The Denton Journal.

Published Every SATURDAY

—BY—

GEO. T. AND JAS. F. MELVIN,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

☞$1 Per Annum, if Paid in Advance, otherwise $1.50 will be charged.

Advertising Rates.

Advertisements will be inserted by the year, half year or quarterly at the rate of $3.50 per inch per year. Preferred positions charged extra.

Transient advertising, such as notices, sales, etc. at the rate of 8 lines for a dollar for first insertion and fiftycents for each subsequent insertion.

OUR esteemed contemporary, the Wilmington Every Evening, last week took possession of the new building lately erected for that excellent and progressive newspaper.

THE New York Sun remarks that a revenue tariff cannot be other than protective, and only by means of a tariff which in effect is protective, can the indispensable amount of revenue be provided.

THE JOURNAL publishes this morning the initial of a series of letters from a Baltimore correspondent which will be read with great interest by tax-prayers. The writer is a gentleman of influence and a lawyer of the first rank in the State, and although he has sought no office and held none in the last twenty years, he is thoroughly familiar with Maryland politics.

MR. CHARLES C. FULTON, the editor and proprietor of the Baltimore American, died peacefully Thursday morning. His life was an honorable one, worthy of emulation. He was a penniless apprentice in a printing office, and obtained more practical knowledge of the conduct of a newspaper than could have been acquired in a collegiate course. Equipped with thorough business qualifications, he made a Republican paper in a Democratic city a great success.

THE $3,000,000 Maryland Defence Loan will fall due next year. The last Legislature of Maryland provided for its redemption by the issue of new bonds at 3.65 per cent. interest instead of 6per cent., as on the original bonds. Bids for the new bonds were opened last Tuesday and accepted as follows: $200,000 at 1 per cent. premium, $500,000 at 1-16 of 1 per cent, $200,000 at 51-100, $7,000 to exchange old for new bonds at 1½ per cent. premium, $1,182,002 at par, $305,000 at par, and the remainder at ¼ of 1 per cent. premium. Thus the high financial standing of the State was shown in a gratifying way.

THE Eastern Shore is a garden spot prolific in the production of candidates for office as well as cereals. We have growing here now a candidate for Governor, with ample lands for his sustenance in so large a growth, besides one or two others not so well grounded.

The Comptroller-ship has finely-growing candidates (three or four) planted in our soil, and that prize will come this way by custom if not by meritorious award at the State convention in September. These are two of the three important offices to be filled by the popular vote in the State, and it would seem that the other one, the Attorney Generalship, should go to the Western Shore by courtesy. When it comes down to the distribution of the other prizes, the Eastern Shore will be found contesting for a liberal share. Candidates for these prizes are springing up spontaneously over the nine counties. Many of them are young and grow off with vigor and promise.

Completing the list of the goodly crop now coming on we have candidates for U. S. Senator, Tax Commissioner, Insurance Commissioner, Land office, Commander of Oyster Police and his four subordinate officers and all the Grain Inspectors.

It would be a pity if the drouth this summer should destroy any of this promising crop!

THE Baltimore Vindicator, a newspaper edited by J. Wesley Adams, Jr., and published as the organ of the colored citizens, has just made its appearance. In a long editorial it urges the colored men to unite independently of the Republican party on account of the spirit shown in the removal of Col. Ditty and in the bad treatment of the colored Republicans, and adds: "If, by our alliance with the Republican party, elections are made doubtful, our strength, when united in a separate organization, is apparent. The Vindicator, as an independent journal, advises that the colored voters should sever their connection with the parties and organize independent of either, and in casting their votes let neither party nor race impulse determine their action, but an earnest desire to make their mark in the higher arena of citizenship."

Below are a few paragraphs clipped at random from the editorial columns:

"We did not have any colored judges or clerks of election during the judicial contest of 1882, although we had Republican supervisor of election."

"Isaiah H. Bayne, Esq., of Caroline county declares that the colored men of this State do not owe their support to any political party. So does H. H. Hughes, Esq., of Harford county, and a meeting of leading colored men held on the 22d ult. decided so, too. The sentiment is growing."

"Mr. Mr. C. R. P. Mason was appointed a substitute letter carrier by Postmaster Adreon a year thismonth. The Postmaster has had opportunity to promote him. White men, appointed since him, and not as competent as he is, have been promoted, and why not promote him? We pause for reply."

