EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature, well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown." Religion purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us rich—and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. X. EASTON, (MARYLAND) SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 16, 1827. NO. 24.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
EVERY SATURDAY EVENING BY
ALEXANDER GRAHAM,

At Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum payable half yearly in advance.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three times for One Dollar, and twenty five cents for every subsequent insertion.

AN ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
GOODS.
WM. H. GROOME

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore with a further supply of GOODS adapted to the Spring and Summer SALES.

AMONGST WHICH ARE
A great variety of *Articles* for Mens & Boys
SUMMER CLOTHING.

Elegant New Style Battiste
do. do. Bastiste Ginghams,
do. do. fancy Calicoes,
do. do. black & White do.
Black Barage for Ladies dresses
Elegant Merino Scarfs & shawls—*very cheap*
Grenadine and other fancy *H*andkerchiefs.
4-4 *P*lain Bobbinett and Thread Laces
Hosiery, Ribbons, Gloves, *P*iping Cords, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO
HARDWARE, GROCERIES,
QUEEN'S WARE, &c. &c.
Easton, May 26 tf

CAUTION
TO TRAVELLERS.

ATTEMPTS having been repeatedly made by Capt. Levin Jones, the proprietor of ONE of the Lines of Stages from Castle Haven to Cambridge, to force passengers by the Steam-Boat Maryland, to take seats in his Stage, by exacting twenty-five cents from those who take seats in the Subscriber's Carriage,

This is to Give Notice,

That the road leading to Castle-Haven wharf, is a *PUBLIC COUNTY ROAD*, and consequently *free* for all Travellers. Captain Jones has no right to make such an unjust demand.

The Subscriber's STAGE with good Horses and a careful Driver, will at all times be in readiness, to convey Passengers to or from the Steam-Boat.—Passage—If more than one passenger, 50 cents only—if but one, 75 cents.

Horses and Carriages will be furnished at a moment's warning, to convey Travellers to any part of the Peninsula, on the most moderate terms.

WILLIAM C. RIDGAWAY.
Sign of the Steam-Boat and Stages.
Cambridge, (Md) May 26 4w

INDIAN QUEEN & BALTIMORE HOUSE,

Situated in the centre of the city, on two beautiful and spacious streets, convenient to the wharves, steam boats and public buildings. This celebrated and extensive *H*otel, fronting about 100 feet on Market or Baltimore street and 224 feet on Hanover street, has been elegantly improved and newly furnished in the first style. The public rooms are handsomely fitted up, and the chambers with neat and appropriate furniture. The parlors on Hanover and Market Streets, for families, (formerly two private dwellings, entrance distinct from the Hotel,) are elegantly furnished, and so publicly situated, as to command a view of the busy and gay crowds which throng this great, public, & fashionable street, (Market street.) The chambers attached; are private, convenient, and well furnished. *Families cannot desire to be more pleasantly, comfortably, and elegantly accommodated, and at charges lower than for years past.* The Bath Rooms are in fine order, the Reading Room is supplied with papers from various parts of the Union; a box for Post Office Letters; a general Stage Office, from which the Western, Southern, York and Philadelphia stages daily depart and arrive, & on an adjoining lot extensive Stables and Carriage Houses, with every other appendage necessary to a Hotel of the first rank. The removal of a house in the rear, on German street, which obstructed the light and air, the ornamental railing and pallisades substituted, the refreshing appearance of an extensive grass-plat, bordered with shrubbery and flowers, give a finish to the other improvements, no less pleasing to the eye than conducive to comfort. *It is universally admitted that the House and premises, in appearance, comfort, arrangement and style, are far superior to what they ever were, and so materially changed as scarcely to be recognized*; and in other material requisites, such as an abundant and choice Table, Wines, &c. attentive and obliging servants, and all that is comprised in a well arranged Hotel, those who have honored the house with their company have spoken in terms of commendation extremely flattering.

The undersigned renews to the *P*ublic his grateful thanks for their patronage, and, at the same time respectfully solicits the old friends and patrons of the House, and the public generally, to give this regenerated and superiorly located establishment a trial, *more especially as he is now enabled from the increased accommodations, improved state of the Hotel, and decreased rent, to entertain them in a superior style, and at charges lower than any of his predecessors.*

Gentlemen and Ladies arriving in the Steam Boats or Stages, any hour of the night, will be conducted to apartments always prepared, and their departure at any hour facilitated.

