NEW YORK, March 21.

Daring and extensive Robbery.---This morning, the clerks in the City Bank, on opening the Safety Vault, found that it had been opened, and an immense amount of bills taken. The Bank was closed on Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock, and again opened this morning at 9 o'clock. At some period between the closing and opening, the robbers must have entered through the front door with false keys or picks. The amount of bills taken is not stated by the officers of the Bank, but is supposed to be between one and two hundred thousand dollars Several individuals who had placed their trunks in the Bank, for safe keeping, found them opened and robbed. It appears that the robbers selected *Bills* of the City and other Banks, and left the specie and negotiable notes undisturbed. The officers of the Bank will make a statement of the robbery as soon as they can have an opportunity to know its extent. The loss of S. & M. Allen, taken from their trunk, is between 13 and 14,000 dollars.

Daily Adv.

NEW YORK, March 22.

Most Extensive Robbery.—The City Bank, in this city, was entered with false keys between Saturday night and Monday morning, and the vaults robbed of upwards of two hundred thousand dollars, all in bank notes, except 200 doubloons. The particulars, as far as yet ascertained of the amount taken, are as follows:—

138,911 dollars in notes of various Banks in deposit as the property of the Bank.

26,012 dollars in bills of the Morris Canal Bank, a deposit of said Bank for safe keeping.

40,000 dollars in bills of the Lansingburg Bank—a deposit of said Bank.

A trunk containing about 14,000 dollars in notes of the Orange county, Newburg, Rutland, and Morris Banks, belonging to Messrs. S. & M. Allen.

200 doubloons, a special deposit, for safe keeping.

The Capital Stock of the City Bank is 1,250,000 dollars.

The loss of so large a sum as 138,000 has created a panic among the stockholders—and the stock which was at par on Saturday, is offered at 85. The utmost vigilance is, and will be used for the detection of the robbers, and it seems hardly possible that the villains can escape with their plunder.

The following hand bill has been issued by the Bank.

Five thousand Dollars Reward.

The City Bank of this City having been entered, by means of false Keys, between Saturday afternoon the 19th inst., and Monday morning, 21st, and robbed of a large amount of Bank Notes, &c. the above reward is offered for the recovery of the property, and a proportionate sum for any part.

The following comprises the whole amount of the Robbery, including deposites for safe keeping:

About $40,000 in notes of the Bank of Lansingburgh.
26,012 do. Morris Canal & Banking Co.
2,500 do. Rutland Bank, Vermont.
3,000 do. Orange County Bank.
2,000 do. Newburg, do.
2,000 do. Morris Bank, N. J.

And 130,000 dollars of Notes of the several Banks in this city.

Also, 200 Spanish Doubloons;

No collection Notes, Checks, or any other securities held by the Bank, were taken.

The doors of the Bank and Vaults were found on Monday morning closed and locked as usual.

G. A. WORTH, Cashier.

City Bank, New York, March 21. 1831.

There are no marks of violence perceptible on any of the doors leading into the bank, or on those leading to the vaults.—Active measures were immediately adopted by the Board of Directors to trace out the villains but we do not learn that they have as yet, made any discovery which enables them to direct their pursuit to any one given point. So ingenious have thieves become of late, it would really seem that locks are no security against their depredations.

The bank robbery at New York.—The New York Gazette of Tuesday morning says—"No clue has yet been obtained as to the robbers. It is evident, from the manner in which the robbery was effected, that some time was consumed in maturing the plans, and that the perpetrators were no mean adepts in their vocation. They also displayed a good deal of tact in confining themselves to the abstraction of the bills of other banks, by which they rendered themselves less liable to detection. It was currently reported on Monday, that two persons had taken passage in the ship Colhoun, for Charleston, under suspicious circumstances. This vessel went to sea on Sunday—and such facts have come to the knowledge of the Directors of the Bank, as to justify them, in sending off an Express to Charleston, to overtake the ship. We understand that an attempt has recently been made to effect an entrance into another Bank in Wall street, and that it was only frustrated by the disclosure of a circumstance which caused a good watch to be kept about the premises."

