water and choose your birth, close under the south side of the work, just outside the range of buoys.*

The Breakwater when finished will be a safe, complete harbour, and very capacious—at present it will afford protection for twenty or thirty sail, large and small.

It will be the means of saving many lives and immense wealth from shipwreck, and render the navigation of the Delaware less critical.—The Pilots generally have been opposed to the work, possibly because it may render their services less essential, and cut a little their charges; although they now daily avail themselves of its protection for their own boats. The work even in its present unfinished state, is such, that the community will be greatly benefitted by it, and the port of Philadelphia, be rendered more easy of access, particularly during the winter.

I remain your friend, &c.

T. ROBINSON,

Com. U. S. brig Casket, Del. Breakwater.

*The Buoys surrounding the works encompass all danger.

EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON, (Md.)

Saturday Evening, Dec 1.

Congress meets on Monday, the 3d December; and the Legislature of Pennsylvania on the day following.

The Philadelphia Chronicle says, it is informed by a gentleman acquainted with Cabinet secrets, that Maj. Barry intends to resign the office of Post Master General, and that it was generally believed, Col. R. M. Johnson would be his successor.

It is understood that Mr. Barry has already disposed of his household establishment, preparatory to his departure from Washington, finding the Department too laborious. It need not be expected that Major B. will go into *retiracy*—he will only exchange one place for another, where there is less work and more pay.

If the above information should prove correct, we hope the slow and easy pace of the Mail from Washington and Annapolis to this place will undergo some improvement.

Ed. E. Gaz.

ELECTORAL ELECTION.

MARYLAND.—Official Returns.

FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

	Clay.			Jackson.		
	R. H. Goldsborough,	John N. Steele,	Albert Constable,	Henry D. Miller,	Richard Spencer,	James A. Stewart,
Harford,	894	893	828	1133	1126	1123
Cecil,	814	812	808	1099	1096	1096
Kent,	448	448	454	374	376	378
Queen Ann's,	558	560	560	644	646	646
Talbot,	621	629	628	413	415	412
Caroline,	556	556	555	474	475	474
Dorchester,	958	958	953	664	663	668
Somerset,	719	719	718	470	470	470
Worcester,	879	879	876	856	856	856
	6446	6454	6380	6129	6121	6123

Average majority for Clay 302 1-3.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.—The Povidence Journal publishes the returns of votes. The Clay ticket of Electors is chosen by a large plurality. The votes for Governor in these towns are for Arnold, the National Republican candidate, 2492; Fenner, the Jackson Candidate, 1734; and Sprague, Anti-masonic, 734. There is probably no choice of Governor Lieutenant Governor or Senators. This is the fifth unsuccessful trial to elect their officers.

On the above result, the New York Commercial happily says—"Rhode Island, though *last* in the race, is not *least*. She has done nobly in that, after all hope of the election of Mr. Clay was *lost*, she was not *lost* to what was due to herself. She has maintained her integrity to the last, the colors of the "Rhode Island Line" are flying proudly; and our predictions that they were in danger of being struck to the AGA of the Tennessee Janizaries, happily has not been realized. Long may the Rhode Island standard wave—

O'er the land of the Free and the home of the brave!"

Hon. John Q. Adams, with his family, arrived in Washington on Thursday the 23d ult. from Quincy.

The vacancy in the Virginia delegation in Congress, occasioned by the death of Mr. C. C. Johnson, has been supplied by the election of Mr. Joseph Draper, the predecessor of Mr. J.

Another Indian War threatened.—We have a letter from Belleville, (Illinois,) dated Nov. 11th. It says, "The Pottawattamies and Winnebagoes have made another alarm. We shall have to send more troops and drive them out of the state."

The Covington (Louisiana) Palladium of the 3d inst. remarks that the price for grave digging in New Orleans is *six dollars* per day; that nurses demand *ten dollars* per day, and are not, in many instances, to be had, even for that exorbitant sum.

COINCIDENCE.—A paper in Boston contains a charge of *falsehood and lying*, &c. against several highly respectable individuals in that city—and in another column is the following extract from Blackistone.

Rights of the vulgar.—"The words scoundrel, rascal, villain, knave, miscreant, liar, fool, and such like general terms of *scurrility* may be used wirh *impunity*, and are part of the rights and privileges of the VULGAR."—[3d Blackistone's Com. 125.

Several of the Anti-Masonic papers have announced the Hon. Richard Rush, as the Anti masonic candidate for United States Senator. We are informed, says the Harrisburg Telegraph, from a source entitled to credit, that Mr Rush will not be a candidate.