The Public's obedient servant,
G. BELTZHOOVER.
June 9 3w

Notice.

Was committed to Frederick county jail, as a runaway, on the 20th of last month, a negro man who calls himself DAVID BOSTON, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high—He had on when committed a black coat very much worn, a black silk waistcoat, a cotton shirt, an old pair of corduroy pantaloons, and an old white hat. The owner of the above negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be released as directed by act of assembly of this state.

THOMAS CARLTON, Sheriff.
April 21 8w

BY HIS EXCELLENCY,
JOSEPH KENT, Governor of Maryland,

A Proclamation.

Whereas a certain Arnold Jacobs, hath been charged, by indictment of the Grand Inquest, enquiring for the county of Philadelphia, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, of the crime of kidnapping a certain negro man, called Emory Sudler, and hath fled from the justice of the said commonwealth, into this state, as it is said. *A*nd Whereas his excellency John *A*ndrew Shultze, Governor of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of the constitution and laws of the United States, demanded the said *A*rnold Jacobs of me, as a fugitive from justice, and that he should be arrested and delivered to John *T*hompson, Jr. agent appointed to receive and convey said fugitive within the jurisdiction of the said *C*ommonwealth for trial upon the said indictment: upon which demand, the sheriff of Queen Ann's county, (within whose jurisdiction it was said the said Jacobs had sought refuge) was promptly ordered to arrest and deliver the said fugitive, in compliance with the said demand—And whereas it is represented, that notwithstanding the order to the said sheriff, the said Arnold Jacobs has not been arrested and delivered to the said agent; and it being the imperious duty of the Executive of this state to use the most effectual means to cause the said fugitive to be arrested and delivered as aforesaid, to answer the charge aforesaid. Now, therefore, I, Joseph Kent, Governor of the State of *M*aryland, have thought fit to issue this my PROCLAMATION, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the council, offer a reward of 200 *DOL*LARS, to any person or persons, who shall arrest the said *A*rnold Jacobs, and deliver him to the said John Thompson, jr. agent as aforesaid, or confine him in any jail so that he may be delivered to the said agent, or any other that may be duly appointed, by his excellency the Governor of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to receive him.

Given under my hand & the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, this eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States; the fifty-first.

JOSEPH KENT.

By the Governor,
Tho: Culbreth, Clk.
of the Council.
May 19 6w

Public Sale.

WE will offer at public sale at the Court House door in Easton, on Tuesday the 26th of June next, between the hours of 1 & 4 o'clock in the afternoon, one tract, or parcel of woodland near Lewistown in *T*albot county, containing twenty five acres more or less—Terms made known on the day of sale and attendance given by the subscribers.

FRANCES TURNER.
ELIZABETH N. TURNER,
JAMES S. TURNER.
June 2

UNION BANK OF MARYLAND,
May 19, 1827.

The Stockholders in this institution are hereby notified that a general meeting will be held at their Banking House, in the city of Baltimore, on MONDAY, the 2d day of July next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, *A*. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing Sixteen Directors for the ensuing year.

By order, J. PINKNEY, Jr. Cash'r.

By the act of Incorporation not more than eleven of the present Board are eligible for the year ensuing.
June 2 6w

Notice.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Worcester county, notice is hereby given that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Worcester county letters of administration on the personal estate of Dr. Rufus K. Mitchell, late of said county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the first day of January next, they may otherwise be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate—Given under my hand this first day of June, *A*. D. 1827.

THOS. N. WILLIAMS, Adm'r.
of Rufus C. Mitchell, dec'd.
June 2 3w

Notice.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Worcester county, in Maryland, notice is hereby given that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Worcester county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of William McGrigor late of said county deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the first day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate—Given under my hand this first day of June, A. D. 1827.

