gunner going into the magazine, to procure powder to fire the evening gun. He was charged by one of the officers previously to his going below, to be careful; and soon after, the explosion took place. We understand that he was a man between 50 and 60 years of age, and had just been appointed to that office, the old Gunner having been discharged the day before He was desired by Lieut. Breckenridge to be cautious with the light, and to place it in the location invariably provided for it, on such occasions, viz. behind a reflecting glass in the partition, through which the rays of light are thrown. It is supposed he had been careless in this particular, and that having carried the candle into the magazine some of its sparks were communicated to the powder; but as he is among the dead nothing certain upon this point can ever be known. Lieut. Mull states that the necessary precautions had been taken for opening the Magazine, and a sentinel placed at the Hatch before he left the deck, and that after being in the ward room some twenty minutes the explosion took place.

At the time of the explosion, the officers were dining in the ward room. The lady of Lieut. Breckenridge, and the son of Lieut. Platt, a lad of a bout nine years old, were guests, and one account says both were slightly wounded. Another account says Lieut Mull, who was sitting next to the son of Lieut. Platt, with great presence of mind, caught hold of him and placed him in one of the port holes, by which means he escaped uninjured. Lieut. Platt, had returned only yesterday morning, having been absent one month on leave. Com. Chauncey, with the commander of the frigate, Capt. Newton, left her only a few minutes before the explosion—the former having been on board on a visit of inspection.

The escape of Midshipman Eckford seems to have been almost miraculous. When Com. Chauncey (who was one of the first to reach the vessel) got on board, the first object he saw was young Eckford hanging by one of his legs between the gun deck, whither he had been forced by the explosion. A jack screw was immediately procured, by means of which the deck was raised and he was extricated from his perilous situation.

The room in which the officers were dining was situated about midships. The whole company at the table were forced, by the concussion, against the transom, with such violence as to break their limbs, and otherwise cut and bruise them in a shocking manner.

The magazine was situated in the bows of the vessel. This part of the ship, as may well be imagined, is completely demolished. Indeed the ship remains as complete a wreck as probably was ever beheld.—The timbers throughout appear to have been perfectly rotten. Many of the guns were thrown overboard, and some of them (of large dimensions) now hang as it were by a hair.

The bodies of the dead and wounded were brought on shore as soon as circumstances would permit. The former, after being recognized, were put into coffins The latter were carried to the Hospital of the Navy Yard and every attention paid to them. The bodies of the dead were shockingly mangled; their features distorted, and so much blackened, that it was difficult to recognise them. All the physicians of Brooklyn, and several from this city, proffered their services, which proved very acceptable.

As soon as the intelligence reached the city thousands of persons visited the wreck of the Fulton. The steamboats on their passage up the river, stopped to learn the particulars, and hundreds of small boats proceeded to the spot. The Navy Yard was also filled with persons making inquiries after their relations or friends, and expressing much anxiety to see the bodies for the purpose of ascertaining whether they were among the dead or wounded.

The interest excited by the news of this event, was last evening intense and universal. Nor has it abated this morning,

Commodore Chauncey, and the officers of the station were on board the wreck, after the explosion, giving directions to remove the scattered timber, in order that a search might take place for such bodies as might be buried in the ruins.

The tide being at the ebb, immense quantities of the fragments of the ship floated down in front of the city, and hundreds of small boats were seen busily engaged in securing them.

Since the foregoing was prepared we have had a call from an officer who left the hulk since ten o'clock. The tide had come in, so that she was filled with water.

We are pained to learn, that Mrs. Breckenridge is not slightly, but very severely wounded and the injury of Lieut Platt is so serious, that but a faint hope is indulged of his recovery.

What is a very remarkable circumstance, although several of the persons at dinner in the ward room, escaped, with their lives and some, of them uninjured, not a vestige of the table, chairs, or any of the furniture remains Every thing was blown to atoms.

The Scene, even this morning, at the Navy Yard, is distressing beyond description. Indeed to attempt a description of such a spectacle at the very moment when our feelings are harrowed up to a painful degree by the shocking reality, seems too revolting to be undertaken. We might speak of the wounded living and the mangled dead, and of the fragments of bodies blown to pieces mingled among the broken relics of the ship—but such particulars may better be left to the readers imagination.

When we left the Navy Yard at 11 o'clock, only *five* men were unaccounted for. These have doubtless perished either by drowning, or by being crushed among the timbers.

The interment of the bodies of the seamen &c. was to take place at half past one o'clock this day—that of Lieut. Breckenridge at 6 o'clock this afternoon.

From the N. York Gazette of Saturday.