"Holton wantsthe Republican nomination for governor. Can he get it? Has he deserved it? If he gets it, can he be elected? There are 39,000 registered colored voters in this State; nearly 10,000 in Baltimore city alone who have formerly voted the Republican ticket. Take the hint, gentlemen!

"Let us unite, and all the negro-haters in and out of the Republican party cannot keep us in the background, nor stay our progress. Right, in its majesty must and will prevail. We have all to gain and nothing to lose. Then let us make a bold and united strike for independence, and we will cease to be mere political tools."

"The white Republican bosses have sent out their negro emissaries to squelch the independent spirit now so strongly taking root among the colored voters. But the 'tidal wave' is too powerful. The 'b-hoys' are being hit on every side by the sentiment: We are free! and aiming for a higher realm of citizenship than we have found in serfdom."

MR. A. B. DAVIS recently delivered an address which strikes the public school system of Maryland in a vulnerable part. He says:

"When I tell you that the annual cost of the public schools of Maryland is $1,654,000 — less about $50,000 paid to colleges and academies for higher education—you may well apply the words of the earnest professor, and ask if his views are adopted what human power can say to the incoming tide: "Hitherto shalt thou come and no further." This annual charge upon the people of the State for public school education is now nine times the cost of the executive, judicial and legislative departments of the State government combined.

I do not hesitate to say that where the public schools now cost upward of $1,600,00 per annum, with a proper understanding and application of the principles with which I set out, viz., the art of knowing the limits of one's own office, they could be run with more satisfaction and efficiency at but little, if any, over one million of dollars; thus at least saving enough to pay the interest on the public debt of the State—amounting to $420,000—and thereby materially lightening the burthen of taxation upon the people.

The Situation.

How far can the Democratic party be held accountable for the shortcomings and failure of its officers and legislature to carry out the measures of reform promised to the people? If this failure or shortcoming on the part of its leaders and legislature shall in fact meetthe general approval and endorsement of the party,then the party will itself become particeps criminis and deserve the censure and reproach and condemnation of the State at large and will undoubtedly receive at the hands of the citizens of Maryland a summary rebuke. Were this to be the acknowledged fact, and the party actually arraigned and found guilty upon the criminal charge of forfeiting its pledged word to the people, then we need look for nothing but entire defeat—a perfect Waterloo —at the polls next November.

But as Gov. Hamilton has truly said, "As well arraign a whole community as criminal because one may have murdered or stolen, and means are taken to arrest and punish the perpetrator." The Democratic party at least has done this: It has nominated and elected a most thorough Reformer to the high position of Governor of the State. It has given the people of Maryland a true and perfectly satisfactory reform administration for a period of four years. If it shall in furtherance of this same purpose, and in continuance of the same great work place Hamilton in nomination for a second gubernatorial term it can unquestionably enter into the canvass with clean hands and the strongest appeal for popular support that can possibe made. With a record to stand upon such as Hamilton's, the battle means victory, organized before the fight is commenced. Nothing can be a surer or a stronger pledge to the voters of Maryland that the Democratic party intends a continuance of the reform policy of Hamilton than his renomination.

If the policy itself is popular among the people, who can more surely lay claim to their support at the polls than he who is the originator of that policy and its most efficient supporter and advocate? Some (more especially republican journals) have arraigned the Democratic party as having trifled with the great trust confided to it by the people of Maryland in being lukewarm and inactive in pushing such reform measures as were manifestly proper to be passed. Now, Governor Hamilton, while intent upon his great work of an entire revolution in the management of State affairs, and eager to arouse the party to a sense of its duty, yet stood ready to defend the party from this outside arraignment: "As well arraign a whole community" for a crime committed in it! No; this method is not just. Arraign the criminal! The guilty party should suffer: no one else.

To avoid, however, a measure of responsibility for crime the community must manifest its purpose of bringing the criminal to punishment. This Gov. Hamilton has done in every practicable way. He has done so by his messages and recommendations to our legislature. He has done so by exercising his veto power. He has done so by carefully scrutinizing the financial management of the State and demanding the strictest compliance with the constitution and the laws. And he has done so in great mass-meetings of the people called for the purpose of taking counsel together and in furtherance of the great reform work.

And at all times, while he has denounced like a prophet of old the evil, yet has he ever sought to defend the party from the charge of being partaker with that evil, and to arouse it to a sense of its duty. He would scourge the guilty ones, and push the charges home to their doors, but at the same time he rejoiced that "the Democratic party is right, and its great heart beats in the right place."