THOS. N. WILLIAMS, Ex'r.
of Wm. McGrigor, dec'd.
June 2 3w

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Talbot county that he has taken the shop lately occupied by Mr. William Kemp in Easton nearly opposite Mr. Lowe's tavern and a few doors from the Bank where he carries on the BOOT & SHOE-MAKING business in all its various branches—he has now on hand a good assortment of prime materials and is prepared to manufacture Boots or Shoes in the best manner, in the most fashionable style and at moderate prices—He solicits a share of the Public patronage, and assures those who may favour him with their custom that no pains on his part will be wanting to give general satisfaction. THOMAS S. COOK.
Easton May 26 tf

THE SEA SERPENT.

Below will be found another attestation to the existence of the Sea Serpent. We have copied it from an Irish paper handed to us for the purpose, in which it appears without any comment.

SEA SERPENT.

To the Editor of the Connaught Journal,

Quebec Trader, of South Island off Arran, Galway Bay Feb. 8, 1827.

Sir—Having this favourable opportunity of transmitting to you the following wonderful occurrence, which may be the means of setting at rest all doubts as to the existence of a marine monster, supposed to be the Sea Serpent, I readily do so particularly as I have so many respectable witnesses to support me in the truth of what we saw. Being bound from Rhode Island for Liverpool, on yesterday morning the south Island of Arran came in sight, 30 miles east. We at the same time discovered, about two miles ahead a vessel seemingly a wreck, not having a spar or rope standing. On nearing, I ordered the gig and six men to board her; and was shortly after hailed by the mate, who was one of the party, for assistance, they pulling from the wreck with all possible speed. I hove the Quebec to the wind, and presently learned that Thomas Willson, being the first to board was instantly devoured by a most horrible animal, the like of which they had never seen nor heard of. By this time the wreck was driven to about a cable length of our stern, from which I could plainly and distinctly see a monster of the serpent kind, lying partly coiled upon the deck, its head erected about 4 feet, & its hind part in the hatches, the hat of poor Thomas lying close alongside it. The surprise and consternation which struck all on board deprived us of the thought of planning any mode for its capture, was such a thing possible, the thought of our unfortunate companion filling us with horror. However, I fired a shot from a six pounder, which unluckily could not be brought to bear sufficiently high. It struck the hull, at the same moment the animal raised its head, body and tail, in six or seven folds, to the height of a man each, extending itself from the tiller to the bows, its eyes was large, of a red colour, and much distorted; its throat and neck larger than any other part, of a bright green hue, as were its body and sides, and the back black and scaly; it had ears or fins suspended near the head similar to an eel, and on the nostrils a horny excrescence, blunt and about 18 inches long; its chops were broad and flat. While I was preparing a second salute with ball and slugs, it glided majestically into the sea, gave a splash with its tail, and disappeared. Shortly after, myself, John Adams, mate, Mr. William Nightingale, and Mr. Robert Croker, passengers, boarded her, and with grief had our foreboding for the fate of Wilson verified, he being no where to be found; the vessel was water logged, and in a sinking state; a substance of a tar like nature, but highly corrosive, as it blistered the hands upon taking it up, was upon the deck, some of which has been preserved; it is supposed to be the excrement of the animal. Our conjecture is, that the monster being attracted by the bodies of the sufferers in the wreck, had taken up its abode there, and devoured them. We consider its length to be about 60 feet, and its girth from 9 to 12 feet.

I remain, Sir, your ob't. serv't.
Thomas Cleary, Master.

We the undersigned, certify the truth of the above.

John Adams. Mate.
Wm. Nightingale, and
Robert Croker, Passengers.

P. S.—Mr. Croker having occasion to proceed to Dublin, chuses that route for going to Liverpool, and will be the bearer of this statement.

THE CANNING FAMILY.

From the Cork Southern Reporter.

The family of Canning, from which the present eminent and justly popular Prime Minister springs, is of great antiquity.

The head of the family was a Roman Catholic gentleman, Francis Canning, Esq. of Foxcote, in Warwickshire, the twelfth possessor of that estate, in lineal male descent from Thomas Canning, Esq. who, in the reign of Henry VI. married Agnes, sole heiress of Le Marshal, of Foxcote, seated there from the time of Edward 1.

