s of this state and
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ppose the caucus at-
and by that union we
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y keep his blood from
Kings to rule over us.

ere politely presented
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statement of the votes
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the 9th inst.—opposite
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LAND.
r. for CRAWFORD,
" JACKSON,
" do.
" do.
" ADAMS,
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NGS AMISS.

e proceedings in An-
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them though we have
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ublish a part of a let-
to have come to hand
week's paper.—What
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in Committee that we
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"*To drown all in*
bury the hatchet."—
the name either of the
mittee, or those of the
indeed did we hear of
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and to see their report.

of this state, on the
e following gentlemen
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iz: Tobias E. Stansbu-
art, for the Mechanics'
—Alex. C. Bullitt and
for the Union Bank—
and John Barney, for
Farmers' Bank—The-
Nicholas Brewer, for
of Maryland—William
W. Spencer, for the
emiah Taylor for the
id Schnebly and John
Hagerstown Bank.

er to the Editor, dated
OLIS, Feb. 14, 1825.
ou, in great haste, an
eedings; we have got to
; and I have scarcely

the bill for abolishing
ce, passed the House of
debate—although many
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impression is, that it
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jected it on the day fol-
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es to reduce the salary
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On Tuesday, the bill for
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finally passed the house
was discussed, the bill
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Maxcy and Mr. Howard
. Merrick (a member of
ways and means of the
recommended this tax)
on—The question of the
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M'Mahon from that com-
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was constitutional—it
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; many members are in
against references, who
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that the fairest mode of
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or reference precludes
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therefore against refer-
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ng, for altering the con-
d to delegates, provides,
all send two instead of
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very little was done.
Delegates, the news of
as heard about 1 o'clock
great a sensation that
ess was suspended. The
d ineffectual attempts to
quorum could not be
ed.
as taken up the bill re-
n of tobacco. This bill
nformity to the report of
ways and means, which

recommended the repeal of the act of last session on that subject—it was said that $15000 is derived to the revenue from this tax—Mr. Maxcy, made to day a most able defence of his report—he had considered it attacked a few days ago by Mr. M'Mahon, when the bill for repealing the tax on certain offices was under discussion; on that occasion Mr. M'M. eulogised to an extravagant degree, the committee of ways and means of the last session, asserting, that it was the best committee ever appointed on that subject—Mr. Maxcy avowed his intention of defending his report, when a suitable occasion occurred—to day an opportunity was afforded him to fulfil his intention; which he did, in an admirable and satisfactory manner.—The bill was rejected.

"On Saturday, the bill for reducing the direct tax one third, passed the House of Delegates.

"On Monday a message was sent to the senate, offered by Mr. Nicholson, proposing to adjourn on the 25th—It is doubtful, whether the session can be closed so soon. —Mr. Teackle's long bill on the subject of schools, will probably occupy the whole of to morrow.

"The editor of the Columbian Observer, has put his paper into mourning for Jackson's defeat—He breathes bellum horridum bellum."

Extract of a letter from Annapolis.

"Dear Sir,

"This goes by —— you have postage enough to pay at all times without paying a fine for my thoughts.

How does the election of Mr. Lloyd as senator agree with the wishes of the Eastern Shore? as far as I can hear it was very unexpected and very unwelcome—I dare say in the counties generally where they saw nothing, it was expected that Mr. L. would be turned out, and I have no doubt the people would have been pleased at it—but to those who were here on the spot it was easily seen how the thing was going. There was no fixed principle to go by—except some particular partizans, all the members seemed careless and indifferent about it, strange as it may seem, for in so high an appointment for such a long period, one would suppose that members of the legislature would think seriously upon the question—This gave great opening for tea drinkings, dinners, set and scrap suppers, morning refreshment, drinks cold and hot at night, and such an unceasing display of civility, that it would have won the heart of a stone. You would have been astonished at least to have seen men, not who had been Solomons in council and Sampsons in combat, as Mr. Jefferson said to Mazzie when he was describing some of your old friends, but who had been staunch and firm fellows before, who seemed under the touch of the ——— of this little old metropolis to have lost all their hair—add to that, you have not the least idea of the several persons from a distance who used their best exertions in behalf of Mr. L.—there were but a few of them, but you would stand aghast if you heard some names."

