Easton Gazette.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 21.

The session of the Court this week, in which we have been daily obliged to attend as Grand Juror, must be our apology for any seeming negligence or want of attention in our paper of to-day.—Nothing of importance has been brought before their honours at this time, and the only thing worthy of notice, is the excellent charge delivered by the Chief Justice Earle to the Jury, at the commencement of the session, which was replete with strong and clear legal expositions, and sentiment highly calculated to improve the social state of society. We regret that a copy of it could not be obtained for publication, as requested of his honour by the unanimous petition of the Grand Jury—but motives of delicacy have prevented it.

There will be a meeting of the Executive Council on the first Monday in June next.

[Communication.]

Is this the era of good feelings in Maryland or are we ever to expect such a glorious state of things among us, under any circumstances. It has been said that the prejudices of party have subsided; we believe this to be true, as regards a large portion of the thinking and discreet part of the community—But it appears, that some men, to what cause soever they may ascribe their elevation, are forgetful of their duties, and will do acts which produce confusion and trouble in society.—Look at the recent appointment by the Governor of Maryland!!! A worthy citizen, who is the oldest officer in the 12th Brigade, is passed over with contempt, and a gentleman placed in the command, who was never in the line of promotion—who was always an officer of the staff To what cause can this be attributed? In these peaceful times, when old party feelings are hushed, and splendid services performed in war cannot be given as a reason for the elevation of an individual, over the heads of so many officers of the line—the inference is almost irresistible, that the person entitled by grade to promotion, is unworthy, and of course too, all those who are properly in the line of promotion.—Is the Governor of Maryland prepared to say this, or any of his friends for him; or upon what grounds do they rest his defence, in making this appointment—because there has been a strange departure from the ordinary rule observed on such occasions.

When party strife has subsided, does it follow of course, that the acts of the executive, how improper soever they may be, shall pass by without notice or reprehension. Have we arrived to this state of apathy, and utter inattention to public men and matters? I have been looking for some time, to see some strictures on this subject, but in vain—"can such things be, and pass unnoticed like a summer's cloud."—There is no wish or intention to excite party feeling about this affair, but there is something very extraordinary in the whole proceeding. Conjectures have been various—by many it has been supposed, that the present Brigadier General will be a mere *locum tenens*, to hold on, till his Excellency's period of service expires —Then follows the resignation, with the expectation, that he who now holds the double command of Lieut. Colonel of the 4th Reg. M. M. and Commander-in-Chief of the forces of the state—a strange anomaly—may retire with the title and grade of General of the 12th Brigade. The ambition of the one, might authorise such a conjecture—but can a grave and honourable Senator of the State, permit himself to be used in this way? much might be said on this subject, it is touched but lightly and respectfully. The Governor holds his office partly by the votes of his old opponents, of whom the person passed by on this occasion is one—this, therefore, is not the era of good feelings in Maryland, judging from the above.

DORSET.

COMMUNICATED.

A Tribute to the Horse, the noblest animal of creation.—Give him in his food, of alum, allum salt and salt petre, pulverised in equal quantities, once every eight days, a table spoon-full.

ARRATOR.

The Editor of the Norwalk Gazette offers a premium of a year's paper for the best written Dunning Address to his delinquent customers, which shall be received within one month, and be judged to answer the purpose.

Counterfeit three dollar notes purporting to be of the Bank of Delaware, are in circulation. The paper of the Counterfeit is whiter and thicker than the genuine bill, and such as have appeared here are filled to J. Erskine. The names of the engravers, Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co. at the bottom of the note in the spurious Bill, is bolder and whiter than it is on the genuine note.

The amalgamation of parties is about to be rendered complete, and, we hope, permanent, in Massachusetts. The committees of Boston, and the principal towns, are appointed indiscriminately from both of the old parties, and their candidates for office taken in equal numbers from among those who in times past have contended in the opposite political ranks.

AD VALOREM.—Neither the dead nor the living appear to be exempted from duty in England. During a late debate in Parliament, Mr. Huskisson stated that a friend of his, had imported a Mummy 3000 years old: [that is, as near as they could *guess*.] The Custom House people could not call it *a raw material*, so, after much debating, they voted it *a manufactured article*. (*Loud laughter.*) It was valued at 400*l.* and the duty on it as a manufactured article, being 50 per cent, his friend had to pay 200*l.* upon entering his mummy.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.

FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon, about two o'clock, a fire originated in the Comb Manufactory of Mr. Thaddeus Williams, situated in Third between Brown street, and Poplar Lane in the Northern Liberties, and before its progress could be arrested 4 two story brick houses, and 11 or 12 frame buildings occupied as dwellings and work-shops were totally destroyed, and four brick houses partially burnt.

