THE JOURNAL.

GEO. T. MELVIN, Editor.

SATURDAY, ... NOVEMBER 23, 1878.

It is calculated that Benny Butler will make things very hot when Congress convenes.

The Republicans had no objection to the solid South in the Forty-first Congress. In that body they had twenty-two Southern Senators and the Democrats only two; and they had fifty-two out of the sixty-three Southern Representatives admitted. Perhaps if they had sent decent men to Congress and behaved themselves otherwise in a decent and politic manner the solid South would not have melted and crystallized so suddenly into a new form.

An Assassin has just been sentenced to death at Madrid for attempting to kill the young King Alfonso, and the fate of the German fanatics who sought the life of Emperor William, one of whom was beheaded and the other died from self-inflicted wounds, is still fresh in mind. Now comes another candidate for the block in Italy. As King Humbert was entering Naples in state last week this new aspirant for a horrible immortality attempted to kill him, but was thwarted and arrested after inflicting "a scratch" upon the King and a wound upon Signor Cairoli, who attended him.

The Thanksgiving Proclamation of Governor Mc Clellan, of New Jersey, issued on Wednesday, differs from the usual stereotyped form, after expressing thanks to God for His mercies and blessings in giving the people of New Jersey peace and plenty exemption from pestilence, which has scourged the South, he suggests that "in every chruch in every community of the State arrangements be made to enable every one, according to his or her means and disposition, to offer, on the approaching day of thanksgiving, as a thank-offering to the Lord for His abundant mercies towards us, and as a pledge of our fraternal love to them, money for the relief of our unfortunate fellow-citizens of the afflicted districts of the South."

From all over the country there come accounts of grave-robberies and descerations of cemeteries in the interest of science which are shocking in the extreme. The opening of the winter sessions of out medical colleges has created a vigorous demand for "material" and depraved men are fund to perform the ghoulish work, at whatever risk, for the sake of the paltry gain. While the country is slowly making up its mind to accept cremation it would be well enough to have some legislation which will protect the remains of the honored dead and at the same time keep the wheels of science moving. All doctors should be required to surrender their bodies to the demonstrators of anatomy; all executed criminals should be turned over to the sawbones and the bodies of all persons who have held public office continuously for fifteen years should be similarly disposed of. The last-named gentlemen would make beautiful subjects for the dissecting table.—*Gazette.*

Poor old Workingman Greenbacker Kearney has at last quitted the confines of New England, failing totally to touch the hearts of the impregnable voters, and has started for his sunny home on the sond lats of San Francisco. He came to the East to enlighten the people, and he has done it. He was heard, patiently, good naturedly, curiously; and wherever he spoke he settled the question on which he addressed the people.

He decided it contrary to his desires, to be sure; but that also was his own doing. Whatever merit may be in his cause he ought to be convinced by this time that the American voter is not to be persuaded by oaths, or by inflammatory appeals, or by shameless abuse of opponents. Mr. Kearney was fully reported in the press which he was so fond of vilifying, and the press in this way revenged itself upon him. That he was heard and read of all men was his ruin. That he spoke freely and was reported fully was the ruin of his cause. Whether he returns home either wiser or better it is not possible to tell; but he leaves the East, having done a good work in proving to all classes of our people that there is nothing in Denis Kearney nor in the movement of which he has made himself the head, so far as he is its true expositor which deserves the sympathy of any decent or industrious American citizen.

Judge Buckner, chairman of the House Commitiee on Banking and Currency, told a reporter of the whasington *Star*, in an interview in that city last Tuesday, that no attack on the silver dollar at the next session would be successful in his committee.

Star—Would any measure to limit the coinage of silver pass?

Buckner—Never; no, never.

Star—Would a proposition to increase the weight of the dollar be approved?

Buckner—No, sir. We will fight for the silver dollar and will not entertain any measure hostile to it.

Star—Do you think then that free coinage will be secured by the silver advocates?

Buckner—Yes, we will very likely secure free coinage at the coming session.

Star—What do you think of the action of the banks in demonetizing silver?

Buckner—They are simply inviting a war against themselves and a defeat. They cannot maintain the stand they have taken as regards the silver dollar.