The New York Post of Tuesday evening says—We do not learn that any thing has yet transpired whereby the least suspicion can attach as to the perpetrators of the robbery of the City Bank. All is enveloped in utter darkness at present.

From the N. Y. Gazette of March 23.

THE LATE ROBBERY.—Nothing has transpired since our last, calculated to elucidate in the slightest degree, the mysterious circumstances connected with the robbery of the City Bank.

On enquiry, it appears that the persons who sailed on Sunday for Charleston, in the ship Calhoun, are gentlemen of well known character and respectability.—Having been detained, by accident, beyond the appointed hour, they were conveyed on board the ship by a steamboat—from which, and the subsequent developement at the bank—the rumour, naturally arose that the perpetrators of the villainy had adopted this mode of making their escape.

The following is taken from the Warrenton (Fauquier Co. Va.) Gazette?

"CHIEF JUSTICE.—We are concerned to hear a report that the venerable Chief Justice of the United States' Court, has notified the President that as soon as he gets through the business of the present term of the Supreme Court, he will, from his increasing indisposition, tender his resignation of an office that he has filled with so much benefit to his country and credit to himself for more than thirty years. We should be pleased to have an opportunity to correct this report, but we fear it is too true."

We pray Heaven to avert from the country so great a calamity as this paragraph denounces. Considering where it makes its appearance, in a neighbourhood where Judge Marshall has many and very near connections, it has a fearful air of truth about it.—*Nat. Intel.*

From the Fredericksburg Arena.

CHIEF JUSTICE MARSHALL —A report has prevailed of late, to which credit was generally attached, that Judge Marshall had signified his intention of resigning his office at the termination of the session of the Supreme Court. The particular juncture of affairs—the difficulty of finding a suitable successor, and the ulimited confidence reposed by the nation at large, in the integrity and transcendent ability of Chief Justice Marshall are sufficient to account for the very lively regret, which the prospect of his resignation excites throughout the country. We are happy to state, however—on the authority of a gentleman just from Washington—that it was generally believed there, that the strong remonstrances of his friends had induced Judge Marshall to abandon, for the present, the idea of retirement. The opinion delivered on Friday, in the case of the Cherokee *vs.* the State of Georgia, which is from his pen, is said to be worthy of the meridian splendor of his intellect and should dispel the fear—entertained by no one but himself—that advancing age has deprived his mind of its wonted energy and power.

CENSUS OF VIRGINIA---COMPLETE.

The population of Virginia is ascertained to be by the recent census—1,207,783. In 1820, 1,065,366; increase, 142,421. At a ratio of either 48, or 50,000, she will loose two members of Congress.

Foreign Paupers.—Unless some measures are speedily taken in this country, to check the emigration of foreign paupers, our poor establishments will be filled with them. It is generally known, that parish committees are now organized in England, for the purpose of aiding the emigration of their paupers to this country? We have before us a copy of a printed circular of one of these committees, offering the sum of 14 pounds to every man having a wife and children, and three *pounds* to each single man, who will take passage at Liverpool for the United States. The money to be paid, as soon as the parties get on board, at Liverpool and every expense of conveyance and provision paid by the Committee, from the time of the emigrants leaving England till they shall be landed at New York!!!

Salem Observer.

New Hampshire.—The following is given in the New York American of Tuesday evening as the vote for Governor of this state:

Dinsmor, Jackson,	20,242
Bartlett, Anti-Jackson	17,396
	2,846

From the Centreville Times of March 19.

'Ignorance of the law excuseth no man.'

☞Three persons, Richard Thomas, Charles M'Carron, and P. Bovier, natives of Philadelphia, were committed to jail in this place on Thursday last, on a charge of using unlawful implements in fishing for Oysters in the Chester River in this state.

