emarks, but for the vote by
re followed up and sustain-
bited an organized strength
wenty votes in favour of a
h, we say without reserve
we do not believe the ren-
e individual of the whole
ved. Not desiring to be
k disrespectfully of any of
n, we must explain that we
plication of the word "rea-
rits of the thing actually to
, viz: the pointing of the
political or party sense, it
conceive how some gentle-
ink it very reasonable to
ce, by their votes, to a print
e to rail at the adminis-
wrong, and which must be
ve been true to its vocation;
t sense, it was lamentable
n as our old friend Dick-
rruptible Macon and Smith
na, Benton, of capacious
ndler, of blunt honesty, not
rs, ranging themselves un-
l of a new cabalistical par-
the first object of which,
o a head, was to 'improve
the press' by prescribing
telligencer, and identify-
f the United States with
The intention might
claimed, had not the
ded by the observations of
They gave to that vote
r, and to Mr. Van Buren's
t interpretation. The
uld no further go. An-
s, recent associations, per-
s, all melted into thin air
of the great magician!—
mentable subject of con-
their own sakes, it griev-
men yielding all the in-
r hearts, along with the
eir reason, to the grand
by which the vote of New
ured to the newly organ-
the price of it, Mr. Van
—any thing he pleases,—
e reader will be good e-
nd to be our opinion, but
e shall, another day, give
to be very substantial

ren's elevation to higher
holds. on proper princi-
ave had no objection.—
ential Election he acted
irmness and consistency:
en very willing to have
Vice President at that
ndeed, if we could, have
ation to the honourable
ied by his friend and suc-
r, Mr Calhoun. But
ward with the Shibboleth
his mouth, the first utter-
o strike at the independ-
we must be excused if
e has treated us, down-
out knowing or caring
n may affect his feelings
rojects.
pose, that our views of
hose of the small party
avouring, with practised
large one, are founded
ent in the Senate, plain-
We have other and much
lace before our readers
is exposition, which has
us by considerations not
ithout a sacrifice of ev-
iple we have ever pro-
o much matter to be
gle sitting.

EIGN.

EW YORK, March 11.
ROM FRANCE.
Monroe, Capt. Skid-
d on Saturday afternoon,
on the 6th ult. Capt. S.
pers, but we received
dent a small file of Paris
of January inclusive.
any importance is one
of Russia, under date
ied from the Gazette
h is as follows:—"The
eaupierre in departing
gives rise to many con-
l known, that this per-
be engaged with Mr.
in the discussion of the
o the pacification of
eover, very natural that
cite attention, since the
the 12th of December
g in Parliament have
ble impression at St.
Emperor Nicholas has
Courts of the Continent
them to make common
itish cabinet, to pre-
ces of this nature. It
authority we do not
net of St. Petersburg
o treat with Mr. Can-
be not more explicit,
nts confirmation. As
cting Greece, a misun-
the Courts of England
very unfortunate, and
hope of the prompt
fairs of the Greeks,
pierre should proceed

of the 31st states, in
ount Villa Flor had
ndant of Ciudad Rod-
ived positive orders
government not to

een excessively cold
nce. At Lyons, on
nometer was 13 de-
At Cadiz, also, the
ere, and caused an in-
pulmonary complaints.

The new Turkish army was filling up very rapidly by recruits from Asia. A register of the Turks at Constantinople had been commenced, for the purpose of comprising them in a conscription.

PARIS, January 4.

An order was yesterday agreed upon in Council, and despatched to Madrid to recal the French troops immediately from that capital. Ferdinand having only offered to comply with that part of the united demands of England and France, which relates to the renewal of diplomatic relations with Portugal, and having on various pretexts, absolutely refused to dismiss his obnoxious Ministers, or to acknowledge formally the Portuguese Charter, has occasioned this determination of the French Cabinet.—After engaging to Great Britain that they would adopt this decisive measure if Ferdinand resisted their representations no other course was left them.—The Quotidenne of this morning which seems in correspondence with an agent of Calomarde in Paris is believed to state correctly the present spirit and disposition of the King of Spain and his Camarilla.—The Spaniards, who are understood to have supported or carried on the intrigue, are to be dismissed from Paris and France.—The Etoile of this evening contains an article which may be considered official, on the state of the relations between France and Spain.

