sians are formed in order about Tripolizza, the confines of Calavrita, Caritena, Argos, and Agiopetron. The largest force is that of Vervena, under the command of Theodore Colocotroni, which amounts to from 6,000 to 7,000 men. Every day different combats take place, in which, as well as the skirmishes and ambuscades, the enemy is considerably weakened. Our troops have begun to follow systematically this sort of warfare, which we think will succeed.

"The Nimble arrived here some days ago, with the instalment of the Loan, and by the Decree, of which we send you herewith a copy, you will perceive to what good uses the government has appropriated that money.

"We have just been informed that Ibrahim Pacha, being in want of provisions and ammunition, has begun, with the greater part of his troops, to move towards the Gulph of Messina, but he has not proceeded by the way, of Dervenia, nor Poliani, but a new way, almost impracticable, where there were not so many of our troops. An obstinate engagement took place which lasted two days, in which he received great injury. When he will have learned the insurrection in Candia, we doubt not but he will be greatly disheartened. (L. S.) Signed "The President, Geo. Cunduriottis, Anagnostis Spiliotakis, Const Mavromichalis Joannes Colettis, the Sec. Gen. A. Mavrocordato."

IMPORTANT TO HATTERS.

Circuit Court of the United States.—A. & G. V. Raymond vs. E. Shelmerdine.

This was an action brought by Allison & Garrett V. Raymond, of Baltimore, against Edward Shelmerdine, of this city, for an alleged violation of an exclusive right to the manufacture of WATER PROOF HATS, vested in the plaintiffs by letters patent of the United States, dated the 7th of February, 1818.

The declaration contained three counts, setting forth under different forms the patent and its infraction, and laying the damages at five thousand dollars.

J. R. Ingersoll, Esq. on behalf of the plaintiffs, opened the case by submitting the patent, briefly referring to its importance and the damages sustained by the plaintiffs, from its violation by the defendant.

D. P. Brown, Esq. as counsel for the defendant, admitted the use of the improvement, the right to which was claimed by the plaintiffs, by the defendant; and rested the defence entirely upon the want of originality in the alleged invention.—The testimony showed clearly that as early as the year 1796, this method of stiffening and rendering hats water proof had been pursued in London, and that the knowledge of it had been derived from some emigrants from France, where it had probably been in use from time immemorial. It was also shown to have been used in various other parts of England between the years 1808 and 1817. It was also known and used at Leipsic in Saxony, in the years 1814, and '15, and it was introduced in Philadelphia as early as the year 1815, but did not become very extensively known until 1817, when Mr. Shelmerdine the defendant used it.

The evidence on the part of the defendant was entirely conclusive in its character, and the plaintiffs agreed to suffer a nonsuit.

Counsel for the Plaintiffs Joseph R. Ingersoll, Charles J. Ingersoll, and Horace Binney, Esquires.

For the defendant, David Paul Brown, and Wm. Rawle, Esquires.—*U. S. Gaz.*

English and French Rivalry.—Upon an occasion when the English, French, and Austrian Ambassadors happened to meet at Venice a discussion arose between the two first, upon which of their countries could produce the most delicate and highly finished piece of workmanship. A wager was laid, and the Austrian Ambassador was requested to act as umpire. The day at length arrived when the productions of England and France were to be produced. The Austrian Envoy gave a dinner, to which he invited not only the competitors, but several persons of the highest distinction to witness the decision of the wager. The Frenchman exhibited a sword, the hilt of which was of such exquisite and delicate workmanship, that all present decided it could not be surpassed, nor were they disposed to alter their opinions, when the Englishman simply produced a very small and fine needle. The specimen was handed round, and a vote in favour of the sword about to be passed, when to the surprise of the whole party, the Englishman unscrewed the top of the needle, and drew from within it another, as completely fashioned and finished, as that which had served it for a case. The wager was ultimately decided in favour of England.

PRICES CURRENT....BALTIMORE, Nov. 14.

FLOUR—Sup. Howard st. per bbl.		$5 37½ a 5 44
" City Mills, superior qual.	"	5 25 a
Do. standard qual.	"	4 87½ a
" Susquehanna,	"	none
Wheat—red, per bush.		70 a 87
white,	"	87 a 100
Corn—white,	"	52 a 53
yellow,	"	54 a 55
Rye, per bush.		54 a 55—*Pat.*

A Match Race

Will be run at Warwick, two miles and repeat, between Col. Sewall's Tickler, and Mr. Biddle's Mare, for $500 a-side, on the first day of December next.

