increase the staff of instructors in this subject at the College. The plan will enable the work to be done by a higher class of men and make it more permanent, as their services will be more continuous. The teachers in the School of Horticulture will be specialists to the different phases of Horticulture, such as Pomology, Olericulture, Floriculture and Landscape Gardening, and Bush and Vine Fruits. They are to be men that are broadly trained and can act as general inspectors and demonstrators in the State Department. This will give them an opportunity to keep in touch with the broad field of horticulture in all parts of the State, and enable them to teach their subjects with more direct application to the students' needs. This organization will enable the institution to develop each special phase of horticulture in the State, and the people to avail themselves of the help of specialists. The plan provides for an expansion of the demonstration work in the State.

Obituary.

In sab but loving remembrance of my dear friend, Mrs. Maud W. Stafford, who departed this life two years ago, August 21, 1910. Gone but not forgotten.

In the home of fadeless beauty,
Maud is now a shining star,
Dwelling in the Holy City,
With the beautiful gates ajar.

Not now, but in the coming years,
It will be a better land,
We'll read the meaning of our tears,
And then, some time, we will understand.

We did not want to part with her,
But God knew what was best,
Some day we hope to meet again,
In that sweet land of rest.

At rest in that beautiful city,
Where the waters of healing are,
At rest where the songs of redemption
Swell from a radiant choir.

A FRIEND, M. P.

Walter Warner, Congressman Talbot's private secretary, who ought to know a lot about political conditions in Maryland, says that Governor Wilson will have a plurality in the State of anywhere from 30,000 to 60,000. This is how he figures it out: "There should be a minimum of 210,000 votes cast in the State," said Mr. Warner. "Of this number Governor Wilson ought to get at least 110,000. Now, suppose the remaining 100,000 be equally divided between President Taft and Mr. Roosevelt. That would give them 50,000 each, or 60,000 short of the vote Governor Wilson is sure to receive. But suppose Mr. Taft gets 60,000 votes and Mr. Roosevelt 40,000, or vice versa, Governor Wilson's plurality will still be 50,000. For it to be less than 30,000 either Mr. Taft or Mr. Roosevelt will have to receive more than 80,000, and that doesn't seem possible."

With much better and more elaborate facilities than ever before—which can be seen by the casual observer at a glance—the Delaware State Fair of 1912, which will open on September 10 and close on the 13th, is bound to reach the climax in Delaware fairs. Stimulated by the improved equipment, which was accomplished only with a large outlay of money, and having the knowledge that that of itself would prove especially attractive to exhibitors, the Fair Association has gone the limit in offering prizes for which the exhibitors will compete. It is, therefore, a foregone conclusion that the entry lists will be much larger than ever before, and also that they will be more extensive and will cover a wider scope.—Every Evening.

Public Sale
—OF VALUABLE—
ICE PLANT
AT RIDGELY, MD.

Not being able to give it my personal attention, I will sell at public sale in front of the Court House, in Denton, on

Tuesday, Sept. 10, 1912

between the hours of two and four o'clock p. m.

My ICE PLANT located in the town of Ridgely, Caroline county, Maryland, with all the machinery and fixtures pertaining thereto, containing two lots or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Sigler's Addition to Ridgely and is described as follows, that is to say, beginning for the outlines thereof on the northeast boundary line of Second avenue, West, extended, and at the southeast corner of land now owned by Jas. D. Wilson, and runs thence from said southeast corner in a northeasterly direction and with the said James D. Wilson's lot the distance of 180 feet to alley, and thence in a southeasterly direction with the southwest boundary line of said alley the distance of 100 feet, thence in a southwesterly direction, and parallel with the aforesaid James D. Wilson's lot, a distance of 180 feet to the aforesaid northeastern boundary line of said Second avenue, West, extended, and from thence to place of beginning; this being the same land conveyed to Richard M. Johnson by J. Charles Madara et al. by deed dated Feb. 8, 1910, and recorded in Liber T. L. D., No. 73, folio 247, one of the land records aforesaid.

There are on these grounds a

Small Dwelling House and Large Storage Buildings.

