THE JOURNAL.

GEO. T. MELVIN, Editor.

SATURDAY.....NOVEMBER 16, 1878.

THE other day a man went to a greenback meeting and died of lonesomeness. So says and exchange.

THE Memphis Ledger pertinently asks, "What is to become of Memphis?" It says the city cannot possibly stand the drain of many more such visitations as the last, for, besides the appalling decrease in its population, all business has been at a stand-still and millions of dollars lost. It is now suggested that the place be thoroughly sewered and every precaution taken against the recurrence of epidemics, otherwise the fate of the city is sealed.

ANOTHER association of capitalists has made application to New York board of aldermen for permission to supply the public buildings, private residences, etc., of that city with steam-heating apparatus.

They propose to pay over 5 per cent. of their net profits to the city for the privilege of furnishing the public buildings with steam at 40 per cent., less than it has cost during the years 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, and 1878, and to pay $1,200 a year to an inspector, to be appointed by the city in the city's interest.

THE Cambridge *News* says: The new local option law goes into effect at once One of the most striking features of the vote in Cambridge district was that a large majority of those that occasionally take a glass voted against license. The first effect was that the bars on the steamers were closed on and since Wednesday morning at all the Dorchester landings, and those that had been in the regular habit of taking their morning toddy in what they called the "good old way" from a regular bar-room, turned away sadly disappointed.

THE Colored men of the South have failed to follow their republican leaders as they have done heretofore, and no longer vote solidly their ticket. A New Orleans despatch states that throughout Louisiana on Tuesday last the colored people voted with the democrats *en masse*, and were enthuitastic in support of the cause. In New Orleans hundreds of the most influential colored men stood at the polls all day and worked heartily for the democratic ticket. This result, the Despatch adds, cannot be attributed to bulldozing, as there was no canvass, on account of the yellow fever, and those who voted did so voluntarily. The Charleston News and Courier says at many of the polls in South Carolina the colored men came up by the hundreds ond voted the straight democratic ticket. This was noticeably the case in the district where Smalls, colored, was the republican candidate for Congress, and whose overwhelming defeat was accomplished by the heavy coloared vote cast against him.

Now that the dust of the elections is about settled down, and the two parties have grown hoarse in their mutual shout of misrepresentation, it is to be hoped that statesmen will make a special study of the invuires respecting the money circulation of the country. This subject should be fairly, patiently and inteligently discussed before our State and national Legislatures, so that it can be set on a basis which shall bid fair to be even reasoably permanent and satisfactory.

In considering this subject there are several questions which present themselves; and the first and main one is what shall be the quality of our money? Is it to be exclusively metalic, or partly metalic and partly paper, or exclusively paper. If of paper, in whole or in part shall that paper represent gold absolute- or silver, dollar for dollar, and that in coin always producible on demand? What authority shall coin or create and issue this money? If it is to be metalic money the Constitution has answered this last inquiry. But how if it is to be of paper, in whole or in part? Is the Federal Government still to be a bank issuing paper, either directly, as with greenbacks, or indirectly, as with the national bank notes. And if not, then shall we go back to the State banks of *antebellum* days, and repeal the laws now on the books which tax such State institutions out of all hope of resurrection. All these inquiries are justly entitled to consideration, and the problem will not be satisfactorily solved either by kneeling down before Mr. Sherman's two faced resumption law, or by mere parrot like denunciations either of gold money, or silver money, or flat paper money.

THE result of the recent elections will no doubt have a very important bearing upon the next presidential contest, and on this subject the Baltimore *Bulletin*, remarks that the success o hard money principle, as shown by the small vote of these Greenbackers throughout the country will probably have the effect of definitely retiring the soft money candidates. If this expectation is realized, the choice of the Democratic convention in 1880 will be narrowed down to the prominent hard-money leaders. Conspicuous among these in the East are: Senator Bayard of Delaware; ex-Governor Seymour, of New York, and ex-Governor Tilden. In view of the bitter feeling which has been engendered against Mr Tilden in ranks of his own party, his ability mmand the united support of his te may be questioned.