It now remains for the Democratic party to confirm this assertion by its action. The nomination which it makes for Governor will be the crucial test. If that nomination is a thorough endorsement of the people's great work of reform then will it forever fling back as a taunt and a lie the assertion that the Democratic party is untrue to its duty and unfaithful to the people's trust. It will assert in a way that cannot be misunderstood or misrepresented that in what Governor Hamilton has done he has in truth and fact represented the Democratic party. That he was placed in office to do that very work and is renominated to complete it. Having so far done it well, that he has merited and deserves to receive the commendation of his party and of all good men in the State. Will he not receive that commendation? And in what way? Shall we say, "Bravo, old fellow, you have done well; now get out of office and let us get some one in there who will undo what you have done!" If tricksters and politicians try this game with the people they will pay dear for it. It will be hard to convince the people of Maryland that the Democratic party is thoroughly in for reform, if they begin by turning down its most faithful servant in the work. This method of commendation it will be found most difficult to vindicate in the canvass. Its consistency with the pure determination to carry out Hamiltonian reforms can hardly be made to appear. For we should have to meet the question from friends and foes and from every quarter: "If you honestly desired the counsels and policy of Hamilton to prevail, why did you not renominate Hamilton?"

Do we not owe it then to ourselves, to the Democratic party, to vindicate it from all charges and innuendoes by a hearty and unanimous renomination of the great veteran of reform? in no other way can we unmistakably and emphatically define our position as a party before the people of the State. From that moment we irretraceably commit ourselves to the people's great cause of reform. And most assuredly the step will meet with popular approval and support.

Genuine Reform.

BALTIMORE CITY POLITICS—EIGHT STRONG POINTS FOR GOVERNOR HAMILTON.

To the Editor of The Journal.

The political situation here is very encouraging for the friends of Reform in the Democratic party.

The recent appointment of supervisors for the primary election to take place in three weeks to elect a new city convention, was a "deal" among the managers and manipulators. It was the result of some secret arrangement, by which the bosses undertook to trick each other, for each one hoped thereby to gain some advantage for himself.

But public opinion is so decided and so outspoken that no tricks will be tolerated. In the main, the judges of the primary will be men of character, and every Democrat will have a fair opportunity of voting and of having his vote counted.

The State Ring assiduously circulate the idea that they own and direct the Young Democratic Association. There is not a word of truth in it. The spirit and directing force of the Young Democracy is as much opposed to bossism in State politics as in city affairs, and is just as hostile to the managers of one faction as to the other. The State Ring have insinuated some of their most notorious men into the Young Democratic Association, but they are perfectly well-known and marked.

The result of the primaries will be that a large number of independent, stalwart and honest Democrats will be elected to the convention. That body will be controlled by a spirit of fair dealing, and will not be partizans nor tools of any faction, manager or boss. The consequence will be that the primary for delegates to the State convention will call out a large vote of earnest Democrats, and public opinion will express itself fully and frankly.

It is becoming better known and appreciated every day that Gov. Hamilton has been the earnest, fearless champion of genuine Reform. That he has accomplished—

1. Reform in the city of Baltimore to the extent of securing a perfectly fair vote and fair count here.

2. Reform in State finances, by compelling the appropriation of the loan taxes to the sinking fund; $160,000 have been put in the sinking fund during the past year, more than in the preceeding ten years altogether.

3. Reform in legislative expenses, having reduced them $40,000 for the session of 1882.

4. Reform in the newspaper subsidy, having saved $30,000 from that expense in 1882.

5. Reform in the fishery force which he has made a source of revenue instead of an expense to the State.

6. Reform in the House of Correction, having reduced the expenses there $25 per capita in one year.

7. Reform in the tobacco warehouses by having made them pay revenue into the treasury instead of being supported by the taxpayers of the State.

8. Reform in State finances by having reduced expenses and increased revenue, so that at the end of the fiscal year there will be one million of cash in the treasury. In 1878, the State borrowed $500,000 to pay current expenses.

These measures of reform have been accomplished. Much greater remain to be pushed on. They can only be carried through by honest effort of honest men, and public opinion in Baltimore is surely settling down as to the proper men.

X X X.

Balto., June 2, '83.

The Peninsular Express.