BY REQUEST.

From the Centreville Times,

Sir:—Through the medium of your useful paper, I wish to enquire, why in the late arrangement of the Steam Boat Maryland, the convenience of the citizens of Queen Ann's is entirely thrown out of the question, and that the stockholders have not thought proper to designate any intermediate stopping place, on the eastern shore, than Chestertown and Easton point. Are they aware that Queen Ann's county, is the great thorough fare of the better part of Caroline County--(say nothing about the citizens of Queen Ann's county.) who must feel the inconvenience of the now existing arrangement? or have the stockholders grown careless on account of the fat dividends, which I am told have been as high as from 15 to 18 per cent. of the convenience of the citizens of this part of the Eastern Shore? No doubt there are many points on Corsica Creek where a wharf might be constructed, were the stockholders so disposed—and never, while the polite attentions, and agreeable accommodations afforded by the captains of the Centreville packets, are continued, can the citizens of the upper part of Caroline, and Queen Ann's county inconvenience themselves by a land carriage of *twenty miles*, to reach the Steam Boat. MANY.

Centreville, Queen Ann's County,
March 9, 1827.

Easton Gazette.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 17.

A JACKSON MEETING

Has been lately held in Baltimore, in whose address we are sorry to see introduced imputations against the existing administration of the country, that are not sustained by facts, and are wholy disowned by established constitutional construction. From such an assembly we did not expect to hear remarks such as the following—viz. That the late election of President presented the spectacle of 'a People struggling for power against their servants'—'that the chief employment of the administration is to secure its continuance in power'—'that the liberty and the freedom of the press is assailed where ever the influence of administration extends'—'the people themselves are not to question their rulers although *it is admitted* they have seized upon power against the will of the people'—These are a few of the glaring instances of aberration from facts and from correct doctrines exhibited in the address of this meeting—indeed the whole might be presented as the bandied stories of opposition presses, instituted for the express purpose of opposition at all events, vamped up with a little newness of phraise and presented with an air of apparent fairness calculated to catch and to lead astray.

As this meeting of malcontents have rested their denunciations upon mere assertions, we can offer no more in counteraction than an absolute contradiction of the whole, and will enter the lists at any time to shew that all these imputations against the existing administration are groundless and untenable. We are as little anxious to induce a controversy of this sort as to avoid it, but if the gentlemen from Baltimore will present their argument and their proofs, we shall feel every disposition to make a fair and full investigation of them.

We hope the reflecting men of Maryland will not suffer themselves to be hurried off into the wild uproar of impetuous party conflict, to gratify an opposition that has been set on foot systematically and with intent aforethought to put down the administration right or wrong—let our preferences be directed to those who serve the country well—let us suppress political and party contests except in extreme cases when necessity properly requires it—and above all, let us refrain from any attempt to wrest power from one to give it to another, either to gratify a feeling of animosity, or from personal or sinister considerations.

RAIL ROAD.

We have read with great satisfaction the views which have been presented by a Committee of a meeting at Baltimore upon the important subject of constructing a Rail Road from the city of Baltimore to a convenient point on the Ohio River. This is an undertaking worthy of the wealth, the enterprise, and the intelligence of our great Commercial Emporium, and we wish them success in it with all our heart. Although Baltimore is situated vastly more conveniently to get to sea from her harbour than Washington is, and would, in case of the completion of the Ohio and Potomac Canal, no doubt command a preference in the western trade from that as well as from various other considerations; yet the direct rout from the western waters to her harbour by a Rail Way will be much more advantageous from the great diminution of distance, from the great reduction of expense, from the uninterrupted intercourse during periods of frost, and from the circumstance that all trade that enters upon the rail way from the west will be bound undeviatingly to her store houses.

If this work is prosecuted with zeal and science and circumspection, it cannot be long before we shall see the port of Baltimore crowded with an increase of four or five times her present tonnage, possessing four or five times her present capital, and four or five times her present population. Such an augmented source of industry and wealth must extend itself and its reviving influence to all the country around, & as both necessary and luxurious consumption are increased by the growth of trade and capital, a salutary impetus will be given to every part of the state by the consummation of this all important work.