On the day after a purse of $50 with $25 entrance to be added to the purse, two miles and repeat.

J. P. RYLAND.

Nov. 19

MAGISTRATES' BLANKS
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Easton Gazette.

EASTON, MD.
SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 19.

POST OFFICE.

In consequence of the voluntary resignation of the late Post-Master at this place, the Editor of this paper has been appointed to that station, by the Post-Master General, through the indiscriminate and kind intercession of a number of his fellow-citizens; and he takes the earliest occasion, after entering on the duties of his station, to express his gratitude to all those who so generously acted in his behalf, as well as to a number of others, who, being precluded by distance or absence at the time, have since most liberally expressed a wish that they could have been instrumental to the editor's success. With a view to merit this confidence which has been so disinterestedly shewn him, the following rules and duties of office are herewith published, that the public may see what are the obligations of a Post-Master and what the department requires of him to exact from all those who have business at the office. Whilst every polite attention and active exertion shall be made to gratify all who call for any thing through the Post-office, the commands and rules of the department, as laid upon him by the Post-Master General, must be most scrupulously obeyed, and as he is now in office, the editor will take for his guide the laws and regulations of the department, and an earnest disposition most promptly to serve every one.

Extracts from the Post-Master General's Letter of Instructions.

"Post-Masters are required to give bond for the faithful performance of their duties, with *two sufficient sureties*, whose sufficiency must be proved by a magistrate's certificate.

"Post Masters are expressly forbidden to make use of any monies in their hands which are due to this department.

"This regulation has become necessary in consequence of the frequent failures of Post-masters to pay over *promptly* the balance due on their quarterly accounts, thus, creating delays injurious to the public, and ultimately occasioning much loss to themselves.

"Post-Masters being unauthorised in any case to give credit for postage, "want of funds" can never be admitted as a valid excuse for any failure to make punctual payments.

"As soon as the quarterly account is made up and the balance due to this office is ascertained, it should be immediately deposited in bank, where deposites are directed, or if such balance is directed to be retained for the payment of drafts, it should remain untouched, as a special deposite to be promptly applied to the payment of drafts, when presented."

The Orphans' Court of this county will meet on Thursday next.

The Cumberland Advocate announces JOHN M'MAHON, Esq. as a candidate to represent the Western district of Maryland in the twentieth Congress.

ASHER ROBBINS has been elected United States Senator from Rhode-Island, in the room of JAMES D'WOLF, resigned.

Anthony J. Canas, the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Central America, arrived in Washington city, on Friday 11th instant.

At a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Baltimore, friendly to and interested in the INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT of the state of Maryland, convened at the Exchange, at 12 o'clock, on the 14th inst. agreeably to advertisement in the several papers of the city. General S. SMITH was invited to take the Chair, and J. S. SKINNER to act as Secretary to the meeting. The notice under which the meeting had assembled, having been read by the Secretary, the Chairman signified to the meeting, that such propositions as any gentleman might be disposed to offer, would be submitted for consideration. Whereupon Mr. J. P. KENNEDY submitted the following preamble and resolutions, with some pertinent and explanatory remarks. The question being taken on each resolution, they were severally adopted.

Whereas, a numerous and respectable meeting of the citizens of Frederick county, was held at the Court House in Frederick, on the 31st day of October last, to take into consideration "the best means of promoting the Internal Improvement of Maryland," when the following among other resolutions, were unanimously adopted:—"*Resolved*, That the Internal Improvement of the state of Maryland, both as an obligation due to herself, and to the Union, of which she is a member, merits and should receive the deliberate consideration and cordial support of all her citizens." "*Resolved*, That with a view to unite the various local interests for a system of Internal Improvement, it is expedient that a public meeting be held in the city of Baltimore, on the second Wednesday of December next, of seven delegates from each county, and from the cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, to be appointed by the citizens of those counties and cities, for the purpose of devising and submitting to the Legislature a plan for effecting a general system of Internal Improvement:'

And *whereas* the citizens of Baltimore are deeply interested in common with those of every other section of Maryland in the promotion of such measures as may have a tendency to develope the resources of the state, and to place her in that elevated station among her sister states to which her position in the union and her many natural advantages entitle her—

And *whereas* the just views of the citizens of the highly respectable county of Frederick as contained in the preceding Resolutions appear well calculated to harmonize the different local interests of the citizens of the state, and to concentrate the public mind upon the best system of accomplishing objects which all concur in believing it both our duty and our interest to promote:—Therefore—

Resolved, That seven Delegates be appointed by the chairman of this meeting to meet such Delegates as have been or may hereafter be appointed by the different counties of this state and the city of Annapolis, on the second Wednesday of December next, in the city of Baltimore for the purpose aforesaid; and in case of any vacancy occurring in the representation to be by him appointed, the remaining delegates shall have power to fill such vacancy.