GENERAL JACKSON.

The conduct of this gentleman since the election of Mr. Adams has been dignified and correct in the highest degree and has had a great tendency to increase and create much good feeling toward him. In the following correspondence will be seen a letter from him which displays a very elevated sense of character and really does the old Hero great honor.

PUBLIC DINNER TO GEN. JACKSON.

A number of gentlemen, now in this city, from different parts of the Union wishing to manifest their respect towards General JACKSON, after the decision of the Presidential question, met together for the purpose of offering him a Public Dinner on the occasion. The following notes will explain the object of the Committee, and the delicate and high-minded sense of propriety of the Hero's refusal:

Washington City, 10th Feb 1825.

SIR: A number of your fellow citizens, assembled in this city, from different states in the Union, with the confident expectation of seeing the universal wishes of the nation fulfilled, by your elevation to the Chief Magistracy thereof: Disappointed in that respect, however, they are desirous of testifying their attachment and regard for you, by soliciting the pleasure of your company at a public entertainment to be given at Williamson's Hotel, to morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock. We are, very respectfully, your fellow citizens.

SAM'L SWARTWOUT, of N. Jersey,
JOHN CONRAD, Pennsylvania,
WM. ROBINSON, Virginia,
J. O. HANLON S. Carolina,
Committee.

To Gen. AND'W JACKSON.

General Jackson's Reply.

Gentlemen—I have received your polite invitation, in behalf of yourselves and a number of citizens 'in this city from different states of the Union,' to partake of a public entertainment to morrow. For your politeness, pray accept my thanks. I cannot decline, and ought not; yet I cannot refrain from suggesting to you and my friends the propriety, perhaps necessity of forbearing to confer upon me, at this moment, any such prominent mark of your regard. You cannot, I am persuaded, mistake my meaning.—A decision of a matter, about which much public feeling and concern has been manifest, very lately has taken place. Any evidence of kindness and regard, such as you propose, might, by many, be viewed as conveying with it exception, murmuring and feelings of complaint; which I sincerely hope belong not to any of my friends. I would, therefore, beg leave to suggest to you, that on reflection, you may deem it proper to forbear any course to which, possibly, exception might be taken.

Please to accept my thanks, and tender them to the gentlemen respectively.

ANDREW JACKSON.

To Messrs. S. Swartwout, J. Conrad, Wm. Robinson, J. O. Hanlon. } Committee.

10th February, 1825.

The following letter, addressed by Mr. CLAY to Judge BROOKE, of Virginia, is copied from the Richmond Enquirer, to which print it was communicated, no doubt, by the latter gentleman.

Washington, 23th Jan. 1825.

MY DEAR SIR: My position, in regard to the Presidential contest, is highly critical, and such as to leave me no path on which I can move, without censure. I have pursued, in regard to it, the rule which I always observe in the discharge of my public duty. I have interrogated my conscience as to what I ought to do, and that faithful guide tells me that I ought to vote for Mr. Adams. I shall fulfill its injunctions. Mr. Crawford's state of health, and the circumstances under which he presents himself to the house, appear to me to be conclusive against him. As a friend of liberty, and to the permanence of our institutions, I cannot consent, in this early stage of their existence, by contributing to the election of a military chieftain, to give the strongest guarantee that this Republic will march in the fatal road which has conducted every other republic to ruin. I owe to our friendship this frank exposition of my intentions—I am, and shall continue to be, assailed by all the abuse which partizan zeal, malignity and rivalry, can invent. I shall view, without emotion, these effusions of malice, and remain unshaken in my purpose. What is a public man worth if he will not expose himself, on fit occasions, for the good of his country?

As to the result of the election, I cannot speak with absolute certainty; but there is every reason to believe that we shall avoid the dangerous precedent to which I allude.

Be pleased to give my respects to Mr. ———, and believe me, always,

Your Cordial Friend,
H. CLAY.

