THE JOURNAL.

GEO. T. MELVIN & Z. P. STEELE, Editors

DENTON, SATURDAY MORNING, November 10, 1877.

STEWART, the colored republican candidate for Associate Judge in Lawrence county, Pa., where the republican majority averages from thirteen to fifteen hundred, and ought to be enough to pull one poor colored man through, was defeated.

ELECTIONS LAST TUESDAY.

DEMOCRACY AHEAD.

On Tuesday last there were elections held in twelve States, namely: New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, New Jersey, Virginia, Wisconsin, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, Mississippi and Maryland.

In New York the democratic victory was not so flattering as in some of the other States. Massachusetts gave Rice, republican, for Governor, over 17,000 majority. Pennsylvania has gone largely Democratic. The latest returns from New Jersey give McClellan, democratic candidate for Governor, a majority of not less than 10,000; the legislature is democratic in both houses. The entire conservative ticket in Virginia is elected. Wisconsin was carried by the republican by a small majority, probably 2,000. In Minnesota Pillsburg, republican, will have about 12,000 majority in the State over Banning; the legislature stands about the same as last year. The returns from this State are yet very incomplete, but it is claimed that the Democrats have a majority of not less than 10,000. We glean the following returns from the counties from the Baltimore *Sun*:

The Election in the State.

Details of the election of Tuesday, 6th inst., in Maryland come in slowly. The democratic majority in the State will be quite as large as at first indicated, if not larger. In the complexion of the Legislature there will be very great change. In 1875 the Legislature stood, Senate 19 democrats 7 opposition; House of Delegates, 57 democrats, and 27 republicans and reformers. This year the republicans and opposition gain two or three in the Senate, and lose in the House, where the Baltimore county delegation will be democrats instead of reformers.—Allegany, it is believed, will send a divided delegation. Some of the changes in the Senate are conspicuous, notably the change from Caroline, where Mr. Fields, the president of the Senate, is defeated by the People's candidate, and in Allegany county Mr. Alfred Spates, democrat, is defeated. On the other hand S. Taylor Suit, republican, from Prince George's, will be supplanted by Mr. Hill, who is a democrat, elected on the reform and fusion ticket. It is expected the opposition in the House will number 16 to 18, and 9 or 10 in the Senate.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.

The returns from the several districts show a majority of 1,205 for Keating. Some of the independent candidates for county commissioners were elected.

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

The returns from this county indicate a majority of about 600 for the republican candidate for Comptroller, with four districts to be heard from. For Senator, in the districts heard from, Combs, rep., has 2,062 votes; Spates, dem., 1,691; Park, workingman, 1,150. For the House of Delegates the indications are that Bruce and Turner, rep., and Oder and Carroll, dems., are elected. A portion of the county commissioners' ticket is republican. For sheriff, the vote in the districts reported give the democratic candidate about 50 votes ahead of the republican candidate. For surveyor, Shaidt, rep., has 1,473 votes and Patterson, dem., 1,479. The workingmen's party polled a large vote.

BALTIMORE COUNTY.

All the districts heard from give majorities for Keating, the democratic candidate for Comptroller. An entire democratic delegation has been elected to take the place of the reformers of last session.

CHARLES COUNTY.

The result as reported in Charles county is so close that it will require the official count to determine it. Porter's majority for Comptroller is only 6. It is believed that the democrats have elected Cox to the House of Delegates, and also a majority of the board of county commissioners. The republicans have probably elected the rest of the ticket by a majority of not over ten.

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

C. Sullivane, democratic candidate for the State Senate; Samuel Travers, Joseph H. Johnson and Dr. Isaac H. Houston, democratic delegates to the legislature, are elected in Dorchester county. Mace, democrat, Jones, independent, and Clifton, republican, are elected county commissioners. P. S. Collins, independent candidate for sheriff, is elected. The election everywhere was closely contested, and a large vote was polled.

FREDERICK COUNTY.

The republicans carry Frederick county by about 150 average majority on the legislative ticket, 200 average majority on the county commissioners' ticket, and give Richardson, republican, for sheriff, between 450 and 500 majority. Four districts have not yet reported on the legislative ticket, leaving a possibility of the election of one or two democratic delegates by small majorities Two districts have not yet returned their count for sheriff which formerly gave democratic majorities. These cannot materially affect Richardson's election.