Resolved, That our fellow citizens of the several counties of this state, and of the city of Annapolis, be, and they are hereby earnestly invited to adopt similar measures without delay in regard to the proposed convention.

Resolved, That the Mayor of the city of Baltimore be respectfully requested to provide suitable apartments for the accommodation of the said convention.

In pursuance of the power vested in him by the above resolution, the following gentlemen have been appointed by the chairman as delegates to represent the city of Baltimore in the convention to be held as above stated:

Col J. E. HOWARD,
R. B. TANEY,
THOMAS ELLICOTT,
ISAAC M'KIM,
WILLIAM LORMAN,
GEORGE HOFFMAN,
J. P. KENNEDY.

S. SMITH, Chairman.

Test—J. S. SKINNER, Secretary.

The President of the Board of Managers of the American Colonization Society, gives notice, dated the 10th inst. that a vessel of 200 tons will sail from Norfolk in the course of this month for Liberia. She proposes to take from 150 to 200 emigrants. Colored persons, of good habits, desirous of availing themselves of this opportunity of seeking a settlement in a free and independent community in the land of their ancestors, are invited to make immediate application to John M'Phail, Esq. of Norfolk, agent of the Colonization Society.

Md Rep.

The Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.

We are sorry to say has been suspended, owing to an unpleasant misunderstanding between Mr. Randall, the late contractor, and the board of commissioners, for alledged neglect of duty. Mr. Randall was discharged by the board—he demanded a specification of the supposed neglect which was refused him. Many of the stockholders it seems consider him to have been unjustly treated, and have taken measures to avoid, if possible, the damages which they apprehend Mr. Randall will recover for the interruption of his contract.—*ib.*

A. B. Fickel, Postmaster at Blountsville, (Tenn.) has been convicted of robbing the mail, and sentenced to 10 years imprisonment in the prison of Blountsville, unless in the mean time, a penitentiary should be erected. In that case he will be removed from his present place of confinement, to serve out the residue of the term in the penitentiary. However we may regret that an individual placed in a situation of public responsibility should so far forget his own reputation, and his duty to society, as to subject himself to such an ignominious punishment, public benefit will result from the example. It is one of those acts of rigorous, but necessary justice, by which the fidelity and integrity of public officers are secured.—*Nat Jour.*

In Poulson's Philadelphia Advertiser, we find the following publication.

Washington's Farewell Address.

Mr. Poulson—It has been stated, recently, in the 'New York National Advocate,' that the legal representatives of the late General Hamilton, have instituted an action against Mr. Rufus King, to recover possession of certain papers, which were confided to his care by the deceased. Among these papers, according to the conjecture of the editor of the Journal just quoted, will be found a copy of Washington's Farewell Address to the people of the U. States, in the hand writing of General Hamilton.

The existence of such a paper has been asserted occasionally in conversation, and those who would detract from the fame of the illustrious President, have insinuated that not only this but several other compositions which pass under his name, were written by General Hamilton.

Having inspected the identical manuscript from which the address was first published, I think it is in my power to put this matter at rest, and it appears to me a duty to do so.—This manuscript is in the hand writing of the individual whose name is subscribed to it, and bears all the marks of being an original. It was placed in the hands of the gentleman in whose newspaper it was first published by the President himself. When the Address was printed, this publisher begged permission to retain the manuscript, observing that the original of so important a document, in the handwriting of its author, would be regarded as "a precious treasure." General Washington smiled, and said he was welcome to it.

This paper and the possessor of it are still in existence—his name is withheld on this occasion, because it would not be proper to expose him to the importunities of idle curiosity. The inference from what has just been related, is so obvious as to render comment unnecessary; no one will doubt, henceforth, that the address proceeded from the pen and the heart of the being, whose fame is brightening as time rolls on. I regret that any thing should be said or done to disturb our faith in this remarkable paper—a paper to which, if future ages should become degenerate—posterity may recur as the Greeks repaired to the Altar of Apollo, for a sacred spark to rekindle their household fires when they had been polluted by the invasion of the Persians. I am, your ob't serv't. J. E. HALL.

Port Folio Office, Nov. 2, 1825.

GREAT FIRE IN BOSTON.