. Seymour, it is doubtful would consent to expose dangers and excite- Presidential contest condition of his been already ntial race, do not c e me, h y be. O stern candi- r Bayard alone He has it is and one, too, which is sure to be Democratic in almost any event, so that his candidacy would have no sectional "influence" on the canvass. But Senator Bayard possesses the decided advantage of being thoroughly acceptable to conservatives and thinking men of both parties.

Above all, he would be the first choice of all our public men, with the hard money leaders. As it is quite evident since the election that the people at large are in favor of honest money, Senator Bayard's conspicuous advocacy of sound financial doctrines must give him great weight with his party. And, while it is true that Senator Bayard comes from little State of Delaware, it should be borne in mind that he is extremely popular in Pennsylvania. It is not improbable that with an active, intelligent canvass, the influence of Senator Bayard's manly and consistent course, and of his personal popularity in the eastern portion of the State, might snatch Pennsylvania from the Republican ranks. He is certainly the only Democrat who could do it. Senator Bayard is also popular with both factions of the New York Democracy, and throughout the South his name is a household word.

The London *Times* arguing apparently, from the triumph in the recent elections of the hard-money principle, of whom Senator Bayard has been all along the most conspicuous and the most unflinching advocate, predicts the retirement of Messrs. Thurman and Tilden from the Presidential contest, and the selection by the Democracy of Senator Bayard as their candidate in 1880.

Senator Bayard's personal record is absolutely unassailable. There is nothing doubtful or suspicious in his character or in his political career; his Democracy is of the old-fashioned, unadulterated type, and he is a statesman in the true sense of the word—a political economist and legislator as well as a man of practical affairs—broad and comprehensive in his views, of rare personal qualities, and thoroughly informed in all the branches of governmental science.

With a man of his stamp at the head of the Government we might look for the inauguration of a new era in the conduct of our political affairs.

THE CAPE MAY FIRE.

HALF A DOZEN HOTELS AND MANY PRIVATE COTTAGES BURNED—LOSS $50,000.

Cape May, which rivalled Long Branch last summer as a seaside resort, is in ruins. At about 8 o'clock Saturday morning fire was discovered in the Ocean House, a large hotel, on Perry street, not far from the beach drive and the plank walk. The wind was blowing strong, and it soon became evident that the building must go. The fire department consists of a single steam engine. The whole town turned out to fight the flames, but all efforts were futile. The sparks and great burning embers were carried over the roofs of the buildings, and fears were entertained that the entire place might be swept by the flames. Rapidly the building, with its 330 feet of frontage on Perry street, was licked up, and the flames spread to the fine cottage of George Freyer of Philadelphia at the foot of the street. Just across the street was the magnificent Congress Hall, and all in a bunch stood the Centre and Atlantic Houses and various cottages.—There was plenty of material for the fire, and telegrams were sent off for on every side. Special trains were run down from Camden with several engines from that city, and a steamer and hose carriage from Philadelphia were ordered to the scene by Chief Engineer Johnson.

It was not until noon that the first help arrived in the shape of engines from Camden. Meanwhile the flames had everything their own way. The Ocean House burned fiercely. At the sea end of Perry street stood the elegant cottage of Mr. George Freyer, of Philadelphia. It caught from sparks and burned rapidly. The wind increased with the fire, and clouds of brands were caught up and whirled away, falling upon the roofs of the hotels and cottages. Burn's cottages succumbed to the flames, and the great Congress Hall, across the street from the Ocean was soon enveloped. The heat was most intense. The wing extending along Perry street presented a long sheet of fire, which soon spread to the main building facing the sea. The house cannot be replaced for $125,000.