We have not yet congratulated our readers upon the happy defeat of the Woollen Bill as it was called or the new tariff, that was to tax cheap coarse woollens out of our country in order to give a monopoly to certain money making manufacturers to sell us theirs at a dearer rate. We were astonished and somewhat alarmed at the apathy which seemed to prevail every where on this subject at first—but to our great joy we found, that a spirit of resistance began to appear against this unjust, this pernicious measure, and we hope now, that, should another iniquitous attempt of the same sort be made, the country will be better prepared and more prompt to resist a measure which, in violation of all sound principles of political economy, is intended to oppress the many for the exclusive benefit of the few. It was bad enough to see men from the west & from the east sustaining the self destroying project, but when we found Representatives from Virginia and Maryland voting for a prohibitory tax upon imported coarse cloths, so essential for the comfort of the poorer class of our fellow citizens, and thereby subjecting them to the imposition of monopolists at Home, we thought it madness.

That men from the interiour, where it is more easy and more profitable to manufacture than to carry on foreign commerce—or that some men from the east who have given up trade for manufactures, considering it more lucrative because of the protection already afforded to it, should advocate the exclusion of all foreign manufactures in order that their own might be used at higher prices, is not a matter so much to be wondered at—But that a man should be found from the Atlantic and Commercial States, that would strike such a blow at trade and agriculture as this, is to say the least of it, a strange affair. We wish most sincerely, that our good people, instead of yielding themselves up into the hands of political schemers who are seeking their own ends and withdrawing the people's attention from matters of serious concern, would look more into subjects that affect their own and their country's interest, and give their political strength and influence to promote good and suppress bad measures. Good measures are the objects for the people to pursue, and let your Gen. Jackson men, and your Caucus men, and your trimmers, and temporisers manage their own plans to suit their own views—but let the great body of the people keep a watch against the Tariff and be upon the alert to prevent measures that tend to the ruin of the people and of the land they live in.

Appointments by the Executive of Maryland.—Nathaniel F. Williams, William R. Stewart, and Thomas B. Hall, Esqs. commissioners of lotteries.

William Tingle, Esq. associate judge, vice E. K. Wilson, Esq. who declines.

Justices of the Peace for Talbot county.

William Harrison, Jr. Philemon Willis, Foster Maynard, Joseph Harrison of Joseph, Jeremiah Valiant, Joseph Turner, Edward Roberts, James Chambers, Levin Millis, Joseph Turner, Henry Thomas, James M. Seth, William Rose, James Chaplain, Jr. Wrightson Lowe, Edward McDaniel, Clement Morris, John Bennett, Peter Webb, William Farlow, Benjamin Richardson, William Gist, Nathan Harrington, William Vanderford, Edward Lloyd Nicholson, Joseph Bruff, John Stevens, (Easton) James Dodson, William Berry, John Dudley, Robert B. A. Tate, William P. Ridgaway, James Ridgaway, Alexander Cooper.

Justices of the Levy Court.

John Kemp, Cyrus Newlin, Peter Webb, Bennett Bracco, James Chambers, John Edmondson, and James Neall.

LITTLETON D. TEACKLE Esq. of Somerset county, we understand has been appointed by the Executive, Superintendent of Public Instruction in Primary Schools.

The Legislature of this State adjourned *sine die* on Tuesday evening last after passing 267 laws, the titles of 79 of which we published in the Gazette of the 3d inst. the remainder shall appear in our next—they were received too late for this days paper.

From the New York Enquirer.

CHANCERY.—A chancery suit has been instituted by the celebrated William Morgan, together with John Davis, and David C. Miller, against certain persons in this city for publishing Masonry unveiled. The suit is actually commenced in the name of Morgan. Can he be alive? dead men get into a different Court of Chancery. We have seen a copy of the injunction.

——"The time was that when
The brains were out the man would die."

BALTIMORE, March 9, 1827.

PRICES CURRENT.

