duct will not stand
, he is unworthy of
exercising power in
, he has been waste-
should not be trust-
e government of this

onal Advocate.
RLEANS.—By the
ved New Orleans pa-
ary, inclusive. If we
ontents of the papers,
"hero of two wars,"
iends had anticipated.
than give the follow-
celebration from the
r of the 15th. After
te extract from Gold-
s on and says—
tract from the pen of
er, which furnishes a
elebration of the eighth
nciple from which we
e proceedings of that
miliating for a citizen
are, that the celebra-
not such as, under dif-
, we could have wish-
an never feel unfriend-
on; and it is a misfor-
rable man has to suffer
secretion of his friends.
xtravagant pretensions
kson, that he possesses
npson, the wisdom of
of Absolom, and the
must be offensive to a
hose moral institutions
ry man EQUAL and ex-

ise, is as ridiculous as
e—they both subvert
t and wrong. Those
e distinguished feature
(the equality of her cit-
to lavish rewards and
bear no proportion to
always to expect dis-
rtification. If we test
assionately by the ordi-
nd we do not see why
vise, doubtless he will
ry excellent man, of in-
others with defects in

easons why the sterling
ity, comprising its 'bone
o part in the celebration,
ether at the principle of
ting men, the mere mi-
hope some one who was
ne will give an accurate
own that the legislature
he proceedings altogeth-
ing a committee on their
vere administration, and
from grace alone. It is
ey made no appropriation
enses—and that they re-
ommittee should be under
one raised in this city.
nothing can be said—in-
s of the city had not ve-
d out, there would have
on; and half of them or
nistration men. There
y of any class of the city
—not of merchants, law-
sion of men. The steam
turn out—and but one
their flags. Of the ball
mortifying failure too:—
ts, was first fixed at ten
ight persons subscribed;
ced to five dollars, and
bed; and it was again re-
lars. We are not informed
tended; but we suppose
nd to crown all General
re at one o'clock in the
uld this have been for, but
appointment of seeing a
broad day light. But
ome to us, and we take no
ning it to the world.
this city and the people
icularly the Creoles, have
es with immortal glory.
ree of moral firmness to
of Gen. Jackson to our
would have done honor
n their best days. How
rant were the managers
ple of Louisiana! They
e General arrived that he
er in Lilliput: a Stork a-
when he left would croak
their little day. But they
o say.
doth bestride the narrow

; and we the people,
huge legs, and peep about
dishonorable graves,"
e Stael says 'there is some-
r in the phrenzy of battles'
entrances the multitude;
ies of warlike music, had
state; we have asserted and
empire of reason over the
did not look upon the whole
anonymous and worthless
l Jaskson lived; around
trated the glory belonging
d men. The same spirit
our country, and bore its
ndywine, Trenton, Thames
preserved New Orleans—
pendence. And we trust
ield the country from for-

—

s paper states that the ad-
ority in the legislature of
xteen.

United States Gazette.
ongressional head, will be
to the senate of the United
Sparhawk, against certain
eral Duff Green.
the attack, was briefly this
k was suspected by General

Green, of having written a letter to the editor of the New York American, in which a collision between the General and Mr. Randolph, relative to the latter gentleman's speech, was charged.

General Green has written a letter to Major Noah, of New York, in explanation of the transaction—and from the letter, we gather the above, and make the following extract.

"I therefore resolved to demand of Mr. Sparhawk, in person, whether he was the author of the libel in the American; and, if he acknowledged or equivocated, inflict such chastisement upon him as would exhibit to the world, the character of the class of "letter writers" who are in the pay and service of the political firm of Adams, Clay, and Webster.