The Harrisburgh (Pa.) Reporter, states that Mr. George M. Dallas, "will not be a candidate for re-election to the U. S. Senate." It is very certain that he could not be re-elected. But it is to be presumed that provision has been made for this Distinguished Senator "elsewhere." It has been boastingly said that General Jackson never *deserts a friend*, nor forgives an enemy.

Internal Improvements.—We understand that arrangements are making for furnishing all the rail roads between Baltimore and Saratoga Springs, with locomotive engines preparatory to the next travelling season—so that by the first of June next, a passage from Norfolk and Richmond, (Va.) a distance of between 6 and 700 miles may be performed by steam.—*New York Commercial.*

The Washington Globe of Saturday has the following:—

The Secretary of the Treasury acknowledges the receipt of Five Hundred Dollars, transmitted anonymously by the mail from Philadelphia, "for duties on goods not before accounted for.'

Treasury Department November 22d 1832.

One of the masonic Lodges of New Orleans voted 1200 dollars towards the relief of the suffering poor of that city, afflicted by yellow fever and cholera.

THE CHEROKEES.—We find the following article in the Cherokee Phœnix:

"The General Council of the Cherokee Nation at Red Clay, closed its session on the 31st ult: We had promised our readers the publication of Mr. Chester's communications to the principal Chief renewing the propositions to the Cherokees to enter into a treaty, but they have not come to hand. The council made no reply to his communications, more than a notice to the War Department, through the medium of Col. Montgomery, the agent, that a delegation had been appointed, composed of John Ross, Principal chief, and Senators R. Taylor, J. Van, and S. Baldridge, to proceed to Washington to attend to the interests of the Cherokees. This is the second time Mr. Chester has decidedly failed in effecting the measures of the Government. Secretary Cass is now enabled to set down his final failure to negotiate a treaty, shut his book, with the conviction of having mistaken the influence of Mr. Chester, over the Cherokees, when he was appointing him to effect the views of the President. As to the appointment of Gov. Lumpkin, which the Secretary has already intimated, to hold treaties with the Cherokees, we will not condescend to sell a nation to a man who is now about to rob us.—The Cherokees will enter into no treaties, at a time when they are proclaimed to be a nullity."

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

A palpable Hit.—In conferring the Freedom of the City upon Mr. Van Buren yesterday, the Mayor, in his address, took the liberty of informing him that the compliment "*was not elicited by a single* BRILLIANT EXPLOIT, *nor founded upon the* FAME *of* DISTANT *services.*" Now this is all very true; but the question is, whether, under the circumstances, it was quite polite to remind the recipient of the honor of these facts, before so much company! The reference to his unfortunate anti-national diplomacy, particularly in the presence of Mr. Rives, who had not disgraced his country before a foreign court, was exceedingly mal-appropos, although Mr. Van Buren, we presume, was so adroit as not to let it be perceived that he noticed the allusion.

The Boston papers announce the death of JOB MILLER, of Woburn, at the advanced age 82. He was to "fortune and to fame unknown," but his memory deserves to be rescued from oblivion. He promptly obeyed the first call of his country, in the memorable affair of Lexington, at which he, with his father and a brother, was present. On the morning of the battle of Bunker Hill his father was wantonly shot dead at his side by a British soldier, as they stood at the door of their dwelling. Fired with a just resentment at deeds of such atrocity, he desperately maintaned the struggle of that day. He was near the gallant Warren on this occasion, and assisted in raising him after he received his mortal wound. During the battle Mr. Miller had one of his ear locks shot off close to his head by a musket ball. Nothing intimidated by the chances of that eventful day, he chose to follow the fortunes of his country—and with but little intermission continued in the service till the end of the war, and was actively engaged in several of those brilliant achievments by which our national freedom and independence was secured. In humble circumstances, engaged in the quiet pursuits of husbandry, he has sustained through life the character of an honest and industrious citizen. He derived some pecuniary aid from a former pension law, and was expecting to share in the benefits of the recent law of Congress to aid revolutionary worthies; but died, as many of his brave and needy associates will, before he had realized the tardy provisions of that law.

N. York Cour. and Enq.

The Convention lately assembled to revise the constitution of the State of Mississippi, have made many alterations. They have decided on establishing the seat of Government at Jackson, until the year 1850. They have extended the right of suffrage to all free white males of twenty one years of age, who have resided in the State for twelve months. The Governor is hereafter to be chosen for two years eligible only for *four* years out of six—and not to possess any right to *veto* except for constitutional objections.—There is to be no lieutenant governor, but the President of the Senate is to act in that capacity by virtue of his office.