Star—Will there be war on the banks at the next session?

Buckner—They have invited war, and will no doubt be hit at pretty hard I do not, however, expect that much will be accomplished against them. We will get through the House the bill to retire their circulation, and sudstitute greenbacks therefor, but it will not pass the Senate. The next Congress will, however, have the national banks in there power, and they may have to go.

What do you think of the success of the bimetallic standard?

Buckner—In view of the fact that most foreign countries have taken a standard of both silver and gold, and in consideration of the unsettled ratio between the two, it may be doubtful whether the double standard will be judicious. In case a single standard must be adopted, I am in favor, decidedly in favor of a single standard of silver in preference to a gold one.

There are probably few thoughtful citizens of the United States, who have even a little of the milk of human kindness in their composition, whose sympathies have not been occasionally quickened by the wrongs and sufferings of the oppressed and maltreated aborigines of the county. It is surprising, however, how transient such impressions generally have been, and how seldom they have developed into anything like practical results. A few, indeed, take a permanent interest in the subject, and some have given to it a life-long service. Such men as William Walsh, and Bishop Whipple, have spoken with clarion tongues and sometimes been heard throughout the land. But the true solution of that knotty Indian problem is to all appearance still a thing of the future.

Important information is laid before he country by General Sheriden's late report, as commander of a division which embraces almost the entire theatre of the late conflicts with the Indians. The General expresses some opinions which we like, and some from which most disinterested men who have any knowledge on the subject, or care to examine it at all, are likely to differ widely. He expresses the belief that with wise and proper treatment the "Nation's Ward," instead of being a burden and a constant menace, may be made friendly and self-supporting. With this opinion we cordially agree; and are glad that it has been officially expressed in so high a quarter. The General seems to have a low estimate however of the value and effectiveness of missionary work amongst them. From this we entirely differ, and honestly believe that a score of diligent and devoted Methodist and other preachers, who have a little of the spirit which animated the early followers of John Wesley, would do more for the civilization of the Indians than the whole army of the United States, with General Sheriden himself as their commander. That unfortunate people may be oppressed and thinned out and finally extirpated, but under such treatment they can never be finally subdued.

We confess to a high admiration of certain attributes of the Indian race. One is that they alone, of all Pagan people, have never been known to become Idolators. The poor Indian, whose untutored mind, wiser than some pseudo-scientists,

"Sees God in clouds and hears him in the winds,"

has never bowed down to stocks and stones; or worshipped God's that his own hands had made. Again, if the Indian has never become an idolator, he has never become a slave. What gave to the little band of heroes, who perished at Thermopylae, historic fame? What conferred immortality upon so many of the founders of this nation? Was it not the sentiment with which our American Demosthenes crowned one of his finest bursts of impassioned eloquence—"Give me *liberty* or give me *death*"? No; it can not be denied that our treatment of this heroic though helpless little nation is in a high degree disgraceful and cries aloud against us.

The Delaware and Chesapeake Ship Canal.

"Now is the time for the Baltimore Board of Trade to push the claims of the Delaware and Chesapeake Ship Canal."—*Gazette.*