The Hon. F. BROOKE.

From the Maryland Republican.

The Revenue Bills, have occupied the House of Delegates for some days past. The fate of the proposition from the committee of ways and means to repeal the tax on certain offices, was as stated in our last, referred, (rejected.) Another bill proposed by the same committee for reducing the sum payable for the inspection of tobacco at the public warehouses in the city of Baltimore, occasioned a very animated debate on Friday and Saturday, in which Mr. Maxcy, and Mr. Duvall advocated the bill, and Mr. M'Mahon, Mr. Howard, and Mr. Wootton opposed it. It is probable the grounds of the argument may hereafter be given. The bill like that effecting the clerks and registers, was finally referred by a large majority. The bill laying a direct tax, was next called up.

MR. STEELE moved to recommit the bill, to the committee, with instructions to report a bill, providing a sum of the same amount levied last session, $60,000. The present bill had reduced the sum to be raised one third, say to $40,000.

MR. MAXCY remarked that as the house by its last vote, had determined to retain the price upon tobacco inspection, and by their former vote, respecting the clerks, evidenced a design of replenishing the treasury for the purpose of being able to appropriate to public improvements, he should not oppose the motion to recommit.

MR. WORTHINGTON opposed the motion, and advocated the reduction of the direct tax.

The motion to recommit, failed by a large majority.

After some conversation, respecting the rate or rule observed in appropriating the tax between the counties, which was the same as that of last year, the bill was passed.

The following are the sums to be levied.

St. Mary's county,	$1124	
Kent,	1199	33 1-3
Anne Arundel,	2790	
Calvert,	635	33 1-3
Charles,	1917	33 1-3
Baltimore,	10306	
Talbot,	1177	33 1-3
Somerset,	1576	
Dorchester,	1567	33 1-3
Cecil,	1692	66 2-3
Prince George's,	2187	33 1-3
Queen Ann's,	1691	33 1-3
Worcester,	1396	66 2-3
Frederick,	4531	33 1-3
Harford,	1522	
Caroline,	640	
Washington,	2439	33 1-3
Montgomery,	1453	33 1-3
Allegany,	674	66 2-3

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.

Despatches from Spain—Mr. Appleton, Secretary of the American Legation to Spain, arrived in this city last evening, in the Florida, with despatches from Madrid, with which he proceeded for the seat of government this morning.

The last mail from the East, announced the death of the worthy patriot and public servant *William Eustis*, Governor of Massachusetts.

The New York National Advocate announces the death of the Right Rev. *John Connolly*., Catholic Bishop, of the diocess of New York. His death was occasioned by a cold, taken while in the discharge of his duty.

MR. KREMER.—This gentleman, it seems, notwithstanding his avowal, in the House, of his readiness to meet a committee of investigation, and of his ability to establish the truth of the charges against Mr. Clay, contained in the letter referred to in the Speaker's appeal to the House, refuses to acknowledge the authority of the Committee to question him, or to appear before them! The most abject apology that could be made could hardly be regarded as stronger evidence of the calumny of the charges, than this tacit acknowledgment of Mr. Kremer that he is unable to support them.

Nat. Journal.

We have reason to believe there is no truth in the report, received at New-York, from England, of the intention of the King of Spain to demand of the United States a recal of their recognition of the Independence of several of the South American States, under pain, in case of refusal, of revoking the cession of the Floridas.—[*ib.*

MOVEMENTS OF THE INDIANS.

It appears from letters just received from the Superintendant of Indian affairs, at St. Louis, that a great council of the Cherokees, Delawares, Shawanees, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws, and Peorias, residing west of the Mississippi, has been held; at which it was agreed to receive their Red Brethren from the east, and to invite them to come among them as soon as possible. The subject has been in agitation for about two years; meanwhile, wampum has been exchanged in great abundance between the tribes east and west of the Mississippi, until, at last, the object of both has been agreed upon, and a deputation is now on its way to Washington, led by Col. P. Menard, to conclude an arrangement with the President of the United States for the removal of those Indians residing on the east of the Mississippi. If the arrangement is made, it is not unlikely but it may embrace the tribes in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, except the Ottawas, and a few others, whom it is probable, would prefer to join their friends west of Lake Michigan.