I accordingly waited until after the senate adjourned, and then followed Mr. Sparhawk into the room, in which the reporters usually take copies of resolutions, &c. He retired to a window, at the furthest side of the room. I walked up to him, and asked him if his name was Sparhawk. He replied, yes sir. I then asked him if he was the writer of a letter published in the New York American, charging a collision between Mr. Randolph and myself, as to the publication of his speech. To this interrogation, he replied saying, that it was a question to which he did not consider himself bound to reply. I then said it was a question to which I would hold him bound to answer. He said that he would not say whether he was or was not the writer. I then told him that I would make him responsible and seizing his nose, twisted it until the *gentleman*, in the agony of an *hysteric* laugh, exclaimed see him! see him!!

"I then released him from his position in the recess of the window, and he ran up to the table where Mr. Rind, the only other person in the room, stood, calling on him to take notice! My back, in the meantime, had been toward Mr. Rind, and, as I did not know that he had seen what had just transpired, I walked up to Mr. Sparhawk, and seizing both his ears, gave his head a few deliberate shakes, and also called on Mr. Rind to take notice.

"At this juncture Mr. Rind came up to me and endeavored to disengage my hold, which, my object having been fully accomplished, I immediately released. Mr. Sparhawk here took to himself a little courage, and whilst Mr. Rind was holding me, and entreating me not to injure him further, of which I had no intention, he seized my cane (which I had all the time held in one hand) and endeavored to wrest it from me—but he let go so soon as Mr. Rind released his hold on me. I then told Mr. Rind that I had inflicted on Sparhawk all the punishment I had intended, and said to him, that he need call no witnesses to prove what had transpired, for I was ready to admit the truth on all occasions as I had been to disgrace him for its violation."

The worthy GENERAL seems to have the right smack of the times—pulling ears, tweeking noses, inflicting summary punishments His partner, COLONEL Jarvis, it will be recollected, boasts of having broken a few ribs for an engraver in Boston. Verily, verily, they should be *provosts marshal*, in the military dynasty—the '*Jean qui pleut*' and the '*Jean qui rit*'

CONGRESS.

From the National Journal.

MONDAY, Jan. 28.

In the House of Representatives on Saturday, the discussion of the resolution offered by Mr. Chilton was resumed. As soon as his resolution was read, Mr. Chilton rose, and withdrew the resolutions originally submitted to the House and offered a substitute, dividing the subjects. Mr. M'Duffie then moved to amend the resolution by striking out so much as made the public debt a subject of examination. This amendment was accepted by Mr. Chilton. Mr. Blake then moved an amendment referring the subject in a different form, to the Committee of Ways and Means. Mr. Dorsey moved to amend the amendment by adding a clause directing the attention of the Committee to the *per diem* allowance to members, which Mr. Blake accepted as a modification. On motion of Mr. Blake the Ayes and Noes were ordered in his amendment, but the House adjourned before any question was taken.

TUESDAY, Jan. 29.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill for graduating the price of the public lands, and ceding the refuse to the states in which they lie was taken up and Mr. Hendricks moved an amendment which he supported at great length and which together with the bill was opposed by Mr. Branch. No question was taken on it. The bill to provide for certain Revolutionary Officers was considered; and Mr Parris's motion for recommitment was, after some discussion withdrawn.

In the House of Representatives, the discussion of Mr. Chilton's resolution was resumed. Mr. Chilton again modified his resolution, so as to embrace an enquiry into the expediency of reducing the compensation of the members of Congress. Mr. Buckner, Mr. Washington, and Mr. Vance addressed the Chair. While Mr. Vance was proceeding to specify the characters of the various Standing Committees, he was called to order by Mr. McDuffie.—The Chair having decided that Mr. Vance was in order, Mr. McDuffie appealed from the decision, and the ayes and noes were ordered on the question of appeal, but before the question was taken—the House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 30.

The Senate, yesterday, resumed the consideration of the bill providing for certain Revolutionary Officers; the motion to fill the blank with 1,100,000 dollars still pending. Mr. Smith, of S. C. spoke in opposition to the bill, and Mr. Robbins and others in its favor. No question was taken.