Yes! Now is the accepted time; the Government is having surveys made of all the routes across the peninsula to ascertain the cheapest and most practicable; the reports of these surveys will be ready for the next session of the present Congress. The Legislature of Maryland at its last session unanimously passed joint resolutions instructing the Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State, to use their best endeavors to obtain the assistance of the Government. Under those resolutions Senator Whyte obtained the appropriation necessary to make the survey. The Legislature also passed an enabling act permitting the city of Baltimore to endorse the bonds and subscribe to the stock of the Canal Company; to the extent of $500,000—but no money to be paid until the canal was completed. The effect, therefore of this enabling act, was merely to permit the city of Baltimore to assist the credit of the Canal Company, the said assistance not to be a charge upon the city until the canal was completed. As yet no action has been taken by the city authorities, even intimating a desire to have such a canal constructed. So far as the city of Baltimore is concerned, there exists no evidence that this canal is either needed or desired. The Congress of the United States is not, therefore, likely to thrust this important work upon a city so indifferent to its construction. New York at the last session of Congress obtained an appropriation to open and construct a ship canal from the Hudson river to the East river, She asked the the assistance and she obtained it. As long as the people and authorities of the city of Baltimore exhaust their influence in obstructing rather than in advancing an important work like this canal, it is not likely to be built. The time has come, and it is very likely to pass but the people have not yet come, at least, to Baltimore who are likely impress upon the Congress either the necessity for a shorter route to Europe, or their desire to have such a work constructed. Mayor Latrobe might have called the attention of the Council to the action of the last Legislature, he might have expresssed a desire on the part of the city to have this great work constructed, he might noticed the fact that the assistance from Baltimore can only be called for after completion of the canal, he might have urged the Council to express its desire for the construction of this work by ordinance—but he has done nothing of the kind. So far as he is concerned this great work has been permitted to fail. The surveys are under the charge of Major Hutton of the Harbor Board' whose office is in the City Hall—all information as to the work is within the call of the Mayor's office boy. But he is as dumb as an oyster. Perhaps after the nomination for the next Mayoralty is made, he may awake to the fact that the opportunity to have this canal completed has been lost to this city, and lost by indifference of the Mayor and Council.—*Balt. Herald.*

Beware of America.

The natural and mechanical powers of production in the United States of America, combined with the keenness and energy in business matters of our transatlantic cousins, threaten to expose our producers to a severe, if not injurious, competition. It is of cource, impossible, with our free trade polity and give and take principle in all that relates to commerce, to think of reverting to protection. So long as the United States sent us only the surplus of the cereal produce there was no ground for alarm. On the contrary, we had reason to be greatful to a cource from which we could could always draw a certain and sufficient supply of the first necessary of life to meet a want that was every year increasing.

In process of time we received with satisfaction consignments of other descriptions of food. The price of butcher's meat in the metropolis, exhorbitant as it is, has no doubt been kept down by American exports, and have large drawn upon the fertile farms of the New World for pork, cheese and other items of agricultural produce. We are all so indebted to the United States for some of the best brands of preserved meats, as likewise for a variety of "Yankee notions," in cluding clocks, watches, the famous sewing and washing machines, churns, lemon-squeezers, &c., to say nothing of cocktails, bull's milk and gin-slings.

It seems however, that America now proposes to compete with us in other branches of domestic industry. Among her recent exports are boots and shoes, perfumery, jewelry and piece goods. We have no right to complain of these invasions; but it certainly behooves us to endeavor to meet them by producing, if possible, better manufactured articles at equally moderate prices. The question of American competion is a serious one for our opperatives, and ought to be taken in to account before they strengthen the hands of the foreingner by renewing the disasterous struggles between labor and capital which have done so much of late years to paralyze our native industry.—*London Globe.*

Ballot-Box Stuffing as a Fine Art.

Washinton Dispatch to Balt. Sun.

If ballot-box stuffing has been done in South Carolina and other Southern States as alleged, there can be no justification for it, and all those engaged in it should be punished. But why make fish of one and flesh of another? In the pre-eminently republican city of Philadelphia ballot-box stuffing long since attained to the dignity of a fine art, but no complaints were ever made in the White House in consequence. A notorious ballot-boxstuffer of Cincinnati with several of his accomplices, was brought to justice, and they were all sentenced to the Penitentiary for their misdeeds. President Hayes pardoned every member of this gang, commencing with the leader and ending only two months ago with the last one. A number of the "pudding" tickets so called, alleged to have been used by the Democrats in South Carolina, have been sent to this city. Several gentlemen have taken samples of them to the White House for inspection by the President. He examined them with much interest, and was anxious to know the manner of their fraudulent use. If he had sent for one of the Cincinnati ballot-box stuffers whom he has released he could be initiated into all the mysteries of the business.

A True Marylander.—In a recent issue of the Salisbury *Advertiser*, its able editor pays a very just and merit tribute to the Hon. E. C. Polk, editor of the Princess Anne *True Marylander*, in connection with his candidacy for the State Senate to succeed the Hon. James N. Dennis, in which he says: "No better choice could be made in asmuch as the time has now when it is important to see and know who can get the vote of their own party.