The vessel in which they were taken was one of a squadron of a dozen or twenty, and was blown ashore by the heavy wind of Thursday, and while aground, she was taken by our citizens. She belongs to a Mr. David Babno tavern-keeper, in Water street, Philadelphia.

The law of our state, passed at December session 1819, 20, makes it a punishable offence for *any* person, whether citizen or otherwise, to fish in Maryland waters for oysters, with any other instruments than rakes or tongs. Any person so offending is liable to a fine of 20 dollars, or in case of non payment, to be imprisoned 60 days.

Fishing with drags was one of the charges brought against the prisoners.

It is also an offence against the laws for *any* person to put Oysters into any Vessel *not* belonging to a person who has not resided in the state twelve months.—The fine in this case is also 20 dollars, or imprisonment for 60 days.

It is also an offence against the law, for any person who commands a vessel who has not resided in this state twelve months, to carry oysters out of the state; any person or persons so offending, on conviction, is liable to a fine of 100 dollars, and must give security in a sum not exceeding 100 dollars, not to offend again for one year.

It is also an offence against the laws of this state, for any person who has not resided in this state twelve months to put oysters into any vessel not belonging to citizens of this state, the penalty in this case, is a forfeiture of the vessel, cargo, tackle, and all in and belonging to her—any vessel so taken, is to be seized by the justice of the peace who has cognizance of the case, who, after deducting all legal costs and charges, pays a moiety of the money to the county collector, and a moiety to the persons who seize and prosecute the same.

The cargo and vessel of the prisoners taken, are valued at about 500 dollars. There were five persons engaged in seizing her, their proportion of the proceeds will be about 50 dollars each.

MARRIED

In this town on Tuesday morning last, by the Rev. Robert W. Goldsborough, Mr. John P. Paca, Jr. of Queen Ann's county, to Miss Hetty Virginia, daughter of the late Jesse Nicholson, Esq. of this county.

On Monday evening last, by the Rev. G. G. Cookman, Mr Isaac T. Cox, to Miss Mary Berry, all of this county

Also, on Tuesday evening last, by the same Mr James M. C. Millis, to Miss Elizabeth Orem all of this county.

Branch Bank at Easton.

March 14th 1831.

THE President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, have declared a Dividend of 3 per cent. on the stock of the Company for the last six months, which will be payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the first Monday in April next.

By order,

JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH, Cashier.

March 26 3w

THE FAIR,

IT has been determined that the Fair for the benefit of the two Churches, in St. Peters Parish; shall be held on Tuesday, and Wednesday, the 17th and 18th of May next.

March 26 [S & W.

MARYLAND

Caroline County Orphans' Court,

15th day of March A. D. 1831.

ON application of George Neylee adm'r. of Darius Pippen late of Caroline County deceased,—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly & faithfully copied from the minutes of proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the County aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and the public seal of my office affixed, this 15th day of March A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty one.

Test, JAS: SANGSTON, Reg'r. of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance to the above order

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Subscriber of Caroline county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Darius Pippen late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 29th day of September next, or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this 15th day of March A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty one.

GEORGE NEWLEE, adm'r. of Darius Pippen, dec'd.

March 26

JOHN OF ROANOKE.

The board of Agriculture have purchased this very celebrated Stallion, and intend offering his services to the citizens of Talbot and the adjacent counties, on the lowest terms which the cost of such a horse and the risk attending the purchase, will justify. They flatter themselves that the lovers of fine horses, whether for the turf, saddle or quick draft, will find in him, the union of more fine points than can often be found in the horses of this or any other country. The particulars will be made known in a few days.

Easton, March 26

The Beautiful Spotted Horse

YOUNG DIOMEAD.