GARRETT COUNTY.

The districts of Garrett county, partly in, show that the entire republican ticket is elected.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY.

Returns indicate that in Prince George's county the reform and fusion ticket is elected over the democratic and republican tickets by about 300 majority. Wm. B. Hill is elected State Senator over C. B Calvert, democrat, and S. Taylor Suit, republican.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

The returns from this county show a majority for Keating of about 576. The democratic candidate for Register of Wills, was elected over both his opponents. The whole democratic ticket was elected.

ST. MARY'S COUNTY.

Three districts of St. Mary's county on the legislative ticket from which there are returns, and from other information, make it safe to conclude that R. C. Combs, democrat, is elected to the Senate, and Joseph H. Key and Ignatius E. Mattingly, democrats, are elected to the House of Delegates. J. Frank Smith, democrat, is elected sheriff.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Somerset county gives Keating 200 majority. Benj. F. Lankford, rep., is elected clerk of the Circuit Court over Hon. Levin L. Waters, dem. For House of Delegates, Wm. H. Roach and Geo. Thomas Rowe, dems., are elected. Eph. G. Polk, dem., for House of Delegates, is in doubt. It is believed also that Hance Lawson, rep., for sheriff, is elected, and two republicans for county commissioners out of three.

TALBOT COUNTY.

A *Star* extra says, that Talbot county has been redeemed. The election passed off quietly. There was a large vote polled. It is enough to say the whole democratic ticket is elected by a handsome majority. The Democrats are in high spirits over the result. Keating's majority 139, Col. Lloyd's majority 148. All the majorities average about 100.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

The returns show that the republicans have carried Washington county for comptroller by about 122 majority. The democrats have elected two members of the House of Delegates, Joseph Harrison and Nathaniel Fiery; the republicans also two, Joseph H. Farrow and Dr. Wm. H. Perkins. The democrats have elected one county commissioner, John M. Newcomer, and the repablicans four, three of them being John J. Hershey, John W. Stonebraker and Joseph Newcomer, there being doubt as to whether the fourth one will be Isaac Ankeny or John Heffelbower, their vote, as now ascertained, being the same.

The republicans also elect their candidate for sheriff, Benj. F. Reichard, by about 100 majority, and the democrats have elected the surveyor, S. S. Dawnin, he having no opponent in the field.

The workingmen's ticket received but a small vote in the districts outside of Hagerstown, where their heaviest vote was polled. Here their candidate for sheriff received 235 votes. Returns of the vote cast for their ticket have been received from but few districts, and indicate that the highest man on it did not receive over 460 votes in the county.

Our Election.

The election in this county last Tuesday resulted in the success of the entire second ticket, with one exception—the surveyor. The democrats who supported the second ticket movement claim that this verdict is but the the considerate judgment of the people demanding a change in the Senatorship. The *American Union* of Thursday says: "This is no party victory. It is no republican or democratic triumph." The future will tell which of the two parties will derive the most benefit from the result. The following shows the majorities of the several districts:

	DISTRICTS.					
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	
COMPTROLLER,						
Porter	134	269	478	326	177	1384
Keating	136	281	478	260	151	1246
SENATOR,						
Garey	130	286	543	322	169	1450
Fields	132	256	408	197	159	1152
HOUSE OF DELEGATES,						
Massey	134	316	483	319	179	1431
Todd	130	266	497	370	184	1447
Manlove	133	269	459	166	144	1171
Collins	139	247	481	204	150	1223
SHERIFF,						
Evitts	132	271	512	324	175	1414
Bishop	138	283	444	202	154	1221
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,						
Casho	143	284	483	329	181	1420
Hobbs	123	271	501	324	182	1401
Holmes	97	264	476	371	187	1396
Williamson	131	281	469	208	148	1237
Daily	178	264	442	159	136	1179
Wilson	135	285	494	189	149	1256
SURVEYOR,						
Isler	152	275	477	251	166	1301
Melson	138	277	483	276	157	1331

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U. S. Senate.

