EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON:

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 27, 1828.

Much has been said about Coffin Handbills—The Jackson Orators hard put to it for something to defend their indefensible cause, have tried to laugh at the Coffin Handbills, and every man of them talks about *Raw head and bloody bones.* So unfeeling an attempt to make sport of the cruel putting to death of six worthy free men of our Country, who were doing duty in the militia service of their Country, and who did no more than their officers told them they had a right to do, is as unbecoming the man as it is wanting in the Christian—and the attempt, on the part of the Friends of General Jackson, to censure this representation of the cruel death of the six militia men, is a gross inconsistency in them—for Gen. Jackson's friends were the first who got up and sent abroad Coffin Handbills. They were published by Gen. Jackson's friends in Baltimore and circulated by them, more than a twelvemonth ago, for the purpose of libelling President Adams and satirising his advocates when a Convention of the Delegates of the people of Maryland friendly to the Administration assembled in Baltimore. Thus they think it right for Jackson men to libel the President, abuse the Government of the Country and try to ridicule and bring into contempt the friends of the administration right or wrong—but for the friends of the administration to put forth and circulate a feeling and faithful representation of one of the most hideous and shocking tyrannies that ever disgraced any commander, is, in the opinion of Jackson men, not to be borne with, it is altogether Raw-Head and Bloody-Bones.

Fellow Citizens, dont you see through this inconsistency? They might as well pretend that a Jackson man may steal a horse & nothing should be said about it—but if an adminstration man even looks into the pasture, he must be hanged or shot under the second section of Jacksonian Law.

NEW YORK.

All seem to think that every thing depends upon the votes of New York as to the result of the Presidential Election. This is probably true—Then let us see what is to be expected here.

The Jackson men pin all their hopes upon Mr. Van Buren, who is admitted to be the greatest intriguer that ever was in our country—they say, if it can be done, Van Buren will do it—they dont talk about the sentiments and opinions of the people of New York, but they talk about Mr. Van Buren. A letter has been published from this Mr. Van Buren to a gentleman in Kentucky, in which Mr. Van Buren says, New York can give Gen. Jackson twenty odd votes, and if he (Gen. Jackson) stands in need of them, HE SHALL HAVE THE WHOLE OF THEM!!! That is, I Martin Van Buren say so, and it must be so—this is truly republican—this is much like a choice of the people, to be sure. The Albany Argus, a newspaper that is at the service of Mr. Van Buren, alarmed that such a letter should be published as it might defeat all their schemes, has denied that Mr. Van Buren *ever wrote such a letter*—but why does not Mr. Van Buren deny it under his own name? This he has not done, and the charge is so serious a one, so well calculated to injure both himself and the cause of Gen. Jackson, that if it is false, Mr. Van Buren is bound to deny it under his own signature. To refuse to do this, and leave it to the Albany Argus to take the responsibility of a newspaper denial is neither very good evidence of innocence, nor very respectful to the respectable portion of Gen Jackson's advocates.

Once upon a time, a cunning fellow took pen, ink and paper, and with pen and ink on the paper he conveyed certain important intelligence to a distant friend in printed letters—then rolling that paper up, not folding it up like a letter, he put it under cover of strong brown paper and sent it by safe conveyance to the person he wanted to have it—This matter by some means got out, the intelligence was of an important nature, and a great stir was made—Every body called it a letter and it was said that Mr. A. had written a letter to Mr. B. containing so and so—Mr. A. at first got a good hard faced friend to deny it positively—but this hard faced friend, like a certain description of witnesses who appear too often in Court, was not much believed, and it became necessary for Mr. A. to come out and deny it himself, *that he had not written such a letter*, which he did after a time most boldly—Then all was settled—Mr. A. had denied it under his own name. Some years after it so happened, that this paper, rolled up, containing on it the very identical intelligence alleged in printed letters, done with pen and ink, was brought to light, and although the scheme it was intended to answer was all over, yet Mr. A. was taxed with it, and asked, how he could so falsely deny that he had written such a letter—when Mr. A. calmly and with a smile, replied, I did not *write such a letter*, I never was questioned whether I ever printed such intelligence on paper with pen and ink.