The principal sufferers are Thaddeus Williams, George Kensell, widow Benner, widow Sullender and widow Showaker.—There are other persons who met with considerable losses, but we could not ascertain the particulars.

We learn with regret, that three persons fell from a roof—one of whom expired during the afternoon, and the other two were severely injured.

NATIVE COPPER.—A quantity of Native Copper, of a very pure quality, has been found on Staten Island.

IRON ORE.—We learn by the Union County Times (Pa.) that very extensive beds of Iron ore, have been discovered on the farm of Mr. John Heister of Hartley Township, in that county; it is the *genuine lump ore*, so highly esteemed by manufacturers.

These mines are inexhaustible and within 3 feet of the surface, a circumstance which contributes much to convenience and profit in working.

DEATH OF McINTOSH.

CREEK INDIANS.—A postcript to the Milledgeville (Geo.) Recorder of the 3d inst. says—"We stop the press to announce the distressing intelligence of the murder of the Indian Chief Gen *William McIntosh*, and the Chief of Cowetau, *Tustunnuggee Tomme*, which was brought to the Governor's yesterday evening by Chilly McIntosh, the General's son, and five Chiefs of the Nation, who made their escape from the Massacre. The mischief was perpetrated last Saturday by a large body of Indians, supposed to be 400, who attacked Gen. McIntosh in his own house, on the very day he had appointed to set off at the head of a mission to explore the country west of the Mississippi for the future residence of the Nation. There is too much reason to fear, that *white men* were the instigators of this horrid butchery.

WASHINGTON, May 16.

There arrived at Georgetown, last week, from Ohio, nine wagon loads of Tobacco, each wagon carrying three hogsheads. Some of the Tabacco was condemned by the Inspector on account of its being put up in too high a state, but even in that state, twenty-five dollars per cwt. was refused for it, and it has been taken to the country for re-handling and re-packing, when it will bring 28 or 30 dollars, being the price given for that which passed inspection.

Nat. Intel.

PENNSYLVANIA TOBACCO.—Segars made of Tobacco raised on the farm of Mr. M. Brenneman, of Lancaster county, in this state, have been exhibited, and are said to be equal in flavor and taste to the best Havana segars. Many of our farmers are turning their attention to the culture of this plant, the proceeds of which to the southern planters is immense.

U. S. Gaz.

The National Intelligencer says that information received at Washington, makes it possible, if not probable, that the murderer of Evelina Cunningham has been apprehended, and is now in prison. A letter from a gentleman at Havre de Grace, to the Mayor of Georgetown, states that Mr. Stebbins had just returned from Harper's Ferry, whither he had gone to examine a man taken up on suspicion of being the murderer, and that he says the prisoner is the same man whom he described as having been coming out of the woods where the shocking act was perpetrated.—*Balt. Amer.*

We understand that there has been a general *turn-out* for higher wages among the journey men cabinet makers in Baltimore—and that in some instances the jobs in hand were left in an unfinished state in the workshops. The increase of wages demanded, we learn, is twenty five per cent on the existing prices.

ib.

The cause, says the Baltimore American, why the invasion of Cuba has been so long delayed we believe to be this: a Congress is to be held at Panama, in October, consisting of delegates from the several republics of South America and from Mexico, to discuss and decide a number of important measures essential to their safety, and amongst others, the future destiny of Cuba. This is the reason, it is supposed, why St. Anna did not prosecute his designs on the island, in pursuance of the terms of his proclamation. Mexico probably did not wish to excite the jealousy of her sister republics by taking exclusive possession of Cuba, without consulting them, and therefore St Anna is ordered to await the decision of the Congress on this point.

CASH PLENTY!

From the Newark Centinel of Monday.

MORRIS CANAL.—It would appear that we underrated the amount said to be subscribed to the stock of the Morris Canal; at least, it would thus appear from an article in the last number of the Morristown Palladium. This paper in noticing the subject says—"One million only is required, and we have good authority in stating, that the subscriptions amounted to *fourteen millions*, inclosed in *one thousand and one hundred letters*." As Morristown is the residence of one of the Commissioners, and one who was originally an active projector of the Canal, we presume the foregoing information may be relied on; and that Mr Mann's statement is predicated on "good authority."