Senator Morton's death reduces the Republican majority in the Senate to a point which makes it almost certain that the Democrats will have control of that part of the national government before the expiration of the present presidential term. Before Mr. Morton's death the Senate stood as follows:

Republicans.	*Democrats.*
Allison, Iowa	Armstrong, Mo.
Anthony, R. I.	Bailey, Tenn.
Blaine, Me.	Barnum, Conn.
Booth, Cal.	Bayard, Del.
Bruce, Miss.	Beck. Ky.
Burnside, R. I	Cockrell Mo.
Cameron, Pa.	Coke, Texas.
Cameron, Wis.	Davis W. Va.
Chaffee, Col.	Dennis, Md.
Christiancy, Mich.	Eaton, Conn.
Conkling, N. Y.	Garland, Ark.
Conover, Fla.	Gordon, Ga.
Dawes, Mass.	Grover Oregon.
Dorsey, Ark.	Harris, Tenn.
Edmunds, Vt.	Hereford, W. Va.
Ferry, Mich.	Hill, Ga.
Hamlin, Me.	Johnson, Va.
Hoar, Mass.	Jones, Fla.
Howe, Wis.	Kernan, N. Y.
Ingalls, Kansas.	Lamar, Miss.
Jones, Nev.	McCreery, Ky.
Kirkwood, Iowa.	McDonald, Ind.
Matthews, Ohio.	McPherson, N. J.
McMillan Minn.	Maxey, Texas.
Mitchell Oregon.	Merrimon, N. C.
Morrill, Vt.	Morgan, Ala.
Morton, Ind.	Randolph, N. J.
Oglesby, Ill.	Ransom, N. C.
Paddock, Neb.	Saulsbury, Del.
Patterson, S. C.	Thurman, Ohio.
Plumb, Kansas.	Wallace, Pa.
Rollins, N. H.	Whyte, Md.
Sargent, Cal.	Withers, Va.—33.
Saunders, Neb.	
Sharon, Nev.	
Spencer, Ala.	
Teller, Col.	
Wedleigh, N. H.	
Windom, Minn—39.	

Gov. Williams has appointed the Hon. Daniel W. Vorhees, a democrat, which will reduce this republican majority to four. Senator Davis is not included in either party list above, but doubtless he will vote with the democrats in all just and proper measures.

Senator Patterson, of South Carolina, has been indicted in the courts of his own State, and will, upon conviction, be expelled from the Senate. His successor will, of course, be a Democrat, thus reducing the Republican majority to one. In this condition of the Senate the absence of Sharon will make a tie, which will compel Vice President Wheeler to give the casting vote if any purely party measure is sought to be carried through that body by the Republicans.

But there are three vacancies in the Senate—two from Louisiana, which is not represented at all, and one from South Carolina—all of which rightfully belong to the Democrats, who have duly accredited claimants now knocking for admission to these seats. In view of the decision of President Hayes in the Louisiana and South Carolina cases, it will not be possible for Kellogg to get in, the administration Senators at least being compelled for consistency's sake if not from a sense of justice and duty, to admit Eustis and Spofford, the legal applicants. These three will give the Democrats a majority, and thus put the Senate, which has been the stronghold of the Republicans, and a body which they thought they had secured the possession of for years to come, to the Democratic party.

This would be sufficient to put the Senate in full accord with the House of Representatives, but there are the Administration Senators who will have nowhere else to go than to the Democrats if they wish to help the Administration in any of its favorite schemes. For the confirmation of every appointment will be in the hands of the Democrats, and the policy of the government would necessarily be shaped by the two Houses of Congress.

Such are the promises of the present, which will be realized before President Hayes's term expires. He is hampered with no aspiration for re-election, and he cannot, if he would, make his administration a thoroughly partisan one. He therefore, has the opportunity to do more real service to the country than could be obtained from any of his predecessors, and all his ambition and interests lead him to make a good and useful President, to institute every needed reform, to correct every existing abuse and to stop every govermental extravagance. By so doing he will not only be in harmony with Congress, but will make a record which will go far to cancel or conceal the stain occasioned by the means which installed him.