The new Delaware Railroad express commenced its trips on last Monday. The running schedule is as follows: Leaves Wilmington 4 P. M.; Middletown, 4:42; Townsend, 4:50; Clayton 5:04, Dover, 5:22; Harrington, 5:48; Seaford, 6:24, reaching Delmar at 6:45 P. M. Returning, it leaves Delmar at 7:30 A. M.; Seaford, 7:50; Harrington, 8:26; Dover, 8:52; Clayton, 9:12; Townsend, 9:26; Middletown, 9:33; reaching Wilmington at 10:15 A. M. Connections both ways will be made at Townsend with trains on the Q. A. & Kent County R. R., at Clayton with those on the Delaware and Chesapeake R. R. and at Seaford with the Cambridge and Seaford R. R. No arrangement has been made for a connection at Harrington with the trains on the J. & B. R. R., but it is expected that it will be made in a few days. Passengers leaving Wilmington at 4 P. M. will reach Centreville, on the Queen Anne and Kent County R. R., at 6:20 P. M., and returning will leave there at 7:50 A. M. Those for Oxford on the Delaware and Chesapeake R. R. will reach their destination at 7:25 P. M., and return at 6:50 A. M., and those for Cambridge on the C. & S. R. R. will reach there at 8:15 P. M. and return at 6 A. M. At Delmar connections will be made with the Peninsular, Eastern Shore, and the W. & P. Railroads. The running time of the new train is expected to average 40 miles an hour.

STATE PRESS.

The Centreville Observer says that no Democrat who is identified with factions must be put on the ticket, and adds: "The party now is harmonious, and the members seem to desire and anticipate reconciliation and unity. This reconcoliation and unity must not be disturbed by the quarrels and criminations of leaders who have friends to reward and enemies to punish. The people take no stock in these quarrels and wrangles, and they have endured them until the party has more than once reached the verge of destruction. Now the people are aroused to positive action and to the assertion of their power and wishes, and their wish is that wrangling and calling hard names shall cease, and their power is to retire forever any man who refuses to respect their wish. That they will exerdise this power is undoubted, if the present temper of the people is to be counted for anything. It should therefore admonish those who lead in party affairs that their own safety as leaders and seekers after promotion suggests not only prudent action, but a cheerful and hearty response to the public clamor."

The Easton Ledger takes an encouraging view of the Democratic outlook in Talbot county and says: "It is expected that the primaries will be more largely attended this year than usual. The people are alive to the importance of selecting the best men as their represenatives to go into convention and make the best ticket. The Democratic party is fairly representative of the sinew and labor, the wealth and the capital, the culture and progress, the intelligence and the business of the county, and with a ticket in the field fairly representative of the party itself there will be no going back on the party this year by Democrats."

The Dorchester county papers are engaged in a war over the expenditure of public money. The Era (Rep.) wants a mass meeting of the county tax-payers "to protest against the wilful waste of their money now going on," and the Chronicle (Dem.) responds: "We do not know what they refer to unless it be the old worn-out attempt to make political capital because a Democratic board of county commissioners has pulled down the miserable old jail and built a new one, as should have been done long ago. However, whatever may be the object of the call, we give notice of it to all concerned."

The Democrats of Freedom district, Carroll county, have deemed it necessary to take some steps to insure complete harmony in their ranks, and have organized a club for work in the coming campaign. It is the purpose of the club to prevent a contest for district delegates to the county nominating convention; to get all Democrats registered; to inform Democrats by speeches, papers and documents on the issues of the campaign, and to get out the full Democratic vote on election day.

The Marlboro' Gazette favors the nominations of Hon. Sam'l B. Hance for Governor and Judge Merrick for Attorney-General.

Amenities of the Court Room.