The Avenue House was next consumed, and then the Centre House, near the corner of Perry and Washington streets, was attacked. The building was three stories high, and was about 70 feet in width on Perry street and 175 in length on Washington street. It was the property of Mr. Jeremiah McCray. McCray's cottage and Atlantic House were also in a blaze. The Atlantic House was also in a blaze.—The Atlantic House was four stories in height and was surrounded by spacious piazzas, and had accommodations for 250 guests. It was owned by Edward C. Knight of Philadelphia. and was managed by Messrs. John McMakin, formerly of Wilmington, and Levi Johnson.

The whole square bounded by Jackson and Washington streets to the Ocean drive was now destroyed. Flying embers fell thick and fast upon the Columbia House, next to the Congress in size. For the past two seasons it has been managed by Mr. Geo. C. Ward, John C. Bullitt of Philadelphia is the owner. His insurance on the building is $40,000, and on the furniture, $15,000. The building worth probably $60,000, went down before the fierce raging fire, and then the Wyoming House became enveloped in flames and disappeared.

Through the cottages on Jackson street the fire raged uncontrolled. On Stockston row, near the great Stockton House, the flames got a footing, but the firemen managed to get the better of them, and the cottages was saved. This was the nearest the fire got to the Stockton, although about a thousand bath houses next to the water, owned by the hotels were burned. Here the to Washington street, and from Beach to Ocean. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin. It took everything in the area mentioned, but had it got good headway among the cottages to the west of Washington street and the stores along the side of the avenue, the entire city must have been destroyed.

The total loss is about $500,000; of which about one-half is covered by insurances on property and furniture.—Among the insurances is one of $1,000 on the Ocean House, in the Delaware Company, of Wilmington.

The fire burned stubbornly from 7 o'clock in the morning untill between 5 and 6 o'clock in the evening, and was checked at Wolf's cottage. The water supply was good, and was furnished by artesian wells, No lives were lost, and no one seriously insured.

In 1869 this place was swept by a fire scarcely less destructive than that of today, the old Atlantic Hotel, the Greenwood, and many other smaller places being totally destroyed. The site of the fire in 1869 was nearly the same as that of Saturday.

AN INVESTIGATION IN PROGRESS.

CAPE MAY, N. J. Nov. 11.—To-day the ruins of Saturday's fire are still smouldering, and are being visited by numbers of people. The residents generally have got over their alarm and to-day they are at their vocations as usual. A tour through the burned district shows that every thing in the path of the flames, covering an area of forty acres, was utterly ruined. A walk a long the beach shows nothing but a mass of burned and ruined bath-houses.

In some places efforts are being made to clear away the debris. The Stockton row of cottages were only slightly damaged and several had their roofs partially burned. Some of the owners of cottages are already securing plans preparatory to rebuilding. There has been some slight excitement here today, created by the offiicial investigation into the late fire. The mayor of the city summoned before him several witnesses, but their testimony was kept secret.

The investigation lasted three hours, and was adjourned until to-morrow morning. Each witness was examined secretly by the mayor, and it is impossible to obtain any information as to the result of the inquiry. The members of the city council held a cession this afternoon, but it was also secret, and its object unknown.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The following are the returns for the six Congressional districts of Maryland:

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES,	1878. Henry, dem.	Graham rep.	1876. Henry, dem.	Spence, rep.
Worcester	1311	893	2086	1204
Somerset	1158	1222	1905	1793
Wicomico	1436	1072	2091	1788
Dorchester	1703	1667	2072	1782
Talbot	1477	1650	1802	1803
Queen Anne's	1606	1296	1248	1075
Caroline	1052	928	2151	1475
Kent	1693	1600	1932	1684
	11419	10338	15287	11905

Henry's maj 1,081. Henry' maj. 3,382.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES	Talbot dem	Milligan, rep	Morling, gr'back	McCombas gr'back	Miller, I.
Balto co	4026	1377	62	86	
Carroll	2175	1050	28	89	11
Cecil	1796	844		439	
Harford	1832	328	8	650	
Total	9826	3598	98	1273	11

Majority for Talbot over Milligan 6,228

THIRD DISTRICT.

