ty. At about sunrise, however a curb was made and sent down, over which a quantity of dirt was thrown and about one o'clock, P. M. of Saturday, a heavy force was put to the bucket rope—it started and came up about a foot—his feet were in the bucket—the bucket rope broke—he halloed 'I'm, free, I'm free' and in a moment was drawn up without injury, declaring that he could run a hundred yards faster than any man present, and after being thus confined twenty eight hours was conducted to his anxious family.

EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON:

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1828.

ADMINISTRATION MEN BE At your Post!

It will be nearly ascertained, on Monday next, whether the Citizens of Maryland are in favour of the present wise and virtuous administration of our state and general Government, or prepared to bend their necks to the yoke of a military despot, who acknowledges no law but his own wild will; whose advisers and friends have openly declared that if the administration was as pure as the Angels in heaven it should be put down. Are the good people of Maryland ready to sanction by their votes such a doctrine—we hope not—we know they will not—therefore let every friend to the Administration be at his post on the day of election & frown upon an opposition whose only aim is self aggrandizement—It is not now a question of friendship or favouritism for the different candidates but one of principle; it is therefore expected every administration man will vote a full administration ticket, as the only chance our opponents have of success, is that some of the administration men may split their tickets from personal friendship and vote for one or more of the opposition Candidates.

It is stated in a Chambersburg paper that SWEARINGEN, the Sheriff of Washington county, who had *murdered his wife*, has been arrested in Virginia.

Payment of the Public Debt—The Secretary of the Treasury has given notice that that portion of the unredeemed six per cent, stock, created in pursuance of the act of 24th March, 1814, amounting to *four millions and fifty thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars, and seventy seven cents*, will be paid off on the first day of January next.

Of the twenty-four individuals who composed the electorial ticket in Virginia, in favor of Mr. Jefferson, 16 are dead. Of the *eight* survivors, *seven* are known to be in favor of the present Administration, and three of them—Dr. Richard Field, Judge Archibald Stewart, and Col Wm. Ellzey—are on the Adams Electoral ticket for that State.

[FROM THE MARYLANDER.]

To the People of Maryland.

FELLOW-CITIZENS,

All who put a proper value on the rights secured to them by the Constitution and Laws of the land, should ponder well before they call General Jackson, by their votes, to preside over our destinies, or entrust him with power to destroy their liberties. For it is impossible that he who could threaten, to CUT OFF THE EARS OF A SENATOR for doing his duty, can be safely trusted as *Commander in Chief of the* ARMY and NAVY of this Nation, which he would be, if made President.

The statement to which we call your attention has been drawn from Mr. *John Sullivan*, who is a respectable and worthy merchant of this city; a man whose truth will not be doubted by any who know him and which in this case, may be sustained by the gentlemen whom he has mentioned, and others, if desired.

JEFFERSON.

To the Editor of the Marylander,

SIR—As I have seen a recent publication of the life of General Andrew Jackson, (Philadelphia edition) in which I am referred to as having heard the General threaten certain Senators of the United States with personal violence, such as cutting off ears, &c. I deem it proper to state what I heard and know in relation thereto.

When Gen. Jackson arrived in Baltimore, on his return from a tour to Philadelphia and New York, on the 27th February, 1819, I called to see him at the Fountain Inn, Light street, where he had taken quarters for himself and *suite* On entering his room, I was introduced to *him*—and the customary salutations over, *he*, in a few minutes after, addressed himself to Dr. *Bronaugh*, and one or more of his Suite, respecting the report of the Committee of the United States' Senate, of which, it appeared, he had just then heard, and of which, Abner Lacock, of Pennsylvania was Chairman—which report was strong in reprehension of the General for his arbitrary conduct in the Seminole War, and to which he made the most vehement exceptions, "swearing most furiously at Mr. Lacock, whom he denounced as a *Damn'd Scoundrel*"—who was concerned with the Contractor at *Fort Scott, by which he lost money*, and which was the cause of his (Lacock's) hostility to him; and that BY GOD, HE, *General Jackson*, would cut the SCOUNDREL'S (Lacock's) ears off. On the next day, *Sunday*, 28th February, the General attended worship at the Unitarian Church, and dined with a party of gentlemen at Mrs. *Durden's Boarding House, Hanover Street*, where I heard him REPEAT the same, or *similar threats* of violence against the person of Mr. Lacock. At that dinner party, there were present, Mr. JOHN F. POOR, Mr. ANDREW HALL and my brother, JEREMIAH SULLIVAN, since deceased, of this city, and Mr. MAY HUMPHREYS, now of Philadelphia, and several others, whose names I do not recollect. The gentlemen first named, as well as the last, are now living, and can also bear witness to the truth of what I have here stated. I was not at the public dinner given to the General on Monday, 1st March, and therefore I can say nothing of my own knowledge of his sayings and doings there, although I understood at the time, that he repeated the same threats.