We are again called upon to sympathise with the citizens of Boston, on account of a destructive fire, the particulars of which will be found in the following, which was received in New York, from the office of the Courier, by Saturday morning's mail, in the shape of a handbill:—

Our city seems to be devoted to conflagration.—It becomes our duty to record the occurrence of another extensive fire, which has destroyed a large amount of property, and converted a number of elegant, commodious and valuable edifices into a pile of smoking ruins.

About half an hour before one o'clock Thursday morning a fire was discovered in the store of Mr. W. Brown, on the south side of Court street. The alarm was instantly given; but before efficient aid could be obtained, the flames had made such progress as to set at defiance all exertions to confine them to the building where they originated. The wind was brisk at north-west, and wafted the blazing combustibles to a considerable distance, in the direction of Water & Congress streets; & at one time great fears were entertained for the preservation of Joy's Building, (Cornhill Square,) and the Old State House, both of which took fire on the cornices. Had the exertions to save these buildings been fruitless, the conflagration could not have been arrested without sweeping a passage through to the harbour. In about two hours and a half, however, the fire was subdued, after having destroyed the row of brick buildings on the south side of the street, from the Old Court House to the building on the corner of Court street, the house back of Cornhill Square formerly owned by P. Gayetty, and a number of smaller buildings in the rear of those enumerated. The following is as nearly as we can now ascertain, a correct list of the tenants, with their occupations, of the buildings burned and injured.

On the south side of Court street, Tudor's building (so called) occupied by Mr. Bacon, apothecary; Messrs. H. Fuller, Morey, and Dunlap, attornies, and Annin and Smith, engravers. The range of brick buildings, almost new, owned by Hon. Peter C. Brooks, occupied by G. Wheelright umbrella maker; Daniel Messinger, hatter; W. Brown, hatter; A. Ellison, tailor, and the offices of P. C. Brooks, H. G. Otis, jr. W. F. Otis, J. T. Winthrop, K. Shaw, S. Bartlett, S. D. Wood, Sherman Leland, A. W. Paine, Augustus Peabody, James Savage, F. Blair, George Blake, U. S. District attorney, T. Wetmore, William T. Andrews. The adjoining brick building owned also by Mr. Brooks, and occupied by O. C. Greenleaf, bookseller, J. T. Austin, county attorney, and Farnham, and Phelps, printers. The next building, belonging to the estate of the late Judge Dawes, occupied by Mrs. Preston, milliner, and the upper part of a dwelling house. The next owned by Mr. Brooks; occupied by Elias Payne, shoe store, J. R. Adan, attorney and J. Hastings, manufacturer of printing ink.

On the alley leading south by the Old Court House all the buildings occupied by J. Farrie, A. Moore, S. K. Williams, and Z. G. Whiteman, attorneys, and Luke Baldwin, deputy sheriff.

The house belonging formerly to Mr Gayetty, occupied as a confectionary, with some small tenements adjoining, whose occupants' names we have not learned.

The block of buildings extending from Cornhill square to Court street, occupied by Messrs. Wellcot and Gelston, Welles, Gelston & Porter, Stillman Welles, Page, and others, was preserved with great difficulty, but much injured in the rear. Nearly all the goods and merchandize were removed from this block to places of safety.

A five story building next above Mr. Heard's belonging to the President of the United States, occupied by Messrs Welsh and Eckley, attorneys, was considerably damaged.

We have not ascertained the probable amount of losses, nor whether any of Mr. Brook's buildings were insured. Mr. Heard, we understand, was insured at the Mutual office. This building was erected but a few years since; the front consisted entirely of granite pillars and windows & doors. It was the first edifice of that description, it is believed that was erected in Boston.

Among the sufferers, the loss of Wells & Lilly is probably the most severe. We understand that no part of their stock was insured, and that the whole is destroyed. It was extensive and valuable, comprising an assortment of the best European and American books. We have heard its value differently estimated from 50 to $80,000.

Many valuable law libraries are utterly consumed; that of Mr. Otis, said to be worth 3000 dollars; of George Sullivan, esq. in the office of Mr. Winthrop, whose loss in books and papers is said to be $3500. Mr. Blake, District Attorney, has lost every thing that was in his office, books, furniture, papers, &c. worth 5 or $6000. Mr Peabody is also a great sufferer. Mr. Hastings states his loss to consist chiefly of Isinglass, which was in the upper story of the building, and worth 2 or $3000.

PRESERVATION OF APPLES.

The following valuable observations, contained in a letter of Noah Webster, Esq. have been published in the Massachusetts Agricultural Repository.