BALTIMORE CITY.	Kimmel, dem.	Thompson, lab. g'k
1st ward	1,618	965
2d ward	986	367
3d ward	1,474	509
4th ward	1,080	429
5th ward	1,095	505
6th ward	881	694
7th ward	1,836	1,087
8th ward	1,120	286
9th ward	1,382	165
	11,472	4,908

Kimmel's majority, 6,564.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

BALTO CITY.	McLane, dem.	Holland, rep.	Quigley, lab. g'k	Gittings, ind d.
10th to 20th ward	10,064	6,671	627	368

McLane's maj. over all 3,368.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

DISTRICTS.	Henkle.	Crane.	Calvert
17th w'd Bal	1659	479	91
St. Mary's	1072	1692	1
Charles	1394	1812	5
Calvert	948	913	
Princc Geo'gs	1332	2105	40
Anne Arundel	2873	1541	6
Howard	1157	838	20
Bal co. 1st d't	533	327	2
do. 13th do.	129	70	2
Total	11578	8575	167

Majority for Henkle, 1731

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	Peter, dem.	Urner, rep.	Resley, g'back
Alleghany	1854	2246	1176
Garrett	896	890	29
Frederick	3995	5326	183
Washington	3084	3362	447
Montgomery	2530	2257	41
Total	12,359	14,081	1,876

Urner's majority over Peter, 1722.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

COUNTIES.	Democrat.	Republican.	Greenback.
Alleghany	1851	2250	1176
Anne Arundel	2873	1541	6
Baltimore county	4585	1773	86
Balt city—3d dist.	11676	4908	
do. 4th dist.	11064	6671	527
do 16 w'd 5th d	1559	479	91
Calvert	948	913	
Caroline	1052	928	
Carroll	2175	1050	127
Cecil	1796	344	539
Charles	1394	1712	
Dorchester	1703	1667	
Frederick	3085	5326	183
Garrett	1878	875	51
Harford	1832	328	654
Howard	1157	838	20
Kent	1693	1600	
Montgomery	1530	2357	41
Prince George's	1832	2105	40
Queen Anne's	1606	1295	
St. Mary's	1072	1692	1
Somerset	2138	1232	
Talbot	1477	1650	
Washington	3185	3461	447
Wicomico	1439	1072	
Worcester	1311	893	

The House of Representatives, 46th Congress, as far as is at present known, will stand as follows;

Democrats	145
Republicans	134
Greenbackers	10

The greenbackers are equally divided, which will give uhe democrats 150 and republicans 139 on party questions, a democratic majority of eleven, with California still to elect. Only two greenbackers were elected on that issue alone, the others having been elected by a union with parties indicated by their party preferences.

The following Governors were elected by about the majorities named, though official returns may change the figures slightly:

State	Governor.	Maj.
Connecticut	C. B. Andrews, R	
Delaware	John W. Hall, D	1,200
Kansas	Jonn P St John, R	25,000
Massachusetts	Thomas Talbot, R	26,000
Michigan	C M Crosswell, R	40,000
Nebraka	Albinus Nance, R	10,000
Nevada	J H Kinkhead R	
N Hampshire	Natt Head, R	1,000
Pennsylvania	Henry M Hoyt, R	21,290
S Carolina	Wade Hampton, D	100,000
Tennessee	A S Marks, D	40,000
Texas	Oran M Roberts D	4,000

There was no election by the people, but a Republican Legislature was chosen, thus insuring the election of Mr. Andrews.

NEW YORK, NOT 12.—The greatest excitement prevails this morning in political circles in this city over the announcement in the New York *Sun*, this morning, that Samuel J. Tilden would not be a candidate of any party for President in 1880. The City Hall is filled with leading politicians, and telegrams are coming in from all directions, No one believes that Mr. Tilden had anything to do or knew anything of the cipher telegrams, but his immediate personal friends are implicated by them. With Mr. Tilden out of the field for the Presidency the name of Thomas J. Hendricks looms up, and his chances are considered as very good.