In the House of Representatives, the resolutions offered by Mr. Chilton, were again taken up. The question immediately before the House was upon the appeal of Mr. McDuffie from the decision of the Chair, on a point of order. Mr. Vance, in the course of his remarks on the preceding day commenced a series of strictures upon the manner in which the Standing committees of the House had been appointed by the Chair. Mr. McDuffie made it a question of order, whether the introduction of this matter was justified by the rules and practice of the House. The Speaker having decided that Mr. Vance was in order, Mr. McDuffie appealed from the decision. The question on the appeal was taken yesterday morning, when the decision of the chair was sustained by a vote of 91 to 62. Mr. Vance then continued his remarks and was succeeded by Mr. Pearce and Mr. Bell. Mr. Dorsey had just risen to address the chair, when a motion for adjournment was put and carried.

THURSDAY, Jan. 31.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill for regulating the process of the United States Courts, in the States admitted into the Union since the year 1789, was taken up

Mr. White withdrew his amendment; and the bill after some discussion was laid on the table.

The bill providing for certain surviving officers of the Revolution, was taken up, and supported by Mr. Berrien, in a speech of great length.

In the House of Representatives, various communications, and a message from the President, which had been lying on the table until Mr. Chilton's resolutions should be disposed of or some opportunity should present itself for taking them up, were submitted to the House. The message noticed a correspondence between our government and that of Brazil, some information respecting which will be found in our report of the proceedings. Among the communications, were the information called for by resolution of Mr. Sloane relative to the Court Martial at Mobile, but as this is not yet ordered to be printed, we are unable to present any statement as to the number or character of the documents—and also the facts called for by resolution of Mr. Kreemer respecting the change of the public printing, &c. of the Port of Philadelphia, from Mrs. Bailey to Mr. Binns.

The House then took up the resolution of Mr Chilton. Mr. Dorsey addressed the Chair at some length. Mr. Wickliffe had just obtained the floor in reply, and made a few preliminary remarks, when the House adjourned.

Among the bills reported yesterday, were a bill making an appropriation for Internal Improvement, a bill making appropriations for the Indian Department, a bill making an appropriation for a Breakwater at the entrance of the Delaware Bay and a bill concerning Naturalization

FRIDAY, Feb. 1.

The Senate yesterday resumed the consideration of the bill providing for certain surviving officers of the Revolutionary army; and it was debated from 1 o'clock till half past 4, by Mr. Smith of South Carolina, in opposition to it, and by Mr. Van Buren in its support; when the Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Branch, who according to usage, has the floor tomorrow.

In the House of Representatives, "A Bill in alteration of the several acts imposing duties on Imports," was reported, read twice, committed and 6000 copies of the bill, report, and testimony, were ordered to be printed.

The documents from the War Department relative to the trials of the militia men, were referred to the Committee on Military Affairs and ordered to be printed.

The House then resumed the discussion of Mr. Chilton's resolution the question being on Mr. Blake's amendment as modified by Mr. Dorsey. After Mr. Wickliffe had concluded. Mr. Letcher and Mr. Livingston followed. Mr. Weems then called for the previous question, but withdrew his call, which was renewed by Mr. Cambreleng and lost—Ayes 80—Noes 94. Mr. Everett then rose and expreseed a wish to make some remarks, in order to put one or two points which had been discussed in a clear light, but, being indisposed, the House adjourned.

SATURDAY, Feb. 2.

In the Senate, yesterday, the Bill for the relief of Susan Decatur was read, and the blank filled with $100 000. The Senate resumed the consideration of the Bill providing for certain surviving officers of the Revolutionary Army. The discussion occupied several hours, but no question was taken.

In the House of Representatives, the discussion of the resolutions offered by Mr. Chilton. Mr. Everett addressed the house in a very powerful speech which we shall endeavour to publish in our next. Mr. Randolph succeeded. He complained of weakness and his remarks seemed to testify to the correctness of the complaint.—Mr. Hamilton took the floor, but before he had proceeded in his remarks the house adjourned.

For the Easton Gazette.

The Discovery of America by Columbus.