A remarkable scene occured at Port Tobacco last Thursday, of which two prominent members of the bar were central figures. The trial of Carpenter, one of the Republican board of county commissioners for Charles county, for assault on Miss Scott, had just concluded. On Tuesday when Judge Daniel R. Magruder of Annapolis propounded a certain question, he was told by Mr. Mitchell, one of the defendant's attorneys, that the question had been previously asked. He replied it had not been. Mr. Wilmer, another of the defendant's attorneys, insisted that it had, to which Judge Magruder responded it was false. It was evident from that time that war was declared between the two counsel. The Port Tobacco Times says, "On the conclusion of Judge Magruder's argument yesterday, when he was weak and exhausted after a speech of one hour and a half, and just as the court was about taking a recess, Mr. Wilmer rushed violently upon Judge Magruder, who was at that time sitting and bending over the bar table with his back to assailant, bundling up his papers, and with the exclamation, "You accused me of lying!" he dealt him a violent blow on the back of his head which was followed in quick succession by several others. Judge Magruder, who was entirely unconscious of the approach of his assailant until he received his violent blow upon his temple, fell almost unconscious from his chair. Those standing near the assaulting party were apparently for a moment paralyzed by astonishment, but in a moment the assailant was seized by the strong arms of a number of gentlemen, who crowed upon him and forcibly separated him from the unresisting victim of his assault. It was a scene of intense excitement in the court room. Judge Brooke, who had been absent from the court room for a few minutes, hastily came in, and with uplifted cane cried: 'I command the peace! I command the peace!' Judge Magruder, after falling, tried to keep Wilmer off by putting up one foot against Wilmer's breast, but it was with much difficulty they could be separated. As Wilmer was taken from the court room he frantically demanded an apology from Magruder. Wilmer was not put under arrest."

E. A. Mears, 125 N. Stricker street, Baltimore, Md., says; "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me of dyspepsia."

FOR SALE OR RENT FOR 1884

The property where I now live.

ALEX. SAULSBURY,

5-9-2t Denton, Caroline co., Md.

CYPRESS SHINGLES.

I have now for sale at Denton Bridge a cargo of cypress shingles.

6 9 CHAS. F. WILLIS.

MARYLAND STEAMBOAT CO

Baltimore and Choptank River Route.

FOR CHOPTANK RIVER.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY JUNE 3, '83,

THE STEAMER ENOCH PRATT

leaves Denton for Baltimore every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday stopping at Potters, Towers, Kingston, Dover Bridge, Medfords, Jamaica, Cambridge, Clora's, Oxford, Double Mills, Johnsons, Easton, arriving in Baltimore at 4 a. m. the following day.

Returning, leaves Baltimore from Pier 4, Light Street, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 p. m., stopping at landings named, arriving at Denton at 11 a. m. the following day.

Fare $1.00. Round Trip, $1.50.

THE STEAMER IDA.

leaves Medfords every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1 p. m., stopping at Jamaica Point, Secretary Creek, Cambridge Clora's Point, Oxford, Double Mills, Johnsons and Easton, arriving in Baltimore at 4 a. m. the following day.

Returning, leaves Baltimore at 9 p. m. every Tuesday and Thursday, and at 11 p. m. every Saturday.

Freight and Passengers taken for all Stations on the Maryland & Delaware R. R. and the Dorchester & Delaware R. R.

Freight taken at low rates and carefully handled.

HOWARD B. ENSIGN, President.
Office 98 Light Street Baltimore.
MICHAEL FINN, Agent at Denton.

NEW SCHOOL HOUSE AT DENTON.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until June 12th for building a school house at Denton, to be built as follows:

Size of main building 30x50 ft.—back building 24x24 ft.—Vestibule 8x24 ft.—Height 14 ft.

The frame to be thoroughly seasoned heart pine or hemlock.

Siding to be No. 1 ½ white pine, clear of knots.

Flooring, No. 1 Georgia pine, 1 inches thick.

Shingles, No. 1 heart rived cypress.

House painted outside with two good coats of oil and lead.

Underpinned flush and pillars under the girders; height of brick work 2 ft. 8 in. Also three chimneys.

Belfry on vestibule.

For detailed specification, call at the office of the School Board. The Board reserves the right of rejecting any bids.

6-2tf JAMES SWANN, Sec'y.

IOH

Grand Excursion

DENTON TO CAMBRIDGE AND OXFORD.

CHOPTANK Conclave No. 28, I. O. H., have chartered the steamer Enoch Pratt and will give an excursian to Cambridge and Oxford on

Saturday, June 16, '83,

leaving Denton wharf at 10 o'clock A. M. Returning, steamer will leave Oxford at 6:30 P. M., giving excursionists from two to three hours at that place.

Brass band in attendance. Refreshments served on board. Bar closed.

TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

Children half price.

WM. W. LOWE,
Chairman Com. of Arrangements.

FREIGHT AGENCY.

THE arrangements now completed render great convenience to the public having business with the Maryland Steamboat Company at Denton.

Freights for shipment to Baltimore and points on the route are received at any time, carefully handled, housed if necessary and promptly forwarded.

Freights to Denton are stored in our ample warerooms and safely kept until called for.