The most important alteration is that which makes the judiciary *elective*. They have determined by a decisive majority, that the *Judges* shall hereafter be elected by the people, in the same manner as other officers.

A session of the Legislature will be called for this winter; thereafter the elections are to take place in May.—*Balt. Amer.*

Important Indian Treaty.—We learn from the Liberty (Indiana) Port Folio of the 10th inst. that the Commissioners appointed for the purpose have effected a treaty with the Pottawatemie Indians, by which the Indians cede to the United States all the lands lying in Indiana and all south of the Grand river in Michigan, and all east of the river La Plein in Illinois, with the exception of a few very small reservations. The whole tract contains between six and seven millions of acres, and is represented to be of an excellent quality of land. We are told, says the Port Folio, that the treaty was obtained on terms liberal to the government—but we have not learned the entire conditions.

MONSIEUR TONSON COME AGAIN?

From the Richmond Whig.

The Enquirer contains the following letter from Mr. Randolph, which we are induced to republish, for the singularity of the opinions it expresses. That the writer should speak of the "ignorance and incapacity of Henry Clay, is less surprising, (*considering*) than that he should denominate Mr. Lowndes, a "pimp and parasite" for whom he had lost all respect as a "Statesman, a man, and a gentleman!!" We believe Mr. Randolph is the single individual, not only who has spoken irreverently of the memory of Mr. Lowndes, but who does not hold his memory in most especial veneration. He still claims however to be classed among the admirers of the "pimp and parasite," for whom he felt no *respect* as a "Statesman, man or gentleman!"

When his judgment is suffered to act undisturbed by his enmities and passions, the profound sagacity of Mr. Randolph has often claimed the admiraiion of the intelligent observer; but this posthumous attack on Mr. Lowndes is only the last among a thousand pre-existing proofs, that where offence has been taken resentment with him is immortal, and especially, that where his self love has once been wounded no time nor circumstance can extract the smart of the wound.

Charlotte County, November 22d 1832,

To the writer in the Richmond Enquirer, under the signature of a "FRIEND TO TRUTH."

Sir—Perceiving that in your strictures upon the public conduct of Mr. Calhoun you have drawn my name into question, I avail myself of my right, which in this instance, I deem also to be a duty, to put my self right in the court of public opinion, before which you have summoned me.

In the course of that debate I did explicitly, & more than once impute to the doctrines maintained by Mr. Calhoun, an irreconcileable hostility to the very existence of the state governments. And whilst I admitted that, from his ignorance and incapacity, Mr. Clay might not be aware of the inevitable tendency of the system which he supported, I had too much respect for the understanding of Mr. Calhoun to believe it possible that he could be blind to the consequences. And I forwarned both him and Mr. Lowndes, that this was but the commencement of a scheme which must end in the utter subversion of the rights of the States generally; and of robbery and oppression of the slave holding portion of the Union, which it would be impossible for them to submit to.

I told these gentlemen that five years would not elapse before we should be called upon to pay another tribute to our masters—the manufacturers; & I took the term of five years, because four is the limit of the Presidential service; and I knew at each approaching election a bribe would be held out to buy up the vote and interest of the stronger portion of the Union—Experience has confirmed the truth of my calculation, and the Tariffs of '22, '24, and their successors attest the soundness of the theory to which the practice will, in every instance, have been found rigidly to conform.

When Mr. Lowndes, by his strenuous opposition to the Tariff of '24, was buying golden opinions from all sorts of men, I took occasion to remind him that to him and to Mr. Calhoun the Southern States would be mainly indebted for the system of pillage and oppression which was then being established over them. In plain truth, Mr. Clay, Mr Calhoun, Mr. Lowndes all came into the House of Representatives, for the first time, at the same session (1811-12,) each with a single eye on the Presidency—and commenced bidding at the auction of popularity, which, with Mr. Lowndes, was terminated only with his life, and has been unremittingly followed up by the other two, down to the present hour. In this contest, Mr. Clay has decidedly the vantage ground, having given himself up entirely to the friends of the American System, of which he has, moreover, the reputation of being the architect as well as the chief supporter. Although Mr. Calhoun was the father of the present Bank of the United States, yet his zeal in its support has been quickened by the hope of propitiating Pennsylvania, and rallying under his standard all the friends and dependants of that colossal scheme of corruption, wherever they are to be found—whether on this or the other side of the Atlantic. Accordingly, we see the stock brokers of London, following suit to the lead of the ORATOR OF THE WEST and hear them chanting in the very words, and in the same key-note of the great author of the AMERICAN SYSTEM.