Whether it will be attempted by Mr. Van Buren to take the vote of the people away and give it to the Legislature, which Mr. Van Buren got elected last year, no doubt, with the view of serving this very purpose, we cant say. We think that would be too atrocious an encroachment upon the people's rights even for Van Buren and Jackson men to attempt. But that the scheme has been seriously entertained by them there is no doubt—and it is believed, the effect it would probably produce on Pennsylvania, who elects afterwards, deters them from the project more than any respect for the rights of the people of N. York. If Van Buren and Company were sure, that by taking away the votes from the people of N. York and giving them to the Legislature, they could certainly secure the election of Jackson there can be no doubt they would do it—but they fear the effect it would have in other States—they would not mind putting one state, N. York into rebellion, provided they secured Jackson in power—but to put the great state of New York into rebellion and to lose another great state Pennsylvania by it, and thereby lose Gen. Jackson, is rather too daring even for Jackson men to venture on. As therefore Mr. Adams got 24 votes before in New York and Jackson got one, and as we have never heard that the people of N. York have at all regretted giving Mr. Adams the 24 votes—and as there seems to be but little chance of Jackson's getting more than one fourth of the popular vote of N. York at most; the plan of Mr. Van Buren's of taking away the votes from the people and giving them to his Legislature is so dangerous, so outrageous and with all so uncertain of success, that we think there is every reason to believe that things must remain as they are in N. York, and that Mr. Adams will, in all likelihood, get twenty odd of the people's own electoral votes, and thereby become again the President of the U. States—which, as a friend to the peace, prosperity and welfare of the Country, we sincerely pray may be the happy result.

There will be a meeting of the Executive Council, on Thursday the second day of October next.

MURDER.—The Cumberland (Md.) Advocate states, that "from a variety of circumstances, the public have strong reasons to believe that GEORGE SWEARINGEN, Sheriff of Washington county, Maryland, murdered his wife, near Cresaptown, in that county, on Monday the 8th inst. A Coroner's Inquest was held over the body (it having been disinterred for the purpose) of the deceased, which was in session from Thursday the 11 inst. until Wednesday night following, when a verdict was rendered, which is as follows:—"That after a careful and full examination of numerous witnesses they (the Jury-men) are of opinion, that MARY C. SWEARINGEN, came to her death by the hands of her husband, *George Swearingen.*"—Swearingen has fled, and it is supposed has gone to Virginia. The Sheriff of this county with some other gentleman, have gone in pursuit of him. He took with him an idle jade, whom he kept as a private Miss, named Rachel Cunningham. She is represented as a person of ordinary height stout, dark complexion, dark eyes and hair.—From numerous circumstances, it is more than probable that she was accessary before the fact.'

We give the following article from the London Sun, of the 2d of Aug.

"*There will be a general war in Europe before Christmas.* England avoids the struggle for the present, but will evidently be dragged in, with an expense greater in proportion to the delay which she evinces in asserting her true station, and assuming an attitude becoming her moral power and true glory."

We publish the following facts and results illustrative of the comparative effect of manual labour performed by machinery, in the excavation and removal of earth, in order to bring the subject before the consideration of those interested. Every improvement in the labour of excavation and embankment of earth will, at the present time, be received with deep interest.

'Mr. Bruchman states, that he has long thought the plough might be used in levelling roads and clearing the foundations for fortifications. In 1824, he had an opportunity of applying it in the construction of a canal required to furnish a motion force for the service of the Rocksalt Works of Frederickshal. The bed was to have a section of 700 square feet, and it had been calculated that the excavations would require 200 men for two years, whereas, the King of Wurtemburg wished it to be done in one year, from the spring of 1824.

"Three ploughs were employed, the first had two handles, a coulter, and a share, the latter being in the form of a wedge; this plough was preferred in the beds, and gravelly grounds; & it was found advantageous to give it an oscillating movement by the handles during its progress. Drawn by eight horses, it could turn up 25,000 cubic feet, if in an argillaceous soil, in three hours, with ten horses it turned up 19,800 feet of a gravelly soil, in the same time. This plough was tried in 1815 against 15 others of the ordinary kind, in the construction of a water course for a mill; all the 15 were quickly broken by the work.