The branch from which the premier derives his origin was founded by George Canning, younger son of Richard Canning, of Foxcote, who settled in Ireland, and obtained a grant of the manor of Garvah, in the county of Londonderry, from Queen Elizabeth. From him descended Stratford Canning, Esq. the fifth possessor of the Garvah estate, who derived his Christian name from the surname of his mother's family, the Stratfords, Earls of Aldborough; his eldest son, George Canning, died in his father's lifetime leaving an only son, the Right Honourable George Canning, who though representative of the elder branch of the Garvah family, was passed by in the will of his grandfather, who left the estate to his second son, Paul Canning Esquire, whose only son, George Canning, was created Baron Garvah in 1818.

The premier, however, succeeded to a small estate in the county of Kilkenny, of about £200 per annum, either by bequest, or in consequence of the entail not being broken. On this slender beginning he has finally achieved his present proud pre-eminence.

(From the London Free Press.)

Mr Canning was born at Paddington, near London, in 1771. His Paternal ancestors were originally seated at Foxcote in Warwickshire, where a branch of the family, we believe still remains.—Queen Elizabeth conferred the manor of Gorvah, in the county of Derry, in Ireland, on a younger son of the Foxcote family, who thereupon removed into the sister island, and up to the father of the premier his descendants continued to reside there. Stratford Canning, Esq of Garvah, the grandfather, had two sons, George and Paul, the elder of whom displeasing his father by marrying a dowerless beauty, was exiled from the paternal roof, with an allowance of $150 a year.

Under these circumstances he came with his lady to London, and determining to study the law, entered himself of the Middle Temple. He died poor, on the 11th of April, 1771, a few days after the birth of his son George, and was interred in the new burial ground of St. Marylebone, where his tomb, with the following inscription, was placed by his widow:—

"Thy virtue and my wo no words can tell,
Therefore, a little while, my George, farewell:
For faith & love like ours Heaven has in store
Its last best gift—to meet and part no more."

His infant son, the subject of this memoir, was placed with a maternal uncle, a respectable wine merchant in the city, who discovering strong marks of genius, at a very early age, sent him to Eton, where he speedily distinguished himself, and in 1786, became one of the senior scholars.

In 1788, on his removal from Eton, Mr. Canning was entered at Christ Church, Oxford, where he graduated. He there formed a social connexion with several young men of rank, among whom was Mr. Jenkinson, now Lord Liverpool. Having obtained his bachelors's degree, he left the University, and entered himself of the Middle Temple, with intent to study the law. At the same time he obtained admission to a debating society, which met in Bondsteet, and by his practice there, acquired that ease and facility in public speaking which he now so eminently possesses.

Mr. Canning.—In a biography of the present Premier, published in 1807 (written it was then mentioned, by a Gentleman who is now a Member of the Hon. House, then a contributor to periodical publications.) it is stated, that amongst other pieces produced by Mr. Canning's father, were the affecting verses supposed to have been written by Lord William Russell to Lord William Cavendish on the night preceding his execution. Mr. Canning the present Premier, was sent to Eton in his eleventh year, where the vivacity and eagerness of his disposition soon raised him to distinction amongst his contemporaries.—Mr. C. had scarcely attained his fifteenth year, when he undertook, with some of his youthful associates, to amuse and instruct the world in a series of periodical papers. The 'Microcosm,' the name of this juvenile work, commenced on the 6th November, 1786, and continued until the July following, when, as the public were informed, the unexpected death of the editor, Gregory Griffin, Esq. obliged the associates to desist from the undertaking. Ten of the Numbers, with the signature of 'B,' (Bachelor.) are attributed to Mr. Canning; and it appears that, in truth, he was the editor of the whole. It is afterwards mentioned that while Mr. Canning was at Oxford, Mr. Sheridan, to whose notice he had been particularly introduced, conceived great hopes of young Canning's future success in a political career and looked upon him as a desirable accession to the party of *Patriots*; for Mr. Canning (continues our biographer) was at this time also a *Patriot, and a strenuous champion of popular liberty.* An introduction to Mr. Pitt, however, opened far more advantageous prospects for the employment of his talents and it is said that his former patron, Mr. Sheridan, *frankly advised him to embark in a more propitious career* than that in which he had himself embarked—in fact, to go over to the other (or Mr. Pitt's) side of the house.