THE LATE ACCIDENT—FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Notwithstanding the great and natural excitement produced by the melancholy event on board the steam ship Fulton, and the consequent difficulty of ascertaining the precise facts, we find, on further inquiry that the statements, in yesterday's paper were, with two or three trifling exceptions, perfectly accurate.

We again visited the Navy Yard yesterday, for the purpose of obtaining additional information relative to this heart-rending affair, the result of which we now communicate to our readers.

It appears by the Muster Roll of the ship that the total number of persons, including officers, attached to her at the time of the accident, was one hundred and sixty-six, and after a careful and diligent examination it has been ascertained that one hundred and six are accounted for, there are only then six missing. In this number, Williams, the gunner, whose death was mentioned yesterday, included; we have not, however, been enabled to learn the names of the other five, except a marine named Carr.

We regret to learn that several of the wounded are in a very precarious situation among, whom is Lieut. Platt, of whose recovery there is little hope. The situation of Mrs. Brackenridge is also such as to weaken the hopes of her friends in her final restoration to health. Our latest accounts from Midshipman Eckford are not very favorable, although his recovery is not, at present, at all doubtful. The situation of Mr. Clough, Sailing Master, is considered critical, as is also that of the men in the Hospital. The other officers and men are doing well.

It is worthy of remark that the flags of the shipping in our port were yesterday displayed at half mast, out of respect to the unfortunate individuals.

As a passing remark, we may as well notice a coincidence, (this is the age of coincidences) that may not perhaps have struck our readers. It is well known that the Fulton was built during the late war with Great Britain, and was intended as an especial annoyance to the fleet of of his late Britannic Majesty, George the third whose birth day was the Fourth of June. On the anniversary of that very day, was the steam frigate blown to atoms.

Another curious circumstance is worth mentioning.—One of the surgeons, who was attending a patient, was in want of a knife. One was handed to him by a person standing by. It had a handle of semi-transparent horn, under which was this passage from scripture:—"We know not what a day may bring forth!"

THE FUNERALS.

The unfortunate sufferers by this dreadful catastrophe, received their last melancholy rites yesterday afternoon. Twenty-one men and two of the woman were interred in the burying ground at the Walabout. The bodies were taken from one of the ship houses at 2 o'clock, and placed in six carts, when the procession proceeded for the place of interment, in the following order.—A detachment of marines under command of the Orderly Sergeant; the music; Clergy, corpses, with two marines between each cart and two sailors on each side of the cart; sailors and marines; officers of the navy and marine corps, including Commodore Chauncey; Commander of the Guard and Colonel Gamble; Commandant of Marines, and a large number of citizens of Brooklyn and New York. The procession reached the burial ground at 3 o'clock, when the bodies were deposited in one grave. The funeral service was then performed by the Rev. Mr. Searle, the Chaplain of the yard, recently arrived from Pensacola. A volley of musketry was then fired over the graves by a detachment of marines. There was an immense concourse of spectators assembled to witness this melancholy spectacle, and it was remarked that the utmost order and decorum was observed, all appearing to be impressed with the solemnity of the occasion. Previous to removing the bodies from the ship house, the corpse of one of the females was taken away by her friends to be privately interred.

The remains of the unfortunate Brackenridge were conveyed to the silent tomb from the Navy Yard, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, attended by all the officers on the station and a large number of citizens. Many a manly tear was shed by his brother officers when his mortal remains were consigned to the grave—a testimonial that they had lost a worthy, & meritorious friend and that the service was deprived of a brave and gallant officer.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

Saturday Evening, June 13.

It is remarked by a great man, as being somewhat strange, *that a military chieftain at the head of the British monarchy, should be lending himself to the cause of liberal principles at the very moment, when another Military Chieftain, at the head of the American Republic, is exercising the most abominable acts of oppression.* Thus showing to an astonished world, that Wellington, who has been called the tory advocate, of high handed measures and intollerance, is in fact found by experience to take sides with the oppressed, to maintain liberal principles, and to run every risk to remove disabilities from the people that had been imposed for opinion's sake. Whilst Jackson, who was thought to be the friend of equal rights, and popular freedom, is found by experience to be the revengeful persecutor of honest opinions—the advocate for denouncing and degrading all who will not bow at his footstool—the author of hitherto unexampled intollerance.

All men who are capable of judging upon these matters have become disgusted with the American Chieftain—if there are any who are not, they may be ranked among the American tory intollerants who are flattering majesty to get their reward, or among that class of contemptible mendicants & trimmers, who are despised by all because they fondle on and deceive all. The contrast between the course of the British Monarchist Wellington, and the American Republican Jackson is very disheartening to a free and faithful American, who grieves to see his own Country lose by any comparison; and it causes every good man in our country, of every party to be stricken with remorse when he reflects, that by a popular election so great a portion of the people of this Country advocated the elevation of a man who, upon trial, has been found to be the very reverse of what his most disinterested friends thought him to be.