The Poor House.

Messrs. Editors:—Several articles have appeared in your paper on the condition of the Poor House of this county. The following which I find in the supplement to the Baltimore *Sun* for Oct. 10, indicates a movement in the right direction. It has long been my opinion that in every community the cause of the poor should be a *special* object of care and inquiry with the Christian Pastors and their congregations. It is not creditable to be ill-informed or indifferent on such a subject:

MARYLAND PAUPERS AND THE HORDE OF TRAMPS.—The Maryland Prisoners' Aid Association, Mr. G. S. Griffith, president, J. W. Kines, secretary, held its regular quarterly meeting last night in Friends' Meeting House, Eutaw and Monument streets. Mr. Griffith submitted his report corroborating in many particulars the extensive report on the penal pauper and reformatory institutions of the State. He says the impression conveyed by Dr. Chancellor's report is that Maryland jails and alms-houses are in much worse condition than similar institutions in other States, which is not the case. Bad as they are here they compare favorably with jails and almshouses in any other State of the Union.

Mr. Griffith devotes considerable space to the American tramp, who has been largely reinforced from Great Britain, owing to the stringent measures enforced in that country against the hordes of "strollers" and idle vagrants, which had become more troublesome and dangerous there than they are in the United States. The army of tramps has become so large in Maryland that the Legislature must do something to repress the evil. Mr. Griffith says that in the past year the almshouse of Cecil county received 4,000 tramps, and furnished them 8,000 meals; the almshouse of Carroll county lodged and fed 2,000, Harford 2,500, Frederick (Montevue Hospital) 13,000, and in other counties on the Western Shore the proportion was the same. He recommends that superintendents of almshouses should be empowered to compel all mendicant vagabonds of this stripe to work for every mouthful they receive, even if their labor is not profitable. This system has been partially enforced in Pennsylvania already and with good results. In several other States the almshouse rule for tramps—"No work, no grub"—is practiced. Mr. Griffith expects some relief from tramps when the State House of Correction is opened, but the Legislature will have to make another appropriation before that institution can be put into operation.

In order to fully discuss and remedy the tramp nuisance, Mr. Grffith recommends a State convention, to be held in Baltimore in December, composed of members of the State board of health, county commissioners, almshouse superintendents and trustees, sheriffs, jailors, local committees, and all others interested in remedying the evil. Many of the officers enumerated, he says, have spoken in favor of such a convention. In conclusion Mr. Griffith recommended the appointment of a committee of five by the association to carry out the proposed plan. The convention, he thinks, should also take such action as will lead to correcting defects and abuses in jails and almshouses under the present system in Maryland, and secure all necessary legislation on the subject.

The report was adopted and a committee appointed in accordance with the president's suggestion."

A FRIEND TO THE POOR.

Be an Editor.

A young man writes from one of the rural villages of Tennesse: "I have been teaching school ever since I quit school about a year ago, but I do not like it. It is time I had chosen a profession, and I think I would rather be an editor than anything else, for I like ease and comfort and plenty of money and do not like to work. To be an editor, to sit in an elegant sanctum, with nothing to do but write when I felt like it, to have plenty of money and go where and when I please, free of cost, and lead the editor's quiet life of ease without care or trouble of any sort, is the height of my ambition. My friends think I ought to study law or medicine, or keep on teaching; but to be a lawyer or doctor requires too much study, and too much brains to start with, and teaching is too hard work. Under these circumstances, would you not advise me to become an editor?"

We certainly would; your ideas of the life of an editor, and of his surroundings and freedom from care and toil, are singularly accurate. An editor is the happiest being on earth. He has little or nothing to do, and his pay is all that heart could wish. His sanctum, with its Persian rugs and Turkey carpets, its costly rosewood furniture, its magnificent mirrors, its beautiful pictures, its complete library of splendidly bound books, its buffet stocked with the finest of wines, liquors and cigars, which cost him but a puff or two, its silver bell to summons an attendant whenever a julep or cocktail is wanted, and, in short, with its every that human ingenuity can devise for his comfort and pleasure is a perfect little paradise, where he sits or lounges and reigns a young lord, with the world of fashion and pleasure at his feet. And then anybody can be an editor—no study, no brains, nothing but a little money to start with, and once started the money pours in in upon you in a steady stream, and the chief labor of this easy life is to spend it. As for the labor of editing a newspaper that is mere moonshine. A mere glance at the columns of a newspaper is enough to convince you that it requires no labor to edit it less brains. It is certainly a glorious life, that of an editor. a life of luxurious ease and of elegant leisure—a life for the gods, filled, like that of a young lover in his first sweet dream of requited love, with flutes and rose leaves and moonbeams,