JNO. SULLIVAN.

Baltimore, Sept. 16th, 1828.

FRANKLIN (Tenn.) Aug. 8.

HORRID MURDER.—We have been informed of a most shocking occurrence which took place in Giles county in this state, a few days since. The circumstances, as they have been detailed to us on the authority of a gentleman of unquestionable veracity who had them from a very respectable person from the neighborhood of the shocking scene, are as follows:—A man (whose name our informant has forgotten) who keeps a public house somewhere in Giles county, left home with his wife, with the intention of staying all night. He left the house in care of his two daughters with directions to receive no travellers in his absence. Late in the evening, an old gentleman called and desired to stay all night. The girls refused to entertain him, alleging their father's commands as the excuse. He insisted, and they finally agreed to let him stay. Some short time after a young man called, whom they also refused to entertain; but upon his insisting, backed by the request of the old gentleman, who pledged himself for his good behaviour, they consented that he should stay also.

Some time after they had retired to rest, the two travellers were awakened by a loud and unusual noise in the chamber of the two sisters, who slept above them. They instantly arose and went up stairs, the younger taking his pistols with him. At the door of the girl's room they encountered a man passing out.—He was hailed by the younger traveller, who demanded his name, and errand, and the cause of the noise which had awakened them, and who threatened to shoot him if he remained silent, or persisted in his attempt to escape—He made no answer, and on endeavoring to pass, the traveller shot him dead on the spot. They then went into the room, where a most bloody and appalling spectacle met their view—the two sisters were found in bed with their throats cut, and weltering in their blood.

They now sallied forth for the purpose of alarming the neighbours. The first house they came to, and the one nearest this scene of blood they informed the landlady what had happened, who immediately exclaimed "It is my husband you have shot!" She proved to be correct it was indeed their nearest neighbor who perpetrated the crime. It seems the murderer and the father of the ill fated girls, were engaged in a lawsuit—they were the most material witnesses in the case & the monster, to get rid of their testimony formed in the absence of their father the diabolical resolution in which he succeeded but too well of *depriving them of life*

If we may be allowed to add one to the singular coincidences of the age, we will present it in the following fact: On the 21st of January, 1815, General Jackson, in his address to the army, congratulated his fellow soldiers that through the intervention of providence, only *six* Americans were killed in the battle of New-Orleans. On the 22d of January General Jackson signed the death warrants of six militia men who, in the assertion of their rights as citizens, were seized, imprisoned and sentenced to be shot The paternal kindness of their own General was therefore as destructive as the hostility of the whole British Army.—The fact will make a singular appearance in history. *Nat. Jour.*

We understand that at the election for Inspectors held last week in the State of Delaware, that in Newcastle county the Jacksonmen have a small majority, though that majority is 149 less than last year. In Sussex county where great exertion has been made by the Jacksonmen, the Administration has a majority of about 140. In Kent the remaining county, the majority for the Administration is described to be overwhelming. The electoral vote of that state will undoubtedly be given for Mr. Adams and Mr. Rush.—*Dem. Press.*

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The manner in which the canvass has been conducted is disgraceful. It has sickened thousands of our fellow citizens at home, and covered the cheeks of our countrymen in foreign countries with blushes. We doubt not, the partizan editors themselves, with their correspondents, will, when the question is settled, look back with regret upon the means taken to advance the claims of their respective candidates. Sure we are the presses of the present day which have engaged in the warfare, will have incurred a heavy debt in injuring the good name of the Republic, which many years of dignified discussion will hardly efface. Great credit is due to those Journals which, while manfully expressing their preference between the candidates, have not polluted their presses by ungenerous and defamatory accusations.