"The second plough had two handles and a coulter, but the share had only one cutting edge, which was rounded with an ear. It was made five times as strong as an ordinary plough, and succeeded well in compact and argillaceous soils, where, with eight horses, and four men, it moved 48,000 cubic feet of earth in three hours. In case of fracture, ten minutes sufficed to change the coulter and share, and during the work, 2,300,000 cubic feet were loosened by it.

"The third plough was smaller and lighter, it had two handles, a coulter, an ear and a share, the latter lance shaped. It was used for excavating the sides of the canal, on which the horses attached to the first plough found it difficult to walk, because of the inclination. It was worked by ten or twelve men.

"To establish an accurate comparison between the work of these ploughs, and that done by the pick axe and spade, a piece of ground was wrought solely in the latter manner, by six strong working men. The result of a long trial was the breaking of 150 cubic feet of ground by each man in nine hours; comparing this result with the work of the ploughs, the following are the result: The first plough did the work of 447 men; the second of 960 men; and the third, that of 50 or 60 men.

"The canal was finished in April 30th, 1825, the ploughs having saved 32 000 days, according to the work day of a laborer"—*Gaz.*

Extract of a letter from Paris to one of the Editors of the New-York Statesman.

"Mr. Sparks is now here, and will succeed in procuring the documents he wishes illustrative of our revolutionary history. Mr. Cooper is in Switzerland, on his way to Florence, where he will remain sometime. He has another novel in hand. He intends also to write his travels. Dr. Jarvis is doing the same thing.

"You will receive all the political information by the papers. Were it not for the obvious interest of England, France and Austria to preserve the integrity of the Ottoman empire, it might now be considered as on the eve of annihilation. These last mentioned Powers are acting in concert, and before long Russia, will probable be invited to stop her advances upon Turkey. Both France and England are sending a large naval force into the Mediterranean, which will put the Russian navy at their disposition, a consideration which will be almost certain to render the Emperor obedient to his maritime masters. We shall soon see who are to be the actors, and what are to be their parts in this new political drama about to be acted upon the Old Theatre of Great events."

[For the Easton Gazette.]

Mr. Graham.

'Brutus' may perhaps be right in the position, that the character of General Andrew Jackson bears no analogy to that of any other that can be found on the page of authentic history, yet I think, sir, I have found a parallel in the regions of poetical fiction. That of "Conrad" in Byron's Corsair has a very striking resemblance, who, according to the Poet,

'Left a Corsair's [Hero's] name to other times,
'Linked with *one virtue* and a *thousand crimes.*'

What that 'one virtue' is in the General we all know and we all appreciate, but in very different degrees.—Those who have assumed his name and are enlisted under his military banner, are the apologists & applauders of his 'thousand crimes,' and seem to think, that his single military virtue outweighs them all.

In 'Conrad' it was love, (if this in a murderer can be called a virtue,) the last that lingered around his heart, and the sentiment is advanced by the Poet, that

'——————— all other virtues gone,
'Not guilt itself could quench this loveliest one.'

Now we can well imagine that the love of 'blood and carnage,' the Warrior's virtue, is by no means incompatible with guilt; but it is not quite so certain, that the etherial Passion—the love of Woman, can survive the wreck of all the rest, in the human breast. As his Isolaters claim for their Hero no other merit than successful valor, which none deny him, they must undoubtedly prefer that 'virtue' to all others, and believe, that the possession of it alone, even in the absence of every other one, is quite sufficient to qualify him for the office of President of a free people. For myself, sir, I abhor such a sentiment, and think it is better calculated for the Meridian of the Barbary States, than for that of these United States—better adapted to the age of Vandalism, than that of science and civilization. Nor, Sir, can I have any confidence in the political principles of any man or any Party, who advocate and propagate such preposterous sentiments. I should do violence to my principles, should I aid any Candidate to a post of honor, even to a seat in our State Legislature, whose political faith yields to the supremacy and all-sufficiency of the *Military Solitary Virtue* This, I think sir, is a legitimate reason why no Friend to Civil Qualifications should give his vote to the Military Candidates for the Assembly.

PHILO BRUTUS.

[For the Easton Gazette.]