IS HE INELIGIBLEE.—It is reported that Col. Martin, Congressman-elect, is debarred from holding office under the United States Govrnment, because he was convicted of treason in 1864 and never pardoned. We are aware of the conviction, but entertain the opinthat the crime was forgiven by President Johnson's amnesty proclamation. If this is not the case, Congress this winter will probably pas ans act removing his political disabilities. This can be done, and we trust will be, for Col. Martin is the choice of the people of Delaware to represent them in Congress, but he should take his seat only when clearly entitled to it by the constitution and laws of his country—*Lewes Light.*

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTO., Nov. 7, 1878.

Wheat—Fultz,	$ 97@100
" Amber,	1 02@1 05
Corn—white	45@55
Yellow,	@51
Oats,	26@28
Rye,	58@62

New Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF MARYLAND, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, *Annapolis, Nov. 8th, 1878.*

With the advent of this season should come the humble acknowledgment of a grateful people, that another year of health and happiness has been accorded to us.

In recognition of our dependence upon the constant favor of Almighty God, I therefore recommend that

Thursday, the 28th day of November,

be set apart by the people of this State as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the City of Annapolis, on the 8th day of November, 1878.

JOHN LEE CARROLL,

By order of the Governor, R. C. HOLLIDAY, Secretary of State.

11-16-2t.

ROYAL INS. CO.,

OF LIVERPOOL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

PROUD & CAMPBELL, DISTRICT MANAGERS, BALTIMORE, MD.

Gross Assets	$20,326,765 80
Assets in the United States	2,681,892 90
Surplus as regards policy-holders larger than that of any other Fire Insurance Company in the world	6,840,865 43
Net fire income of the company for 1877	4,014,500 64
United States income during the year 1877	1,772,431 49
Losses paid since organization	33,344,345 73

Insures town and country property at equitable rates. Policies issued for two, three, four and five years, upon dwellings, schools, farm property or churches, at REDUCED RATES. All losses adjusted and paid through the Baltimore office without reference to Liverpool or elsewhere.

D. C. AVERY, AGENT, Easton, Md.

nov16-y.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned, having disposed of his farm, will sell at his residence, near Greensborough, Caroline county, Md., on

WEDNESDAY, November, 20, 1878,

all of his live stock and farming utensils, to wit:

SIX HEAD OF HORSES,

One fine Stallion, 1 heavy Draft Horse, broke to the lead, 1 pair of Matched Ponies, known as the Preacher Ames Ponies, good drivers, 4 Milch Cows, all coming in profit soon, 3 Heifers, 1 Alderney Bull;

One York Carriage,

One Dearborn, 2 Horse Carts, 1 new-ground Plow, 2 two-horse Plows 3 small Plows, 3 Iron Harrows, 2 Drag Harrows, 2 Cutting Boxes, 1 Corn Sheller, 1 Grindstone, Single and Double Harness, Plow Harness, Bridles and Collars, 1 large Iron Pot, 1 Slip Machine for getting out Basket stuff, Surveyor's Compass and Chain, 2 Scythes and Cradles, Shovels, Forks, Hoes Bill-hooks, lot of

TOP AND BLADE FODDER,

Lot of Corn Baskets, lot of Fence Posts, and many other things not mentioned.

TERMS OF SALE.

All sums of $10 and under cash; on all sums over that amount a credit of six months will be given; the purchaser giving bankable note, with approved endorsers.

Sale to commence at 10, A. M. Sale positive, no postponement on account of weather.

R. H. GROFF,

J. W. Loockermann, Auct. [11-16-2ds.

FARMS! FARMS!! FARMS!!!

HAVING connected myself with Mr. Horace E. Wilson, and re-opened an office at Ridgely, I would respectfully inform the public that we intend to prosecute the

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS

vigorously. If the same encouragement is extended to us that I have formerly received in this vicinity I am confident we shall make many sales. What we want is a list of farms of all sizes, and at prices comparing favorably with the prices of land generally in these depressed and panic times. If you have a farm, farms or other property that you would sell please send full particulars of same to

MANCHA & WILSON,

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY,

Conducted by J. G. Holland.

