Easton Gazette.

EASTON, MD.
SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 3.

LOOK UNDER YOUR COUNTERS!

On Tuesday evening last, the store of Mr. Wm. H. Groome, in this town, was robbed of two money drawers with their contents—It appears the thief entered the store by a back window, about sunset, and secreted himself under the counter, behind some barrels, the clerks being engaged at the front of the store taking in goods, and lay there very quietly until about nine o'clock at night, when the store was closed, and the clerks went out—about an hour afterwards they returned & discovered that the theft had been committed—one of the clerks immediately suspected a chimney sweep whom he had seen lurking the evening before, at the back of the store, & informed our indefatigable police officer, Gaskins, of the circumstance, who, in less than two hours, had the thief, money and drawers in his possession—part of the money was discovered in the negro's bed, and the remainder buried in the garden.

The following notitiæ were lately transmitted to us, and as they appear to be the result of careful observation and thinking experience, are adapted to the times and relate more or less to every man's interest —We offer them to the attention of our readers.

"Many people involved in debt, seek to be relieved by involving others. Men borrow money without any expectation or intention of paying it at the time stipulated.

Six per centum per annum is enough for the use of money, when well secured and punctually paid with the accruing interest at the times stipulated for payment.

Want of punctuality occasions expences, extra fees and commissions.

The want of punctuality and economy are the great causes of pressure and ruin.

The man of economy and rigid punctuality, can generally, without much difficulty, obtain money for six per cent. per annum.

If economy and punctuality give us credit and wealth and happiness, they are worth practising.

I remember when lands were better and cheaper than they now are—when it seemed to be the concern of the surrounding neighborhoods to attend to their own concerns. I am persuaded if we would read Dr. Franklin's remarks on economy, and attend to them, we should soon realise great benefits therefrom.

New Market, Dorchester county."

It is stated on the authority of private accounts from Washington, that our government has been notified that the Congress of Panama will not assemble before the month of October. The departure of our ministers will therefore be deferred till that time.

It is stated that Mr. Gallatin will embark on his Mission to St. James, in the New York July packet for London.

VALUABLE IMPORTATION.

Arrived yesterday in the brig George & Henry, Capt. Baker, from Bremen, twelve fine SHEEP, selected from the finest wool flocks in Saxony, the property of Wm Patterson & Sons, which it is to be hoped will tend to improve the breed of this country.—*Balt. Gaz. 24th ult.*

WILMINGTON, (Del.) May 26.

Offices to be filled.—In Delaware there will be to elect in October next, a *Governor*, and a *Representative to Congress*—and in consequence of the death of Mr. VAN DYKE, the next legislature will have to choose TWO *Senators*, as Mr. CLAYTON'S term will expire in March.—*Watchman.*

Messrs. Reybold & Clark, Contractors for that portion of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal which extends from the River Delaware to St. Georges, say that they hope to have the Canal navigable to St. Georges by the Fourth of July next; so that the stone for the Lock at that place, which they have also contracted to build during the season, can be directly transported there in shallops, and thereby save the great expense of land transportation. Since these gentlemen contracted for the work in October last, they have had employed a force exceeding an average of 800 men for the whole time—and sometimes exceeding 1000 —*ib.*

For the Easton Gazette.

Mr. Editor,

When a female addresses you in vindication of the rights of her sex, perhaps she might for a moment be led to imagine that through courtesy & politeness, you might be induced to favor her attempt at composition, and give her effusion a place in the columns of your paper. But, sir, you will mistake the character of your author, if you think she claims from courtesy, that which she could not demand from merit—if therefore you should think these disjointed and unconnected observations do not deserve a place in your paper, I beg you will *commit them to the flames*, where they may ever rest in oblivion.