Commenced the season on the 24th inst. he will be at Easton on Tuesday the 6th of April, in Ferry Neck on Wednesday and Thursday, and at St. Michels on Friday and Saturday, the week following. He will be at Denton on Tuesday and Wednesday, at Hillsborough on Thursday, and the residue of the time at the Subscribers stable, and will attend the above stands once in two weeks throughout the season—Season commenced on the 24th instant and will end the 20th of June. He will be let to mares at $5 the Spring's chance, $2½ the single leap, and $8 to insure a mare in foal. No insurance only by special contract with the subscriber, and in each case 25 cents to the groom. Diomead is 7 years old this spring, and is pronounced by the best judges to be a horse, of beautiful form, fine bone, sinews of great strength and fine action the strength of the dray and activity of the sprightly saddle horse are united in him, which added to his beauty, promises the useful, elegant, and valuable horse, either for the saddle or harness. His pedigree may be seen in handbills.

WM. BENNY, Jr.

March 26

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of Talbot county court sitting as a court of Chancery, in the case of Isaac Bowers and Daniel P. Bowers, Executors of John Bowers deceased, complainants, and Howell Bowers defendant. The subscriber will expose to public Sale, to the higest bidder at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton on TUESDAY the 26th day of April next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, all that farm and plantation, together with the appertenances, situate, lying and being in Talbot county, near the head of Dividing Creek, containing 137½ acres of land, more or less, that was sold and conveyed by John Bowers and Mary Bowers to the said Howell Bowers on the 11th day of January 1819, and afterwards to wit: on the 15th day of January 1819 Mortgaged by the said Howell Bowers to the aforesaid John Bowers.

This farm is handsomely situated in a very agreeable neighbourhood, lying on dividing Creek, and about a mile and a half from the Trappe, the arable land is of good quality, and productive, with an ample portion of woodland. The improvements are a very comfortable two story dwelling house, kitchen, granary, stables, & other necessary out houses all in good repair. By the terms of the decree a credit of twelve months will be given on the purchase money, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond with approved security to the Trustee as such, for the payment of the same, with interest thereon from the day of sale till paid, and on the payment of the purchase money with interest, and the ratification of the sale by the court and not before, the trustee is authorised to convey the premises to the purchaser or purchasers free clear and discharged, from all claim of the defendant and complainants or either of them.

JOHN STEVENS, Jr. Trustee

March 26 5w

St. JOHN'S COLLEGE,

ANNAPOLIS.

REV. HECTOR HUMPHREYS,
A. M. PRINCIPAL,
and Professor of Moral Science.

EDWARD SPARKS, M. D.
Professor of Ancient Languages.

THOMAS E. SUDLER, A. M.
Professor of Mathematicks and Civil Engineering.

REV. JOHN DECKER, A. M.
Professor of Grammar.

CHARLES T. FLUSSER,
Professor of Modern Languages,

Present number of Students 63.

COURSE OF STUDIES, EXPENSES, &c.

The following information, by order of the Board, will show the present state and prospects of the institution.

The Professor of Grammar will take charge of the English department, and will have its classes under his inspection, at the College, during the hours prescribed by the Board.—Besides the ordinary course of instruction in this department, Students will be fitted for admission into College, and they may take standing as Freshmen, whenever they shall sustain an examination on the following

PREPARATORY STUDIES, viz.

English Grammar; Geography; Arithmetick; Latin Grammar; Corderius; Æsop's Fables; Erasmus; Cæsar's Commentaries, or Sallust; Eclogues, and first six books of the Æneid of Virgil; Mair's Introduction, or Latin Tutor; Greek Grammar; Greek Delectus; and Jacob's Greek Reader; and Prosody.

Pupils not intending to enter College, will also be received into the English Department, and will pursue such branches of Education, embraced in the course, as may suit their particular views. A course of Lectures on Education in Primary Schools, will be delivered, whenever a class of young men shall have been formed, who may wish to qualify themselves to become Teachers.

The course of studies for the classes in College, have been arranged as follows, viz.

FRESHMAN CLASS.

1st Term: Folsom's Livy. Græca Majora. (Xenophon, Herodotus, Thucydides.) Greek and Roman Antiquities, History, and Mythology.