The Handsomest Illustrated Magazine in the World.

The American edition of this periodical is now

MORE THAN 70,000 MONTHLY,

And it has a larger circulation in England than any other American magazine. Every number contains about one hundred and fifty pages, and from fifty to seventy-five original wood-cut illustrations.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1878-9.

Among the attractions for the coming year are the following:

"HAWORTH'S," a serial novel, by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, author of "That Lass o' Lowrie's." The scene of Mrs. Burnett's new novel is laid in Lancashire; the hero is a young inventor of American birth. "Haworth's" is the longest story Mrs. Burnett has yet written. It will run through twelve numbers of the Monthly, beginning with November, 1878, and will be profusely illustrated.

FALCONBERG, a serial novel, by H. H. Boyesen, author of "Gunnar," "The Man who Lost his Name," &c. In this romance, the author graphically describes the peculiarities of Norse immigrant life in a Western settlement.

A STORY OF NEW ORLEANS, by George W. Cable, to begin on the conclusion of "Falconberg." This story will exhibit the state of society in Creole Louisiana about the years 1803-4-5, the time of the Cession, and a period bearing a remarkable likeness to the present Reconstruction period.

PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN POETS.—This series (begun in August with the portrait of Bryant) will be continued, that of Longfellow appearing in November. These portraits are drawn from life by Wyatt Eaton and engraved by T. Cole. They will be printed separately on tinted paper, as frontispieces of four different numbers. Illustrated sketches of the lives of the poets will accompany these portraits.

STUDIES IN THE SIERRAS,—A series of papers (mostly illustrated) by John Muir, the California naturalist. The most graphic and picturesque and, at the same time, exact and trustworthy studies of "The California Alps" that have yet been made. The series will sketch the California Passes, Lakes, Wind Storms and Forests.

A NEW VIEW OF BRAZIL. Mr. Herbert H. Smith, of Cornell University, a companion of the late Prof. Hartt, is now in Brazil, with J. Wells Champney (the artist who accompanied Mr. Edward King in his tour through "The Great South"), preparing for SCRIBNER a series of papers on the present condition.—the cities, rivers and resources of the great empire of South America.

THE "JOHNNY REB" PAPERS, by an "ex-Confederate" soldier, will be among the raciest contributions to SCRIBNER during the coming year. They are written and illustrated by Mr. Allen C. Redwood, of Baltimore. The first of the series, "Johnny Reb at Play," appears in the November number.

THE LEADING EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES. We are now having prepared for SCRIBNER, articles on the leading Universities of Europe. They will be written by an American College Professor, Mr. H. H. Boyesen, of Cornell (author of "Falconberg," &c.), and will include sketches of the leading men in each of the most important Universities of Great Britain and the Continent.

Among the additional series of papers to appear may be mentioned those on HOW SHALL WE SPELL (two papers by Prof Lounsbury), THE NEW SOUTH, LAWN-PLANTING FOR SMALL PLACES (by Samuel Parsons, of Flushing), CANADA OF TO-DAY, AMERICAN ART AND ARTISTS, AMERICAN ARCHÆOLOGY, MODERN INVENTORS; also, Papers of Travel, History, Physical Science, Studies in Literature, Political and Social Science, Stories, Poems; "Topics of the Time," by Dr. J. G. Holland; record of New inventions and Mechanical Improvements; Papers on Education, Decoration, &c.; Book Reviews; fresh bits of Wit and Humor, &c., &c., &c.

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SCRIBNER'S ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE For Girls and Boys.

An Ideal Children's Magazine.

Messrs. SCRIBNER & Co., in 1873, began the publication of ST. NICHOLAS, an Illustrated Magazine for Girls and Boys, with Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge as editor. Five years have passed since the first number was issued, and the magazine has won the highest position. It has a monthly circulation of

OVER 50,000 COPIES.