The object had in view in this communication, is to call the attention of parents to the limited and contracted education at the present period allowed to our *females* —I mean this remark to apply in a general sense; that is, to the rich as well as the poor. The manner in which many of our females even in the better classes of society, receive their education, is more a matter of regret than surprise—many I know, ascribe it rather to the tyranny than the want of inclination in the man—I would rather ascribe it to the latter, or what is better to a want of conviction on his part of its necessity. Many, even of the better rank of our females, receive barely the rudiments of a common English education—say nothing about the cultivation of an acquaintance with the classics, or the study of the sciences—such studies, in this country, at the present period, are considered unnecessary. I am not surprised, however, that these studies are sometimes dispensed with —because many parents are compelled from their situation in life, to deny even their sons these advantages; but, I most certainly think, that where the means of the parent are adequate to the expense, that our females ought to enjoy the advantages resulting from an intimacy with them.

I am often inclined to believe that man, in his contemplation of the female character, seems to forget that the early instruction of the infant devolves upon the mother —and that in proportion to the responsibility of a task, ought to be the qualification to discharge it—may we not on the principle of this general defect in the education of our females, ascribe the low state of literature in our country?—I think it would be a correct one. In Scotland, every mother is a school-mistress to her children, and a child is rarely sent to a school from home, till his mother has put him in full possession of the first principles of his vernacular tongue, and qualified him at once to enter upon the study of the classics and the sciences—the consequence is, that in that country, we find a greater mass of intelligence embodied among its citizens than we probably find in any country of equal dimensions on the habitable globe.

Suppose we put our females in possession of the opportunity of acquiring a more liberal education than that at present allowed them, and beside the studies at present pursued in our female seminaries, let them cultivate an acquaintance with the arts and sciences, and likewise with the classics, and make a regular course of history one of the principle components of their education:—cannot we not think that if such a course would have a very important tendency to materially change the literary character of our country, and also to effect that of the youths of the succeeding generation—might we not hope for wiser legislators, better statesmen, and a meliorated condition of society generally? Would not such a supposition be a fair and reasonable one? I shall conclude, and leave the question with you, Mr. Editor, to answer.

EUTERPE.

MARRIED on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr Ryder, Mr. *William White*, to Miss *Sarah Gregory*, all of this county.

DIED in this county on Tuesday last, Mr. *William Ray.*

CATTLE SHOW.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, held on the 25th May last, it was Resolved, that there be a *Cattle Show* and *Fair* for the Exhibition and Sale of all kinds of *Live Stock, Agricultural Implements*, and *Household Manufactures*, during the ensuing Fall—the days and particulars of which, will be published shortly for the information of our fellow citizens.

By the Board,
SAM'L T. KENNARD, Sec'ry.
June 3 3w

NOTICE.

The subscriber informs the public that his NEW MILL is now in complete order, with a full head of water, and is constructed with a large over-shot wheel, so as to grind day and night without reducing the water. Any orders in his way will be strictly attended to and promptly obeyed. The public's humble servant, HENRY NICOLS.
Caroline county, June 3 tf

SHERWOOD FOREST
FOR SALE.

This beautiful farm contains upwards of 270 acres of Land with a proportion of Timber:



An elegant DWELLING and other out houses, some of which are in bad order. It is situated about two and a half miles from St. Michaels, on the post road leading to Haddaway's ferry, and on the head of a beautiful creek abounding with fish and oysters—to a safe purchaser the terms will be made very easy. Persons wishing to purchase can view the premises by calling on Mr. James Denny, the present tenant—and Terms made known by application to

THOMAS SHERWOOD or
ALEXANDER B. HARRISON.
June 3 3w

NOTICE

Is hereby given to all persons concerned, that I have taken out letters of administration on the personal estate of Francis Wrightson, late of Talbot county, deceased—All persons therefore having claims against the estate of said deceased, are requested to produce them duly authenticated according to law, to Mr. James L. Wrightson, of the county aforesaid, who is authorized by me as my agent to transact all the business of the said administration; and all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment to him without delay.

MARY ANN WRIGHTSON, Admr'x.
June 3. of F. Wrightson, deceased.