Grain is received in bags and housed for shipment when desired. The bags may be obtained on two days' notice to me.

Ample storeroom is provided in a building set apart for shelter of phosphate, and it will be kept dry until sufficient time for its removal.

Persons wanting purchases made in Baltimore can leave their orders at any time with me, which will be cheerfully attended to.

Thanking the patrons of the Steamboat Co. for past favors, I am now better than ever prepared to serve them. M. FINN, Agent.

NEW GOODS.

H. BLACKISTON & SON

Have just returned from Philadelphia with another stock of cheap goods, which have been selected with great care and bought at the lowest cash price. Close buyiug for cash enables us to sell our customers good bargains. If you are in want of any kind of goods give us a call and see what bargains we can offer you.

We especially invite your attention to our stock of ready-made clothing, boots and shoes, hats of different kinds and as low as 8 cents. we have enlarged our store room by fitting up an extra room in the rear where a large amount of goods are kept from public view. We have been compelled to do this because of our increasing trade and for lack of room, but if you do not see what you want ask for it. Our stock is large and complete. we will do our best to give satisfaction to our customers.

GIVE US A CALL AND TRY US.

DELAWARE AND CHESAPEAKE RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY, June 4, 1883 (Sundays excepted) Trains will run as follows:

NORTH. No 2 Pass.	No 4 Mixed		SOUTH. No 1 Mixed	No 3 Pass.
6 50	10 03	Oxford,	3 50	7 25
7 00	11 30	Trappe,	3 30	7 15
8 10	11 55	Easton,	2 00	7 00
7 17	12 20	Woodland,	2 12	6 47
7 35	12 35	Cordova,	2 00	6 39
7 48	12 50	Hillsborough,	1 40	6 27
7 59	1 20	Ridgely,	1 20	6 17
8 11	1 50	Greensborough,	12 55	6 04
8 18	2 08	Goldsborough,	12 32	5 57
8 26	2 23	Henderson,	12 02	5 49
8 34	2 48	Marydel,	11 17	5 41
8 44	3 03	Slaughters,	11 40	5 33
8 54	3 14	Hartley,	11 35	5 31
8 85	3 38	Kenton,	11 15	5 21
9 05	4 05	Clayton,	10 50	5 10
A M	P M		A M	P M

Connect at Clayton with Delaware Division of P. W. & B. R. R.

H. F. KENNEY, General Sup't.
FRANK THOMSON, G. M. I. N. MILLS, Supt

Where did you get that stylish suit?

"I have been getting my clothing lately of A. C. Yates & co., Philadelphia, near Independence Hall, on chestnut street. They are a very large concern and turn out beautiful goods, and, what is more, at very low prsces. They will mail you samples on application and refund the money on all goods not found satisfactory.

Public Sale

OF A VALUABLE

Tuckahoe Neck Farm.

By virtue of competent authority I will offer at public sale in front of the Court House door in the town of Denton, on

Tuesday, June 19, 1883,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M. of that day, all that farm in Tuchahoe Neck of which James Roe died seized and possessed, containing

105 Acres More or Less.

Eighty acres of this land is cleared and one the finest grain-growing tracts in the county. The remaining 25 acres in well set in wood and timber, much of which is valuable white oak. The buildings consist of an ordinary single-story

Dwelling House

and the necessary outbuilding. There is a small peach orchard which affords enough of that fruit for the use of the farm; also, an excellent

Apple Orchard

of 50 trees in full bearing.

This tract of land has a red clay subsoil, well improved, and is very profitable in the growth of all crops common to this section. The location is exceptionally good, being but a few hundred yards from a school and about 1½ miles from Denton.

The county and State taxes upon the property will be paid by the undersigned up to January the 1st, 1884, and all rents and profits of the farm will be reserved up to that date, when possession will be given the purchaser, who will have the privilege to sow a wheat crop the approaching fall.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third of the purchase money must be paid on the day of sale; the residue in two equal instalments of 12 and 18 months, to be secured by negotiable notes of purchasers, bearing interest from January 1st, 1884, and with security thereto to be approved by the undersigned.

Title papers at purchaser's expense.

WESLEY ROE, Agent.

H. Irwin, Auct.

ORDER PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court for Caroline County in Equity.

Sarah A. Culbreth

vs.