It is published simultaneously in London and New-York, and the transatlantic recognition is almost as general and hearty as the American. Although the progress of the magazine has been a steady advance, it has not reached its editor's ideas of best, because her ideal continually out runs it, and the magazine as swiftly follows after. To-day ST. NICHOLAS stands

ALONE IN THE WORLD OF BOOKS:

The New-York *Tribune* has said of it: "ST. NICHOLAS has reached a higher platform, and commands for its service wider resources in art and letters than any of its predecessors or contemporaries." The London *Literary World* saps: "There is no magazine for the young that can be said to equal this choice production of Scribner's press."

GOOD THINGS FOR 1878—9.

The arrangements for literary and art contributions for the new volume—the sixth—are complete, drawing from already favorite sources, as well as from promising new ones. Mr. Frank R. Stockton's new serial story for boys,

"A JOLLY FELLOWSHIP,"

Will run through the twelve monthly parts, beginning with the number for November, 1878, the first of the volume, and will be illustrated by James E. Kelly. The story is one of travel and adventure in Florida and the Bahama. For the girls, a continue tale,

"HALF A DOZEN HOUSEKEEPERS,"

By Katharine D. Smith, with illustrations bp Frederick Dielman, begins in the same number; and a fresh serial by Susan Coolidge, entitled "Eyibright, with plenty of pictures, will be commenced early in the volume. There will also be a continued fairy-tale called

"RUMPTY DUDGET'S TOWER,"

Written by Julian Pawthorne, and illustrated by Alfred Fredericks. About the other familiar features of ST. NICHlet her five volumes already to chort issued, propheso concerning the sixth, in respect to short stories, pictures, poems, humsr instructive sketches, and the lure and lore of "Jack-in-the-Pulpit," the "Very Little Folks" department, and the "Letter-box," and "Riddle-box."

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THE GAZETTE FOR 1879.

THE BALTIMORE GAZETTE is a daily newspaper which appeals to the public solely on its merits as a journal of the day. It is a compendium of news at home and abroad, each event being written, prepared and edited according to its relative importance. Not a line appears in THE GAZETTE which is not useful or instructive. It essays to give the news in a nutshell and at any price in keeping with the economical demands of the times.

THE GAZETTE has opinions and it expresses them daily in terse and pointed English. It is thoroughly Democratic in its teachings and tendencies, but independent of all corrupt rings, cliques or factious Oligarchies. THE GAZETTE believes that the principles of the Democratic party should prevail. To that end it will labor to place the Democratic party in power and thereby bring about a much-needed change in the administration of the Government.—

In Municipal, State, and National politics THE GAZETTE will lend its aid to the representatives of Democratic principles. A great struggle for political mastery is coming on. In 1880 another battle for the Presidency will be fought. The importance of such a newspaper as THE GAZETTE in educating, organizing and preparing the people for this contest cannot be over-estimated. The News, Editorial, and Local features of THE GAZETTE will be thoroughly maintained and improved during the year. The department of Foreigh Correspondence has attained a standard unequaled in Baltimore journalism and as a whole there is no daily journal in the country which contains so many popular features furnished at such popular prices.

THE BALTIMORE WEEKLY GAZETTE is a folio journal, same size as the Daily, which contains every week an epitome of Home and Foreign News, Charming Stories, Entertaining Miscelany, Complete Market Reports, Correspondence, Editorials and Family Reading, all selected with care and with especial reference to the needs of people who are unable by reason of location or circumstances to take a daily paper.

THE BALTIMORE DAILY GAZETTE *is furnished at $6 per year to mail subscribers, postage included. It is delivered by carriers at 12 cents per week and is sold in single copies for 2 cents.*

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE *is mailed to subscribers at the rate of $1 per year; six months, 50 cents.*

Price and all things considered, THE DAILY and WEEKLY GAZETTE are the best printed on the South Atlantic Seaboard, and we hope during the coming year to add thousands of names to our lists in Baltimore and contiguous sections. All letters and inquiries in regard to subscriptions or matters of business should be addressed to

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CLERK'S CERTIFICATE.