It deserved the consideration of the people, whether an alteration of the Constitution is not needed, to reduce the period of service to one term.—Instead of four years it might be well to extend the period to six, or even to eight years. A President might then act independently, and both he and the other departments of the government, devote their time and talents to the service of their country. If such an amendment takes place in consequence of the excitement into which the Nation is thrown, good will be educed from evil, and we may hereafter be spared the humiliating spectacle of party rancour & vituperation, carried to such excesses as are calculated to bring reproach upon civil liberty, in the estimation of the wise, throughout the world.—[N. Y. Mercury.

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.—A fine ship is now on the stocks at the Brooklin Navy Yard, destined for the exploring expedition to the South Seas and Pacific Ocean. She bears the name of the Old Peacock, repaired, but the New York Statesman says that she is, in reality, in every respect, a new ship, prepared expressly for the intended expedition. Her length is one hundred and eighteen feet; breadth, thirty-two feet six inches; depth fourteen feet six inches, with a spar deck of seven feet, and measuring about five hundred and twelve tons. The frame is very strong, and of the best seasoned live oak. Her timbers are entirely solid, bolted one into the other, and caulked, as high as the birth deck, before planking, so that she might have been launched, and crossed the Atlantic, without planking or sheathing inside or out. In addition to what is common in sloops of war, she is provided with a spar deck, which will afford shelter and comfort to the men in bad weather. Her bulwarks above the spar deck, are the same as in merchant vessels. The naval Architect, Mr. Samuel Hartt, has superintended the construction of the vessel, under Commodore Chauncey, in accordance with the model sent from the Navy Department, and the manner in which he has executed his task, reflects the highest credit on his professional skill. The vessel will be lightly armed with twelve instead of twenty-two guns; her spars and rigging will not be so heavy as in common sloops of war, so that she may be sailed with a smaller complement of men, an object of primary importance on a voyage of such duration. It appears that the Lyceum of Natural History, in the city of New York have communicated to the Secretary of the Navy, the deep interest the society felt in the enterprise to be sent out under his special care and direction, and their zeal and willingness to co-operate with him in maturing and arranging all the scientific details of the expedition. The precise period at which the expedition will leave the country, has not yet been ascertained or determined.—*American.*

The greatest object of curiosity, just now in Philadelphia, is a huge Coach, constructing by Mr. J. Gleason, and intended for the Citizens' Line, to run between Bordentown and Washington, N. J. This enormous vehicle is divided into two apartments, one above the other, with seven seats in each. The whole number of passengers to be carried is fifty six; twenty eight below, and the same number above. The body of the carriage is thirteen feet long, five feet wide, and ten in height. When placed on the wheels, the roof will be about fourteen feet from the ground. There are to be no more than four wheels; those before about three feet in diameter, and the others something less than six. The breadth of the wheels is eighteen inches, and each has a double set of spokes. The baggage is to be carried on a car, attached behind, and drawn on a single wheel, two feet & a half broad. The whole to be drawn by twelve horses three abreast, the driver to be aided by two postillions. In the stages now in use, the same number of horses, with three men, instead of a man and two boys, would be able to carry but twenty seven passengers. It is calculated that the rate of travelling, as to speed will be about the same as in the four horse coaches.—This carriage, it is expected will be finished in about three weeks. It is now at Mr. Gleason's work shop, in St. James's street, back of St. James's church.—*Phil'ad. Chron.*

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Florida at New York, brings advices from Liverpool to the 1st Sept. inclusive. Our extracts are made from the New York Daily Advertiser, Gazette, Mercantile and Commercial.

The anticipations of short crops in England which our previous advices were calculated to encourage, are not realized. A more favorable state of weather had succeeded the incessant rains in the beginning of August, and an average crop was confidently expected. The change had produced a consequent diminution in the price of wheat, corn, &c.

The Liverpool Albion of the 1st of September, says—"Since this day week the weather has continued uninterruptedly favorable for the completion of the harvest, which also appears to have been the case generally, throughout the country and Ireland, and will tend much to lessen the effects of the late rains. No transactions had taken place in bonded grain.—All accounts from all quarters of England, Ireland and Scotland, concur in stating that the crop will be an average one."