WANTED

Two hundred bushels of CORN, for which a liberal price will be given. Apply to
June 3. JOSEPH CHAIN.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court, to me directed, against Mary Larrimore, at the suit of Robert Larrimore, will be sold at public vendue, at the court house door, in the town of Easton, on Tuesday the 27th instant, between the hours of 12 o'clock and 4 o'clock, P. M. the following property, to wit: all that farm and plantation on which the said Mary Larrimore at present resides, situate in Broad Creek neck, being part of a tract of land called Ancill, containing 66½ acres of land more or less —also 2 head of horses, 7 head of cattle, 4 head of sheep, 1 yoke oxen and cart, 2 beds and furniture, 2 tables, 1 cupboard and contents and 6 chairs—seized and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above named venditioni exponas, with the interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance given by

THOMAS HENRIX, Shff.
June 3 4w

AN ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF
New and Cheap GOODS.

The subscriber has the pleasure of informing his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore with a very large and beautiful supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which added to his former stock, renders his *assortment* more general and complete than any he has heretofore presented to their notice. WM. H. GROOME.
Easton, June 3 tf

THE NEXT LOTTERY.

Odd and Even System,

By which the holder of two Tickets or two Shares is *certain of obtaining at least ONE PRIZE, and may draw THREE!*

Grand State Lottery of Maryland, No. 7, under the superintendance of the Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council. The drawing will be completed IN ONE DAY, and will take place in the city of Baltimore, on

Wednesday, 12th July.

HIGHEST PRIZE.
$30,000 DOLLARS!

BRILLIANT SCHEME:

1	PRIZE OF	$30,000	$30,000
1		10,000	10,000
2		5,000	10,000
10		1,000	10 000
10		500	5,000
30		100	3 000
50		50	2 500
200		20	4,000
250		10	2 500
500		6	3,000
20,000		4	80,000
21,054 Prizes			$160,000

***Not One Blank to a Prize.—All payable in cash, which as usual at *Cohens' Office*, can be had the moment they are drawn.

Whole Tickets $5 00 | *Quarters* $1 25
Halves..... ...2 50 | *Eighths*. 62

To be had in the greatest variety of Numbers (Odd and Even) at

COHENS'
LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
No. 114, *Market-street, Baltimore;*

Where 2 shares of the 25,000 dollar prize—and 2 Quarters of the 10,000 dollar prize—and also the 5,000 dollar prize; all drawn in the Grand State Lottery on the 10th instant, have already been presented and paid, and where the great & magnificent Capital Prize of

One Hundred Thousand Dollars

in the Grand State Lottery a few weeks ago, was sold in Shares, (Half and Two Quarters) ALL TO DISTANT ADVENTURERS, and *where more Capital Prizes have been obtained than at any other Office in America.*

☞Orders from any part of the U. States, either by mail (post paid) or private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prize Tickets in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application. ☞*Be particular in directing to*

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,
BALTIMORE.

☞COHENS' "*Gazette and Lottery Register,*" which is published immediately after the drawing, will contain the complete List of the Prizes. It will be forwarded *gratis*, to all who purchase their Tickets at COHENS' OFFICE, and who signify their wish to receive it.
Baltimore, May 18—(June 3 2w)

LAWS OF MARYLAND.
[BY AUTHORITY]

In Council,

ANNAPOLIS, April 21st, 1826.

Ordered, that the several acts of assembly, proposing alterations in, or amendments to the constitution, which were passed at December session last; and also the act entitled, "An act to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary schools throughout this state," be published once a week for four weeks, in the Maryland Republican, and Maryland Gazette, Annapolis; The Patriot, American, Gazette and Chronicle Baltimore; Political Examiner, Frederick Town; Maryland Herald, and Torch Light, Hagerstown; Maryland Advocate, Cumberland; True American, Rockville; Elkton Press; Chester Town Telegraph, Centreville Times; Star and Gazette, Easton; Cambridge Chronicle & Bond of Union, Harford county.

By Order,
THO: CULBRETH, Clk.

AN ACT

To amend the Constitution and form of government, as it relates to the division of Somerset county into election districts.

Whereas, it has been represented to this general assembly, that a numerous class of voters on the North side of Wycomico creek, and also in the neighborhoods of Dublin and Cokesbury, on the eastern borders of the middle district of Somerset county, by reason of their remote location from the place of holding elections, are virtually deprived of the privilege of voting, which according to the spirit of the constitution, is designed to be extended to every free white male citizen of this state, and is intended to be secured by the bill of rights; for remedy whereof.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the election district in Somerset county, lately called and known as number two, or the middle district, shall be further subdivided, and that two additional election districts shall be established therein; one of which shall be made convenient to the voters on the north side of Wycomico creek, and the other shall be at or near Dublin or Cokesbury, on the eastern borders of the said district.

