They proceed from two small lakes, and after running nearly three miles shoot in one unbroken stream one hundred and seventy feet and falling against a shelving rock, ten feet wide, plunges again ninety feet, and falls into a beautiful basin where the water as transparent as light "reflects by the dazzling orb of day the surrounding sublimities." The passage from the top to the foot of the falls is narrow, and in some places appear dangerous, but only requires a little caution and presence of mind to ensure the safety of the visiter. There is a platform built at the top of the falls where spectators can stand and look down in safety but not without admiration and terror.

Numbers were standing below who appeared not more than half their usual size. When we had descended the spray arising with the reflection of the sun caused a most beautiful rainbow. A gun was fired from the platform, the sound of which echoed through the mountains like peals of thunder. The stream continues its course and rushing over steep and rocky channels until it gradually disappears among the rough scenery that surrounds it. There is a cavern under the first cataract where the shelving rock, shelter the stranger somewhat from the spray, and throws a dark shade around him.

The eye even here soon tires and we returned to the mountains to see the sun set. Half an hour after we were comfortably seated in the Hotel watching the remote and beautiful landscapes. The sun was just setting and had thrown his last rays on the mountain top.—Here we could say with propriety,

"At summer eve, when Heaven's aerial bow,
Spans with bright arch the glittering hills below,
Why to yon mountain turns the musing eye,
Whose sun-bright summits mingles with the sky;
Why do those cliffs of shadowy tint appear
More sweet than all the landscape smiling near.
'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view
And robes the mountain in its azure hue."

The night air was cold and piercing the thermometer is usually from fifteen to twenty degrees lower here, than at the village of Catskill. We returned the following morning highly pleased with our day's excursion. "Such scenes" says a traveller who witnessed them, will not easily be effaced from our memory.—They will scarcely grow dim by time but remaining forever new through life, they will afford a pleasing theme for conversation among our friends and will serve as a kind of letter of introduction to all who have seen and admired them like ourselves."

T.

New York, aug. 12, 1829.

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

Saturday Evening, August 22.

The Anti-Jackson voters of Talbot County, will bear in mind that a public meeting will be held in the Court House in Easton on Tuesday 25th inst. at 3 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of "considering and adopting such measures, in regard to the elections in October next, as to the said meeting may seem proper and advisable" —A full and general attendance of the Anti-Jackson citizens of the county is expected and earnestly desired.

The examination of the students in the Easton Academy took place on Thursday and Friday last—We are gratified to learn (for we were not present) that the students in both departments acquitted themselves in a very handsome manner, much to their own credit and that of their teachers, and to the gratification of all present.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.

The further information which we have received from the Kentucky Congressional Election enables us to state that R. P. Letcher has been re-elected without opposition; that Richard M. Johnson is elected in opposition to R. M. Hatton; and that J. Kincaid is elected, in opposito Mr. Booker, from the district recently represented by Mr. Moore. The election in Mr. Lecompte's district was very close, and the result is yet uncertain. Mr. Wickliffe was run closer than usual, but is said to be re-elected.—*Nat. Intel.*

SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER.

The Arkansas Gazette of July 15, announces the entire destruction of *Cantonment Towson*, on Red River. The President had ordered the troops to Cantonment Jessup, Louisiana,—when the people (or a portion of ragamuffins) a few days after assembled, set fire to the Barracks and totally demolished the whole establishment. It is pretended that the removal of the troops left that frontier too much exposed; and that their resentment burst out into this mischievous flame.