But the great majority of the people are faithful to their Country and sticklers for her character—it is to them we must look for reform—and they will in the fullness of their patriotism and honest pride put down the pretenders and hypocrites who, under pretence of reform, are paying wages out of the people's money to those who will favor their particular views of ambition and self-aggrandizement.

The Baltimore *Republican* of Saturday last, contains an address from John V. L. McMahon, Esq. in which he declines being a candidate for Congress at the next election.

The New York Courier contains a list of twenty-two new appointments of custom house officers, and a list of seventeen officers removed.

The New York Yearly Meeting of Friends, (called Hicksites,) was held in the city of New York, from the 25th to the 29th ult. inclusive. The number in attendance, of both sexes, was about 2800.

The National Intelligencer states that Thomas B. Pottinger, has been removed from his clerkship in the office of the Fifth Auditor.

It is stated that Stephen Girard has loaned the State of Pennsylvania $100,000 for the canal fund, that the Mechanics' bank of Philadelphia, loaned for the same fund $20,000 the bank of Pennsylvania $100,000 and the Philadelphia bank $50,000.

Mr. Madison's Health.—A letter from Mr. Madison, of the 30th ult. says. "I am *getting well over* a renewed and more severe attack of influenza, brought on by a premature exposure which I could not avoid."

Fashion.—Three ladies of fashion were lately mobbed in Chesnut street, Philadelphia, in broad day light, having made their appearance with petticoats "too short to mention" and silk gaiters. They were at length relieved from their unpleasant situation by a gentleman who invited them into his house, procured a carriage and sent them home.

Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.

The President and Directors have made their tenth annual Report to the Stockholders, at a meeting held the 1st of June, in which it is stated, that the only remaining portion of the work not done, is a small distance in the centre of the deep cut. The leak at the Delaware tide lock will be successfully overcome.

The fiscal transactions of the Board will appear by a statement submitted to the meeting. It was announced in the last Report, that books would be opened for a farther subscription towards a loan to the company, and accordingly, the sum of $160,400 was obtained, which completed the entire amount of $300,000 embraced in the loan of the 10th of January, 1828. In addition to this, an Act of Congress was passed on the 2d of March, authorising the Secretary of the Treasury to subscribe in the name and for the use of the United States, for 750 shares of the stock of the Company. The subscription was made on the 7th of the same month; and $150,000 the amount thereof, immediately paid.

The Stockholders of the turnpike company between Frenchtown and New Castle, have determined to construct, forthwith, a rail road between the Chesapeake and Delaware Bays—so that with the facilities which will then be afforded, it will be easy for travellers who leave Philadelphia in the morning, to reach Baltimore so early in the day, that they may arrive in Washington by the rail road, before sunset of the same day.

ELKTON, Md. June 6.

DREADFUL STORM.

We were visited, on Sunday evening last, by a severe Storm. The wind blew tremendously; and the rain poured down in torrents, accompanied by a considerable quantity of hail—some of which measured three inches in circumference. During the most violent part of the storm, we were apprehensive that great evil would be done; but, fortunately, the gust lasted but for a short time, and the damage sustained did not prove so extensive as was feared. One or two frame buildings and several trees only having been blown down in this vicinity. We learn, however, by a gentleman from the lower part of this County, (Cecil) that the storm there, was much more furious and destructive—sweeping down every thing before it—prostrating houses, uprooting trees, and levelling the fencing in every direction. On the farm, where our informant resides, the barn, stables, smoke house, and every building except the dwelling house, was blown down, several fields of wheat have been considerably injured by the hail.—*Elkton Press.*

EASTON, Pa. June 5.

Several sections of this county, in the neighbourhood of Easton, sustained considerable injury during the storm of wind and rain, which visited us on Friday afternoon last. A great number of fences were blown down, trees torn up by the roots, barns uncovered &c. in exposed situations, fields of rye and wheat also suffered materially, the stalks being blown over and broken off by the violence of the gust;—fortunately however it came unaccompanied by hail, had it been otherwise our farmers would have sustained much greater losses.

Since writing the above we have learnt with regret, that hail has not been wanting in parts of Bethlehem and some other more remote townships, to complete the destruction of grain, and that the rain fell so abundantly as to sweep away entire fields of corn.

ROCKVILLE, June 3.