Those Indians consider the step they have taken a very important one to them; and look upon its completion as essential to their prosperity and happiness. They were very agreeably surprised on learning what the President had said on the subject in his message to Congress, at the opening of the session:—'Our Great Father,' said they to Gen. Clarke, 'must have been inspired by the Great Spirit, or have studied well our miserable situation, with a view to our future happiness, to have enabled him to speak to the great council so exactly in agreement with the wishes of the Indians, as he has in his talk to Congress.'

Thus it would seem a movement is begun upon the plan now before Congress, for bettering the condition of our Indians, by *Indians themselves.*—This certainly augurs favorably to its ultimate completion. There can be little doubt, from the nature of the plan, and its beneficial tendency upon the Indians, but they will embrace it just in proportion as they may be enlightened to perceive its natural and happy effects upon their race.

Nat. Journal, 8th inst.

DARING ROBBERY.

On Tuesday the 8th inst. a little before two o'clock, two fellows entered the Broker's Office of Mr. Alexander Benson, in Third street, a few doors south of Market, and committed a robbery of almost unparalleled audacity. Different versions of the affair, are given in the morning papers. We have been at some pains to ascertain the particulars, which were substantially as follows.

Soon after the men entered, one of them asked Mr. Benson to give him a ten dollar note in exchange for ten dollars in silver. Mr. Benson counted the money and found that there was but nine and a half. The man put his hand into his pocket as if to draw out another half dollar and Mr. Benson turned round to get the ten dollar note. At this moment he received a blow on the side of his head, and fell senseless on the floor. On recovering he found the fellow who struck the blow standing over him, and his own hat filled with money. This he pushed under the counter.

Just at this instant Mr. Lamb, the president of the Mechanics' Bank entered the office, and was saluted by the villain with a blow on the side of the head. Mr. Lamb staggered, but did not fall. Then he attempted to seize the villain, but the latter seized a dirk, picked up his hat in which he had put a quantity of money, and escaped.

The fellow who stood over Mr Benson, Mr. Lamb mistook for a clerk in the office, and, in the confusion of the moment, he escaped also.—Both fled up Elbow Lane, and, though the alarm was immediately given, were not overtaken by them.

The money stolen consisted of $3000 in New Hope notes and about 2000 dollars in current notes of different banks. The New Hope notes are all registered, in the name of Mr. Benson, at the Bank, and will, it is hoped, lead to a detection of the scoundrels.

The bludgeon, with which Mr. Benson was struck, was wrapped up in a handkerchief, which has on inspection, been pronounced a "*New York Handkerchief.*" It is deposited at the Mayor's Office.

The villains had no doubt been watching for a suitable opportunity to commit the robbery, choosing that time of day when the neighbours were absent at dinner, and the moment that Mr. Benson was left alone in the office, having despatched his assistants on different errands.—*Phil. Gaz.*

PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE ON REASONABLE TERMS.

From the Raleigh (N. C.) Register, Feb. 4.

This moment is thy own—the next is in the womb of futurity.—Every day's occurrences test the truth of this aphorism, & a melancholy illustration of it occurred a few days since. An aged venerable couple, whose children had emigrated from Ireland to this country, stimulated by that feeling which nature has implanted within every parent's breast, spite of poverty and age, left their native soil to visit their only surviving child, who is engaged as we understand, in a thriving business at New York.

Two of their sons died in their adopted country's cause—one under General Brown, the other under General Winchester. The snows of more than *eighty* winters had frosted the locks of each, but animated with the desire of seeing their child, they determined to visit New York—but in their eagerness to come, or from want of geographical knowledge, they sailed for New Orleans. They suffered much from the climate and their indigence, but through the kindness of individuals, they arrived a few days since as far as this place, in prosecution of their intended journey.