The General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, assembled at St. James's Church in this city, on Wednesday morning, the 12th inst.—Sermon by the Right Reverend Bishop Brownell of Connecticut: after which the holy sacrament was administered. The house of bishops was organized by the election of the Rev. Dr. Wilson, of New York as Secretary, Bishop White, of Pennsylvania presiding.—The house of clerical and lay delegates was organized by electing the Rev. Dr Wyatt, of Baltimore as President, and Rev. Benjamin T. Onderdonk of N. York as Secretary. The house of bishops consists of Bishops White and Onderdonk, of Pennsylvania; Hobart of New York; Croes, of New Jersey; Brownell, of Connecticut; Griswold, of the Eastern Diocese; Moore, of Virginia; and Ravenscroft, of North Carolina. Bishops Bowen of South Carolina, and Chase, of Ohio were absent.—*Philad. Chronicle.*

From the Philad. Sentinel of Thursday.

The Rev. Dr. MEADE, elected Assistant Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Virginia, was consecrated yesterday morning in St. James's Church.

Four delegates from the Primitive Methodist Connextion of England, and commonly called Ranters, lately arrived at New York, Namely, Wm. Knowles, Ruth Watkins, Thomas Morris, and W. Summersides. The two former remain in New York, and the two latter are now in this city. Te following is a copy of their address to the people of the United States.

The Primitive Methodist Connexion.

To the inhabitants of Philadelphia, and of the United States of America in general, send greeting:

Friends and Brethren.—The Lord having in his Providence, raised up the primitive Methodist Connexion in Old England, and made it an instrument in his hands, of turning thousands and tens of thousands unto righteousness and many of its members having emigrated to the United States, it was judged providential to appoint a regular Mission; we have accordingly sent over our respected brethren and faithful ministers, the Reverend Wm. Summersides and the Rev. Thomas Morris, who have labored with success, and we trust they will be made useful in the gospel of our common Lord, and will meet with that kindness and respect among you that you under similar circumstances would expect from us.—*Nat. Gaz.*

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The Washington papers of Saturday announce the following appointments:—

Major A. Davezac to be Secretary of Legation to the Netherlands.

Wm. A. Harrison, District Attorney for the Western District of Virginia, vice Edwin S. Duncan, *resigned.*

Augustus Jones, of Missouri, to be Marshal for the District of Missouri, vice John Simonds, Jr. *removed.*

George Shanon, Esq. of St. Louis, Missouri to be District Attorney, vice Beverly Allen, *removed.*

The Richmond papers state that Nash Legrand, Esq. (a member of the Executive Council of Virginia) has been appointed U. S. Navy Agent at Norfolk, in place of Miles King, Esq. removed.

The Richmond Enquirer states, that the PRESIDENT proposes to spend a few days at Old Point for the benefit of his health. He is to be accompanied by the Secretary of war. If, as we fear from various accounts the President's health is very bad, we trust no considerations will induce him to postpone his visit to a place so famous for its salubrity as Old Point. Certain we are his journey there will not be followed (as was the case when the late Secretary of State by the advice of his physicians went to Kentucky,) by the revilings and bitter denunciations of the Press. Reproaches will not be hurled at him from his political opponents—nor will his progress be annoyed by the continual incessant clamor of a party determined to sacrifice every thing to destroy him.—*Alex. Gazette.*

The PRESIDENT of the United States, accompanied by the SECRETARY of WAR, passed down yesterday, in the Steamboat Potomac, on his way to old Point.

Alexandria Gazette.

VERY LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

The packet ship William Thompson has arrived at New York with advices from Liverpool to the 17th July. The packet ship Charlemagne has also arrived from Havre, bringing Paris advices to the 22d July. Those papers among a variety of interesting intelligence contain the news of the *fall of Silistria into the hands of the Russians!* Rumors of negotiations for peace are given and it is said that the Emperor of Russia has sent his ultimatum to Constantinople, and that the King of Prussia has appointed an extraordinary ambassador to join the English and French ambassadors at that city. The surrender of Silistria is looked upon as a very important event, by exposing Giurgevo and Rutschuck, which it is supposed must fall and thereby change the theatre of war and open a passage to the Russians over the Balkan.

A change in the English ministry is spoken of. The King is said not to support the Duke of Wellington, and to manifest great aversion to all who have ceded in the passage of the relief bill.—This is attributed to the influence of the Duke of Cumberland, who has declared that he will not leave England until he has effected the dismissal of Wellington.