But who has succeeded in obtaining stock? is a question that is very frequently asked. We are unable to answer the question. We believe however the *Newarkers* had *poor luck*, as the fishermen say. Many subscribed—and some very liberally; but as far as we have heard, all, or nearly all, have had their labour for their pains. Those who have their subscription money returned, will be sure they have no stock—and this will be done in a very few days.

COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Statement of the Commerce of each State and Territory commencing on the 1st October, 1823, and ending on the 30th Sept. 1824.

STATES.	Total value of Imports.	Total value of Exports.
1 Maine	768,613	900.195
2 New-Hampshire	245,513	185,383
3 Massachusetts	15,378,758	10,434,328
4 Vermont	161,854	208,258
5 Rhode-Island	1,388,336	872,899
6 Connecticut	581,510	575,852
7 New-York	36,113,723	22,897,154
8 New-Jersey	637,518	28,989
9 Pennsylvania	11,865,531	9,364,893
10 Delaware	12,080	18,964
11 Maryland	4,551,642	4,863,234
12 District of Columbia	379,958	622,405
13 Virginia	639,787	3,277,564
14 North-Carolina	465,876	588,733
15 South-Carolina	2,166,185	803,482
16 Georgia	551,888	4,623,932
17 Louisiana	4,539,769	7,928,820
18 Alabama	91,694	460,727
18 Ohio		
20 Michigan Territory	1,886	
21 Florida Territory	6,886	216
Total	80,549,007	75,986,657

MR. CLAY left Washington on Saturday, for his late residence in Kentucky. We understand that he expects to be detained for several weeks by the necessary domestic arrangements for the removal of his family to the city. The duties which have devolved upon Mr. Clay since his appointment, to the State Department, have been peculiarly arduous. The organization of a new administration, and the necessity of despatching an unusual number of Ministers and other public agents, all of whom were to be especially instructed in the views of our government in relation to several new & important questions of policy, have thrown upon Mr. Clay a labour which few Secretaries have had to encounter in so short a period after their appointment. He has been truly indefatigable in the execution of his task, having been severely occupied for twelve or fourteen hours almost every day. The mental and bodily fatigue consequent upon such unremitting attention to his official duties, and the necessary confinement to which he has been so little accustomed, have rendered this journey to the West almost essential to his health. We sincerely hope that the air of his native mountains, and the agreeable society of the numerous friends, who are anxiously expecting to shake him by the hand, will give him new vigour, and that he may return to us renovated in mind and body.—*Journal.*

The Chesapeake and Delaware Canal is a scene of great activity and diligence. It is excavated by sections on private contracts with the general overseer—a *job* comprehending usually a quarter of a mile in length and twelve feet deep —Near the Buck tavern is the *deep cut*. Through the apex of the hill which rises gradually from both waters. Its depth there is to be seventy feet, and the width on the surface about two hundred feet—the regular width of the canal is forty feet.—Near the Buck, a bridge is to be erected on twenty-feet abutments rising from the banks, the centre of the arch being seventy feet from the bank and ninety from the water: it is built thus high to permit the passage of vessels under it without the inconvenience of a drawbridge. At this place the delvers are engaged in digging a small canal through the middle of the excavation, to introduce sufficient water from St. George's creek to admit boats to convey away the dirt to fill up the marshes, &c. The dirt is now heaped on the bank at a sufficient distance from the water bed, to leave room for a wide tow-path. The work proceeds regularly and constantly. Empty teams continually take the place of those which go off with their loads, and by means of copper tokens given to each driver as he takes away a load, the precise number is ascertained by the overseer. The men are summoned to meals and work by a bell, which must be punctually obeyed or a forfeiture is incurred. The workmen live in companies of fifteen and twenty in *Shantees*—frame buildings along the canal, provided with a cook, or board in more private houses, erected for the purpose. It is difficult to understand the magnitude of the undertaking without personal inspection. The huge chasm at the Buck astonishes the spectator, although not one-third of the intended depth has been dug Marine substances have been thrown up from the depth of twenty and thirty feet, and lately a common *key* was found imbedded at that distance.

Freeman's Journal.

EMIGRATION TO HAYTI.

A friend has put into our hands a file of Port au Prince Papers to the 17th ult. inclusive. In one of them we find an official publication dated the 12th of April, which states that after the 15th of June next, the government will not pay any expenses whatever for the passages, &c of emigrants of which all owners and masters of vessels are desired to take particular notice.

The Societies established in this country to promote the cause of emigration to Hayti, are also informed by this publication that the government will not after the above mentioned date, allow any sum to assist in the transportation of emigrants who may wish to come to Hayti. They will only hereafter be allowed four months rations and pieces of land, of which they shall have the exclusive right after paying the proper value.