Plant is in first-class condition, making 6 tons of ice per day, and is a very fine business preposition for anyone who can give it his attention.

TERMS OF SALE

One-third cash on day of sale, balance in two equal annual payments. Possession given at once. G. S. RAINGH.
JAMES TEMPLE, Auctioneer.

For Rent.

Dwelling on Fourth street, Denton, now occupied by Mr. Charles E. Stevens for rent for 1913.
T. PLINY FISHER,
(tf) Denton, Md.

Lost,

On the road from Sheppard's Church to the State road north of Piney Church, a grey sweater. Finder will kindly leave at the home of Mrs. Martha E. Fisher, Denton, Md. (3-24-1t)

Lost.

A gold signet cuff button, initials T. C. T. Finder will please return to
T. CLAYTON TAYLOR.

J. H. NICHOLS & CO. | J. H. NICHOLS & CO. | J. H. NICHOLS & CO.

LAST CALL OF REDUCED PRICES OF SUMMER GOODS WILL CLOSE SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1912.

As Our FALL GOODS are now arriving daily it is necessary for us to have the room. Everything in the line of Summer Goods is now Reduced, including all

LAWNS, WHITE GOODS, SUMMER SILKS

LADIES' LINEN DUSTERS are now marked 1-3 off Regular Price.

All Straw Hats Reduced.
Come in and get a bargain.

Men's Suits are still further Reduced

$12.50, $13.50 and $15.00 Suits — Now $10.00

$16.00, $16.50 and $18.00 Suits — Now $12.50

BOYS' SUITS MUST BE CLEARED

Boys' $8.50 Suits	$6.50	Boys' $4.00 Suits	$3.25
" 7.50 "	5.50	" 3.50 "	2.75
" 6.50 "	5.00	" 3.00 "	2.50
" 5.00 "	4.00	" 2.50 "	2.00

Six Pairs Men's White Flannel Pants, Regular Price $5.00, Now $3.75

Men's Oxfords
32 Pairs Bion Oxfords $4 now $2.98
26 Pairs Excelsior Oxfords $3.50 now $2.75

Misses' Oxfords
Regular $3.00 Oxfords, now $2.25
" 2 50 " " 1.95
" 2 00 " " 1.50

Ladies' Oxfords
27 Pairs Selby Oxfords $3.50 now $2.75
18 " " " 3.00 " 2.25
16 " " Buckskin Pumps $3.50 now $2.75
18 " White Buck Pumps $2.50 now $1.95

Children's Oxfords
Regular $2.50 Oxfords, now $1.95
" 1.75 " " 1.45
" 1.50 " " 1.20

Don't fail to avail yourself of this opportunity if you need anything in the lines we have mentioned. Come in and take a look.

Bring us your Lard and Side Meat, highest prices paid. We pay cash for Eggs. Country Hams wanted for cash.

J. H. NICHOLS & CO.,
BIG CORNER STORE DENTON, MD.

THE LAST
BARGAIN SALE OF THE SEASON
BEGAN AUGUST 17, 1912

In order to close out my stock for my big fall line I will sell goods regardless of prices. Come one and all. I will name a few articles and prices:

Men's Dress Straw Hats at Half Price.

Men's Suit of Clothes:
$ 5.48 for $3.48
7.50 " 4.75
10.00 " 6.00
Boys' Suits from $3.50 to $4.75 for $2.98; $2.50 for $1.75.

Men's Overalls	44c
Men's $1.25 Pants	99c
Men's $1.00 Pants	79c
Men's 85c Pants	69c
$2.50 Dress Pants	$1.98
$2.25 Dress Pants	$1.79
$2.00 Dress Pants	$1.59
Men's $1 Dress Shirts	75c
Men's 50 to 75c Shirts	44c
Men's 10c Hose	8c
Men's 15c Ties	10c
Men's 25c Ties	19c
50c Large Matting Rugs	38c
35c " " "	21c
All 25 and 30c Matting	19c
" 20c Matting	16c
$2.25 Brussels Rugs	$1.75

Smaller ones at bargains.