2 *And be it enacted*, That in case this act shall be confirmed as required by the constitution, and form of government, the levy court of Somerset county shall be, and they are hereby required to appoint three commissioners, who, or a majority of them, shall proceed to subdivide the said district, and to select and appoint suitable places for holding elections on the north side of Wycomico creek, and in the neighborhoods of Dublin or Cokesbury as aforesaid, having due regard to population, extent of territory, and the convenience of voters.

3. *And be it enacted*, That the commissioners who shall be appointed by the levy court in virtue of this act, shall meet at the town of Princess Anne, on the first Monday of May next, succeeding the confirmation of this act, as required by the constitution and form of Government, or within ten days thereafter, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act; and the said commissioners may adjourn from time to time, and from place to place, until they shall have performed and completed the several duties required of them by this act; and the said commissioners shall be, and they hereby are required on or before the first day of July next, after their meeting as aforesaid, to make out and deliver to the clerk of the county aforesaid, a plain and accurate description in writing of the limits, boundaries and designation of each district so created and laid off, certified under their hands and seals, and the said clerk shall make a fair record thereof amongst the records of the county aforesaid.

4. *And be it enacted*, That the said commissioners be, and they hereby are authorised and required to adjust and limit the quantum of compensation, to be allowed to the proprietor or proprietors of the place of holding elections in each of the said election districts, if any compensation shall be required by the said proprietor or proprietors, and the same to certify as aforesaid.

5. *And be it enacted*, That for the performance of the duties required of the said commissioners by this act, and for the places of holding elections, if any compensation shall be claimed, the levy court shall make allowance and the same shall levy upon the county, to be collected and paid as other county charges are collected and paid: *Provided*, that the said commissioners shall not receive a sum exceeding two dollars each per diem, for each and every day they may severally be engaged in the proper duties of this act.

6 *And be it enacted*, That after the confirmation of this act, the levy court of Somerset county, shall, according to the provisions of the act of eighteen hundred and five, chapter ninety-seven, appoint three persons in each of the said districts, residents therein, who, or such of them as shall attend, shall be the judge or judges of elections for the district for which he or they shall have been appointed as aforesaid, and the judges so appointed, shall have, hold and exercise the same powers and authorities, and be subject to the same penalties, and be entitled to the same pay as the judges of elections in Somerset county now exercise and are entitled and subject to: *Provided*, That the compensation to be allowed for the services of the said judges and of the clerks by them to be appointed, shall not exceed two dollars per diem, which compensation shall be levied and paid as aforesaid.

7. *And be it enacted*, That all laws now in force, not inconsistent with this act, shall be, and remain, in force; and all provisions repugnant to this act shall be, and the same are declared to be repealed, upon the confirmation of this act.

8. *And be it enacted*, That if this act, shall be confirmed by the next general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs; in such case, this act and the alterations in the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and constitute, and be valid as a part of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, and every matter and thing in the said constitution and form of government in any wise conflicting with or contrary thereto, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, abrogated and annulled.

By the House of Delegates 11th day of February, 1826—read and assented to.
By order, JOHN BREWER, Clk
By the Senate, 13th day of February, 1826—read and assented to.
WM. KILTY, Clk.
[L.S.] JOS KENT, Governor.

An act to alter and amend the constitution of this state, so that the Governor may beelected by the people, and to abolish the council.

Sec. 1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the executive power of this state shall be vested in a governor as hereinafter provided for.