WHEREAT, the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1878, chapter 416, passed an act submitting to the voters of the Second and Third Election Districts of Caroline County the question "For the Stock Law" or "Against the Stock Law," and

Whereas, It was farther provided that the Clerk of the Circuit Court should certify under and seal of the Court, the number of votes cast for the law and the number of votes cast against the law as shall appear by the returns made to him, and he shall cause the same to be published in one or more newspapers published in the county, and

Whereas, it was further provided, that if a majority of the votes cast in either of the aforesaid districts shall be "For the Stock Law" then the first, second, third, fourth and fifth sections of this act shall apply to such districts as shall cast a majority in favor of the law, and the same shall take effect sixty days from the first publication of the Clerk's certificate aforesaid.

And it appears that such an election was held on the first Tuesday of November (being the fifth day of the same month) in the election districts aforesaid, which has been certified to the subscriber, Clerk of the Circuit Court aforesaid, by the Judges of Elections in the districts aforesaid, and that in the Second Election District of said county there were Two hundred and forty-one votes cast for the stock law and one hundred and forty-eight votes cast against the stock law; and that in the Third Election District of said county there were two hundred and eighty-one votes cast for the stock law and four hundred and sixty-six votes cast against the stock law.

In testimony whereof I hereto subscribe my name and the seal of the Circuit Court for Caroline County affix, this seventh day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

JOHN W. TEMPLE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline County.

St. John's College,

Annapolis, Md.

JAS. M. GARNETT, LL. D., President. Opening of Session and Examination of Candidates for Admission, Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 16th and 17th A number of free scholarships for tuition vacant.

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50 "	CASHMERES	15c.
39 "	PLAIN BOURETTE SUITINGS	18c.
46 "	CASHMERES	20c.
29 "	MIXED SUITINGS	18c.
300 "	SILK-MIXED NOVELTIES	25c. 28c. 30c. 35c. 37c. 50c.
50 "	CASHMERE	35c.
20 "	BRADFORD MOHAIRS	37c.
200 "	DeBEGE	28c. 33c. 37c. 55c. 65c. 87c $1.00
100 "	CACHEMIRE DES INDES	$1.00, $1.25
50 "	SHOODA CLOTHS	$1.25
25 "	CASHMERE FOULES	85c. $1.00
300 "	MERINOS	50c. 62c. 75c. 85c. $1.00
250 "	CASHMERE	50c. 60c. 75c. 85c. $1.00
375 "	FRENCH NOVELTIES, 48 inches wide	$1.00 @ $1.25

BLACK GOODS.

100 Pieces	BLACK ALPACA	25c. 37c. 50c. 62c. 75c.
150 "	BRILLIANTES AND MOHAIRS,	31c. 37c. 50c. 56c. 65c. 75c. 88c. $1.00, $1.25
600 "	BLACK CASHMERES,	40c. 50c. 60c. 68c. 75c. 85c. $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00
38 "	BOMBAZINE CLOTH	50c. 65c. 75c. 88c.
50 "	SILK-WARP HENRIETTA,	$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $1.85, $2.00, $2.50
150 "	MERINOS	62c. 75c. $1.00, $1.25
30 "	CACHMIRE DES INDES,	85c. $1.00, $1.25, $1.55, $1.75, $2.50, $3.00
79 "	PARIS NOVELTIES,	50c. 62c. 75c. $1.00, $1.75, $2.00, $3.25, $3.50

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Sept. 28, 1878. EASTON, MD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that John T. Sangston has applied to the Circuit Court for Caroline county for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, and that the first Tuesday after the first Monday of April next has been assigned him to appear before said Court and answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him.

Test:—

JOHN W. TEMPLE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline County.
Oct 28, 1878-3mos.

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Beniah Hevalow has applied to the Circuit Court for Caroline county for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, and that the first Tuesday after the first Monday of April next has been assigned him to appear before the said Court and answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him.

Test:—

JOHN W. TEMPLE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline County.
Oct. 28, 1878-3mos.

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