There were no official accounts at London from the armies of Russia later than the 29th of July; but reports were in circulation, both in England and in France, that the Russians had been defeated before Choumla, with serious loss. It is said, that after several days' severe fighting, the Russians were compelled to fall back, with a loss of 40,000 men in killed and wounded. The English Government papers do not credit the stories; and it would seem that there had been time enough for the official account to have been received before the latest dates from London. On the 20th of July an attack was made on the Turks before Choumla, headed by the Emperor Nicholas in person. After a good deal of hard fighting, the Russian Bulletin says:—being repulsed on every side, the Turks withdrew under the walls of Choumla. After this the Emperor left the army for Odessa. On the same day, there was some fighting at Varna, the Turks having attacked the right wing of the Russian army besieging that place. In the Russian account it is stated, that the Turks were driven into the fortress in great disorder, and with much loss. But it is added, as they had taken in front of Lieut. Gen. Usakow a favorable position, the latter would not expose his corps to any danger, and he retired behind the village of Drewent, to join the first brigade of the 10th division of infantry, under Adjutant General Benkendreff, as that Brigade is on its march to re-inforce the corps besieging Varna."—[Amer.

The French Medical Journal La Cliniqu gives an account of the experiments of M. Martinez the fireproof man, as he is called, who is now one of the principal objects of attraction at Paris. M. Martinez is not, like the celebrated Russian salamander, Chamouni, insensible for a given period, to the effects of heat; on the contrary, he suffers so much exhaustion from his experiments, that he is only able to repeat them once a week. He assumes the title of "incombustible," but after the fate of Chamouni, it may reasonably be doubted whether any man can fairly lay claim to the privilege of being fireproof. The Russian Salamander was remarkable for the simplicity and singleness of his character, as well as for the idiosyncrasy in his constitution which enabled him for so many years not merely to brave the effects of fire, but to take delight in an element where other men find destruction. He was above all artifice, and would often entreat his visiters to melt their own lead or boil their own mercury, that they might be perfectly satisfied of the gratification he received from drinking those preparations. He would also present his tongue, in the most obliging manner, to all who wished to pour melted lead upon it, and stamp an impression of their seals. His merit, however, was never sufficiently acknowledged till he was found dead in the oven which he had so often entered to amuse his visiters, by what he called his grand experiment. This grand experiment was, to enter an oven with a raw leg of mutton and not to retire from it till the joint was thoroughly baked. Chamouni entered the oven once too often; his ashes were collected and conveyed to Mojaish, his native town, where a neat monument has been erected to his memory, and a well written Latin Inscription commemorates his fate.—*Lancet.*

The Bachelor's Journal, says the Boston Bulletin, after living in a state of single blessedness almost six months, made its bow valedictory on Monday morning, on the occasion of its marriage with the 'Yankee and Boston Literary Gazette.'

PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 2.

Wheat white $1 20 a 1 25—do. red 1 12½ a 1 16—Corn 38 cts. per bushel.

MARRIED

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Scull, Mr Samuel Morgan, to Mrs. Ann James; all of this county.

—— On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Lort Warfield, Mr. Chambers Hardep, to Miss Sarah Shehan, all of this county.

DIED

In Caroline County on Tuesday night last, after a short illness Mr. SAMUEL FOUNTAIN.

ELECTORAL CANDIDATES

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.

For the State of Maryland.

ADAMS.	JACKSON.
JOHN Q. ADAMS,	ANDREW JACKSON,
AND	AND
RICHARD RUSH.	JOHN C. CALHOUN.