MR. GRAHAM,

The inestimable advantages which have resulted to the world, by the discovery of America by Columbus, have given peculiar interest to every incident relative to the life of that illustrious man. A contrariety of opinion, however, exists as to what island Columbus first explored. It is admitted on all hands, that he designated it by the appellation of San Salvador; which was indicative of the safety it afforded him after so perilous a voyage. But we deny that this island corresponds to what we now denominate St. Salvador. Because after the departure of Columbus from San Salvador, his course was due west, until he arrived at Nipe in Cuba; whereas St. Salvador is nearly north of Cuba. And in addition to this circumstance, had St. Salvador been the island which he first explored, the great Bahama Bank, and a long chain of Bays, which are called Cayos de la Cadena, which stretch between St. Salvador and Cuba, would have exhibited an insurmountable obstacle to a westerly course from St. Salvador. We are therefore now, & have long been decidedly of the opinion, that the first island which Columbus discovered in America, was the largest of the TURKS ISLANDS. And this assertion is fully corroborated by a recent publication from the pen of Senor Navarette, to whom access has been given to all the archives of the Spanish government, and who unequivocally asserts, that Turks Island was the first land revealed to the eyes of Columbus in the western hemisphere.

HIBERNICUS.

Easton, Feb. 4th, 1828.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON.....MD.

SATURDAY EVENING—FEBRUARY 9, 1828.

LAMENTED EVENT.—It becomes our painful task to announce the untimely death of Dr. BOND MARTIN, son of Judge Martin of Cambridge, who fell in a duel on Saturday last near Bladensburgh with a Mr. Carr.

When we reflect upon the ills and calamities which the indulgence of chivalric feelings produce among families and in society at large, we cannot make too strong an appeal to the Guardians of the Public Peace and security to interpose their power to put down effectually a practice that is productive of great misery, and can be productive of no good.

At a meeting of the gentlemen who have associated for the purpose of introducing a fine thorough bred horse into this neighbourhood, assembled at Peacock's Tavern in Easton, on Wednesday the 6th day of February, when having appointed Col. WILLIAM HUGHLETT, Chairman, and THOMAS EMORY, Secretary, it was Resolved,

That Col. NICHOLAS GOLDSBOROUGH, and EDWARD N. HAMBLETON, Esq. be a committee to examine the correspondence which has been had with the owners of thorough bred horses and report thereon, and who shall at the next meeting report to the meeting the selection of the Horse which they will recommend, and the necessary steps to be immediately taken to accomplish the object of the association.

Resolved, That a full meeting of the members be hereby requested to attend in Easton on Tuesday next, and that other gentlemen who may be disposed to join the association also be hereby requested to attend.

RESOLVED, That these proceedings be published by request in the next Easton papers.

Signed, WM. HUGLETT, Chairman,
THOMAS EMORY, Secretary.

By the direction of the Secretary of War, Thomas L. McKenny, Esq. Superintendent of Indian Affairs addressed a circular to the Agents of the United States in the Indian country, directing them to ascertain the remedy used by the Indians to counteract the effects of bites from mad dogs and snakes. The Superintendent himself, while travelling among the Indians endeavoured to ascertain the remedies for these dreadful maladies, (which he believes the Indians to possess) but could never learn any thing satisfactory. He is of the opinion, however, that bandaging and suction are their great resorts, together with some application which they were too superstitious to make known to him. In answer to his circular, he has received a letter from Jasper Parish, Esq. at Canandaigua, enclosing another from Horatio Jones the Interpreter at Gennesee, and a quantity of seed of the plant referred to in the following extract from Jones's letter. No satisfactory information had been obtained in relation to the Indian cure for the bite of snakes.

"The cure for hydrophobia is a plant resembling the tobacco plant which is made use of by the indians as a substitute for tobacco, which is planted and cultivated in the same manner, and when ripe, the leaves are tied in bunches and put under cover to dry. When a dog is afflicted it is moistened and tied round his neck, and dry tobacco put in a pipe and smoked by a person into his nostrils; and in case a person is bitten he is to be treated in the same manner excepting binding moistened tobacco on the wound.