* * * * * *

While a few might object to Mr. Polk, the solid masses of his party would not only vote for him; but they would pull off their coats and work for his success, as they would not do for some others. His ability and integrity are undoubted."

In noticing the compliment, Mr. Polk, with an expression of the sentiment of a *True Marylander* and a Democrat, concludes by saying:

"Victory next fall is that thing which we desire with a desire more burning than personal, political preferment dearly as we crave it, like others do. that victory we will NOT endanger by any act of ours so long as our senses remain with us. But never theless we acknowledge, with grateful feelings, our thanks for the kind words quoted above."

From the New York Sun.

The contest in 1880 will be a square front to front up and down struggle between the two old parties for ascendency. One side has the offices, the patronage, the Treasury, and the army, which will all be freely used for the Republican candidate, no matter who may be. The other side has the Senate and the House of Representatives by a narrow majority. There will be no third party, except as it may be set up by designing politician in localities, to draw off votes from their adversaries.

Watches $3 to $7. $2.50. Over 100 in Ag'ts wanted. So. Sp'g, Ill. Volvers Novelties. Nashville, Tenn

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

Balto., Nov. 21, 1878.

Wheat—Fultz,	$109@112
" Amber,	106@109
Corn—white	42@44
Yellow,	@55
Oats,	26@28
Rye,	55@57

New Advertisements.

"VEGETINE,"

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I visited the Laboratory, and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE

Is the great blood purifier.

VEGETINE

Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.

VEGETINE

Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.

VEGETINE

Has effected some marvellous cures in cases of Cancer.

VEGETINE

Cures thd worst cases of Canker.

VEGETINE

Meets with wonderful success in Mercurial diseases.

VEGETINE

Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the system.

VEGETINE

Removes Pimples and Humors from the face.

VEGETINE

Cures Constipation and regulates the Bowels.

VEGETINE

Is a valuable remedy for Headache.

VEGETINE

Will cure Dyspepsia.

VEGETINE

Restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

VEGETINE.

Removes the cause of Dizziness.

VEGETINE

Relieves Faintness at the Stomach.

VEGETINE

Cures pains in the Back.

VEGETINE

Effectually cures Kidney Complaint.

VEGETINE

Is effective in its cure of Female Weakness.

VEGETINE

Is the great remedy for General Debility.

VEGETINE

Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

VEGETINE

PREPARED B

H. R. STEVENS BOSTON MASS.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists

Bankrupt Notice.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of James Massey & William H. Lowe, Bankrupts.

District of Maryland, ss:

A WARRANT in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the Estate of James Massey and William H. Lowe, of the county of Caroline, and State of Maryland, in said District, who have been duly adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupts, to them, or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Denton, Caroline county, in said District on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of George M. Russum one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.

JOHN M. McCLINTOCK,
U. S. Marshal for said District.

11-23-3w.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE undersigned, will sell at public sale at his residence, one mile from Denton, on

THURSDAY, December 5, 1878,

the following personal property:

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

Such as Plows, Harrows, 1 Drag Harrow, 1 Grain Fan, 1 Wagon & Harness, Cart and Harness, 1 Dearborn and Harness, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Plow Gear, &c., &c.

LIVE STOCK,

Four head of Horses, 1 last Spring's Colt, 4 head of Cattle, and 2 Brood Sows.

TERMS OF SALE.

All sums of and under $10 cash, on all sums over that amount a credit of nine months will be given, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

R. E. FOUNTAIN.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN FOR EVERY State and Territory in the Union; a fair salary paid. Call or address La Belle Manfg. Co., 93 Clark St., Chicago. [11-23-4w.

Agents, Read This.

We will pay Agents a salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful invention. *We mean what we say.* Address, without delay,

SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan.

CHILDREN'S SHOES!

Wear twice as long with either the

SILVER

"Or A. S. T. Co."

BLACK TIP

UPON THEM. [11-23-4w

LAME BACK.
WEAK BACK.

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.