2. *And be it enacted*, That the governor shall be chosen alternately from the western and eastern shores, by the citizens of the state, having the right to vote for delegates to the General Assembly, in the counties where they severally reside, at the time and places where they shall vote for delegates aforesaid, and the votes shall be received and counted by the same judges, and in the same manner as the votes for Delegates; the presiding judges of elections in each county, shall make a list of all the persons voted for as governor in their respective counties, and of the number of votes given for each, which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government, directed to the president of the senate, who shall upon the first Monday after the meeting of the general assembly, in the presence of a majority of the members of each branch, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted and the person having a majority of all the votes given, shall be the governor, and the president of the senate shall forthwith announce the same; but if no person shall have a majority of all the votes given, no choice or election shall be considered as having been made, and the said president shall announce the number of votes given to each person voted for, and thereupon a governor shall be elected forthwith by joint ballot of both branches of the legislature, from among the candidates voted for by the people, who shall appear by the said returns to have had the two greatest number of votes, and should neither of the persons so voted for, have a majority of all votes on the joint ballot aforesaid, the ballot shall be renewed and continued until some one of them shall receive such majority; contested elections of governor shall be determined by both branches of the legislature, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

3 *And be it enacted*, That the governor shall hold his office, during the term of three years from the time appointed for the annual meeting of the legislature next ensuing his election, and until another governor shall be elected and qualified, but he shall not be eligible as governor, for the three next succeeding years after the expiration of the time for which he shall have been elected.

4. *And be it enacted*, That the governor shall be at least thirty years of age, and have been fourteen years a citizen of the United States, and a resident of this state ten years next preceeding his election, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of this state or of the United States.

5. *And be it enacted*, That the governor shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanor or any misdemeanors in office, but judgment in such case shall not extend further than removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, trust or profit in this state, he shall nevertheless, whether convicted or acquitted, be liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment according to law

6. *And be it enacted*, That the house of delegates shall have the sole power of impeaching the governor, but two thirds of all the members shall concur in such impeachment.

7. *And be it enacted*, That the impeachment of the governor shall be tried by the senate, and when sitting for that purpose the senators shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to the evidence; the party accused shall not be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of all the senators.

8. *And be it enacted*, That the governor shall have his permanent residence at the seat of government, and shall at stated times receive for his services an adequate salary to be fixed by law, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected.

9. *And be it enacted*, That there shall be a secretary of state, appointed by the governor, to hold his office during the pleasure of the governor, who shall keep a fair register of all the official acts and proceedings of the governor, and shall, when required, lay the same, and all papers, minutes, and vouchers relative thereto, before the legislature or either branch thereof, and shall perform such other duties as shall be enjoined on him by law, and shall receive such salary or compensation for his services as may be provided by the legislature.

10 *And be it enacted*, That in case of the removal, death, resignation or inability of the governor to discharge the duties and powers of said office, the same shall devolve upon the president of the senate, until another governor shall be elected and qualified as is hereinafter provided for, and in case of the removal, death, resignation or inability of both governor and president of the senate, the legislature may provide by law what officer shall act as governor, until another be elected and qualified, or the disability removed.

11. *And be it enacted*, That in case of the removal of the governor from office, or of his death, resignation, or disqualification, his successor shall be elected at the first election for delegates to the general assembly which shall take place thereafter, and his term of service shall be the same as if no vacancy had occurred.

12. *And be it enacted*, That the first election for governor shall be held at the time of the election of delegates for the general assembly next ensuing the ratification and confirmation of this act.

13. *And be it enacted*, That all the powers and authorities at present exercised by the executive of this state, shall be, and hereby are vested in the governor, except the appointment of chancellor, judges of the courts of common law, attorney general, general, field and general staff officers, who shall be nominated by the governor and approved of by the senate.

14. *And be it enacted*, That the governor, appointed by virtue of this act, or the person authorised to act in his place, shall take the same oaths of office as are now directed to be taken by the governor of this state.

15. *And be it enacted*, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relates to the election of the governor and to the election of the council to the governor, that is in any manner repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same is hereby repealed upon the confirmation hereof.

16. *And be it enacted*, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly of Maryland, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act and the alterations and amendments of the constitution and form of government herein contained, shall be taken and considered, and shall constitute and be valid as a part of the said constitution and form of government to all intents, and purposes any thing in said constitution and form of government to the contrary notwithstanding.

By the house of delegates, 17th day of February, 1826—read and assented to.
By order, JOHN BREWER, Clk.
By the senate, 1st day of March, 1826—read and assented to.
By order, WM. KILTY, Clk.
[L. S.] JOS. KENT, Governor.

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