First District—St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert Counties:
Henry Brawner, C. C. Joseph Stone, S. M.
Second District—Prince George's and Montgomery:
Benj S. Forrest, M. John C. Herbert, P. G.
Third District—Frederick, Washington and Allegany:
George Beltzer, F. William Tyler, F.
William Price, W. Wm. Fitzhugh, jr. W.
Fourth District—Baltimore City and Anne Arundel County:
James Boyle, A. A. Benj Howard, B. City,
Wm. Steuart, B. City. John S. Sellman, A. A.
Fifth District—Baltimore County:
J. H. M'Culloch, B. Co. Elias Brown, B. Co.
Sixth District—Hartford and Cœcil:
James Sewell, C. Thos. M. Foreman, C.
Seventh District—Kent and Queen Ann's:
Thomas Emory, Q. A. John T. Reese, K.
Eighth District—Talbot, Caroline and the First Election District of Dorchester:
T. B. Loockerman, T. James Sangston, C.
Ninth District—Rest of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester Counties:
Littleton Dennis, S. Thos. K. Carroll, S.

CANDIDATES

For the next Legislature of Maryland.

FOR TALBOT COUNTY.

ADMINISTRATION.	JACKSON.
Levin Millis,	Alex. B. Harrison,
Wm. Hughlett,	Peter Webb,
Spry Denny,	George W. Nabb.
Henry Spencer.	Thomas Henrix.

FOR CAROLINE COUNTY.

Thomas Pearson,	Robert T. Keene,
Short A. Willis,	John Brown,
Wm. M. Hardcastle,	John Thawley,
Thos. Burchenal.	Samuel Culbreth.

To the Independent Voters of Talbot county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—

At the solicitation of a number of my friends from each district of the county, I am induced to offer myself as a Candidate to represent you in the next Legislature of Maryland.

In presenting myself before the public, I do assure you, that I do not come as the partizan candidate of any man or set of men.—I humbly trust I have served the people faithfully for the last three years, and if honored again with their suffrages at the ensuing election, will serve them to the best of my ability.

The public's obedient serv't.

THOMAS HENRIX.

Aug. 30

To the Independent Voters of Talbot county.

I offer myself as a Candidate to represent you in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

GEORGE W. NABB.

Aug. 30

We are authorised to say, that PETER WEBB, Esq will serve his fellow citizens of Talbot county in the next Legislature of Maryland, if elected.

We are authorised to say, that ALEXANDER B. HARRISON, Esq will serve in the next Legislature of Maryland, if elected by his fellow citizens of Talbot county.

IN MISS DONE'S SEMINARY FOR FEMALES

ARE Taught the customary Branches of English Education. —ALSO— MUSIC—FRENCH—DRAWING & NEEDLE-WORK.

TERMS.

For Tuition in the English branches,
1st class - $10
2d do. - - $8 } per Quarter.
3d do. - - $5 }

MUSIC—The French Language, and DRAWING, Extra charges. Board will be furnished, including Bed, Bedding and Washing, and necessary attendance at $140 per Annum.

A deduction will be made for the Annual Vacation. ☞It will be expected that one Quarter will be paid in advance.

Annapolis, Oct. 4, 1828—

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue on Thursday the 16th inst. if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the residence of Thomas Orem deceased, in Hopkins's Neck, Talbot county, all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of Horses, (amongst which, is an excellent saddle Horse,) Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs suitable for the Pen this Fall, and breeding Sows, Household & Kitchen Furniture, farming Utensils amongst which are two valuable ox-carts, some Corn and Straw, with a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchachers giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of Sale. For all sums of five dollars and under the Cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and attendance given by

ANDREW OREM, Jr and
JAMES BARTLETT, Jr. Adm'rs.
of Thomas Orem, decease d

Oct. 4.

FOR SALE.

A SECOND HAND COACHEE & GIG, with Harness complete.—Apply to Lambert Reardon, or the Subscriber,

RICHARD KENNEY.

Oct 4—tf

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Easton, Md. October 1st, 1828.