These measures have been adopted by the government in consequence, as is said, of the base speculations which have been carried on not only by some of the emigrants themselves, but also by foreign agents of vessels.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

A few days since Mr. John Neame, of Bushiet, in the parish of Norton; tried the experiment of strewing turnip tops on a piece of wheat of nine acres, infected with the grub; on examination the following morning, as many as 150 of this destructive vermin were found on one top, and the whole quantity collected in this manner measured three bushels and a half; the experiment was continued, but a considerable decrease was the result; thus proving the beneficial effects of this simple discovery, but for which it is thought the piece of wheat in question would have been totally destroyed.

[*English paper.*

NAVAL.—We copy the following from the Norfolk Beacon of yesterday.

Copy of the finding and sentence of the Naval General Court Martial held on board the U. S. ship North Carolina, 74, in the case of Midshipman Alexander Van Dyke, February, 1825, together with the decision of the President of the United States.

The Judge Advocate having read the entire proceedings in the case of Midshipman Alexander Van Dyke, and the Court having carefully and deliberately weighed and considered the testimony in support of the charges and that adduced by the accused, and his defence, find the specification of the first charge *not proved*, and the prisoner *not guilty* of said charge. The Court find the specification of 2d charge *proved in part*, and the prisoner *guilty* of the charge of disrespect to his superior officer.

And the Court find the specification of 3d charge *not proved* and the prisoner *not guilty* of 3d charge.

The Court find the specification of fourth charge *proved* with the exception of the word "*maliciously*," and that the prisoner is *guilty* of the said charge of "conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman," and that the charge falls upon a part of the 3d article for the better government of the Navy, passed April 22d, 1800.

And to adjudge the said Midshipman Alexander Van Dyke to be dismissed from the naval service of the United States.

DANL'L T. PATTERSON, Pres't.
ROB'T S. BROOKE, Judge Advocate.

The finding of the Court under the first and third charges is *approved*. The finding under the second and fourth charges is *not approved*.

The specification of the charge of disrespect to his superior officer alleged, is the writing of a letter to the Secretary of the Navy, requesting to be removed from the ship, without consulting his superior officer. The only evidence given of the fact was, the acknowledgement, reluctantly drawn from Midshipman Van Dyke himself; neither the letter, nor any evidence that it had been sent to the Secretary, was before the Court, although the production of the letter was demanded by the accused. The same is to be observed of the *order* from the Navy Department, the disobedience to which constituted the alleged disrespect to his superior officer, stated in the specification. Neither the order, nor its specific purport nor the fact that its existence was known to the accused, were in evidence before the Court.

In the judicial administration of all criminal law, it is a rule, that every penal sentence must rest upon the coincidence of the allegations with the proofs of the charge. The specification of the fourth charge in this case is, that the accused *falsely and maliciously* represented to some officers or other persons, at Point Comfort, that his commanding officer had collared a Lieutenant, or that it was currently reported on board the North Carolina, that he had collared a Sailing Master and cursed a Midshipman. The Court expressly exclude the word "*maliciously*" from their finding, and it was in full evidence before them, that the report which the accused is charged with having asserted at Point Comfort to have been in circulation on board the North Carolina, had, whether correctly or not, been so in circulation —The *falsehood* and *malice*, alleged in the specification, are both excluded from the charge as proved; the falsehood, by the evidence before the Court; the malice, by the finding of the Court, and with them disappears all the penal matter of the charge. The facts were *not proved* as alleged, and the sentence of the Court is therefore *disapproved*. This decision is not intended to convey the opinion that the conduct of Midshipman Van Dyke was correct. The avowal that he had written to the Secretary of the Navy and to Members of Congress, with a view to be removed from the ship, made apparently in a spirit of defiance, was disrespectful to the commanding officer, and although not sufficiently aggravated for dismission from the service, deserves to be severely reproved. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, May 13.

Wheat, white $1 15—Red do. 1 08 a 1 10 —Corn 39 a 40 cents per bushel.—*Farmer.*

Died in this town, this morning, after a short illness, Mr. *John Sawyer.*

Masonic Notice.

In offering the last tribute of respect to the memory of our deceased Brother, GEORGE A. SMITH, he will be buried by the honours of Masonry, agreeably to the ancient forms and ceremonies of the fraternity, at Denton, on Sunday the 12th day of June next, to which the Masonic family are invited to attend upon the level, with white aprons and gloves—the funeral oration it is expected will be delivered by the Rev. Brother Rawleigh, at 11 o'clock.