This article is one which really possesses extraordinary merit. By consulting reliable physicians in your own locality, you will find that the above is true. It is far superior to the ordinary porous plaster, all the so-called electrical appliances, and to all external remedies whatever. It contains entirely new elements which cause it to relieve pain at once, strengthen and cure where other plasters will not even relieve. For Lameness and weakness of the back, diseased Kidneys, Lung and Chest difficulties, Rheumatism, Neglected Colds, Female Affections, and all local aches and pains, it is simply the best remedy ever devised. Sold by all druggists.

Price 25 Cents,

FARMS! FARMS!! FARMS!!!

HAVING connected myself with Mr. Horace E. Wilson, and re-opened an office at Ridgely, I would respectfully inform the public that we intend to prosecute the

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS

vigorously. If the same encouragement is extended to us that I have formerly received in this vicinity I am confident we shall make many sales. What we want is a list of farms of all sizes, and at prices comparing faverably with the prices of land generally in these depressed and panic times. If you have a farm, farms or other property that you would sell please send full particulars of same to

MANCHA & WILSON,

or call at their office, Ridgely, Caroline county, Maryland.

oct19 '78-y H. S. MANCHA.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY,

Conducted by J. G. Holland.

The Handsomest Illustrated Magazine in the World.

The American edition of this periodical is now

MORE THAN 70,000 MONTHLY,

And it has a larger circulation in England than any other American magazine. Every number contains about one hundred and fifty pages, and from fifty to seventy-five original wood-cut illustrations.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1878-9.

Among the attractions for the coming year are the following:

"HAWORTH'S," a serial novel, by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, author of "That Lass o' Lowrie's." The scene of Mrs. Burnett's new novel is laid in Lancashire; the hero is a young inventor of American birth. "Haworth's" is the longest story Mrs. Burnett has yet written. It will run through twelve numbers of the Monthly, beginning with November, 1878, and will be profusely illustrated.

FALCONBERG, a serial novel, by H. H. Boyesen, author of "Gunnar," "The Man who Lost his Name," &c. In this romance, the author graphically describes the peculiarities of Norse immigrant life in a Western settlement.

A STORY OF NEW ORLEANS, by George W. Cable, to begin on the conclusion of "Falconberg." This story will exhibit the state of society in Creole Louisiana about the years 1803-4-5, the time of the Cession, and a period bearing a remarkable likeness to the present Reconstruction period.

PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN POETS.—This series (begun in August with the portrait of Bryant) will be continued, that of Longfellow appearing in November. These portraits are drawn from life by Wyatt Eaton and engraved by T. Cole. They will be printed separately on tinted paper, as frontispieces of four different numbers. Illustrated sketches of the lives of the poets will accompany these portraits.

STUDIES IN THE SIERRAS,—A series of papers (mostly illustrated) by John Muir, the California naturalist. The most graphic and picturesque and, at the same time, exact and trustworthy studies of "The California Alps" that have yet been made. The series will sketch the California Passes, Lakes, Wind Storms and Forests.

A NEW VIEW OF BRAZIL. Mr. Herbert H. Smith, of Cornell University, a companion of the late Prof. Hartt, is now in Brazil, with J. Wells Champney (the artist who accompanied Mr. Edward King in his tour through "The Great South"), preparing for Scribner a series of papers on the present condition.—the cities, rivers and resources of the great empire of South America.

THE "JOHNNY REB" PAPERS, by an "ex-Confederate" soldier, will be among the raciest contributions to Scribner during the coming year. They are written and illustrated by Mr. Allen C. Redwood, of Baltimore. The first of the series, "Johnny Reb at Play," appears in the November number.

THE LEADING EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES. We are now having prepared for Scribner, articles on the leading Universities of Europe. They will be written by an American College Professor, Mr. H. H. Boyesen, of Cornell (author of "Falconberg," &c.), and will include sketches of the leading men in each of the most important Universities of Great Britain and the Continent.

Among the additional series of papers to appear may be mentioned those on How Shall we Spell (two papers by Prof Lounsbury), The New South, Lawn-Planting for Small Places (by Samuel Parsons, of Flushing), Canada of To-day, American Art and Artists, American Archæology, Modern Inventors; also, Papers of Travel, History, Physical Science, Studies in Literature, Political and Social Science, Stories, Poems; "Topics of the Time," by Dr. J. G. Holland: record of New inventions and Mechanical Improvements; Papers on Education, Decoration, &c.; Book Reviews; fresh bits of Wit and Humor, &c., &c., &c.