In the Liverpool Corn Exchange up to July 16th, there was a good demand for wheat, and an advance of 2d per bushel. Indian Corn per 480 lbs. 33 a 35s.

At London wheat advanced 1 a 2s per qr. in consequence of the changeable state of the weather.

London Corn Exchange, July 13.—We continue to be very abundantly supplied with Foreign Wheat, while the quantity of our own growth we received for this morning's market was very small indeed: when superfine samples found a tolerable ready sale at an advance of about 1s. per quarter from our currency of last Monday; but the middling and inferior sorts were not any higher, nor were the stands entirely cleared at the close. Flour the same as last week. Barley, if sweet and of good quality, fully maintain our last quotations.

Liverpool Corn Exchange, July 14.—At our Corn Exchange this morning there was a middling attendance of the trade.—Of Wheat a few retail sales were made of prime fresh thrashed parcels of Irish at 9s 4d a 9s 6d. but for other sorts there was very little inquiry. Fine Oats were asked after and a few lots taken, but middling and light sorts were not wanted.—Malt, Barley, Beans, Peas, and Indian Corn all dull but not lower. Fine fresh American and Irish Flour pretty saleable at 35s to 36s, for the former, and at 50s to 51s for the latter as in quality.

ANTI-JACKSON MEETING.

At a numerous and respectable meeting of the anti-Jackson voters of Caroline county, convened at the Court-house in Denton, on Tuesday the 11th inst. pursuant to public notice—

When on motion, Col. Robert Orrell was called to the Chair and J. P. W. Richardson appointed Secretary. The meeting being organised, Gen. Wm. Potter rose and in a brief and satisfactory manner stated its object, and submitted the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That the anti-Jackson voters in each election district in Caroline county, be invited to meet on Saturday 22d inst, at the usual places of holding their elections, for the purpose of electing seven persons from each district, as Committee-men to meet at Denton, on Tuesday, 25th inst. to select four proper persons to be recommended to the anti-Jackson voters of Caroline county, to be supported as candidates for the House of Delegates at the ensuing October election and that the Committee when so met, shall have power to appoint a committee of twenty-five persons; eight from the upper district, eight from the lower district and nine from the middle district, to meet at Hillsborough on the 27th inst. to confer with the Committees, proposed to be sent from Queen Ann's and Talbot counties, on the propriety of selecting a suitable and well known anti-Jackson candidate for this district, to represent the district in the next Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That if the number of Committee-men sent from this county to Hillsborough, should not be equal to the number sent from Q. Ann's or Talbot county that the Committee sent from this county shall have power to increase their number, so as to make them equal to either of the said counties.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and attested by the Secretary, and published in the Easton Star and Gazette.

Signed,

ROBERT ORRELL, Chairman,

Test,

J. P. W. RICHARDSON, Sec'ry.

DIED

On Sunday morning last, after a short illness, Mrs. SARAH HASKINS, relict of the late Joseph Haskins, Esq. of this county.

In this town, on Tuesday last, after a short illness, Miss MARY HULL, in the 62d year of her age—esteemed and respected by all who knew her.

MARYLAND.

Talbot county Orphan's Court,

JUNE TERM A. D. 1829.

ON application of William M. Price, Adm'r of Alexander McClayland, late of Talbot County, deceased,—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot County Orphan's Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of my office affixed this 3rd day of August in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty nine.

Test JAS. PRICE, Reg'r. of Wills for Talbot County.

In compliance to the above order,

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Alexander McClayland late of Talbot county deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 1st of March next they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 3rd day of August A. D. 1829.

WM. M PRICE, Adm'r. of Alexander McClayland dec'd.

August 22

NOTICE.