A
Thomas Atkinson
Richard Austin
B
Thomas Bowdle
Gentlemen of the Easton Theatre
T. B. Brenan
Ann Blake
William Burchhead
John Bell
Thomas Bond
C
James Cockayne
Maria Cooper
John Craw
William Camp
Margaret Cox
Edward C. Council
D
Wm R. Daffin
Daniel Dewling
James Dukes
Mary Denny
Elizabeth Doaman
F
Anny Francis
John Freburger
Richard Frampton
Richard Frisby
John Farlow
G
Chas. Goldsborough, 2
William Gould
Annanias Gossage
Charles Gray
H
George Hale
Edw. Harris, jr.
Mr. Hampelton
Sarah H. Hooper
Thomas G. Hopkins
J
Susan Jones
Catharine Johnson
K
Nathan Keirn
Jane Kemp
Mary Ann Kemp
Mary Ann Kirby
L
Ann Loveday
Isaac Lee
Stephen P. Layton
M.
Daniel Martin
Emeline Mosher
Thomas Meconekin
Miss Elizabeth Mullikin
Samuel A. Meredith
Andrew Macoly
William Murphey
O
Jonathan Osmen 2
Andrew Orem
John Orem
Jacob G. Oliver
Samuel G. Osborn
William B. Paca (2)
John P Paca
Frederick Purnell
Richard Plummer
Peter Parrot
W. R. Price
R
Rebecca D. Reese
Joseph Robson
Thomas Rwarke
Joseph Richardson
Benjamin Richardson
Charlotte Reardon
Henry Ridgaway
John S. Robinson
S
Martha Skinner
Alice Sawyer
Terbet Slaughter
Richard Snyder
Rachal Smallwood
Thomas P. Smith
T
Nicholas Thomas
W
Philemon Willis (2)
Rachel Walker
John H. Watson (2)
A. GRAHAM, P. M.

☞Persons calling for Letters on the above List, will please say they are advertised.

A. G. P. M.

Oct. 4.

NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 22d of October, will be offered at public sale, at the Store-House occupied by Nathaniel Slawson in the Town of Vienna, (if not sold before at private sale,)—an

ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

with a suitable supply of GROCERIES—laid in on the best terms and adapted to the Season.

Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, may be accommodated by applying to Doct. C. Stanford.—Terms of sale will be made known on the day of Sale.

NATHANIEL SLAWSON.

Vienna, Sept. 27th, 1828.—3w

FALL GOODS.

WILLIAM CLARK has just received and is now opening a handsome assortment of FRESH IMPORTED & DOMESTIC GOODS; Adapted to the present and approaching Seasons, which will be offered at a small advance for CASH.

Easton, Oct. 4, 1828.—3t eow

20 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber on or about the 15th of April last, a negro woman who calls herself MARGARET—she is about 23 years of age, stout and well made, rather light complexion for a negro.—The subscriber understands the above negro has made her way to Baltimore, where she has no doubt hired herself as a free woman.

Whoever takes up said negro and secures her in jail so that the subscriber gets her again shall receive the above reward.

THOMAS D. MONNELLY.

Chappel, Talbot county, (Md.) Oct. 4, 1828.

☞The Baltimore American will copy the above 4 times and forward the account to this office for collection.

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court.

3rd day of Oct. A. D. 1828.

On application of William E. Shannahan, Adm'r. of John Wilcutt, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 3rd day of Oct. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

JAS: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Wilcutt late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of May next, they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 3rd day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

WM. E. SHANNAHAN, Adm'r.
of John Wilcutt, dec'd.

Oct. 4,—3w

MARYLAND:

CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,

16th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

On application of George Reed, Executor of Robert Baynard late of Caroline county dec'd.—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed, this 16th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

Test, JAS. SANGSTON, Reg'r.
of Wills for Caroline county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Robert Baynard late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 27th day of March next or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 16th day of September A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

GEORGE REED, Ex'r.
of Robert Baynard, dec'd.

Sept. 27 3w

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court.

19th day of Sept. A. D. 1828.

On application of Edw N. Hambleton adm'r. D. B. N. of Thos. Jones late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, & the seal of my office affixed, this 19th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred & twenty eight.

Test, JA: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Jones late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby requested to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 1st day of April next 1829; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 19th day of Sept. A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

E. N. HAMBLETON, Adm'r. D. B. N.
of Thomas Jones, deceased.

Sept. 27 3w

TO RENT

For the ensuing year, on very accommodating terms, the House and premises adjoining Dr. Thomas H. Dawson, on Washington street at present occupied by John Bennett, Esquire—who, from the comfort and conveniences of the Building, and agreeable neighbourhood has been a Tenant for the last fifteen or eighteen years. This property has lately been put in good repair, and is well calculated for the reception of Boarders.—For term apply to my Brother, Samuel Mackey, or to the Editor.

WM. MACKEY.

Sept. 13. tf

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