ARTICLES.	per.	WHOLESALE. from	to
BEEF, Baltimore Prime,	bbl.	8 00	8 50
BACON, and Hams, . .	lb.	6	10
BEES-WAX, AM. Yellow	—	29	30
COFFEE, Java, ...	—	16	16¼
Havana, . . .	—	14	16
COTTON, Louisiana, &c.	—	11	14
Georgia Upland, . . .	—	10	11½
COTTON YARN, NO. 10	—	28	
An advance of 1 cent each number to No. 18	—		
CANDLES, Mould, . .	—	13	15
Dipt, ...	—	11	13
CHEESE, ...	—	8½	12
FEATHERS, Live, . .	—	29	30
FISH, Herrings, Sus.	bbl.	2 37½	2 50
Shad, trimmed,	—	5 50	6 00
FLAXSEED, ...	bush	90	
FLOUR, Superfine, city,	bbl.	5 12½	5 25
Fine, ...	—	4 75	4 87½
Susquehanna, superfi.	—	5 00	
GUNPOWDER Balti. .	25 lb	5 00	
GRAIN, Ind. corn, yellow	bush	50	
white	—	50	
Wheat, Family Flour,	—	1 10	1 20
do. Lawler and Red,	—	1 00	1 10
do. Red, Susque. . .	—	1 05	1 10
Rye, ...	—	70	75
Barley, Eastern . . .	—	1 10	1 20
Do. country	—	90	1 00
Clover Seed, Red . .	bush	6 25	6 50
Ruta Baga Seed, . . .	lb.	87	
Orchard Grass Seed,	bush	3 50	
Mangel Wurtzel Seed,	—	1 25	
Timothy Seed, ...	—	4 00	
Oats, ...	—	45	
Beans, White, ...	—	1 38	
HEMP, Russia, clean,	ton	250	
Do. Country	—	120	200
HOPS, 1st sort, (1826)	lb.	18	
HOGS' LARD, ...	—	8½	10
LEAD, Pig	lb.	6	6¼
Bar	—	7½	8
LEATHER Soal, best,	—	21	23
MOLASSES, sug. house	gal.		50
Havana, 1st qual. . .	—	31	32
NAILS, 6 a 20d.	lb.	6¼	
NAVAL STORES, Tar,	bbl.	1 50	1 62½
Pitch, ...	—	1 75	
Turpentine, Soft, . .	—	2 50	2 75
OIL, Whale, common,	gal.	33	34
Spermaceti, winter .	—	70	75
PORK, Baltimore Mess,	bbl.	12 50	
do. Prime, ...	—	9 00	
PLASTER, cargo price,	ton	3 25	
ground, .	bbl.	1 50	
RICE, fresh, ...	lb.	3 1-2	3 3-4
SOAP, Baltimore White	lb.	12	14
Brown and yellow,	—	5 1-2	8
WHISKEY, 1st proof,	gal.	33½	35
P. BRANDY, 4th pr.	—	75	1 00
APPLE BRANDY, 1st pr	—		35
SUGARS, Havana White	c. lb.	13 00	13 50
do. Brown, . .	—	10 00	10 50
Louisiana, ...	—	7 75	9 10
Loaf, ...	lb	19	22
SPICES, Cloves, ...	—	70	
Ginger, Ground, . . .	—	7	12
Pepper, ...	—	16	
SALT, St. Ubes, ...	bush	50	55
Liverpool ground . .	—	52	
SHOT, Balt. all sizes,	clb.	8 50	
WINES, Madeira, L. P	gal.	2 50	3 00
do Sicily, - - - -	—	1 10	1 15
Lisbon, - - - - - -	—	1 05	1 10
Port, first quality, - -	gal	1 50	1 60
WOOL, Merino, full bl'd	lb	30	35
do. crossed, - -	—	20	22
Common, Country, -	—	18	22
Skinners' or Pulled, -	—	20	25

Farmer.

DIED

In this county on Thursday last, after a short illness, Mrs. Maria, consort of Edward Roberts, Esq.

AMERICAN FARMER.

Baltimore, Friday, Feb. 23, 1827.