Mr. Canning was first returned to Parliament in 1793 (being then in his 22d year) as Member for Newport, in the Isle of Wight—the place, curiously enough, represented by him when appointed Premier. It ought to be added, that our Biographer whose work may be considered as having been suppressed, further mentions after noticing Mr. Canning's first return for Newport that Mr. Sheridan still continued his friendship towards young Canning; for in one of his speeches he took occasion to announce to the House the expectations which they might form from the young Senator. But he was silent during that Session occupying himself with observing the forms of the house; spoke in 1794, on the subsidy to Sardinia; but his invectives against Bonaparte attracted great notice—On one occasion in reply to the charge of abuse of Bonaparte, Mr. Canning said, "I know Mr. Speaker, that there is a cautious cowardly, bastard morality, which assumes the garb and tone of wisdom, and which prescribes to you to live with an enemy as if he were one day to become your friend. I distrust this doctrine for one reason—because I fear the same morality that could pride itself on adopting it, would be capable of entertaining the doctrine which is the converse of it & would prescribe living with a friend as if he were one day to become an enemy. If this be wisdom, (continued Mr. Canning,) I do not boast it; I can only say Heaven grant me a host of such enemies, rather than one such friend.'—*Herald.*

Mysterious Marriage.—A Lady dressed in the most elegant style of fashion, walking past the Horse Guards early in the morning, lately addressed a private soldier belonging to the foot-Guards, in the following manner:—

Lady—Soldier, are you a single man?—The Soldier (confused and astonished at the question put to him) replied he was.

Lady—Then, Soldier, will you have me for your wife?—Soldier (still more confused) I have no objection, madam.

Lady—Then come with me. I have a *license* and a ring (taking them out of her reticule;) and we will be married immediately.—The lady then called a hackney coach from the stand and proceeded to St. ——'s Church where they were married. Immediately on their return the lady stepped into the coach (first handing the bridegroom 20 sovereigns,) telling him that she would send for him in the evening, and afterwards purchase his discharge. She then ordered the coachman to drive forward, and from that time to the present the soldier has never seen nor heard from his bride!

It is scarcely possible to conjecture what could have been the lady's motives, unless she wished, for *some particular purpose*, to show the *certificate* of her *marriage*.

London Paper.

A JUDICIAL ANECDOTE.

Not many years ago, a judge in the interior of Pennsylvania, whose character for parsimony was well known, went into a shop, to buy a horn comb.—The lady waiting on him, asked *eight* cents for it: The judge offered *six*, which was finally accepted. He took the comb, and laid down a *five penny bit*, which is exactly, *six and a quarter cents.* After staying an unusual length of time in the store, a servant entered with information, that dinner was on table—'I'll be there presently,' said the judge—another message came, the judge still lingered behind—'Why do you stay' said the lady, 'I am waiting for my change' said the judge, 'What change Sir? enquired the Lady—'Why, the difference between six cents and the *fi'penny bit*, said the judge!—'I know not how to accommodate you, but by cutting a cent *into* four equal parts, and giving you *one* of them,' replied the lady! On saying which the judge stepped up to a box containing *snuff*, and putting his hand into it, observed—'Well then, I'll take it out in *maccouba!*' He took a cent's worth! 'Bless me' said the lady—'like a Hound on a *scent*, you *pinch* hard, and give no *quarters!*'

What we call duties.—Every man ought to pay his debts—*if he can.* Every man ought to help his neighbour—*if he can.* Every young man and woman ought to get married—*if they can.* Every representative in congress, and the legislature, ought to inform their constituents what they are doing—*if they can.* Every man should do his work to please his customers—*if he can.* Every man should please his wife—*if he can.* —Every wife should rule her husband—*if she can.* Every woman should sometimes hold her tongue—*if she can.* Every lawyer should tell the truth—*if he can.* Every preacher of the gospel should be a Christian *if he can.* And finally, every reader should add to the above something good—*IF HE CAN.—Miss. Gazette.*

MARYLAND:
Talbot County Orphans' Court,
23d, day of May, A. D. 1827.

On application of Thomas S. Bromwell, Administrator of Solomon Merrick, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three sucessive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of *E*aston.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 23d day of May, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty seven.

L.S.

Test, JAS: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *S*olomon Merrick, late of Talbot county deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the first day of *D*ecember next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 23d day of May, A. *D.* 1827.

THOMAS S. BROMWELL, Adm'r.
of Solomon Merrick, dec'd.
May 26 3w

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