THE JOURNAL.

GEO. T. MELVIN & Z. P. STEELE, Editors.

SATURDAY,.....JULY 20, 1878.

"POTTER'S INQUEST," say the Republican papers. Yes, over your remains.

THE Indiana Democrats will open the campaign through the whole State August 10. Senator McDonald believes the Democrats will gain three Congressmen. The outlook is promising.

PASTOR VOSCURGH, of Jersey City, is again in trouble. His wife, it seems, is of as vacillating a disposition as a certain other lady in an adjoining city and has made a statement tending to sustain the charges made by her relatives on the trial. A reopening of the case is threatened.

EX-GOVERNOR TILDEN'S friends are said to feel confident that he will control New York in the next National Convention and are hopeful that he will get the nomination. With Tilden leading the Democrats, Grant the Republicans and Butler the Nationals the campaign of 1880 would offer the voters as much fraud as they could stand.

THE average department clerk at Washington isn't allowing his patriotism to slop over this year, and as a consequence the Republican campaign committee has begun to grumble some because it hasn't yet collected half as much money as it expected at this time. Perhaps if Mr. Hayes should toss in his promised munificent contribution at this perilous juncture it would enthuse things a little.

THERE can be no doubt about it that if the Republican party were this day represented in a national convention, the old Grant rings—railroad plunderers and whisky swindlers, land grabbers and army and navy contractors, timber-thieves and carpet-baggers, the machinists in politics, and managers of election for the sake of the spoils of office—would be in possession, and that they would nominate Grant.

COMMUNISM and Socialism are now grouped together by the average mind, though a Communist may and does differ in many things from a Socialist. The general idea of both is pernicious, and would amount to the same thing if carried out. A plain answering defining either means the breaking down of all social barriers and the dividing up of all property. Dead-beats make good Socialists, and loafers and thieves make good Communists.

"THE old Grant, the Grant who made the Senate ring his only counsel, the Grant who invited political wire-pullers, personal friends and relatives to deal in spoils, would be a burden too heavy for the Republican party to carry. If the politicians succeed in nominating him on the platform they have proposed, he will be defeated, as he ought to be, and the Republican party might as well begin to look around for a convenient grave." So says an influential republican paper.

HON. THOMAS F. BAYARD, in a letter recently written, says: "Let the American people proclaim as their resolves: First—That they will have free elections in all the States, undisturbed and unawed by Federal interference, civil or military. Second—The verdict of the people rendered at the polls shall be faithfully recorded and shall be accepted and obeyed. Third—That the men or the party who shall stand in the way of these resolves shall be withered by the wrath of an earnest and honest people who love civil liberty as enshrined in republican institutions, and intend to preserve it for themselves and their posterity."

IN some sections of the West, and even in parts of the middle states, farmers have received notices that their reapers, mowers and other agricultural machines are to be destroyed. We have heard men occupying prominent standing in the business world, as well as others of communistic tendencies, assert that labor-saving machinery is the cause of all the industrial prostration, poverty and destress throughout our country; that railroads, telegraphs, agricultural and other machinery fill the country with tramps; that canals and stage lines, which formerly gave employment to many thousands, have given way before railroads; that the land is now almost altogether cultivated by machinery, and that good times can never return while such things are tolerated. On the other hand, it is an undeniable truth that five men can now, with the help of machinery, make as many boots and shoes in a day as eight could ten or fifteen years ago; that ten men, with mowing machines, can get in as much hay as fifty could with the old-time scythes, and that, in all branches of industry machinery has enabled a greater production with fewer hands.