The friends and admirers of Mr. Lowndes, may, and probably will, be wounded by this statement; but it is due to truth. Among the last—his admirer—I claim a place; although, from the time that he lent himself to Mr. Clay, on his motion to change the rules and order of the House a motion levelled personally at me, and utterly regardless and subversive of the freedom of speech and of debate—I lost, never to be regained, all my respect for him, not only as a statesman, but as a man, and a gentleman. His conduct on that occasion, was the conduct of a pimp and a parasite; such as the humblest member of the S. Carolina delegation would have scorned to descend to. But such are the temptations and the wages of ambition.

To some it may appear, that in this address, I have departed from a rule by which my conduct has been governed ever since I came into public life; never to descend to its defence in the newspapers. But they who will give themselves the trouble to examine into the circumstances of the case, will readily perceive that the inconsistency is in appearance only; and that having been drawn before the public without being consulted, and indeed, against my own consent, it behoved me to vindicate the course which I have pursued and the motives by which I had been actuated,

I am, Sir, with much respect for the opinions which you avow, and the ability with which you sustain them, your obedient servant,

JOHN RANDOLPH, *of Roanoke.*

[Two Senators in Congress are to be elected by the Virginia Legislature within a few weeks and this is the secret cause of the above political tirade. It has already been more than hinted that Mr. R. is a candidate.]

NOTICE.

A four day's meeting commenced in the Methodist Protestant Church last night.—Preaching may be expected at 11 o'clock A. M. each day, and at half past 6 o'clock, each night—our friends and the public are invited to attend. The following ministers are in attendance to wit:—Reverend Messrs. Kesley, Doct. John S. Reese, Stockston, Daniel E. Reese, Stier and Hopper.

Easton, Dec. 1st 1832.

MARRIED

At Annapolis on Thursday evening 23d ult. by the Rev. Mr. Blanchard. Mr. Daniel Lloyd, of Talbot county, to Miss Virginia Upsher, of Georgetown, D. C.

DIED

In Caroline county on the 23d ult. Amanda Frances, daughter of Jacob C. Willson, Esq.

Departed this life at his residence on Monokin river in Somerset County, on Friday the 23d inst. JOHN C. WILSON, Esq. in the 49th year of his age.

WILLIAM L. JONES,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

EASTON, Md.

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has still on hand a good supply of MATERIALS, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line in the best manner.

Dec. 1.

N. B. An *Apprentice* to the above business is immediately wanted. W. L. J.

A BOY WANTED.

THE subscribers wish to engage in their Store a smart active boy of good moral habits, about 14 or 15 years, of age that can write a good hand, is well acquainted with arithmetic and who can come well recommended for industry and an amiable disposition.

Applications will be received until the first of January next, but to save trouble none need apply but such as have the above qualifications.

Wm. H. & P. GROOME.

Easton, Dec. 1. 3t

To hire for the next Year.

THREE or FOUR negro women, accustomed to cooking and house work, one of them is an excellent field hand. Also men and boys. For terms apply to

C. M. PLATER.

December, 1

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has leased the farm of Samuel Harrison, Esq. formerly Manadier's farm now occupied by Mr. Samuel Eason, for the purpose of training and breaking horses, and curing such diseases as are incident to that noble animal, as comes within his knowledge—his charges will be moderate, and he will use every exertion to give satisfaction to those who may favour him with their custom—having removed his family and settled at the above farm, he will be prepared in a few days to take in charge and accommodate five or six horses. For his knowledge of horses and general character he refers to Gen. Forman and Mr. Bela Badger in whose employ he has been the last 2 years since he left England.

The public's obd't serv't,

THOMAS WARWICK.

Dec. 1.

INFORMATION WANTED.

I am very desirous of knowing if my brother-in-law, Abel N. Jump, carriage maker, is living or dead,—any information respecting him left at this office, or directed to the subscriber near Milford, Kent County, Del. will be very thankfully received.

JAMES C. HUTCHINSON.

Dec. 1 1832

The Editors of the different papers throughout the United States will confer a great favour by giving the above a few insertions.

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

30th day of November A. D. 1832.

On application of Thomas Martin, Administrator of Mrs. Susan Seth, late of Talbot county dec'd.—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said dec'ds. estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 30th day November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty two.

SEAL

Test, JA. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mrs. Susan Seth late of Talbot county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 7th day of June next or they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 30th day of November A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty two.

THOS. MARTIN, Adm'r.
of Mrs Susan Seth, deceased.

Dec. 1

NOTICE.