Good Things to Eat—the biggest assortment in town.
A Fine Chocolate Drop 12c lb.
A Fine Mixture 10c lb.
Lot of Penny Goods
10c Cakes 8c 15c Cakes 12c
Good Cheese 20c lb.

Shoes at Bargains
All Up-to-Date, new stock---Men's John Mitchell, the best made for the money.

$3.00 Shoes, low and high,	$2.39
$2.50 " "	$1.98
$1.75 Boys' Shoes	$.39
$1.39 " "	$1.19

Ladies' Canvas Low Shoes:
$1.25 to $1.50 for $1.10
$1.25 Children's Shoes for 98c
$1.39 to $1.50 patent, gunmetal and tan Low Shoes for $1.10
$1.39 Children's Shoes for 98c
60c to 75c for 39c

Dry Goods right at the time you need them.

12c Gingham for	9c
10c " "	8c
Calico	5½c
50c Dress Goods	39c
25c "	19c

And lots of other goods I have not got room to tell you about, as I have the biggest variety you will find in this country and they must go.

A lot of Pictures and Frames:
10c Pictures 5c
55c Pictures and Frames 10c
25c Pictures 19c

Get ready to do your fall sewing. I have a $25.00 new Sewing Machine for $16.00; $35.00 Sewing Machine for $23.00.

The Biggest Assortment of China to be found at record-breaking prices.

Plates 60c a set, now	49c
Meat Platters 15c, now	10c
Johnson Best White Plates	45c
A lot 10c Plates, now	5c
A lot 10c Glassware, now	5c
$12.00 Set of Dishes	$9.00
$1.50 Hand Painted Ware	98c
50c " " "	35c
Cut Glass Tumbler	10c
Thin Shell Tumbler	5c
Jelly Tumblers doz.	22c
Half Gallon Cans	80c
One Quart "	52c
One Pint "	42c
Pints, wide-mouth Economy	42c
Can Tops doz.	19c
Ladies' 15c Vests	11c
Ladies' Neckwear 10c	7c
" " 25c	19c
" Waist, 35c ones, at	25c
" " 50c ones, at	39c
" " $1.10 ones, at	89c
" " $1.98 "	$1.49
" Skirts, 89c ones at	69c
" " 98c "	78c
" " $1.39 "	$1.09
" " $1.65 "	$1.29

Boys' Washable Suits. Now is the time to save money.
50c Suits, 39c 75c Suits, 59c
$1.00 " 79c $1.25 " 98c

Pins 5c, now	3½c
Needles 5c, now	2c
Pearl Buttons	3c
Spool Cotton, two for	5c

Buy a $1 Alarm Clock for 59c, and see how much you can save in a short time.

Now comes Tin & Enamel Ware:
5c for 4c 10c for 8c 15c for 10c
25c for 19c 50c for 39c

75c Galvanized Tubs	50c
25c " 14-qt. Pails	19c
20c " 12-qt. "	15c
15c " 8-qt. "	12c
15c Baking Pans	10c
12c " "	9c
10c " "	7c
8c " "	5c
$1.50, The Never Fail, 5-gallon, Oil Cans	$1.19

Now is the time to buy Lamps and see your way clear to Bullock's Cheap Store.

15c Bedroom Lamp	10c
12c Hand Lamp	19c
35c to 40c Lamps	25c
$4.50 Parlor Lamps	$2.75

Things You Must Have:

A Fine 35c Coffee	30c
A Fine 25c Coffee	23c
10c Breakfast Cocoa	8c can
5c Can Mustard	4c
10c Bottle of Talc Powder	8c
5c Life Buoy Soap	4c
5c Dutch Hand Soap	4c
All Kinds of Shoe Polish	8c
Gold Dust Washing Powder	3½c
Happy Day Wash Soap 2 for 5c	

Automobile Tires at Right Prices.
A Good OVERLAND CAR For Sale.

TRADE WANTED---Meat, Lard, Eggs, Chickens, Wheat, &c. wanted at market prices. Cash paid for Eggs.

WM. BULLOCK, DENTON, MARYLAND