We wish that every friend of this journal should understand, and that they would have the kindness to make it known, that to *any one* who will procure *four* subscribers and remit on their account $20, we will send a fifth copy of the American Farmer without charge—*or*, any one who will procure *five* subscribers, will be allowed to retain $5 on his remitting the remaining $20. We beg also to repeat, that all which is necessary to be done by any one, wishing to subscribe, is to inclose a five dollar note by mail, at the *risk of, and address to the Editor of the American Farmer, Baltimore*" and whether the money be received or not, the paper will be forwarded immediately, and the actual receipt of each number of the volume will be guaranteed by the Editor.

The American Farmer is published weekly, by J. S. Skinner, Postmaster of Baltimore, printed on fine paper the size of ordinary newspapers, folded so as to make 8 pages; about one half, of four pages, devoted to practical Agriculture; the remainder to internal improvements, rural and domestic economy; selections for housekeepers and female readers, and natural history and rural sports. A minute index and title page to the whole volume is published, and forwarded with the last number of each volume. A single number will be sent to any one who may desire to see a specimen of the publication.

To all editors who will give the above one or two insertions, we shall feel much indebted and will gladly reciprocate their kindness.

P. S. The American Farmer is circulated through every state and territory, and is written for by many of the most distinguished practical farmers in the Union.

March 17

For Sale.

The Subscriber will sell his farm on Miles Creek on reasonable and very accommodating terms.

ENNALLS MARTIN.

Easton, March 17

MARYLAND:

Caroline county Orphans' Court,
13th day of March A. D. 1827.

On application of James Dukes executor of Levi Dukes late of Caroline county deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's Estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly & faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed this thirteenth day of March A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty seven.

Test, JAS: SANGSTON, Reg'r of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance with the above order
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county in Maryland letters testamentary on the personal estate of Levi Dukes late of Caroline county deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the twentieth day of September next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this thirteenth day of March A. D. 1827.

JAMES DUKES Ex'r.
of Levi Dukes dec'd.

March 17 3w

MARYLAND,

Caroline County Orphans' Court,
13th day of March A. D. 1827.

On application of James Dukes administrator of Henry Helme late of Caroline county deceased. It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed this thirteenth day of March A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty seven.

Test JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r. of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance with the above order,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Henry Helme late of Caroline county deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the twentieth day of September next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1827.

JAMES DUKES Adm'r
of Henry Helme deceased.

March 17 3w

Trustee's Sale.

All that part of a tract of land, called Rochester, in the vicinity of Snow-Hill, containing four hundred acres more or less, and heretofore devised by Major George Purnell to his son John G. Purnell, will be exposed at Public Sale, on Wednesday the 9th day of May next, by virtue of a decree made by Worcester County court against John G. Purnell, Severn E. Parker and Catharine his wife: It will be offered for sale at the Court house door, between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to the highest & best bidder for cash. All taxes & county charges against the said land are fully paid and satisfied. If the highest bidder shall not, in a short time after the sale, satisfactorily comply with the terms thereof, the next highest, on compliance, will be considered the purchaser, and a deed of conveyance executed, transfering the title of the defendants clear of all incumbrances if any created by them, according to the decree.

JOSIAH BAYLY, Trustee.

March. 17.

The splendid thorough bred horse

Young Chance,



A dark grey approximating to dapple four years old in April, near 15 hands 3 inches high; of great bone and muscular powers, now in fine condition, will commence his season on the 1st of April, and attend the Trappe every other Saturday throughout the season.

TERMS.

Eight dollars the spring's change, twelve dollars to ensure a mare in foal and three dollars the single leap, 25 cents in each case to the Groom.

PEDIGREE.

His sire Chance Medley—dam Lavenia by old Canton celebrated for her superior performance on the turf, she had the first premium unanimously awarded her at the late Cattle Show and Fair in the City of Baltimore as the best brood mare although she had 15 competitors—grand dam by Vingtun—great grand dam by Black and all Black.

Young Chance and my Jack Bolivar will stand at the stables attached to my late residence in Easton under the immediate care and direction of Pompey whose sobriety, skill and attention will ensure the best management.

EDW'D N. HAMBLETON.

March 17.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society, will hold their next meeting at *Locust Grove*, the seat of Mr. Thomas Hayward, on THURSDAY the 22d day of March, instant—at which the members are respectfully requested to attend at the hour of 11 o'clock.

By order,
RICHARD SPENCER, See'ry.

March 17

$25 Reward.