IT having been nearly eight months, since the subscriber declined business in Easton, and harvest being now over, he thinks it nearly time to expect those indebted to him, to settle their accounts. He has constituted, and appointed Dr. Theodore Denny his agent, to whom all those so indebted, are requested to make payment without further delay—otherwise such legal process, as will compel the same, will have to be resorted to, without respect to persons.

WM. W. MOORE.

8 mo 22 3t

BALTIMORE, August 20.

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT

Corrected Weekly

FOR THE EASTON GAZETTE.

by James Corner & Son.

MARYLAND WHARF, August 20, 1829.

Wheat, best white	95 a 1 00
do do red	85 a 95
Corn,	38 a 40
Rye,	54
Oats,	31 a 33
Flour, Howard St.	5 37 a 5 50
Do City Mills,	5 00 a 5 25

THE Subscriber, being impressed with the belief, that a Seminary for boys, embracing a limited number of Pupils, and furnishing instruction in the several branches of science and literature, demanded in a course of early education, in which, also, the strictest attention shall be paid to the morals, manners and health of the Pupils, would meet with the approbation of a number of enlightened parents, and believing that in no other way he can employ himself so usefully, as in endeavoring to give a right direction to the early education of our youth; has taken a commodious mansion in the neighbourhood of Princeton, N. J.; and will open a Seminary for boys on the 2d of November, next, the principles and plan of which, the following articles will serve to explain.*

1. The number of Pupils will be limited to FORTY.

2. No boy above twelve years of age will be admitted into the school.

3. Pupils may remain connected with the school until they have attained the age of Sixteen years. To remain longer than this period, an application must be made to the Principal, and a new contract entered into. Any Pupils, thus permitted to remain, will, however, always be included in the Forty, to which the number of Pupils is limited.

4. No boy will be admitted, whose moral habits are known to be such as will prove injurious to the Pupils already in the school; and if the system of government and instruction fails to restrain a Pupil from such vices as exert a prejudicial influence upon the school, he shall be privately dismissed.

5. The Pupils will all be under the care and control of the Instructors, at all hours;—eating with them at the same table, sleeping under the same roof, and in all respects constituting one family. The discipline of the school is intended to be mild and affectionate—entirely of the paternal kind.

6. The Pupils will be advanced, as rapidly as the circumstances will permit, in the knowledge of such branches as will fully prepare them for a collegiate course, or for mercantile life. For this purpose, the Principal will provide competent teachers, of the first respectability, who shall instruct in the ancient and Modern languages, and in all other branches of science or literature, that can be advantageously attended to by the Pupils, according to their respective ages and destinations.

7. The plan of the Institution will require, that the Pupils be entirely secluded from intercourse with other boys.

8. The most particular attention will be paid to the health and manners of the Pupils.

9. The FIRST object of the system pursued in this institution, shall be the formation of a good moral character. the SECOND, the cultivation of the mental faculties, as they develope themselves: and the THIRD, to form the manners of the Pupils, so as to render them at once simple and dignified in their deportment.

10. Religious instructions will be sedulously attended to, but none of the peculiarities of any one sect shall be inculcated.

11. The bodily exercises will be of such a character, as to promote the health, contentment, & manly deportment, of the Pupils. Every unnecessary exposure to present injury, or future disease, will be carefully avoided.

12. The year will be divided into two Sessions, including the vacations. The Winter Session will commence on the 1st of November (the 2d, if the 1st be Sunday,) and continued 23 weeks. The Summer Session will commence on the 1st of May, (the 2d, if the first be Sunday,) and continue 23 weeks. The Pupils may remain at the school, during the vacations, without any additional charge.

13. The charge for each Pupil will be THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS per annum, payable semi-annually in advance, at the commencement of each Session: and in no case can this rule be dispensed with. This sum will be in full for all the tuition, of whatever character, which the school embraces; for boarding, lodging, washing, mending, fuel, and light.