"It is the practice with some persons to pick Apples in October, and first spread them on the floor of an upper room. This practice is said to render apples more durable, by drying them. But I can affirm this to be a mistake. Apples, after remaining on the trees as long as safety from the frost will admit, should be taken directly from the trees to close casks, and kept dry and cool as possible. If suffered to lie on a floor for weeks, they wither and lose their flavor without acquiring any additional durability. The best mode of preserving apples for spring use, I have found to be, the putting them in dry sand as soon as picked. For this purpose, I dry sand in the heat of summer, and late in October put down the apples in layers, with a covering of sand upon each layer. The singular advantages of this mode of treatment are these:—1st. The sand keeps the apples from the air, which is essential to their preservation. 2. The sand checks the evaporation or perspiration of the apples, thus preserving in them their full flavor—at the same time, any moisture yielded by the apples, (and some there will be) is absorbed by the sand; so that the apples are kept dry, and all mustiness is prevented. My pippins in May and June, are as fresh as when first picked; even the ends of the stem look as if just separated from the twig."

MARRIED

On Thursday the 10th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Bayne, Mr. *John S. Martin*, to Miss *Eliza Jane Martin*, all of this county.

—— On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Hotchkiss, *Henry Goldsborough*, Esq. of Queen Ann's, to Miss *Margaret Tilghman*, of Talbot county.

—— On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Thomas, Mr. *John McMaham*, to Miss *Mary Norris*, all of this county.

[COMMUNICATED.]

OBITUARY.

"*In the midst of life we are in death.*"—After a very short illness, we believe of inflammation of the wind-pipe, died on the morning of the 16th inst. at his residence in Queen Ann's county, *William Hemsley*, Esq. a gentleman who has scarcely left his equal. As a man, his principles were sterling, his integrity unspotted—as a scholar, his mind, of the best order, was richly stored with varied, classical and deep attainments—as a christian, he was truly learned, pious, meek, thorough and steadfast unto the end.

DIED

On Sunday 6th inst. in the city of Annapolis, after a painful illness, *James Munroe*, Esq. Post-master of that city.

—— In this county, on Friday night, 11th inst. after a lingering illness, Mr. *John Nowels*.

—— In Cambridge, on Monday last, *James Eccleston*, Esq.

—— In this county, on Tuesday night last, Mrs. *Alford*, consort of Mr. Martin Alford.

Notice.

The managers of "The Female Bible Society of Easton, Talbot county, Maryland," are requested to meet at Mrs. Nicols's, on Friday the 25th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the President,
MARY G. NICOLS, Secretary.
Easton, Nov. 19, 1825. 2w

House, Sign & Fancy PAINTING.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above business in the town of Easton; and having by long experience and attention acquired a competent knowledge of the different branches of painting, he hopes to give general satisfaction to all who may favour him with their custom. All orders will be thankfully received, at the paint shop of Mr. John Camper and punctually attended to.

EDWARD S. HOPKINS.
Easton, Nov 19

Cotilion Party.

The first of the Cotilion Parties to be held at Mr. Lowe's Assembly Room, Easton, will commence on Thursday the 24th inst. at half past 6 o'clock, P M. Subscribers and other gentlemen, are respectfully invited to attend —The company of ladies will be solicited by special invitation. MANAGERS.
Easton, Nov. 19.

For Sale,

On a liberal credit, the subscriber's Farm on Quantico Creek, in this county, containing 700 acres, less or more, easily divisable for the convenience of two purchasers, well timbered, and having an excellent range of marsh for hogs and cattle. The soil is admirably adapted, and very certain, for pasturage, and for growing corn, wheat, or tobacco.



The buildings are, a spacious two story Dwelling, convenient to the water, a new kitchen, two corn houses, and a granary immediately at the landing, where vessels carrying two thousand bushels can lay, and receive their loads.

Any person disposed to purchase, will inquire for the terms of the subscriber in person, or by letter addressed to him at Princess Anne.

FRANCIS H. WATERS.
Somerset county, Nov. 19 3w

HILLSBOROUGH TAVERN.



The subscriber has the pleasure of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a House for the accommodation of travellers, in the house opposite to where Mr. Samuel Hardcastle now resides, formerly occupied by Mr. Benjamin R. Meredith, well calculated for the business, with good stabling; added to which, his own personal exertions to please, flatters himself to be able to give general satisfaction, and to receive a share of public patronage.

HENRY CLIFT.
Hillsborough, Caroline county, Nov. 19.

N. B. Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year, and the subscriber obligates himself to furnish his table with the best that the market will afford. H. C.

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