Lost in the woods of the late Jonathan N. Benny, Esq. on Friday evening last (16th inst.) a one hundred dollar note on the Bank of Baltimore. The finder, by presenting it to the subscriber will receive his thanks and a reward of twenty five dollars.

GEO. GE R. BENSON.

Talbot county, March 17

Notice.

Was committed on the 2d of this month to Frederick county jail, as a runaway, a negro man named WILLIAM, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high. His cloathing consisted of a drab colored coattee, lindsey pantaloons and two cotton shirts, and says he belongs to Mr. Patrick Lapon, near Rockville, Montgomery county. The owner of the above negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be released as directed by act of assembly of this state.

THOMAS CARLTON, Shff.

March 17 8w

Notice.

Was committed on the 26th of last month, to the jail of Frederick county, as a runaway, a negro man named PAUL, about 5 feet 8 inches high, blind in one eye, about 65 years of age, and says he belongs to Philip Spalding of Charles county. His clothing a drab coattee & pantaloons. The owner of the above negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be released as directed by act of assembly of this state.

THOS. CARLTON, Shff.

March 17. 8w

Notice.

Was committed as a runaway, on the 27th of last month, to the jail of Frederick county a negro man named GEORGE SMITH, about 5 feet 4 inches high, about 25 years of age and says he belongs to Miss Ann Smith of Prince George's county. His clothing consisted of a cassinet coattee and pantaloons, a striped vest, old shoes and fur hat. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be released as directed by act of assembly of this state.

THOS. CARLTON, Shff.

March 17 8w

Notice

Is hereby given to the creditors of John Mitchell, late of Dorchester county, deceased, to lodge their claims duly authenticated at the Register of Wills' Office for said county, on or before the 31st day of March next, as a dividend will be struck on his personal estate on that day. Those persons who neglect this notice will be excluded from any part of said dividend. Given under our hands this 13th day of March, 1827.

PETER ROBINSON, and
EZ'L. MITCHELL, Adm'rs.

March 17

VALUABLE PROPERTY

For Sale.

The subscriber intending to remove from this State, offers for sale the Brick House and Lot at present occupied by himself. This property is in good repair and possesses as many conveniences, as any house of its size in Easton. The lot is about 43 by 196 feet, and has a pump of excellent water very convenient to the kitchen, a Meat-House, Stable, Carriage house and Cow shed, and a well enclosed Garden, stocked with a variety of herbs & flowers. To a person desirous of a residence in, or of owning Town property, this offers many inducements which will be more apparent on examination. He also wishes to dispose of a Lot and small Tenement on Port Street, also a beautiful and highly cultivated Grass Lot near Town on the Dover road.

All which he will sell on very reasonable terms for CASH.

JAMES COCKAYNE.

Easton, March 17 tf

Union Tavern.



The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general that he has taken the above stand where he intends devoting every attention for the accommodation of the public, he solicits a share of the public patronage.

RICHARD KENNY.

Easton, March 17.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot county court, to me directed against Stuart Redman at the suit of Richard Spencer, Executor of Pery Spencer, will be sold at public sale on Tuesday the 10th of April next, at the Court House door in the town of Easton between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—The Farm or plantation where he the said Stuart Redman lately resided known by the name of "Part Hindman's Estate resurveyed," and situate on Wye River, Containing 404 acres of land more or less, also on Thursday the 22d inst. will be sold at the late residence of said Stuart Redman (as heretofore advertised) 1 walnut table, 3 old carpets,—1 walnut stand, 1 lot of Books, 4 maps, 1 fowling piece, 7 scythes & Cradles, 1 fine gear, 1 Sword & case, 1 lot of glass & queensware, 1 pair steelyards, 3 cutting Boxes, 2 wheat fans, 9 weeding hoes, 2 grubbing hoes, 8 oxen, 3 iron wedges, 1 half bushel measure, 1 timber chain, 1 lot blacksmith's tools, 1 lot old iron, 2 stoves at the landing, scale Beam & Weights, 1 large peter boat, and 1 corn crib, seized and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above mentioned fieri facias and interest and cost due & to become due thereon. Attendance given by

THO. HENRIX, Shff.

March 17

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