By what possible means, then, can it be said that machinery is a curse? Labor-saving machinery, so far from being a curse to our country, and especially the laboring classes of it, is and has always been a blessing to them. It has greatly lightened their toil; it has cheapened products so that in all civilized countries the condition of the laboring class has immensely and steadily improved in both kind and variety; they now count as the common necessaries of life many articles which but fifty years ago were luxuries of the rich; so greatly has their toil been lightened and their comfort increased by labor-saving machinery that even their average length of life has increased. The laboring people of this generation wear more and better shoes, hats and clothes; they eat a greater amount and variety of food; they read more newspapers and books; they have greater facilities for travel and change of place; their health is better and their wages higher than before the general introduction of labor-saving machinery. If machinery does anywhere take the place of human labor that is a matter which may be rectified by the removal of the population thus made surplus to the land. This has always been recognized by the most intelligent workingmen, who have gone West to better their fortunes; and as the greater independence which the possession of land gives to men is every where recognized, and shown in these columns to be a most important advantage; so far as the increase of machinery tends to send men to the country and increase the number of farmers; so far it is a material help to the workingman. The condition of the farmer is better than that of any operative working a machine. The farmer is his own master; his employment is healthful; if he has little money he has always enough bread; and to that slight degree in which the increase of machinery might make men surplus in manufacturing operations our cheap lands offer them a higher and safer calling, and if they will only avail themselves of such advantages there need be no warring against machinery, neither need there be any tramps.

What England Gets.

Beaconsfield's shrewd diplomacy has resulted in a very extensive haul of territory for Queen Victoria. England could well afford to make the European concessions, for it is definitely settled that the possession of the Island of Cyprus is the first step to the British control of Asiatic Turkey. "So far as Asia is concerned," says a dispatch, "England and Turkey will practically form one power"—a neat way of expressing the situation. England will occupy, therefore, 660,870 square miles of Turkish territory, containing a population of 16,050,000, ten millions of whom are Turks, two millions armenians, and the rest Greeks, Jews, Tartars, Arabs, Syrians, Druses, Kurds and Turcomans. A railroad is to be constructed from some point on the Syrian coast down the valley of the Euphrates to the Persian gulf, and Russian progress south on the Asiatic side is to be barred by British guns along the Armenian frontier. That will be the result of the Beaconsfield negotiations, and England's Indian troops will have their new field in the new territory. The "proptectorate" for Asiatic Turkey means Asiatic Turkey for England—a huge expansion of the Empire, and one which is not favored by the Liberals. As for the Turks, they acquiesce in this arrangement to be saved from Russia. The Ottoman Empire will exist only in name, if at all, and the next time Russia advances in Armenia she will have to fight England instead of the Turks. The British share of Turkey constitutes the largest land-grab of the century, consummated without striking a blow. As the matter stands now, Russia is pretty effectually obstructed from absorbing any more territory in Western Asia, while British civilization will regenerate Asiatic Turkey ane restore that naturally productive region to its ancient greatness. Whether England can maintain her ever-expanding Empire is a question of serious import. It covers nearly 9,000,000 square miles now; bnt, like the Romans, it becomes necessary for the British to continue the annexation process indefinitely. That process is going on in Africa now. Every new extension of the boundary brings the Imperial Government in collision with resisting tribes, who must be conquored and incorporated. That is the history of the expansion of the Indian possessions of Great Britain also.

The Heat in St. Louis.

PROMINENT CITIZENS PROSTRATED IN THEIR STORES—ALL BUSINESS SUSPENDED.

ST. LOUIS, July 15, 1878.—This day will become historic in St. Louis. At daylight, this morning the pressure of the atmosphere was almost suffocating in its closeness, and at 8 o'clock the mercury marked 90° in the shade. By that hour several cases of sunstroke had been reported and a number of patients were at the dispensary for treatment.

15 DEATHS AT NOON.

At noon there were fifteen corpses in the Morgue. Two horses of undertaker Coffee fell dead in the street while conveying the bodies of two victims to the cemetry. Another undertaker lost three horses in the same service. Among the bodies laid out in the Morgue was that of John Palen, once of the City Council and one of the most brilliant young men in the city. He had been picked up in the street dead from sunstroke. Dr. Herman Voorster, ex-Coroner, and the most noted athlete in St. Louis, if not west of the Mississippi, fell unconscious and expired shortly afterward.

26 VICTIMS.

At eight o'clock to-night there were twenty-six bodies in the Morgue and, despite the utmost care that had been taken, the stench was awful, and pervaded the atmosphere for a block away. Fifteen of the bodies were already boxed up for burial to-night, and the others were on ice.

A HOTTER DAY YET.

The names of the dead for to-day will exceed forty. Besides these one hundred non-fatal cases have been treated at the medical office, and these form only a part of the hundreds treated at drug stores and private residences. Throughout the city, according Professor Tice, the meteorolgist, who lives here, to-morrow will be the warmest day this latitude had for one hundred years.