They never knew persons to be mad though they have been frequently bitten by mad dogs because they apply the remedy immediately which (they say,) stops the effect of the poison. There are old and experienced Doctors among the Indians, Tall Chief being about fifty eight, and Doctor Monture about fifty five

I took this description from the Indians mouths last night. The offer of pay was an inducement to them to disclose the secret, and they wish to come on next spring as an opportunity of proving the medicine (they say,) may not occur for many years. It certainly will effect a cure—a mad dog was never known to die when they applied the above remedy.'

The seed has been sent to J. S. Skinner Esq. Editor of the American Farmer, for distribution.

BALTIMORE, January 31.

ARCHBISHOP MARESHAL.

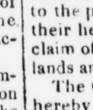
It becomes our mournful duty to announce the death of the Right Rev. AMBROSE MARESHAL, Archbishop of Baltimore, who departed this life yesterday. In the loss of this most amiable and highly respected Prelate, the members of the Roman Catholic Church, in the diocese over which he has for some years presided, have been deprived of a pastor to whom they were bound by the strictest ties of religion, and whose paternal care of the flock which had been committed to his charge, had caused him to be regarded with sentiments of the most profound love and respect. His uniform suavity of manner and meekness of deportment had, we believe, procured for him the kind regards of all who knew him without distinction of sect, and althoug not born amongst us, caused him to be esteemed a worthy successor to the distinguished and much lamented divine, to whose high dignity he succeeded some years since.

MARRIED

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Scull, Mr. Richard Plummer, to Miss Caroline Plummer, all of this county.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

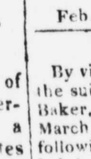
BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Honorable the Judges of Talbot county Court, sitting as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will sell at public vendue, at the Court House door, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 11th day of MARCH next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M—



A VALUABLE FARM, consisting of a resurvey of parts of several tracts of land called "Martin's purchase of Darden"—Also three other tracts of land called "Darden's Scraps," "Marshland," & "King's Creek Marsh," containing by a recent admeasurement, 367 7-8 acres of Upland and 158 1-8 acres of Marsh.

The said farm was formerly the dwelling plantation of Tristram Martin, late of Talbot county, deceased, and was sold by his executors to Dr. Baynard Wilson, late of said county, deceased, and is now in the occupancy of said Wilson's heirs. It is situated in Talbot county, on Choptank River, about 5 miles from Easton, and adjoins the lands of Col. Edward Lloyd and Mr. John Arringdale. The improvements consist of a Brick Dwelling House, Kitchen and Quarter, a large Barn & other necessary farm and out houses. The soil is naturally fertile and improvable.

ALSO, at the time and place above named,



I will sell at public vendue, all the right & title of the aforesaid Wilson, deceased, to a *HOUSE & LOT* with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, situate in the town of Easton, at the corner of West street and the road leading to the Point, which was purchased by him from the late Mr. Thomas Bell, and of which he died seized.

The above house and lot will be sold subject to the Dower of Mrs. Ann Bell. The terms of sale are, that the purchase money be paid within twelve months from the day of sale, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond or bonds with good and approved security to the Trustee as such, for the payment thereof, bearing interest from the day of sale.

On payment of the purchase money with interest as aforesaid, and ratification of the sale by the Court, a good and sufficient Deed or Deeds will be executed and acknowledged according to law, by the Trustee, conveying to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs or assigns, all the right, title and claim of said Wilson's heirs to the aforesaid lands and real estate.

The Creditors of said Wilson, deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims and vouchers properly authenticated, to the Clerk of Talbot county Court, within six months from the day of sale.

THOMAS MARTIN, Trustee.

Feb 9 ts

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a fieri facias to me directed at the suit of William Y. Burke, against Richard Baker, will be sold on Saturday the 1st day of March next on the premises of said Baker the following property to wit; one negro girl called Anna, one do. Hetty, one negro boy called John; seized and will be sold to satisfy the debt interest and costs of said fieri facias.