14. In order to avoid the trouble and expense which the parent or guardian would otherwise incur, in providing bedding, books, stationary, &c., and to prevent the usual additional charges for the use of maps, globes, library, and other privileges, which the parent or guardian had not anticipated, because not usually comprehended in the main charge, the sum of TEN DOLLARS shall be paid by each Pupil, at the commencement of each Session; for which sum, he shall be entitled to the use of bed and bedding, of all the class-books adopted in the school, of the necessary stationary, of maps and globes, of the library, and any cabinets or collections, or other privileges attached to the school.

15. The parent or guardian will have no additional bills excepting only for clothing procured by his direction for the Pupil; for travelling expenses to and from the school when advanced by the Principal; for postage and for medical attendance, if at any time it should become necessary

16. The parent or guardian, will thus be able to ascertain exactly the expenses of the school, before he places his son or ward in it; and will not be surprised by an additional bill of expenses, not contemplated in the original contract, amounting, in some schools, to Thirty or Forty Dollars, per annum, for books, of which the Pupil can make little or no use when he leaves the school; for extra-ordinary tuition; for polite accomplishments, and for gymnastic and other privileges.

17. The parent or guardian, may withdraw a pupil from the school WHEN EVER HE PLEASES; and all monies over-paid will be refunded.—Such Pupil cannot, however, be again admitted except upon the same grounds as a new applicant.

18. As certain success cannot be insured, by any course of education, however wisely planned, or faithfully executed, all that the Principal can venture to promise to parents and guardians, is, that while every occasion of idleness and temptation to vice, will be removed out of their way; all practicable efforts will be made to promote the improvement of those committed to his care.

19. All letters of business or inquiry, relating to the school, must be addressed (POST PAID) to the Subscriber, at Princeton, New-Jersey—who is EXCLUSIVELY devoted to the management of its concerns.

ROBERT B. PATTON.

N. B. It is particularly requested; that the boys who come to the school, have all their clothes marked with their respective names.

Princeton, N. J. July 10, 1829.

*Note. Mr. Patton retires from the office of Professor of Languages, in the College of New Jersey, at the next commencement, for the Purpose of taking charge of the contemplated Seminary. August 22, 3t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Appeals, for the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and to me directed against Samuel Roberts, Edward Roberts, and Wm. A. Leonard, at the suit of Wm. Dickinson, will be exposed to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in Easton, on TUESDAY the 8th day of September next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M. the following lands and tenements, to wit:—part of a tract of land called "Daniels Rest" Daniels Addition" Fishing Bay," and "Walkers Tooth," situate on Miles River, and containing the quantity of 223¼ acres of land, more or less, being the late residence of the said Samuel Roberts; also the adjoining tract of land called "Springfield" containing 28¼ acres of land more or less, seized and taken, as the property of said Samuel Roberts also all that Farm or plantation of Edward Roberts, situate in the chappel District, and on which the said Edward Roberts lately resided taken and will be sold, to pay and satisfy, the aforesaid writs of venditioni exponas, and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon—Attendance given by

WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.