Across the river, in East St. Louis, the heat has also been terrible, and numerous sunstrokes are reported, while busines was paralized for the day.

From the N. Y. Sun.

Not for Allen G. Thurman.

BUT A NEW CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT PROPOSED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN—*Sir*: Your late article in relation to Mr. Thurman took my fancy very much as most of your articles do.

I was once ready to vote for Mr. Thurman for President, but am not now. He not only violated but surrendered the Constitution. He debauched the Supreme Court from the fear of Grant's cannon, and now quietly sits down under the rule of fraud and infamy. A man placed as a sentinel to guard the gate of your citadel, who once betrays you and surrenders the keys, whether actuated by fraud or fear, can never be intrusted with the keys again. I propose therefore, for the Presidency a man who is without fear and above reproach, whom all the earth cannot frighten nor all its treasures bribe. His name is

JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON.

His noble attributes adorn him as the orders of merit did the great Frederick, bet I beg leave nevertheless to enumerate some of them. He is a gentleman of the olden time: of honor as unsullied as the snow-flake; a man to whom no one would dare to propose that he should barter the patronage of his office, or look even with forbearance upon corruption of any kind, but especially official corruption. He is a great commander, as all the world knows, and all the world knows that to be a great commander requires great ability—wisdom, indeed. He is an old-time Jefferson Democrat, a statesman well informed in the science of government, and thoroughly posted upon every constitutional question which has arisen under our Constitution, and with clear opinions upon the right side. He is opposed to centralization and in favor of the State Governments, in favor of economy and honesty in all governments and among all men. He was opposed to the eight to seven plan and law by which the Constitution was overthrown and the people cheated out of the Presidency; and when he was told that his name had been presented to the Fraudulent President for a Cabinet appointment he said promptly: "I am very sorry for it, because if the office were tendered to me I could not accept it, as it would identify me with the Administration." The reply illustrates the high tone of the man. Last, but by no means least, he is opposed to military government and to the least increase of the army. Nay, *he thinks it should be reduced*. In his opinion the best defenders of a free republic are its citizen soldiers. In proof of this, he asks what was the regular army during the civil war? Nowhere, except when whipped by and running from volunteers; citizen soldiers, who saved the Union and whipped the South; volunteers, citizen soldiers. And then he is a constitutional Union man.

What a blessing to the whole country it would be to have such a man as our President.

Run up his flag, and lead to victory!

Yours sincerely,

MONONGHAHELA.

A Statesman of Sound Principles.

There is a report from Delaware that a faction of the Democratic party in that State are planning to defeat Senator Bayard's re-election. The wish of certain of the baser sort of Democrats is probably father to this silly thought. Mr. Bayard's term does not expire until 1881; his successor will be chosen two years from now, and the people of Delaware will not be likely to disgrace themselves by failing to reelect him. The Democratic party has now a number of excellent, influential and conspicuously able men in the Senate. Thurman, Lamar, Randolph, Gordon, Kernan, Hill, Garland—all these are men whose service in the Senate is valuable to the country; but it is not belittling the others to place Senator Bayard at the head of the list. He has won the respect of friends and opponents by the courage with which he has always, and in the face of all opposition, defended what he thought were the measures most important for the interests of the whole country; he is a statesman of sound and firmly fixed principles, without fear and without reproach, and the Democrats of his State have reason to be proud of his great influence, and of the important service he, in their name, performs for the country.

MONARCHICAL vs. REPUBLICAN ELECTIONS.—No wonder our returning board operations and frauds affecting the election for the chief magistracy of the country, in two important States, excite wonder and surprise in such countries as England, when a single case of election fraud, or tampering with a vote, is brought to punishment under that monarchical government. The case was in Yorkshire, and is thus stated by the Manchester (England) Express: "On Saturday, before the West Riding Magistrates at Pontefract, John Morton, a glassworks manager at Castleford, was fined £20, or two months' imprisonment, for having tampered with the voting paper of an old widow named Jane Eccles, in the voting in connection with the local board at that place on the gas question, where a poll had been demanded as to whether the ratepayers were in favor of the bill of the local board to go to Parliament for the purchase of the gasworks. It was shown that the defendant had canvassed in opposition to the local board, and altered the old woman's vote."