2d Term: Horace, (Odes.)—Virgil's Georgicks. Græca Majora, (Lysias, Demosthenes, Isocrates,) Algebra, with Arithmetic revised.

3d Term: Horace, (Satires and Epistles.) Græca Majora, (Xenophon's Memorabilia, Plato.) Algebra completed. Translations, Themes, and Declamations during the year.

SOPHOMORE CLASS.

1st Term: Juvenal, (Leverett's.) Homer's Iliad, (Robinson's.) Plane Geometry, (Legendre's.)

2d Term: Terence's Comedies, or Quintilian. Græca Majora, Odyssey & Hesiod.) Solid Geometry, (Legendre's.)

3d Term: Rhetorick & Belles Lettres. (Blair) Græca Majora.—(Tragedians.) Logarithms; Plane and Spherical Trigonometry Exercises in original Composition, and Elocution, during the year.

JUNIOR CLASS.

1st Term: Græca Majora, (Minor Poets.) Applications of Trigonometry to the Mensuration of Heights & Distances, Navigation, Surveying, Levelling. &c. Moral Philosophy.

2d Term: Tacitus (History.) Conick Sections. Chemistry, with Lectures.

3d Term: Tacitus—(Manners of the Germans, and life of Agricola.) Natural Philosophy, with Lectures. Elements of Criticism, with Lectures on the Fine Arts. Debates, Compositions, and Declamations during the year.

SENIOR CLASS.

1st Term: Natural Philosophy, finished, with Lectures. Horace, De Arte Poetica. with Lectures on Taste, and a Revision of Latin. Logick, and Philosophy of the Mind.

2d Term: Astronomy—with Lectures. Political Economy—with Lectures. Evidences of Christianity, and Natural Theology.

3d Term: Laws of Nations; Constitution, and Civil and Political History of the United States. Butler's Analogy. Civil Engineering—(construction of Machines, Bridges, Roads, Canals, &c.) Minerology and Geology. Declamations of Original Pieces, Extemporaneous Debates and exercises in Criticism, during the year.

The study of the Modern Languages, shall be so arranged, as not materially to interfere with the College course.

The officers of instruction will endeavour to make the course of study as *thorough* as possible & in no case will a Scholar be allowed to pass, to an advanced standing, till he shall have sustained all the previous examinations, to the satisfaction of the Faculty.

In the Departments of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, instruction will be given, & Lectures will be delivered, as heretofore, by the Principal, & the other Professors until those Chairs shall be permanently supplied. Particular attention will be given to exercise in Rhetorick & Oratory; and one forenoon of each week will be spent, in drilling the Students, in a thorough course of Reading and Speaking: These exercises will be conducted by the Principal; and the Members of the Senior Class, will always be required to declaim pieces of their own composition. The Classification, which takes place at each general Examination, subjects those who are deficient, to the necessity of remaining in a lower grade; while, on the other hand, the hope of reaching a high standing, in a shorter than ordinary period, is held out to all who are ambitious to advance at a more rapid rate, than the usual average of a Class. A permanent record of the relative standing of the Members in each Class, is kept by the Faculty, and serves as a guide, in awarding the honours of the College. The principal test of the Student's proficiency, will be found in the Lecture Room, where he will undergo an Examination of one hour's duration, for each Lesson; and those Members of the higher Classes who are permitted, under the discretion of the Principal, to have their rooms out of the College, will be visited, by the Principal, and the Professors, during the hours appointed, for their encouragement and aid in the prosecution of their studies. They must not absent themselves from their rooms, during the hours of study, especially in the evening, except by permission from one of the Faculty; and a close attention will be paid to the habits of the Students, that good morals may be cultivated and preserved.

PUBLICK WORSHIP.