MR. GRAHAM—

I have been informed that one of the Jackson Candidates for the Assembly in this county, has asserted, that he expected to be elected to the Assembly, but that he should owe that distinction to the votes of Adams men. Now I would inquire of such Adams men as intend to vote for this, or any other Jackson Candidate, whether they have had any assurances that any of them would vote for an Adams Governor and Council. If they have, I must inform them that they have been deceived and imposed on by such characters. I now declare, and challenge a denial, that they are *all pledged to their party* to vote for a Jackson Governor and Council, if they have a majority in the House on Joint Ballot. The Jackson ticket has been brought forth for that purpose, they are electioneering for that purpose, and they dare not act contrary to the instructions of their Party. Therefore, let the Adams men beware!!!

A PARTIZAN.

ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.

For the State of Maryland.

ADAMS.	JACKSON.
JOHN Q. ADAMS,	ANDREW JACKSON,
AND	AND
RICHARD RUSH.	JOHN C. CALHOUN.

First District.—St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert Counties:
Henry Brawner, C. C. Joseph Stone, S. M.
Second District—Prince George's and Montgomery:
Benj S. Forrest, M. John C. Herbert, P. G.
Third District—Frederick, Washington and Allegany:
George Reltzer, F. William Tyler, F.
William Price, W. Wm. Fitzhugh, jr. W.
Fourth District—Baltimore City and Anne Arundel County:
James Boyle, A. A. Benj Howard, B. City,
Wm Steuart, B City. John S. Sellman, A. A.
Fifth District—Baltimore County:
J. H. M'Culloch, B. Co. Elias Brown, B. Co.
Sixth District—Hartford and Cœcil:
James Sewell, C. Thos. M. Foreman, C.
Seventh District—Kent and Queen Ann's:
Thomas Emory Q. A. John T. Reese, K.
Eighth District—Talbot, Caroline and the First Election District of Dorchester:
T. R. Loockerman, T. James Sangston, C.
Ninth District—Rest of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester Counties:
Littleton Dennis, S. Thos. K. Carroll, S.

CANDIDATES

For the next Legislature of Maryland.

FOR TALBOT COUNTY.

ADMINISTRATION.	JACKSON.
Levin Millis,	Alex. B. Harrison,
Wm Hughlett,	Peter Webb,
Spry Denny,	George W. Nabb.
Henry Spencer.	Thomas Henrix.

FOR CAROLINE COUNTY.

Thomas Pearson,	Robert T. Keene,
Short A. Willis,	John Brown,
Wm. M. Hardcastle,	John Thawley,
Thos. Burchenal.	Samuel Culbreth.

To the Independent Voters of Talbot county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—

At the solicitation of a number of my friends from each district of the county, I am induced to offer myself as a Candidate to represent you in the next Legislature of Maryland.

In presenting myself before the public, I do assure you, that I do not come as the partizan candidate of any man or set of men,—I humbly trust I have served the people faithfully for the last three years, and if honored again with their suffrages at the ensuing election, will serve them to the best of my ability.

The public's obedient serv't.

THOMAS HENRIX.

Aug. 30

To the Independent Voters of Talbot county.

I offer myself as a Candidate to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

GEORGE W. NABB.

Aug. 30

We are authorised to say, that PETER WEBB, Esq will serve his fellow citizens of Talbot county in the next Legislature of Maryland, if elected.

We are authorised to say, that ALEXANDER B. HARRISON, Esq will serve in the next Legislature of Maryland, if elected by his fellow citizens of Talbot county.

TO RENT

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,—That pleasantly situated *White House* and premises adjoining the South-West corner of the Public Square, near the Court House, now occupied by Mrs. Stevens,

—*ALSO*—

The STORE ROOM & CELLAR in the brick House where Mrs. Parrott resides, nearly opposite the Bank.

WM. CLARK.

Easton, 27th Sept. 1828.——3t eow

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 25.

Wheat $1 25 a 1 30—Corn 38 a 40 cts. per bushel.

MARRIED

Recently in Milford, at the residence of Lowther Layton, Esq. the Rev. Mr. SMITH to the Rev. Miss ELLIS M. MILLER. This is an extraordinary circumstance, two preachers married together, and not Quakers either, but Methodists.

Thus she has done as I am told,
The Bible doth require:
In other words she's tried her gold
In matrimony's fire.