Sympathy is the product of every soil, and here they were furnished with the means to reach Warrenton. *There*, kindness again alleviated their destitute condition, and they left Warrenton in comfort with letters to another good Samaritan, who is ever willing to pour the balm of consolation into the wounds of suffering humanity. For some miles before the stage reached Maj. Gholson's the old Lady appeared much exhausted, and had rested against her husband. When the stage stopped, *life was extinct*, and so merciful had been the dispensation, that neither groan nor motion had indicated the awful moment!

The unfortunate survivor is named Montgomery, and the brave General of that name, who fell at Quebec, was his paternal cousin.

From the Connecticut Mirror.

NO NEWS.—Let any man look at the papers or out of the window, and see for himself whether any thing is going forward in this part of the world which can be fairly denominated news. The Congress of the United States—the Legislatures of New York and Massachusetts, and half a dozen other solemn and dignified bodies, are now in session, and we have gleaned from the resolves, speeches and resolutions, all we could, with the hope that our selections may be instructive and worth reading: but such hope is feeble, and they who look out from the window, see only the little school-going girls and boys slip up and tumble down on that mixture of rain and snow and ice, which the learned call *splosh*, and conclude with the Almanack that it is falling weather about these days. You may see, perhaps, a smoke and a blaze from a neighboring house, that bids fair to furnish a paragraph, but on going out with your bucket or your bellows, it turns out that some discreet and prudent person has taken advantage of the rain to burn a chimney. A noise is heard in the streets, but no stage is run away with; no body is run over; no neck is broken; no damage is done; it's but the avalanche of snow from the roof of a building, that hits no passer-by. A horn blows and a mail comes in, and down we go to the Post Office—get an armful of papers with—no news in them.

MARRIED

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Rawleigh, Mr. *Andrew Gheszm*, to Miss *Mary Corken*, all of Dorchester county.

——— On Thursday evening, 10th inst. by the Rev. John Lee, Mr. *Charles Adams* of Greensborough Caroline county, to Miss *Julia Ann*, eldest daughter of Mr. Samuel Keene, of Queen Ann's County.

——— On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Bayne, Mr. *James M. Lambdin*, to Miss *Ann Emily*, eldest daughter of Freburn Banning, Esq all of this county.

COMMUNICATED.

OBITUARY.

Died in this county, on Tuesday the 15th inst. in the 27th year of her age, Mrs. *Mary Ferguson*, consort of Mr. William Ferguson. In the death of this amiable woman, a husband has to deplore the loss of an endearing and affectionate wife, a mother of a dutiful child, and society at large of a useful member—she was for a long time a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and died triumphant in the faith of our Lord Jesus Christ.

"Rejoice for a sister deceased,
Our loss is her infinite gain;
A soul out of prison released,
And freed from its bodily chain."

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We have received a communication from "Kingston, Somerset county," requesting us to give a place to a complimentary account of a late very splendid Ball, said to have been given by a young Lady. As no name accompanies the request, and we do not know the hand-writing, there is nothing for our confidence to rest on—for fear, therefore, that we might offend, we forbear to publish.

Both strictures and compliment must be accompanied by a name—our columns are open to every thing that can instruct or amuse, but we must be sure that we do not offend the delicacy of others, particularly that of ladies. If any gentleman will give us assurance that we are acting right, we will with pleasure give insertion to the notice of this brilliant evening.

"Extract from the Diary of an old Bachelor." "G." and "P." are received and shall have a place in our next.

EMPEROR

THE IMPORTED HUNTER will be here again by the 20th of March, and offered on the same terms as formerly. This fine Animal has been obtained for the next season only, and those who are desirous of breeding from him will apply to the subscriber—

NS. GOLDSBOROUGH.

Otwell, Feb 19 3w

A Military Ball

Will be held at Mr. Lowe's Assembly Room, on Tuesday evening the 22d inst. in commemoration of the illustrious Washington.

Gentlemen of this, and the adjacent counties are respectfully requested to attend.

Feb 12

BIRTH NIGHT BALL.

A MILITARY BALL will be held at the Assembly Rooms in Chestertown, on TUESDAY, the 22d February instant.—In commemoration of that Anniversary.

Chestertown, Feb 5 3w



Attention!