The Students will be required to attend public worship, in this City, both morning and afternoon; and Monitors for the several Churches, will make returns of all absentees, who will give an account of their absence to the Principal. The Roll will be called, also, before the daily devotions at the College. No Student will, at any time, leave the City, without express leave obtained from the Principal. That the public may rest assured of the prevalence of no particular sectarian influence at this College, the following clause is extracted from the Charter; with the letter and spirit of which, the Officers of Instruction, will invariably comply. The second section of the thirty seventh chapter of the laws of Maryland, required, that "the said College shall be founded and maintained forever, upon a most liberal plan, for the benefit of youth of every religious denomination, who shall be freely admitted to equal privileges and advantages of education, and to all the literary honours of the College, according to their merit, without requiring or enforcing any religious or civil test, or urging their attendance upon any particular religious worship or service, other than what they have been educated in or have the consent and approbation of their parents or guardians to attend."

DISCIPLINE, &c.

A record of all deficiencies at College exercises will be kept, and sent to each parent or guardian, at the close of every term. And whenever a Student shall be found failing to secure the end for which he will have been placed at the College, he may be sent home privately, except in cases of a misdemeanor or offence against the laws, when he shall be punished by the ordinary penalties. By the adoption of a kind and parental demeanour, on the part of the Officers, it is hoped that such extreme cases will be avoided; and from the various advantages of location for the College, it is believed, that few places promise this immunity, in a higher degree, than the City of Annapolis. Its population is not large—the situation is central—its healthfulness, is surpassed by that of no place in the Southern States—access to the College, from all parts of the Union by which parents would wish to hold communication with their sons, is most frequent and easy, and the expenses of living are comparatively small. Annapolis is the Seat of the Government of the State; and the time of the Annual Commencements, which happens during the Session of the Legislature, affords a high incentive to young men, to distinguish themselves, by their literary performances.

ADMISSION.

Candidates for any standing in the College, will be required to bring from their Teachers, testimonials of good moral character, and, in no case, will a Student be received from any other College, to the same standing in this, unless he shall bring, from the President, or other authority of such College a certificate of his honourable dismission.

EXPENSES, &c.

It has not been thought advisable to establish any commons. Board, including bedding, washing, and room-rent, may be had, however, in private families in the city, for 120 dollars per annum. The charges in the regular College bills, will be, as follows; and are payable quarterly, and in advance;

English Department,	$24 per annum.
Preparatory Classes,	$40 do. do.
Freshman and Sophomore Classes,	$40 do. do.
Senior and Junior Classes,	$50 do. do.

An abatement of the College bills, may be made, to necessitous Students; and provision is secured for the gratuitous instruction of *ten* Students, who may bring the proper testimonials for that purpose.

COMMENCEMENTS.

The Annual Commencements, take place in February, when all Degrees are to be conferred. The Faculty will assign to the Candidates for the Baccalaureate, and for the Master's Degree, the parts to be performed; and if any one should refuse the part assigned, or neglect to attend, his Degree may be withheld.

VACATIONS.

The regular Vacations, shall be from the last Wednesday in July, till the first Monday in September—from the 23d of December, till the first Monday in January—from Good Friday, till the Monday week following—and the Fourth of July.

The alterations, in the course of studies, which have taken place, on the late appointment of a Principal, seemed to be required, by the general advancement of Education; and it is hoped, that the advantages for a substantial and complete acquaintance with the several branches of knowledge, which the Institution now holds out to the publick, will meet the wants and wishes of its numerous friends, and especially of the sons of Maryland.

St. John's College, was founded and endowed, in the year 1784, under the auspices of men venerable for their patriotism and learning, and has the honour of having educated for the State, some of her most distinguished publick men. The Board of VISITORS and GOVERNORS, in their efforts to discharge the duties of the trust devolving upon them, look for the cordial approbation and co-operation of the *Alumni* of their *Alma Mater*, and for such a portion of the publick favour, as may seem due to an ancient and cherished Seminary of the State, that her existence and usefulness, may be perpetual.

By order of the Board:

A. C. MAGRUDER, Pres't.

March 26 ecw3w

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