Henry C. Culbreth, Thomas B. Culbreth, Isaac W. Mitchell, Edward B. Mitchell, John Daily, Margaret Breeding, Frank Breeding, Eugene Breeding, Anniton Breeding William Breeding and Kate Breeding.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of about five hundred acres of land situate in the first election district of Caroline county, in the State of Maryland, known as Poplar Neck, being the same land upon which Henry C. Culbreth and others now reside, and which was devised to the said Henry C. Culbreth by his father Samuel Culbreth; portions of said land having since been conveyed to Isaac W. Mitchell, Edward B. Mitchell, John Daily and William H. Breeding, for the payment our of the proceeds of said sale arrears of annuity due to Sarah A. Culbreth, and for the investment of the balance of said proceeds for the purpose of securing to the said Sarah A. Culbreth the payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars yearly. The amended bill states that Samuel Culbreath devised said land to Henry C. Culbreth and his heirs, said Henry C. Culbreth and his heirs however to pay to Sarah A. Culbreth the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars yearly, to be collected out of profits thereof so long as she may live; that at the death of the said Samuel Culbreth that the said Henry C. Culbreth entered upon said land; that he andsaid assignees have since occupied said land, and that the profits of said land have been annually the full sum of one hundred and fifty dollars or more, after complying with all the other requirements of said bill and have been received by the said Henry C. Culbreth and his said assignees; that arrearages of said annuity, amounting to two thousand dollars are due the said Sarah A. Culbreth;

That William H. Breeding is dead; that his heirs at law, Margaret Breeding, Frank Breeding, Eugene Breeding, Anniton Breeding, William Breeding and Kate Breeding, have been made parties defendants to said amended bill; that Margaret Breeding and Frank Breeding reside out of the State of Maryland, and that against Edward B. Mitchell, one of the respondents, two successive subpoenas have been returned non est.

It is thereupon ordered by the Court that the complainants by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Caroline county once a week for four successive weeks before the thirtieth day of June next, giving notice to said absent defendants and the said Edward B. Mitchell of the object and substance of said amended bill, and warn them to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor on or before the twenty-eighth day of September next to answer the premises and show cause if any they have why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

LUTHER H. GADD, Clerk.

True copy, Test—

LUTHER H. GADD, Clerk.

5 26.

CHESTER RIVER STEAMBOAT COMPANY

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday June 4, 1883, the Str. FORD will leave Chestertown at 7 a. m. daily except Sunday for Baltimore, stopping at Rolphs, Bookers, Quaker Neck, Greys, Queenstown, and Kent Island. Returning will leave Baltimore every day, Sundays excepted, at 2.30 p. m. for above named landings.

On and after the same date, April 9, 1883, the Steamer CORSICA will leave Chestertown every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 o'clock midnight for Centreville, via Corsica Creek, thence to Crumpton, stopping at the intermediate landings. Returning will leave Crumpton every Tuesday and Thursday at 3 o'clock P. M., Chestertown at 6 o'clock P. M., stopping at Rolphs, Bookers and Quaker Neck, and will leave Centreville (Corsica Creek) at 8 o'clock P. M. for Baltimore. On Saturdao will leave Crumpton at 12 M., Chestertown at 3 P. M., and Centreville at 5 P. M., arriving in Baltimore before midnight.

☞Freights received daily and carried at low rates GEORGE WARFIELD, President.

IMPROVED DRIVE WELLS.

A FULL and unfailing supply of good water guaranteed, or no pay. For terms address

M. L. BLANCHARD,
P. O. Box 44. Bridgeville, Del.

DR. C. B. MASON,

DENTIST,

Office over Stewart's grocery store,

DENTON, MD.

Three Strong Points.

Point One:

Men's Spring Overcoats; a big stock that takes in everything from the very plain low priced to the finest, from the lightest fancy color to the plain black, from the smallest youths' to the largest of large men's sizes. A commanding stock that every light overcoat buyer must see—if he cares to know the market.

Point Two:

Fifteen Lines of Men's Business Suits. A little money is a powerful thing in Oak Hall. Witness the following:

Fancy Cassimere Sack Suits at $8.50, and the same goods in walking coat style, at $9.00. Our only boast on them is that they are good for the money. Manhattan Cheviots in six full lines, both sacks and walking coats, at $10.00. The buttons and trimmings of these suits are worth special attention. Plain Cassimeres; three varieties, in sack style, at $10.00. Very reliable.

Five styles of Harris Cassimere Suits, of quiet styles, and in both Sack and Walking Coats, at $16.00. The well-known reputation of these goods speak for themselves.