Attendance given by

JESSE SCOTT, Constable.

Feb. 9.

NOTICE.

I hereby forwarn all persons from purchasing the negro woman named Anna and Hetty as the said negro women are bill a saled to me; & moreover, the said negro women, were publicly sold under said bill of sale, and purchased by my agents for my use. Given under my hand this sixth day of February, 1828.

Feb. 9, JOHN W. BORDLEY.

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, will be sold on MONDAY the 18th instant, at the late residence of the Rev. James Thomas, in the town of Easton, ALL THE PERSONAL ESTATE, (negroes excepted) of which the said James Thomas died possessed—viz:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

And a Variety of BOOKS, with many other excellent articles. There will be a credit of six months—Particular terms of sale will be given at half past 9 o'clock, A. M. of the day of sale.

MARY THOMAS, Adm'rix.
of James Thomas, deceased.

Feb.—9—2w

ALSO—For Rent, the HOUSE and lot lately occupied by said deceased.

Easton and Baltimore Packet.

THE SLOOP

EDWARD LLOYD,



EDWARD AULD—MASTER,

WILL leave Easton Point on Wednesday the 13th February (inst.) at 10 o'clock, A. M. returning leave Baltimore every Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M. and will continue to leave Easton and Baltimore on the above days during the season.

The subscriber gratefully acknowledges the past favours of his friends and customers and the public in general, and hopes that his long experience in business, and his unremitted attention, will ensure him a liberal share of the Public patronage.

All orders left with him or in his absence with Mr. Samuel H. Benny his Clerk, either at his office at Easton Point, or at the Drug & Medicinal Store of Thomas H. Dawson, nearly opposite the Bank at Easton, will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

EDWARD AULD.

Feb. 9—1828—4t

2 DOLLARS REWARD.

Was stollen from the Subscribers Stable in Easton on THURSDAY night last 7th inst.

A BROWN MARE

between 14 and 15 hands high—she has a wart on her flank—her natural gait is a pace: whoever takes up said Mare and secures her so that the Subscriber gets her again shall receive the above reward.

Easton, Feb. 9 JOHN L. BONWILL.

REMOVAL.

WM. NEWNAM

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public at large, that he has removed to the house formerly occupied by Mr. William Edmondson on Washington street, next door to the Store of Wm. H. Groom, and nearly opposite his old stand, where he is prepared to furnish those who may favour him with their custom with

BOOTS & SHOES

At very reduced prices for CASH—he solicits a share of public patronage.

Easton, Jan. 19, 1828—tf

Notice.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the shop lately occupied by Mr. Stephen Bussey, and next door to Mr. Farlow's Dwelling and Joseph Chain's shop, and nearly opposite Mr. Lowe's Tavern, where he has on hand and will also manufacture at the shortest notice, Gentlemen's and Ladies'

BOOTS & SHOES

Of all descriptions. The public may rest assured that nothing shall be wanting on his part to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom, and that all work will be made according to promise.

PETER TARR.

N. B. He invites the Ladies who want nice fancy work to give him a call, as his attention will more particularly be turned to that branch of the business. P. T.

Feb. 9.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Commissioners of the Tax for Talbot county, will meet at their office in the Court House in the Town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 26th, and FRIDAY 29th days of the present month (February,) at 11 o'clock A. M. & will continue to sit on th same days in each succeeding week for the space & term of twenty days, for the purpose of hearing and determining appeals and making such alterations and alienations in the assessment of property as they may deem necessary and proper according to law. By order.

JOHN STEVENS, Clerk to the Commissioners of the Tax for Talbot county.

Feb. 9. 10w

Runaways.

WAS committed to the jail of Washington county, on the 19th inst. as a runaway slave, a negro boy by the name of JOHN PARKER, but since calls himself RICHARD KING—about 17 years of age, five feet four inches high—his upper front teeth are wide a part. Had the following clothing:—blue cloth coat, casinet round-about and pantaloons, coarse shoes, black seal skin cap. He says he belonged to Frederick Fishback of Culpepper county, Va.