The "*Easton Sharp-Shooters*" will meet at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Tuesday the 22d inst. at the Court House in Easton, in full uniform—It is expected that each member will provide himself with nine rounds of blank cartridges.

By order,
T. P. APPLEGARTH, O. S.

Feb. 18 1w

EASTON AND BALTIMORE



Packet.

THE SCHOONER MARIA.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Talbot and the adjacent counties that he has purchased the schooner MARIA, and intends running her as a regular Packet, from Easton Point, Talbot county, once a week, to Baltimore, commencing on Saturday the 19th inst. leaving Baltimore every Tuesday, and Easton Point every Saturday morning at 12 o'clock—The above vessel is now in complete order for the reception of grain or freight of any kind—she will also carry passengers to or from Baltimore.

From the subscriber's knowledge of the Mercantile business, having been engaged in it for many years in Easton—and his acquaintance with the quality and price of almost every article that may be ordered for this market, he flatters himself that the public will find it to their advantage to favour him with a share of their patronage, and assures them that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to give general satisfaction—The Schooner will be commanded by his brother, *Henry Tomlinson*, who is well acquainted with the business and orders left with him or at the Drug Store of Thomas H. Dawson, in Easton, in the absence of the subscriber, will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

The public's obedient servant,
JOHN TOMLINSON.

Feb 19

WANTED TO PURCHASE, OR HIRE, *FOR THE PRESENT YEAR.*

A NEGRO MAN of *good Character* who understands the management of Horses, and driving them in a Cart, &c. Enquire of the Editor.

Feb 19 3w

For Sale,

The fine JACK that got the first premium at Easton last fall, he is four years old, and in fine order—enquire at this office, or of the subscriber near Centreville, Queen Ann's county.

TOBIAS BURKE.

Feb 19 3w

For Sale,

The fine full-blooded Stallion, VOLUNTEER, his sire the celebrated running Horse, First Consul, he is remarkable for his fine temper and is a first rate saddle horse—apply at this office, or to the subscriber near Wye Mill, Queen Ann's county.

THOMAS HEMSLEY.

Feb. 19 3w

Scent out the Rogue.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

I will give a reward of *ten dollars* to any person who will bring me, or let me know where I can find, a valuable Pocket Pistol with rifle bore, which I was so unfortunate as to lose or rather to be plundered of, at the races which took place at Mr. Ennals Martin's in September last.—The pistol alluded to I lent to a friend of mine, Mr. Jacob Richardson, who was going in pursuit of a horse that had been stolen from him, and wished to be provided with fire-arms in case the thief should offer resistance.—In the course of a quarrel which happened shortly after in Mr. Martin's house, it was forced from him by Mr. Richard Darden, who threw it on the floor, and who says he does not know what became of it afterwards, which way it went I was then unable to discover—It was generally supposed, by persons who were present that some *very honest* person from Caroline had carried it off—but I have since been credibly informed that it was seen in the possession of a certain Mr. Hicks of Dorchester—and that he offered it to an intimate acquaintance of mine who refused to receive it in the condition in which it then was, besmeared with blood of hands and noses of the recent scuffle.—What 'Mr. Hicks' did with it afterwards, I am left wholly to conjecture, as he has not condescended to inform me—but what he *ought* to have done, I presume him too well acquainted with the ten commandments and the laws of Honesty to be ignorant. Be that as it may, and be the pistol in possession of whom it will, I have only to say, that the man, whoever he is, that detains it from the rightful owner, is in my humble opinion, no better than a rogue, a villain, and if I were to add a thief and highwayman, I believe my conscience would acquit me of saying too much. I have been thus particular in giving an account of the manner in which I lost it, to enable those who may think the above reward worthy of their attention, to trace it the more easily to the *very worthy and honorable* person who now detains it in his possession.

JOHN L. ELBERT.

Feb 19 1w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Somerset county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Worcester county, in the state of Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of George Hayward, late of Worcester county deceased—All persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers to the subscriber on or before the first day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 14th day of February, 1825.

JAMES STEWART, Adm'r.

Feb 19 3w

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