That the command might be obey'd,
(Ah there is all the pith,)
She didn't like the Miller's trade,
So turned to be a *Smith.*

OBITUARY.

Died in Caroline County on Tuesday the 31st inst. SALLY ANN daughter of *Short A. Willis,* Esq. aged 11 years, 8 months and eleven days—after a long and severe illness—she was an uncommonly smart and active child indeed so much so, that her parents could leave home and trust the domestic affairs of their family to her management and controul, which trust she acquitted much to their satisfaction—But she is gone where we all must go, and will long be lamented by her youthful companions and her affectionate parents.

Died in this county on Saturday last, James, son of Mr James Price, (Farmer,) his death was supposed to be occasioned by a fall from a cart, and the wheel passing over his body.

—— In this county on Monday morning last, MR. JESSEE SHANEHAN, after a lingering illness.

—— In this county on Wednesday last, Mr. EDWARD FREEMAN.

—— In this county on Thursday last, Mr. JAMES JONES.

—— In this town, yesterday, Wm. H. Smith.

A CARD.

R. H. RHODES, R. W. KENNARD and WILLIAM LOVEDAY,

Having associated themselves in business, under the firm of

Rhodes, Kennard & Loveday,

and having purchased the entire stock of Goods owned by W. H. Groome, intend carrying on the

Mercantile Business

in its various branches, at that well known stand opposite the Easton Hotel, formerly for many years occupied by Messrs. Thomas & Groome, and lately by Wm. H. Groome.

The customers of the House, as also those of the late Samuel Groome, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give them a call.

Sept. 27—tf

NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 22d of October, will be offered at public sale, at the Store-House occupied by Nathaniel Slawson in the Town of Vienna, (if not sold before at private sale,)—an

ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

with a suitable supply of GROCERIES—laid in on the best terms and adapted to the Season.

Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, may be accommodated by applying to Doct. C. Stanford.—Terms of sale will be made known on the day of Sale.

NATHANIEL SLAWSON.

Vienna, Sept. 27th, 1828.—3w

Branch Bank at Easton,

SEPTEMBER, 27th, 1828.

THE President and Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, have declared a Dividend of 3 per cent, on the stock of the Company for the last six months, which will be payable to the Stockholders, or their legal Representatives, on or after the first Monday in October next.

By Order,

JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Cashier.

Sept. 27—3w

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Chancellor of Maryland, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE at the Court House in Centreville, in Queen Ann's county, on Thursday the 23d day of October next, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

A large and Valuable Farm,

Lying about a quarter of a mile from Centreville. This property formerly belonged to Jervis Ringgold, deceased, and contains about

Four Hundred & Sixty seven Acres

including the wood-land which is situated a short distance from the cleared land.

The farm will be sold entire or in parcels as it may be found most desirable to the persons present on the day of sale.

The Terms of sale will be, that the sum of Four Hundred dollars shall be paid to the Trustee on the day of sale, and the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the Trustee with good security to be approved by him for the payment of the residue of the purchase money, with interest thereon from the day of sale in four equal instalments of six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months.

☞The terms will be more minutely stated on the day of sale.

JOHN B. ECCLESTON, Trustee.

Sept. 27th, 1828.—4w

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on Saturday night last, a negro man called DANIEL; who is about 32 years of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark mulatto colour, has broad shoulders and broad face, is rather lusty and well made, has large white teeth, his eyes are of a reddish colour, and when he is spoken to he has a smile on his countenance. Daniel was hired out in Easton, and went off under pretence of going to Camp Meeting, and there is reason to believe that he was accompanied by a negro man the property of Mrs. Smyth, who was also hired out in Easton, and is of a chesnut colour and rather tall. I have no knowledge of what clothes Daniel took with him, other than a blue jacket and fur hat nearly new. It is more than probable that these negroes will make their way either to Delaware or New Jersey. The above reward will be paid for apprehending Daniel if taken out of the State, and Fifty Dollars if taken in the State and lodged in Jail so that I get him, and all reasonable expenses paid if brought to Easton and lodged in Jail.

EDWARD O. MARTIN.

Head of Wye, Talbot co. Md.
Sept. 27, 1828.

NOTICE.