LEARN TO SWIM.—There is some excellent advice to the English women in a London paper, *The Globe*, which American girls would do well to heed. It is this: "Learn to swim." It cannot be questioned that the general inability of women to swim even for a few strokes causes a large addition to the number of deaths from drowning. If they only had an elementary acquaintance with the art it would give them confidence, and greatly aid the efforts of rescuers. There is the greatest risk in approaching a woman when she is out of her depth, owing to the certainty that she will catch any man who goes to help in such a way as to prevent the free exercise of the limbs on which his life as well as hers depends. Many a valuable life might be saved every year if the elements of swimming were made a branch of girls' education. It is not as if there were some inherent inability in the gentler sex to acquire the art. The facts rather lie in the other direction, indeed, and tend to show that, other things being equal, women have greater powers in the water than men, owing to the smaller specific gravity of their bones and muscles.

SHERMAN'S ILL-GOTTEN WEALTH.—Perhaps Sherman used his official position as Chairman of the Senate Committe on the Finance for his own personal profit, and perhaps this accounts for the fact that, although he entered Congress a few years ago poor, he is now worth several millions of dollars. It is no secret that a man occupying his position can exercise a powerful influence on the money market, especially during such times as then existed, and an unscrupulous man could use that influence in such a manner as to increase his bank account by hundreds of thousands of dollars in the course of a year. Perhaps John Sherman would disdain to use his influence for such a purpose, but the probabilities are, in view of his past sinuous conduct, and his past poverty and present wealth, that he did.

ACCIDENTS BY FIRE.—Every reader of this paper knows the frequency with which the press is called upon to chronicle the loss of life, the painful accidents and the destruction of property by fires, caused in many cases by the grossest carelessness. It should, therefore, be the constant aim of every one to guard, with utmost care, against the possibility thereof. At a recent fire in Washington, Mr. J. T. Greaves, of the Fire Department, met with an accident, spraining his wrist so severely as to render it altogether useles. This gentleman says, "I was promptly cured by two applications of Keller's Roman Liniment, and this is the cleanest, most prompt and efficient remedy I have ever used or known." As a household article, to be resorted to in cases of accidents and pain, nothing in the world equals or ever approaches it.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTO., July 18, 1878.

Wheat—Fultz,	$ 103@105
" Amber,	95@1 05
Corn—white	52@53
Yellow,	48@50
Oats,	29@31
Rye,	55@56

VEGETINE
FOR DROPSY,

I never shall
Forget the First dose,

PROVIDENCE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—
Dear Sir, I have been a great sufferer from dropsy. I was confined to my house more than a year. Six months of the time I was entirely helpless. I was was obliged to have two men to help me in and out of bed. I was swollen 19 inches larger than my natural size around the waist. I suffered all a man could and live. I tried all remedies for dropsy. I had three digerent doctors. My friends all expected I would die: many nights I was expected to die before morning. At last Vegetine was sent to me by a friend. I never shall forget the first dose. I could realize its good effects from day to day; I was getting better. After I had taken 5 or 6 bottles I could sleep quite well nights. I began to gain now quite fast. After taking some 10 bottles I could walk from one part of my room to the other. My appetite was good, the dropsy had at this time disappeared. I kept taking the Vegetine until I regained my usual health. I heard of a great many cures by using Vegetine after I had got out and was able to attend to my work. I am a carpenter and builder. I will also say it has cured an aunt of my wife's of Neuralgia, who had suffered for more than 20 years. She says she has not had any neuralgia for eight months. I have given it to one of my children for Canker Humor. I have no doubt in my mind it will cure any humor; it is great cleanser of the blood; it is save to give a child. I will recommend it to the world. My father is 80 years old, and he says there is nothing like it to give strength and life to an aged person. I can not be too thankful for the use of it. I am,
Very gratefully yours, JOHN S. NOTTAGE.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.—If Vegetine will relieve pain, cleanse, purify, and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the *Great Blood Purifier*. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

VEGETINE
I OWE MY HEALTH TO YOUR VALUABLE
VEGETINE

NEWPORT, KY., Apr. 29, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—
Dear sir,—Having suffered from a breaking out of Cankerous sores for more than five years, caused by an accident of a fractured bone, which fracture ran into a running sore, and having used every thing I could think of and nothing helped me, until I had taken six bottles of your valuable medicine which Mr. Muller the apothecary, recommended very highly. The sixth bottle cured me, and all I can say, is that I owe my health to your valuable Vegetine.