Hail Storm.—Our town was visited on Monday last by one of the most terrific hail storms which we have witnessed for many years. As far as we have been able to ascertain it was confined to the town and its immediate vicinity. Many of the stones which fell were considerably larger than walnuts. It was a fortunate circumstance that but little wind accompanied the hail, for if such had been the case it would have swept destruction wherever it went. The greatest injury sustained was the breaking of window glass in almost every house in the town.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Cornelius P. Vann Ness, of the State of Vermont, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Spain, in place of Alexander H. Everett, recalled.

William Pitt Preble, of the State of Maine, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Netherlands.

Washington Irving of New York, to be Secretary of Legation of the U. States to Great Britain.

Charles Carroll Harper, of the State of Maryland, to the Secretary of Legation of the United States to France.

T. H. Smith, of New York, vice Joseph Nourse resigned.

The Boston papers bring intelligence of the death of Major Gen. Henry Dearborn, on Saturday morning last.

A meeting of the Executive Council of Maryland, will take place on Monday next, the 15th inst.

WASHINGTON, June 11.

The Circuit Court for this district did not deliver yesterday, its expected opinion in the case of the demurrer to the indictment against Watkins.—[Nat. Intel.

MARRIED

On Monday last 8th inst. in Cambridge, Md. by the Rev. Mr. Judd, THEODORE R. LOOCKERMAN, Esq. to Miss MARIA, daughter of the Hon. William Bond Martin.

DIED

In Hamilton, Butler co Ohio, on Thursday the 19th ult. Capt. John Cleves Symmes extensively known as the author of the theory of Open Poles and Concentric Spheres.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having associated in the DRUG BUSINESS, No. 200 Market-street, (opposite Beltzhoover's tavern) are now prepared to furnish Country Merchants, Physicians & others, wholesale and retail, with a general assortment of Genuine *Drugs, Medicines, Dye Woods, Paints* dry and ground in oil; Painters' *Brushes*, Artists' *Pencils* and *Colours, Chemicals, Shop Furniture*, &c. upon liberal terms.

WM. W. MOORE,
BENJ. P. MOORE,
(Late firm of G. T. Hopkins & Moore.)

They have just received, WHITE LEAD, in oil, and RED LEAD, which will be sold at the manufactory prices.

Baltimore, June, 13 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of venditioni exponas issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me, directed against Wm. P. Kerr, at the suit of the following persons, to wit:—one at the suit of Solomon Lowe, use of Samuel Groome, one at the suit of Lambert Reardon, and one at the suit of Wm Jenkins survivor of Peter Stevens, will be sold at Public Sale for Cash at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton on Tuesday the 7th day of July next, between the Hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the following property to wit:—all the right, title, interest and claim of him the said Wm. P. Kerr, of, in and to that farm or plantation, situate in Oxford Neck, consisting of the Tracts or parts of Tracts of Land, called, The Neglect and Studhams Chance, containing 37 acres of Land more or less; part of Bozman's Addition, and part of Yorkshire, containing 175½ acres of Land more or less, as devised to him by John Leeds Bozman, deceased, taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid venditioni's.

WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.

June 13

MR. JOHN M. BLONDEL

RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Talbot and the adjacent Counties, that his second practising Ball will be given on FRIDAY 19th inst. at Mr. Peacock's Assembly room, in Easton—The Ladies and Gentlemen are particularly invited to attend.

Tickets to be had at the Bar.

June 13

To the lovers of good Beef.

Another fine Stall-fed Beef to be Slaughtered.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the Public that he will on TUESDAY next exhibit at his Stall in the Market House, in Easton, for Sale a fine Stall-fed Steer much superior to the one butchered by him on the 3d instant.

J. C. WHEELER.

June 13.

MARYLAND:

Talbot county Orphan's Court:

JUNE TERM, A. D. 1829.

ON application of John Stevens, Jr. Adm'r. of Samuel Chamberlaine, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this ninth day of June in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty nine.

L. S.

Test JAS: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Chamberlaine, late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 19th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day of June, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty nine.

JNO: STEVENS, Jr. Adm'r.
of Samuel Chamberlaine, deceased

June 13.

MEDICAL AND CHIRURGICAL FACULTY OF MARYLAND.

At the annual Convention of the Faculty, held on the 1st June 1829, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Dr. Robt. Goldsborough, of Q. Anne's, *President.*
Nathan R. Smith, *Orator.*
John Fonerden, *Recording Secretary.*
Henry W. Baxley, *Corresponding Secretary.*
William W. Handy, *Treasurer.*

MEDICAL BOARD.

Examiners for the Western Shore.

Dr. J. Buckler, G. Frick, T. E. Bond, W. Fisher, | Dr. J. L. Yates, H. W. Baxley, P. Snyder.