While not a wave of trouble rolls
Across his peaceful breast;

and why all men are not editors is one of the strangest things beneath the stars.

"A GREAT NEWSPAPER in every sense of the phrase" is the judgment of journalists and the people upon the Philadelphia *Weekly Times*. Not yet a year old this weekly paper has achieved a success in circulation as well as in influence that is without a parallel. It embraces eight pages of fifty-six columns, full to overflowing with readable matter gleaned from every part of the wide fields of politics, literature science and art. The editorial page abounds in crisp comments on the news of the day, embodying careful and independent judgment fearlessly expressed. The departments relating to home and society and the farm and garden make it welcome at every fireside, and always offer temptations that are irresistible to the scissors of an editor. Fiction, poetry and tales of travel and adventure find a place in every number. But the great distinctive feature of the Philadelphia *Weekly Times* is its current series of chapters on the unwritten history of the war. Every one of these is from the pen of a prominent actor in late conflict between the States, and describes some phase of the war that came within his own personal observation. No newspaper ever before presented such an array of contributors as appear in this department. Among them are such men as Hon. Carl Schurz, Hon. A. G. Curtin, Gen. Joseph E. Johnson, Gen. Joseph Hooker, Gen. James Longstreet, Hon. John W. Forney, Gen. G. T. Beauregard, Gen. Wm. B. Franklin, Hon. John H. Reagan, Hon. Simon Cameron, Gen. Richard Taylor, Gen. John C. Fremont, and such women as Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, Mrs. E. E. Briggs ("Olivia") and Mrs. Jessie Benton Frement.

Grant Vs. Hayes.

In its comments upon Mr. Garrison's late foolish letter to the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, a republican journal, says that "Mr. Lincoln was quite as good a republican as Gen. Grant—a better one, most people will think—and he clearly indicated, immediately before his death, that his policy in connection with the States of the Confederacy was to be one of reconciliation, and had he been permitted to carry it out it would without doubt have been found to be as nearly similar to that of President Hayes as one thing can be like another." The *Inquirer* proceeds to declare that the policy of President Grant was one of mere political expediency, unrelieved by a single gleam of statesmanship or justice; that it was wrong upon any and every principle of free government, and it was not only wrong because it was unconstitutional and unjust, but wrong because it was not even successful in accomplishing the object it was used to accomplish, viz., protection to the colored population. If it had lasted it "would have been the cause of a color war which could have had no other termination than the extinction of the Southern blacks." The policy of President Hayes has changed all this, and its wisdom is proved by its results.

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THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, Md., letters testamentary on the personal estate of

DAVID W. CHIPP,

late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against he said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of May next, 1878, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate,
EDWARD R. GOSLIN,
nov3-3w. Ext'r of David W. Chipp, dec'd.

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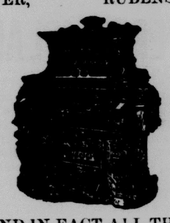

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Oct. 6-tf.

Order Nisi.

J. W. Bryant, Attorney for the Citizen's Building and Loan Association for Caroline County.
vs.
David Lank and Sarah E. Lank his wife.

Circuit Court for Caroline County. In Equity,

ORDERED this eighth day of October, 1877, that the sale of the real estate in these proceedings mentioned made and reported by J. W. Bryant, Attorney for the Building and Loan Association of Caroline county, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the tenth day of December next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Caroline county once in each of three successive weeks before the tenth day of November next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $850.00.
JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk,
True copy, Test:—
JOHN W. TEMPE, Clerk,
oct13-3w.

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