Terms, $4.00 a Year in advance; 35 Cents a Number.

Subscriptions received by the publishers of this paper, and by all booksellers and postmasters. Persons wishing to subscribe direct with the publishers, should write name, Post-office, County and State, in full, and send with remittance in check, P. O. money order, or registered letter, to

SCRIBNER & CO.,
743 & 745 Broadway, New York.

ST. NICHOLAS.

SCRIBNER'S ILLUSTRATED MAGAZING

For Girls and Boys.

An Ideal Children's Magazine.

Messrs. Scribner & Co., in 1873, began the publication of St. Nicholas, an Illustrated Magazine for Girls and Boys, with Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge as editor. Five years have passed since the first number was issued, and the magazine has won the highest position. It has a monthly circulation of

OVER 50,000 COPIES.

It is published simultaneously in London and New-York, and the transatlantic recognition is almost as general and hearty as the American. Although the progress of the magazine has been a steady advance, it has not reached its editor's ideas of best, because her ideal continually out runs it, and the magazine as swiftly follows after. To-day St. Nicholas stands

ALONE IN THE WORLD OF BOOKS:

The New-York *Tribune* has said of it: "St. Nicholas has reached a higher platform, and commands for its service wider resources in art and letters than any of its predecessors or contemporaries." The London *Literary World* saps: "There is no magazine for the young that can be said to equal this choice production of Scribner's press."

GOOD THINGS FOR 1878—9.

The arrangements for literary and art contributions for the new volume—the sixth—are complete, drawing from already favorite sources, as weil as from promising new ones. Mr. Frank R. Stockton's new serial story for boys,

"A JOLLY FELLOWSHIP,"

Will run through the twelve monthly parts, beginning with the number for November, 1878, the first of the volume, and will be illustrated by James E. Kelly. The story is one of travel and adventure in Florida and the Bahama. For the girls, a continue tale,

"HALF A DOZEN HOUSEKEEPERS,"

By Katharine D. Smith, with illustrations bp Frederick Dielman, begins in the same number; and a fresh serial by Susan Coolidge, entitled "Eyibright," with plenty of pictures, will be commenced early in the volume. There will also be a continued fairy-tale called "RUMPTY DUDGET'S TOWER," Written by Julian Pawthorne, and illustrated by Alfred Fredericks. About the other familiar features of St. Nicholas, the editor preserves a good-humored silence, content, perhaps, to let her five volumes already to chort issued, propheso concerning the sixth, in respect to short stories, pictures, poems, humor instructive sketches, and the lure and lore of "Jack-in-the-Pulpit," the "Very Little Folks" department, and the "Letter-box," and "Riddle-box."

Terms, $3.00 a year; 25 cents a Number.

Subscriptions received by the Publisher of this Paper, and by all Booksellers and Postmasters. Persons wishing to subscribe direct with the publishers should write name, Post-office, County, and State, in full, and send with remittance in check, P. O. money order, or registered letter to

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743 Broadway, New-York.

THE GAZETTE FOR 1879.

The Baltimore Gazette is a daily newspaper which appeals to the public solely on its merits as a journal of the day. It is a compendium of news at home and abroad, each event being written, prepared and edited according to its relative importance. Not a line appears in The Gazette which is not useful or instructive, it essays to give the news in a nutshell and at any price in keeping with the economical demands of the times.

The Gazette has opinions and it expresses them daily in terse and pointed English. It is thoroughly Democratic in its teachings and tendencies, but independent of all corrupt rings, cliques or factious Oligarchies. The Gazette believes that the principles of the Democratic party should prevail. To that end it will labor to place the Democratic party in power and thereby bring about a much-needed change in the administration of the Government.—

In Municipal, State, and National politics The Gazette will lend its aid to the representatives of Democratic principles. A great struggle for political mastery is coming on. In 1880 another battle for the Presidency will be fought. The importance of such a newspaper as The Gazette in educating, organizing and preparing the people for this contest cannot be over-estimated. The News, Editorial, and Local features of The Gazette will be thoroughly maintained and improved during the year. The department of Foreign Correspondence has attained a standard unequaled in Baltimore journalism and as a whole there is no daily journal in the country which contains so many popular features furnished at such popular prices.