EGETINE
I Regard it as a Valuable
FAMILY MEDICINE.

JAN. 1, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—
Dear Sir,—I take pleasure in saying, that I have used the Vegetine in my family with good results, and I have known of several cases of remarkable cure effected by it. I regard it as a valuable family medicine.
Truly yours,
REV. WM. McD[illegible].

The Rev. Wm. McDonald is well known throughout the United States as a minister in the M. [illegible] church.

VEGETINE
PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS BOSTON, MASS.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Legal Notice.

The undersigned proffers his professional services to the citizens of Caroline county, and will from this date regularly attend the sessions of the Caroline Court.

JEREMIAH SULIVANE,
Attorney at Law.
may25-y.

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR
ADVERTISEMENT OF
STEWART & BRO'S
CHEAP, CASH
Grocery & Confectionery Store,
LIST & PRICES WILL BE GIVEN
IN AN
Advertisement Next Week.

Special Attention is Called
TO THEIR
FIVE GRADES OF SUGAR
& SIX GRADES OF COFFEE.

New Advertisements.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each week from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me. 7-20-4w.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded *highest prize* at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities* and *excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring*. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

Eastern Shore Domestic Guano,
THE ENGLISH MIXTURE,
AND
GROUND BONES.

Manufactured by F. H. Nickerson & Co., Easton, Maryland.

The EASTERN SHORE DOMESTIC GUANO is a highly concentrated, first-class fertilizer. After an experience of five years, it has been unqualifiedly approved and endorsed, and is strongly recommended and extensively used by the best farmers in Talbot county as a superior wheat producer. Send for a circular and see the proofs before buying any other fertilizers.

The ENGLISH MIXTURE is made by a formula which has long met the approval of English farmers. It is cheaper than the Eastern Shore Domestic, but is a good wheat producer. It is a fertilizer to suit the times.

PRICES.

EASTERN SHORE DOMESTIC per ton.....$38
ENGLISH MIXTURE per ton.....28
PURE GROUND BONES per ton.....35

CHEMICALS.

The subscribers have for sale all the schemicals used in the manufacture of fertilizers, Potash, Nitrogen, Sulphate and Nitrate of Sodas, S. C., Bone Phosphate, Oil of Vitrol, Salt Cake, Plaster, Ammonia, Saltpetre, Kainit, Refuse Salt, &c., &c., &c., which they sell as cheap or cheaper than can be bought in the city.

The orders of the farmers of Caroline solicited.

F. H NICKERSON & CO.,
Easton, Md.
july20-2m.

ORDER PUBLICATION.

BENNETT DOWNES
vs.
ELIZA J. DOWNES.

Circuit Court for Caroline county. In Equity.

THE object of this bill is to procure a decree for the payment of the sum of six hundred and eighty-six dollars and sixty cents, with interest from 24th April, 1876, and in default of payment of said sum for the sale of a tract or parcel of land sold by complainant to respondent.

The bill states that, on the 10th day of May, 1875, the respondent agreed to purchase of complainant a tract or parcel of land, situate and being on the south side of the county road leading from Templeville, Md., to Kenton, Delaware, adjoining and bounded by the lands of Dr. Gooding, Isaac S. Joslin and Emily A. Nicholson, containing 93 acres, more or less, at and for the sum of $1832.00, payable as follows: $500.00 in six months from 10th May, 1875, and the residue in two equal annual installments from said 10th May, 1875, with interest on said payments. That under and by virtue of said contract of sale the respondent entered and took possession of said tract or parcel of land, and that she had paid on account of said purchase money as follows: on 16th August, 1875, $500.00; on the 17th January, 1876, $125.00; and on the 24th April, 1876, $603.00, leaving due said complainant a balance of $687.60 with interest from said 24th April, 1876, which the respondent neglected and refused to pay. That the said Eliza J. Downes is not a resident of the State of Maryland but resides in the State of Delaware, and prays for a decree that the said Eliza J. Downes may pay the aforesaid balance of purchase money and interest thereon, and that in default of such payment the said tract or parcel of land may be sold for the payment of said balance of purchase money, and such other and further relief as this case may require. It is thereupon, adjudged and ordered that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper printed or published in Caroline county, Maryland, once a week for four successive weeks before the thirtieth day of July, 1878, give notice to the said Eliza J. Downes of the object and substance of this bill, and warn her to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor on or before the 31st day of October, 1878, to answer the premises and show cause if any she has why a decree ought not to pass as prayed, or the relief prayed should not be granted.

JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk.
True copy—Test,
JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk.
6-29-4w.

ORDER PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court for Caroline County.

In the matter of the sale of the real estate assessed to the heirs of John Webb, dec'd, for the year 1875.

THE report of James P. J. Hubbard, late Collector of State and county taxes for the Fourth Election District of Caroline county, for the year 1875, of the sale of the real estate assessed to the heirs of John Webb, dec'd, to satisfy State and county taxes thereon for the year 1875, having been read and considered, and his proceedings in making the said sale appearing to be regular. It is thereupon this 24th day of June, 1878, ordered by the Court, that notice be given to all persons interested in said real estate to be and appear in the Circuit Court for Caroline county on or before the 28th day of September next, to show cause if any they have, why the said sale should not be ratified and confirmed. And it is further ordered that said notice be given by the publication of a copy of this order in some newspaper published in Caroline county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 30th day of July next.

JOS. A. WICKES,
True copy—Test,
JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk.
6-29-3w.

DR. GEO. M. FISHER, DENTON, MD.

Has resumed the practice of medicine, and when needed professionally may be found either at the Drug Store or at his residence at Denton Bridge.
mar16-tf.

TO FARMERS!
SHELL LIME.

Four and Six months credit given, "when desired on Lime, if applied for before April.

BOWEN & MERCER,
Baltimore, Md.
feb16-6.

New Advertisements.

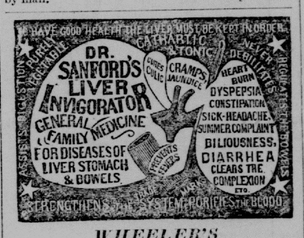
$10 TO $1000 Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything Address, BAXTER & CO., BANKERS, 17 Wall Street, New York. [7-6-4w.

PIANO Beautiful Concert Grand Pianos price $1000 only $155. Superb Grand Square Pianos price $1100 only $225. Elegant Upright Pianos, price $800 only $155. New Style Upright Pianos $112.50. ORGANS $32. Organs only 12 stops $72.50. Church Organs 16 stops price $90 only $115. ELEGANT $575 MIRRORS TOP ORGANS, only $105. BUYERS come and see me at home if I am not as represented, R. R. fare paid both ways and Piano or Organ given free. Large Illst. Newspaper with much information about cost of PIANOS & ORGANS sent free. Please address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. ORGAN

SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER. The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice Aromatic and French Brandy for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains, Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Want of Tone and Activity in the Stomach and Bowels, and avoiding the dangers of Change of Water, Food and Climate. Ask for SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER. 4.

THE NEW PROCESS
GRANULATED PEPSIN.

Prepared by DARIUS S. ORTON, M. D., NORTHAMPTON, N. Y. The very best Pepsin in the world. Cures Dyspepsia and all diseases arising from disordered digestion. Write with stamps, and address for sample and circular. Price per ounce 25c. Free by mail. [7-6-4w.



WHEELER'S
Transportation Line,
FOR THE
CHOPTANK RIVER.

ON AND AFTER FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1878 the Steamer
RALEIGH,

Captain Fields, will leave Pier 13, Light St., every Friday and Tuesday at 6 P. M., for landings on Choptank River. Returning, will leave Hillsboro' for Baltimore every Monday and Thursday at 10 A. M.

Frieghts received every Tuesday and Friday until 6 P. M. at Pier 13 Light St. Wharf for Hillsboro', Potter's Landing, and intermediate points on Choptank River.