August 15 ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of two several writs of the State of Maryland of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Appeals, for the Eastern Shore of the said state, and to me directed, to wit: one at the suit of Matthew Hardcastle, against Edward Roberts and the other at the suit of Wm. W. Moore, against the same: also by virtue of sundry writs of said State, of venditioni exponas and fieri facias issued out of Talbot County Court, and to me directed; to wit: one writ of venditioni exponas, at the suit of Zaccheas Kelly use Samuel Harden, and John L. Kerr, against Edward Roberts; one at the suit of Isaac Atkinson, against Edward Roberts, Wm. A. Leonard, Samuel Roberts and Solomon Lowe; one at the suit of Wm. Clarke, against Edward Roberts, Samuel Roberts and Wm. A. Leonard; one at the suit of Reuben P. Emmons administrator of Elizabeth Martin against Edward Roberts and Samuel Roberts, and one other at the suit of Rachel Wilson, against Edward Roberts, Eusebius Leonard and John Leonard; one writ of fieri facias, at the suit of Daniel Martin, against Edward Roberts, one at the suit of Samuel Roberts, against Edward Roberts and Wm. A. Leonard, one at the suit of Matthew Hardcastle, against Edward Roberts; one at the suit of Wm. Wirt; and one other at the suit of the President, Directors and Company of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, against the said Edward Roberts, will be exposed to public sale to the highest bidder, for Cash, at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 8th day of September next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M, and 5 o'clock, P. M. of the same day, all that parcel of land, lying and being in Tuckahoe in Talbot county which was divised by Edward Roberts, the father of the defendant, Edw'd. Roberts to the defendant, Edward Roberts, after the death of Mary Roberts, the wife of the testator, by the description of the "Middle Farm" containing the quantity of 180 acres of land, more or less being part of a tract of land called "Republican" and some times called "New Design"—also, all that tract of land, lying & being in Tuckahoe, in Talbot County, called "Farmers Delight" containing the quantity of 537½ acres of land, more or less which was devised by the said Edward Roberts, the father of the defendant Edward Roberts, to the defendant Edward Roberts, as may now fully appear by reference to the will of Edward Roberts, the father—and also all that tract or parcel of land situate lying and being in Talbot county aforesaid on one of the fresh runs of Wye River, adjoining the lands of John W. Bordley, Jas. Hacket, Samuel T. Kennard and others called "Springfield" which was surveyed for a certain Thos. Hardcastle on the 27th day of November 1823, being a resurvey on those several tracts or parts of tracts of land, to wit: part of a tract of land called 'Stevens Plains,' part of a tract of land called 'Christopher's Lot' formerly resurveyed for a certain Wm. Beswicks, and a tract of land called "Sarah's Addition" as will fully appear by reference to a deed of bargain and sale from the said Thos. Hardcastle to the said Edward Roberts, the defendant bearing date the 18th day of December in the year 1823, duly acknowledged and recorded in liber J. L. No. R. folios 549, 550, 551, 552 and 553 one of the land record books of Talbot County, and containing the quantiti of four hundred and fifty acres of land more or less, the last mentioned tract or parcel of land subject to a Mortgage to Peter and Wm. M. Hardcastle. Seized and taken as the lands and tenements of the said Edward Roberts, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above mentioned writs of venditioni exponas and fi. fa. and interest and cost due and to become due thereon—Attendance given by

WM. TOWNSEND, Shff.

August, 15 ts

TO RENT.

TWELVE FARMS, of different sizes, and situated in different parts of the County.—Also, several small Tenements, with from four to fifteen acres of Land. Leases, will be given for a term of years if required, to good Tenants. Also, Houses and Lots, in St. Michaels. For information, and terms, apply to

SAMUEL HARRISON.

Rich Neck, aug. 8

To Rent for the ensuing year.

THE Farm on which Mr. Joseph Harris now resides, situated in Caroline County, about one mile from Dover-Bridge.

Also to be Rented,

THE Farm on which Mr. Isaac Dukes now resides, situated in Caroline County, about five miles from Dover-Bridge,—For terms apply to,

WM. H. HAYWARD.

Talbot Co. August 8

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED likely young Slaves, from the age of 12 to 25 years, for which he will pay the highest cash prices. Persons disposed to sell will please call on him at Mr. Lowe's Tavern, in Easton, where he can be found at all times.

J. B. WOOLFOLK.

June 21—tf

$20 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, living near Easton, Talbot county, (Md.) about the middle of MAY last, a negro Boy who calls himself

HENRY WILLSON,

about 17 or 18 years of age, of rather a dark complexion, 5 feet, 4 or 5 inches high, had on when he runaway, a kersey jacket and Trowsers, Tow Linner shirt and wool hat, all nearly new—it is supposed that he has made his way to Baltimore, as his Father & Mother both resides there, whosoever will take up the said negro, and return him to me, or lodge him in any Jail in this state so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

WM. BENNY, Jr.

Talbot Co. aug. 15

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