By order,
TILGHMAN JOHNSON, Sec'y.
of Washington Lodge, No 59.

May 21

Masonic Notice.

There will be a celebration of the anniversary of St. John on the 24th of June next, by Cambridge Lodge No. 66, in Cambridge, Dorchester county. An oration illustrative of the principles of Masonry, will be delivered by a member of the lodge. The Fraternity are invited to attend.

E. RICHARDSON,
N. G. ECCLESTON, } *Committee.*
WM. V. MURRAY.

May 14.

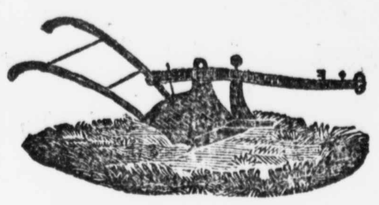
AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will meet at the residence of Gov. Stevens on THURSDAY the 26th inst at 10. o'clock A. M.

By order,
SAMPL. T. KENNARD, Sec'ry.

May 21 2w

Self-Sharpening



PLOUGH.

The Subscribers have made arrangements for procuring from Philadelphia, 100 sets of castings for the Self-Sharpening Plough, of the smaller size, suitable for the ordinary cultivation of corn and seeding wheat. These castings will be from a new Foundery, erected for the express purpose, and the metal of the best Albany composition—The sockets will be made larger, longer and thicker, and the point supported by the coulter in such manner as to render them able to stand the shock of stumps, roots or rocks, as effectually as any other plough of their weight in use. The ploughs Nos. 2 and 3, sold from the first sets of castings, heretofore advertised, have been found to work well, break the ground effectually and to require less horse power than any other plough of their weight, but the No. 2 owing to a defect in the metal, will not stand the shock of stumps or roots—of No. 3 (several of which have been in operation for some months) we have had no complaint of breaking —We have just received 48 wings and points which will be furnished gratis to those who have or shall purchase the Self-sharpening Plough to make good any breakage.

As the season for ploughing fallow is approaching and the subscribers are anxious to dispose of the remainder of their ploughs have determined to reduce the price to $10 for No. 3 and $8 for No. 2—At these prices they will be the cheapest ploughs of their weight ever offered in this market.

EDWD N. HAMBLETON.
JAMES MELONEY.

Easton, May 21, 1825.

MILLINARY.

Mrs. Lucas

Respectfully informs the citizens of Talbot and the adjacent counties, that she has opened a fancy Millinary Store, on Dover second door from Washington street, where she has a handsome assortment of Millinary, of the latest fashions, just received from Philadelphia, which she is disposed to sell on the most accommodating terms. She is also prepared to make or alter Bonnets either of Silk, Satin or Straw, and inform ladies who may have Leghorn or Straw Bonnets, that may be defaced, that she is perfectly acquainted with the art of whitening the same, in such a manner that they would scarcely be discovered by the nicest observers not to be new.

She requests a share of the public patronage, and assures all those who may favour her with their custom, that no pains shall be wanting on her part to give general satisfaction.

Easton, May 21 3w

Cash for Negroes.

The subscriber wishes to purchase thirty or forty young negroes, for which the best prices will be given—Gentlemen having such for sale will find it to their interest to call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern in Easton.

JOHN WYNN.

May21 tf

KENT COUNTY COURT.
IN CHANCERY.

MARCH TERM, 1825.

Hannah Burneston & Titus Maslin vs. Philip T. Maslin and Edwin Maslin. } Ordered that the sale made by Jacob Maslin, Trustee, for the sale of the real estate of Francis Maslin, deceased, and the Report thereof made to this Court by the said Trustee, at September Term, 1824, be, and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary, in this Court, on or before the third Monday in September next; provided a copy of this order shall be published for three successive weeks in the Easton Gazette, before the third Monday in July next.—The Trustee's said Report states that the real estate, consisting of ten acres of land, was sold for the sum of three hundred and thirty two dollars.

RICHARD T. EARLE,
LEMUEL PURNELL,
ROBERT WRIGHT.

(A True Copy,)
THOS. WORRELL, Clk.

March 30th, 1825.—(May 21 3w)

MARYLAND:
Talbot County Orphans' Court,
April Term, A. D. 1825.

On application of Wilson Dukes, Administrator of Aaron Dukes, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 13th day of May in the year of our Lord 1825.

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters of administration, on the personal estate of Aaron Dukes, late of Talbot county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 22d day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate Given under my hand this 13th day of May, 1825.

WILSON DUKES, Adm'r.
of Aaron Dukes, dec'd.

May 21 3w

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