ALL FREIGHTS MUST BE PREPAID.

For further particulars inquire of
EMORY & NEAVITT,
jun 8 tf No 83 South St.

MD. & DEL. RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Wednesday, July 17, 1878, Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

LEAVE.	No. 1.	No. 2.
Easton,	7 30 A. M.	12 00 M.
Woodland,	7 45	12 15 P. M.
Cordova,	7 55	12.35
Hillsboro',	8 10	12 55
Ridgely,	8 20	1 05
Greensborough,	8 35	1 30
Goldsboro',	8 50	1 50
Henderson,	9 00	2 15
Maryde.,	9 10	2 35
Slaughter's,	9 20	2 45
Kenton,	9 35	3 05
ARRIVE.		
Clayton,	9 45	3 20
Wilmington,	12 15 P. M.	
Philadelphia,	1 45	
Baltimore,	3 25	
New York,	5 10	

GOING SOUTH.

LEAVE.	No. 3.	No. 4.
New York,	8 25 P. M.	12 55 P. M.
Baltimore,	6 50 A. M.	8 00
Philadelphia,	8 00	5 15
Wilmington,	9 35	6 30
Clayton,	11 15	8 10
Kenton,	11 30	8 25
Slaughter's,	11 45	8 40
Marydel,	12 00 M.	8 55
Henderson,	12 15 P. M.	9 05
Goldsboro',	12 30	9 20
Greensboro',	12 50	9 40
Ridgely,	1 05	9 55
Hillsboro',	1 20	10 10
Cordova,	1 35	10 25
Woodland,	1 45	10 35
ARRIVE.		
Easton.	2 00	10 50

All freights must be at the various stations at least thirty minutes before of trains, otherwise they will have to lay over twenty-four hours.

J. L. CALDWELL,
Superintendent.
july20-tf.

Old Iron Wanted.

20,000 POUNDS OF OLD IRON SCRAPS wanted, both cast and wrought, also brass and copper will be taken in exchange for blacksmith work, or I will pay cash.

JOHN T. COMEGYS,
jun15tf Denton, Md.

NOTICE.

WM. HENRY LEGG, Esq., former proprietor of the *Journal* has left his unsettled business in my hands, and those indebted to him for subscription and advertising will please settle at an early day or I shall be compelled to proceed against them according to law.

GEO. T. MELVIN, ATTY.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of authority vested in me by an order of the Orphans' Court for Caroline County, I, the subscriber, will expose at public sale, in front of the hotel of James H. Willis, in the town of Greensborough, Caroline county, Md., on

SATURDAY, August 3rd, 1878,

between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all the real estate of which Martha Hollingsworth, late of Caroline county, deceased, died seized and possessed, lying and being in the First and Second Election District of Caroline county, Md., in two parcels or lots described as follows:

LOT NO. 1

Is located near Goldsboro' Station, on the Md. & Del. Railroad, it contains about

FIFTY ACRES

of cleared land of excellent quality, is improved by a TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, nearly new, with necessary out-buildings, all in good repair, it is enclosed by a good hedge fence, and has growing on it a young orchard of

APPLE AND PEACH TREES.

This property is within a mile of a church, mill and school. With this lot will be sold a TEN-ACRE WOOD LOT, well timbered, distant from the aforesaid parcel of land from one-half of a mile to a mile.

LOT NO 2

Is a WOOD LOT of about THIRTY ACRES, and distant from Lot No. 1 about one half mile.

These two lots or parcels of land will be sold, first, separately, and afterwards sold together, the subscriber reserving to himself the right to accept the bids for the separate lots, or the bid for the whole sold as a whole.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale are as follows: One-half of the purchase money will be required in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in twelve months thereafter, the deferred payment to be secured by the bond or note of the purchasers or purchaser, with security to be approved by the subscriber, bearing interest from the first day of January, 1879, on which day possession of the property will be given to the purchaser.

All needed papers to be at the the expense of the purchaser. WILLIAM PENNINGTON,
Ext'r of Martha A. Hollingsworth, dec'd.
june15-tds.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Chester River Steamboat COMPANY.

EXCURSIONS TO BALTO.
WEDNESDAYS AND THURSDAYS.