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county on the 18th day of Sept. inst. by Thos. D. Cockey, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for said county, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself *Mark Carroll,* and says he belongs to Zediah Cook, of Middle Brooke Mills, Montgomery county, Maryland. Said negro is five feet eight inches high, and about thirty one years of age. Had on when committed a linsey roundabout of light color, and white linen shirt and pantaloons of the same, fur hat and shoes. The owner of the above described negro man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY, Warden of Balt. co. Jail

Sep. 27—8w

NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEES of the Denton Academy have elected Mr. James Coleman to take charge of the English Department of the Institution, which will open on the first day of October next.

JO: RICHARDSON, President.

Sept. 27th, 1828—tf

NEGROES FOR SALE.

BY ORDER of the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, the subscriber will offer for sale, at the Court House door in the town of Easton on Tuesday the 7th day of October next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. three likely young negro girls, (the property of the late Doctor Robert Stevens) to serve for a term of years.—Terms of sale, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, and interest thereon from the day of sale

WM. H. HAYWARD,
Guardian to the Orphan Children of Dr. Robert Stevens, dec'd.

Sep. 27 2w

MARYLAND:

CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,
16th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

On application of George Reed, Executor of Robert Baynard late of Caroline county dec'd.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed, this 16th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r. of Wills for Caroline county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Robert Baynard late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 27th day of March next or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 16th day of September A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

GEORGE REED, Ex'r. of Robert Baynard, dec'd.

Sept. 27 3w

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court.

19th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

On application of Edw N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, & the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred & twenty eight.

Test, JA: PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Jones late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of April next 1829; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 19th day of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N. of Thomas Jones, deceased.

Sept. 27 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court and to me directed against Wm. Benny one at the suit of Samuel Harrison, use of Richard Spencer, and John Warner Adm'r. of Susan Ann Warner use of John Leeds Kerr, will be sold for cash at the Court House door in Easton on Tuesday the 21st day of October next between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the following property to wit:—all and singular that farm or plantation and lands and tenements of said Wm. Benny of Talbot County lying and being in the Chappel District consisting of sundry tracts or parts of tracts of Land, viz:—Part of Benny's thickets & parts of other tracts be they called by whatsoever names they may, and containing the quantity of 374¼ acres of land more or less, seized and taken to pay and satisfy the above writs of fi. fas. debt, inst. and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by

WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.

Sept. 27—ts

WAS Committed to the Jail of Baltimore county, by John Walter, Esq. a Justice of the peace for said county, on the seventeenth day of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, as a runaway, a negro girl who calls herself ANN DORSEY, and says she belongs to Thomas Stabler, near Brookville, Montgomery county, Maryland—said negro is four feet eight inches high, about eighteen years old, (at which age she says she was to have been free) Had on when committed a yellow stripe home-spun cotton frock, and calf-skin shoes.

The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

DIXON STANSBURY,
Warden of Baltimore county Jail.

Sept. 27—8w

A RUNAWAY.

Was committed to the jail of Washington county, Md. on Saturday the 30th ult. a negro man, who calls himself

HENRY BROWN,

says he belongs to Nicholas Snowden, living near Vansville, Prince George's county, Maryland. Said negro is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a small scar under the left eye, and one above the right; a large scar on the left arm, just above the wrist. Had on an old fur hat, coarse Osnaburg roundabout, tow linen pantaloons, pretty much worn, coarse shoes, one pair of corded pantaloons. He says he left home on Wednesday the 27th August, 1828.

The owner of the above slave is desired to come forward, prove his property and pay fees, or else he will be discharged according to law.

GEO: SWEARINGEN, Sheriff.

Sept. 27—4w

COMMITTEES OF VIGILANCE.

ICT.	K. ISLAND DISTRICT.
man,	Rod. Earickson,
ke,	William H. Adams,
man,	Samuel Thompson,
r, Jr.	James Hopkins,
yne,	William White,
r,	S. W. Ringgold,
	Thomas Carter,

T.	CH. HILL DISTICT.
	Jonathan Anthony,
	David Spry,
l,	Walter I. Clayton,
,	Robert Stevens,
us,	James Roe,
ar,	James Stoops,
ugh	Robert Carson,
	Richard I. Harrison.

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