These fifteen lines are not fragments pulled together for an advertisement. They represent two thousand suits, and goods to make more. There is business in them.

Point Three:

Custom Made Clothing. A large display of piece goods to order. There are very great bargains in all the following lines:

Class A,	in any ordinary business style,	$18.00
Class B,	" " " "	20.00
Class C,	" " " "	22.50
Class D,	" " " "	25.00

Our "points" are made short and sharp for practical people.

Wanamaker & Brown,

Oak Hall,

S. E. Cor. Sixth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.

JOHN C. MEAD. WILLIAM J. BEIRY

Important to Farmers.

The undersigned beg leave to inform the farmers of Talbot, Queen Anne, and Caroline counties that they have entered into a co-partnership for the purpose of furnishing farmers and others with FARMING IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS. They are also agents for the sale of the Westinghouse Engine and Thresher, and the Esterly Self-Binder. Can also furnish Mowers, Reapers, Wheat Rakes, Plows, Harrows, Drags, &c., at manufacturers' prices. ☞Will furnish the best grades of Fertilizers at manufacturers' prices.

Have on hand a large stock of Carriages of all kinds, for sale at low prices. We are also agents for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in this country and in England. Insurance taken at low rates.

☞Repairs of the Westinghouse Thresher and Engine furnished by us.

MEAD & BIERY,

OFFICE AND WAREROOM AT THE EASTON FOUNDRY, Easton, Md.

4 5.y

DENTON

HARDWARE & MACHINERY.

B. C. HOLBROOK having purchased Mr. Emerson's entire interest in the general hardware and machinery business of the firm of Emerson & Evitts, the business will hereafter be conducted by EVITTS & HOLBROOK at old stand, and at this period, the new firm desire to tender their thanks for the patronage and favors extended during the past two years, and also to assure our old friends and patrons that we shall do all in our power to render our business intercourse satisfactory in the future. Our stock consists in part of general

Hardware & Machinery,

a general line of Stoves, Ranges and fixtures, Stove Pipes, Stove Mats and a general assortment of Tinware, also, Wheelwrights Material, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Cut Nails, etc.

BUILDING HARDWARE A SPECIALTY,

consisting of Locks Hinges, Screws, Bolts Window Pulleys, Finishing Nails, Door Stops, and in fact everything needed in the building line.

IRON—a general assortment, Iron Axles, Thimble Skeins, Edge Tools, Cutlery, etc. Whitewash and Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Horse Blankets and Robes, with a large and well selected stock of Harness; also, a general line of Paints, Glass and Putty, Oils, Cucumber Pumps, etc.

Our agricultural department consists in everything needed on the farm, such as

Plows, Harrows, Reapers, Mowers,
Self-Binders, Steam Engines, Threshers,
Grain and Fertilizer Drills, Corn
Planters, Corn Shellers, Fodder
Cutters, Farm Wagons, etc.

Also, a large and well selected stock of Furniture and the best brands of Phosphates in the market; all the above at prices that defy competition.

Quick sales and small profits being our motto. We are also General Agents for

Steam Agricultural and Mill Machinery

of every decription. Largest dealers on the peninsula.

EVITTS & HOLBROOK.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!

NEW GOODS.

LOW PRICES.

Cassimere Suits for Men $6.50; Cassimere Suits for Boys $4.50 and $6.25; Dress Shoes for Men and Youths, from $1.25 to $3.50. Agricultural Implements as low as can be bought in the county; Lime and Hair for plastering, and all articles to be found in a complete country store can always be had at

Smith & Fallowfield's,

TEMPLEVILLE, MD.

EASTON MARBLE WORKS,

IN CONNECTION WITH MY CARRIAGE BUSINESS.

Monuments, Tombstones, etc.

CEMETERY WORK A SPECIALTY.

Having bought out Mr. B. Tomlinson, and having received a fine workman from the well known firm of Hugh Sisson & Sons, Baltimore, who is now with me, I am now prepared to do all kinds of Stone Work, Monuments, Tombstones, etc.

R. S. FOUNTAIN, Easton, Md.

☞*THE CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY*☜

Will be conducted in the same satisfactory manner to my large patronage by which it has gained its reputation. 2.24

CHAS. E. SHANNAHAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE ON DOVER STREET,
EASTON, MD.

HENRY IRWIN & SON,
AUTIONEERS,
DENTON, MD.

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