The Baltimore Weekly Gazette is a folio journal, same size as the Daily, which contains every week an epitome of Home and Foreign News, Charming Stories, Entertaining Miscellany, Complete Market Reports, Correspondence, Editorials and Family Reading, all selected with care and with especial reference to the needs of people who are unable by reason of location or circumstance to take a daily paper.

The Baltimore Daily Gazette *is furnished at $6 per year to mail subscribers, postage included. It is delivered by carriers at 12 cents per week and is sold in single copies for 2 cents.*

The Weekly Gazette *is mailed to subscribers at the rate of $1 per year; six months, 50 cents.*

Price and all things considered, The Daily and Weekly Gazette are the best printed on the South Atlantic Seaboard, and we hope during the coming year to add thousands of names to our lists in Baltimore and contiguous sections. All letters and inquiries in regard to subscriptions or matters of business should be addressed to

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No. 142 Baltimore street.

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Tinware,

REPAIRING.

I beg to call attention to my unsurpassed stock, and ask your inspection of the same. STOVES are

CHEAPER THAN EVER

before known, and the styles are

VERY PRETTY.

I can sell you a first-class Cook Stove, No. 8, all trimmed, for $20. Other sizes in proportion. All sizes of

Heating Stoves

for wood and coal. The famous

"GOLDEN SUN,"

fire-place stove always on hand and put in promptly.

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I will wait upon you promptly and guarantee satisfaction.

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Employing none but first-class workmen, all work will be done promptly and in the best manner. My usual stock of

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SEEDS,

HARNESS,

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MATERIALS.

is complete and at prices far below any ever before known.

T. C. NICOLS,

EASTON, MARYLAND

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE.

Whereas, the General Assembly of Maryland, at its session of 1878, chapter 415, passed an act submitting to the voters of the Second and Third Election Districts of Caroline County the question "For the Stock Law" or "Against the Stock Law," and

Whereas, It was further provided that the Clerk of the Circuit Court should certify under and seal of the Court, the number of votes cast for the law and the number of votes cast against the law as shall appear by the returns made to him, and he shall cause the same to be published in one or more newspapers published in the county, and

Whereas, it was further provided, that if a majority of the votes cast in either of the aforesaid districts shall be "For the Stock Law" then the first, second, third, fourth and fifth sections of this act shall apply to such districts as shall cast a majority in favor of the law, and the same shall take effect sixty days from the first publication of the Clerk's certificate aforesaid.

And it appears that such an election was held on the first Tuesday of November (being the fifth day of the same month) in the election districts aforesaid, which has been certified to the subscriber, Clerk of the Circuit Court aforesaid, by the Judges of Elections in the districts aforesaid, and that in the Second Election District of said county there were Two hundred and forty-one votes cast for the stock law and one hundred and forty-eight votes cast against the stock law; and that in the Third Election District of said county there were two hundred and eighty-some votes cast for the stock law and four hundred and sixty-six votes cast against the stock law.

In testimony whereof I hereto subscribe my name and the seal of the Circuit Court for Caroline County affix, this seventh day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

JOHN W. TEMPLE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline County.

St. John's College,

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JAS. M. GARNETT, LL. D., President. Opening of Session and Examination of Candidates for Admission, Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 16th and 17th A number of free scholarships for tuition vacant. For catalogues containing full particulars, address Prof. W. E. HOPKINS, Annapolis, Md. [8-9.6

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Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that John T. Sangston has applied to the Circuit Court for Caroline county for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, and that the first Tuesday after the first Monday of April next has been assigned him to appear before the said Court and answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him.

Test:—

JOHN W. TEMPLE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline County.
Oct 26, 1878-3mos.

Insolvent Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Beniah Hevalow has applied to the Circuit Court for Caroline county for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of Maryland, and that the first Tuesday after the first Monday of April next has been assigned him to appear before the said Court and answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him.

Test:—

JOHN W. TEMPLE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline County.
Oct. 26, 1878-3mos.

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