Examiners for the Eastern Shore.

Dr. T. Thomas, J. M. Anderson, P. Wroth, | Dr. T. Denny, J. Sykes.

CENSORS.

FOR THE WESTERN SHORE.

City of Baltimore.

First Ward	Dr. H. Johnson,
Second Ward	J. Allender,
Third Ward,	J. L. Yeates,
Fourth Ward,	J. B. Taylor,
Fifth Ward,	J. P. McKenzie,
Sixth Ward,	A. Alexander,
Seventh Ward,	R. W. Hall,
Eighth Ward,	J. I. Cohen,
Ninth Ward,	G. S. Gibson
Tenth Ward,	J. Fonerden,
Eleventh Ward	H. W. Baxley,
Twelfth Ward,	J. H. O'Donovan,
City of Annapolis,	J. Ridgely, D. Claude.
Frederick City.	W. B Tyler, J. Baltzell

Counties.

Allegany,	Dr. J. M. Lawrence, S. P. Smith
Washington,	W. Hammond, W. W. Hitt
Frederick,	W. Willis, J. Baer
Baltimore,	H Goldsborough, C. Bryne
Harford,	W. Dallam, T. Worthington
Anne Arundel,	J. Hopkins, A. Riggs
Montgomery,	O. Wilson, W. P. Palmer
P. Georges,	B. I Semmes, C. Duvall
Calvert,	T. Blake, G. Dare
Charles,	W. Weems, W. Queen
St. Mary's	J. Stone, W. J. Edlin.

FOR THE EASTERN SHORE.

Chestertown,	P. Wroth

Counties.

Cecil,	J. W. Veazey, A. Evans
Kent,	E. Scott, M. Brown
Queen Anne's	J. Crane, R. Goldsborough, Jr.
Caroline,	M. Keene, S. Harper
Talbot,	S. T. Kemp, Ns. Hammond
Dorchester,	W. Jackson, F. Phelps
Somerset,	S. K. Handy, H. Highland
Worcester,	J. S. Martin, W. F. Selby.

The following gentlemen have been admitted members of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty, since June 2d. 1828.

Duncan Turnbull, M. D.; Anth'y Hermsge, M. D.; Loch F. Weems, M. D; Geo. W. Warfield, M. D.; Stephen B. White, M. D.; Jerome Mudd, M. D; Henry W. Snyder, M. D.; Burton Randall, M. D.; Robert M'Coy, M. D.; John W. Mountz, M D.; Albert Ritchie, M. D.; Washington Duvall, M. D.; John B. M'Dowell, M. D.; John W. Anderson, M. D.; Wm. Patterson, M D; Thomas R. Johnson, M. D.; James W. Pryor, M. D.; Richard H. Clagett, L. M.; Lloyd Dorsey, M. D.; Theodore Prosh, M. D.; Chas: W. Johnson, M. D.; James R. Ward, M. D.; Leander W. Goldsborough, M. D. Robert Fulton, M. D.; Samuel Chew, M. D.; James W. Eichelberger, M. D.; John C. S. Monkur, M. D., Benjamin J. Perry, M. D.; August W. Wegner, L. M.; James B. Rogers, M. D; Fred'k. E. B. Hintze, M. D.; Reuben Summers, M. D.; Augustus L. Warner, M. D.; Charles Macguire, M. D.; Wm. E. Poits, M D.; Em'l. K. J. Hand, M. D.; John J. Myres, M. D.

JOHN FONERDEN, Rec. Sec.

June 13. 2t

MARYLAND:

Talbot county Orphans' Court.

April Term, A. D. 1829.

ON application of James Chaplain, Esq. Administrator of Solomon Harris late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand & the seal of my Office affixed, this 21st day of May, in the year of our Lord 1829.

Test, JAS: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Solomon Harris late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of December next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said Estate. Given under my hand this 21st day of May A. D. 1829.

JAMES CHAPLAIN, Adm'r.
of Solomon Harris, dec'd.

June 6.

MARYLAND:

Caroline County Orphans' Court.

26th day of May A. D. 1829.

ON application of Abraham Jump, Jr. Adm'r. of Andrew S. Green, late of Caroline County, deceased,—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly and faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphan's Court, of the County aforesaid; I have hereto set my hand and the Seal of my office affixed this 26th day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and twenty nine.

Test JAMES SANGSTON, Reg'r.
of Wills for Caroline County.

In compliance to the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Caroline county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Andrew S. Green, late of Caroline county deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the Subscriber on or before the 8th day of December next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 26th day of May A. D. 1829.

ABRAHAM JUMP, Jr. Adm'r.
of Andrew S. Green, deceased

June 6 w

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