—ALSO—

Was committed to the jail of Washington county, as a runaway slave on the 19th inst. a negro man by the name of HENRY PARKER, but since calls himself WILLIAM KING—about twenty years of age, five feet three inches high—has a small scar about the centre of his forehead. Had the following cloathing: blue cloth coat and pantaloons, two white marseilles waistcoats, black fur hat and coarse shoes *He* says he belonged to Henry Ward of the town of Jefferson in Culpepper county, Va.

The owners of said slaves are required to come and take them away or they will be released according to law.

GEO: SWEARINGEN, Shff. Wash, Co.

Feb. 9.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Honorable the Judges of Talbot County Court, sitting as a Court of Chancery for the sale of the real estate of Allen Bowie, Esq. late of Talbot county deceased, for the payment of his debts, the subscriber, as Trustee, will sell at public vendue, on Tuesday the 26th day of this present month, (February) at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. of the same day, part of a tract of land called "Newnam's Lot," and part of a tract of land called "Noble's Chance," with the premises and appurtenances to the same belonging, situate, lying and being in the county of Talbot aforesaid, on the head waters of Wye River, & containing one hundred and seventy acres of land.—A credit of one, two and three years, payable in equal instalments, will be given on the purchase money, from the time of the sale. The purchase money with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond to the Trustee with such security as he may approve, and on the payment of the whole purchase money and interest, and not before, the Trustee will, by a good Deed, to be executed and acknowledged according to law, convey to the purchaser or purchasers, and his, her and their heirs, the property to him, her or them sold, free, clear, and discharged from all claim of the complainants, or of the defendants, and those claiming by, from or under them, or either, or any of them.

Attendance given by

EDW'D. N. HAMBLETON, Trustee,
for the sale of the real estate of A. Bowie, dec'd.

Feb. 2 ts

Sinclair & Moore,

OFFER FOR SALE,

AT THEIR STORE, PRATT ST. WHARF, BALTIMORE,

A general assortment of GARDEN SEEDS, many of which were raised under their direction last season, others are of a late importation and have been proved to grow well, which they know to be true and good. Also FIELD SEEDS, such as red and white Clover, Orchard Grass, Timothy, Heards Grass, Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Gran Grass (for Lawns) Lucerne Millet, Yellow Locust, and Bird Seeds.

PLOUGHS.

Among the extensive variety of implements of husbandry ready to deliver at the shortest notice, they would name the BARSHARE PLOUGH of sizes, so generally prefered for breaking stiff grass sward and for mellow soils. After vending the SELF-SHARPENING plough for two years to general satisfaction, and having had forty acres ploughed with one last season, enables them, without hesitation, to recommend them; they take a wide furrow, turn and crumble the soil well, & have been known to run a season without smith's repairs.

IN STORE,

Corn Shellers, Wheat Fans, Cotton Gins for horse and hand power, Cotton Planters, Cultivators' several kinds of the most approved Straw Cutters, cast steel Axes, hay and manure Forks, Spades; Shovels, and GARDEN TOOLS, wove Wire, Sieves, Safes, and Wire works of all kinds.

FRUIT TREES,

Among which are, Apple, Peach, Cherry, Apricot, and Thorn Quicks, all of which will be sold on moderate terms for cash, with a deduction of 5 per cent. on implements of their manufacture.

Just received, a few copies, McMahon and Cobbett on Gardening. ORCHARD GRASS SEED WANTING.

1st mo. 26 4w (S)

FOR SALE

On very moderate terms, an excellent second-hand PIANO—It is in complete order, and has been very little used.—Apply to

JOHN MECONEKIN.

Easton, Feb. 2—3t

TO LET.

And Immediate Possession Given.

Two comfortable Houses in Earles Row.—To punctual tenants the terms will be very low, for further particulars enquire of Alexander Graham or the subscriber

WM. H. TILGHMAN.

January 26.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2940_scm11029-0652.jpg