ON and after June 24th, 1878, the New
IRON STEAMER B. S. FORD
Will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday at 6½ A. M.; Rolph's, 6¾; Booker's, 7; Quaker Neck, 7¼; Grey's Inn Creek every Monday and Friday, 8; Queenstown, 9; Queenstown Wednesday and Thursday, 8; Kent Island, 8½; Kent Island Monday and Friday, 9½.

Returning, leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2½ P. M., making all the above stops, excepting Grey's Inn Creek. Stopping at Grey's Inn Creek Tuesday and Saturday.

FARE to Baltimore and return same day $1.50.
6-29-tf.

Order Nisi.

The Board of County School Commissioners for Caroline County
vs.
Dr. Thomas Hackett, Henry S. Fisher, Asbury Prouse, Charles H. Flemming, James W. Holt, Charles E. Jarrell, William E. Barton, Hugh Duffy and Dr. Thomas S. Holt.

In the Circuit Court for Caroline County.

ORDERED this 24th day of June, in the year 1878, that the proceedings had and done in this cause by an inquisition acting under the writ *ad quod damnum* issued out of the Circuit Court for Caroline County in condemning a piece of land of the extent of one quarter of an acre of land called "Hackett's Garding" in the town of Hillsborough in Caroline county and State of Maryland, and in the ascertainment of the damages to be allowed to the owners of said land by the condemnation thereof for the use of the public school, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 26th day of August, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in the town of Denton, Caroline county, once in each of three successive weeks prior to the 28th day of July next.

JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk.
True copy—Test,
JOHN W. TEMPLE, Clerk.
6-29-4w.

CHAS. R. STRAUGHN,
DENTAL SURGEON,
DENTON, MD.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Caroline county.

Will be in Greensborough on Saturdays and Hillsborough on Wednesdays.

All operations performed with care, and work guaranteed. [4-27-6m.

J. E. TYGERT & CO
MANUFACTURERS OF
Star Bone Phosphate
AND
Pure Ground Bone,
Also Dealers in Fertilizing Materials of all kinds
TRADE MARK
OFFICES {42 South Delaware Avenue, Phila., Pa. {Smyrna, Delaware. [mar9-tol.

ROLPH HOUSE,
EASTON, MD.,
W. H. ROLPH - - - - - PROPRIETOR.

Rooms large, airy and comfortably furnished. Table abundantly supplied with every delicacy in the market.

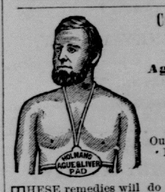
TERMS: Transient, $1.50 per day; permanent, $5.00 per week.

A LIVERY STABLE

is attached to the House, where excellent teams can always be hired at moderate prices. [5-11-y.

WANTED an *active, influential party* to act as AGENT FOR THE SALE of the
Popplein Silicated Phosphate

in each of the District of this County. APPLICANTS MUST BE PECUNIARILY RESPONSIBLE, AND HANDLE NO OTHER FERTILIZER. Address with references, THE POPPLEIN SILICATED PHOSPHATE CO., Post-Office Box 852, BALTIMORE, MD. [4-27-3m.



Cure by Absorption.
THE HOLMAN
Ague & Liver Pad
and its auxilaries.

Our Medicated Plasters & Medicated Foot Baths Absorption Salt.

THESE remedies will do for you what nothing else on earth can. In the name of humanity try them. More than a quarter of a million intelligent living witnesses bear testimony to their efficiency.

Pad $2; Specials $3. Specials are used in complicated cases. Body plaster 50 cents. Foot plasters 50 cents a pair. Absorption Salt Foot Baths 25 cts. a package; six packaged for $1.25.

☞ Pads and Plasters sent by mail (on receipt of price) free of of charge. Salt is sent by express at expense of purchaser.

Consultation at the office, or by letter free of charge.

A lady physician in attendance at Ladies' Room.

Holman Liver Pad Office,
Ringwalt & Hall,
No. 8 North Charles Street,
June 1 BALTIMORE, MD.

OPIUM and Morphine habit cured. The Original and only absolute CURE. Send stamp for book on Opium Eating, to W. B. Squire, Worthington, Greene Co., Ind.

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