WAS committed to the Jail of Frederick County, on the 5th day of November, last, as a runaway, a Negro Man who calls himself

William Armstrong

He is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 1-2 inches high, has a scar on his left cheek, & had on when committed a pair of blue cloth pantaloons, corded roundabout, black fur hat & coarse shoes; he says he is an indented apprentice to Frederick Rider, of Middletown Valley, in Frederick County, Md.

The owner of the above described runaway, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and have him released, or he will be discharged as the law directs.

P. BRENGLE, Sh'ff
of Frederick county, Md.

Dec. 1.

The Intelligencer, Washington, and the Gazette, Easton will copy the above 4t. and charge the Frederick Herald.

WINTER SUPPLY.

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber having just returned from Baltimore begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally that he is now opening at his stand, adjoining the Drug Store of T. H. Dawson and Son, a handsome supply of the various articles connected with his business

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Gentlemen's fine and coarse Water Proof Boots,
do and boy's coarse and fine Monroes
do do do do Shoes,
do and Ladies Leather and Gum Elastic Over shoes.
Ladies calf skin boots & shoes,
do Lasting slippers,
do French Morocco & seal skin do,
Children's Boots & Shoes of all descriptions,
A large supply of prime Boots & Shoes for Servants.

He invites the Ladies particularly to call & examine a lot of very superior Lasting, French, Morocco, and Seal skin Slippers, from the Manufactory of Mr. G. Johnson of Baltimore. Also a splendid stock of Calf, Horse, Seal, Kid and Neats skin and waterproof upper and a good supply of Spanish sole leather which will be made up with neatness and despatch.

Also Seal skin Caps, Socks, Blacking, &c. all of which he is warranted in saying are as good, and many of them better than ever heretofore offered in this market, all of which will be sold low for cash.

The public's ob't. serv't

JOHN WRIGHT.

Dec. 1 3w

GENERAL
Agricultural and Horticultural
Establishment.

COMPRISING,

A Seed and Implement Store, a General Agricultural Agency, and the Office of the AMERICAN FARMER, at No. 16 South Calvert Street Baltimore: in connexion with a Stock and Experimental Farm, Garden and Nursery in the vicinity.

The subscriber, proprietor of the above named establishment, respectfully informs Farmers, Gardeners, and the public generally, *and dealers paticularly*, that he is prepared to execute orders in any or all of its departments; and he solicits those who feel interest in his plan to furnish him with their addresses (free of expense to him,) on receipt of which he will forward to them an extra number of his paper, the American Farmer, containing a full description of his establishment, and a priced Catalogue of Seeds, &c. for sale. In every village in the Union a quantity large or small of

Choice Garden Seeds,

would find a ready and *profitable* sale, and the Advertiser has prepared his Seed Store specially with a view to supply dealers *on very liberal terms* for cash or acceptance in Baltimore, with first rate seeds, papered & labelled, put up in boxes expressly for country dealers. He ventures to affirm, that for those who desire any of the articles comprised in his extensive establishment, there is not in the United States a more eligible place than this to apply for them, as it is a repository in which are concentrated or may be procured on short notice, from all parts of our country (and not a few are from remote parts of the earth) a vast variety, many of which are very rare and valuable, of Seeds, Plants, Trees, Roots, Vines, Domestic Animals Books, Implements, and last, though not least, a constant fund of timely and important information on almost every subject interesting to a cultivator of the soil. This last is imparted weekly to subscribers, for a small annual contribution, through the columns of the American Farmer, in which are indicated also, by advertisement and otherwise, the supplies of choice commodities, both animal and vegetable, as they are received at the establishment. The subscriber is agent also for the principal Nurseries and Gardens in the Union;—and for several celebrated breeders of fine cattle, sheep and other domestic animals:—also for the United Society of Shakers, at New Lebanon, N. Y. a full assortment of whose celebrated Garden Seeds fresh and genuine, may at all times be had from him wholesale and retail, on the best terms. Address

I. IRVINE HITCHCOCK,
Baltimore, Md.

Baltimore, Dec. 1

SYLVESTERS' OFFICE,
No 113 Baltimore, Street.

NEW YORK LOTTERY,

CLASS NO. 45, for 1832.
To be drawn
ON WEDNESDAY Dec. 12, 1832.
66 Number Lottery—10 Drawn Ballots.
Tickets only 10. Lowest prize 12.

1	40,000
1	10,000
1	5,000
1	3,160
20	1,000
20	500
40	300

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters 2 50.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Sale on WEDNESDAY the 12th day of December next, at the residence of the subscriber all his Household and Kitchen Furniture,—his stock of HORSES, among which is a very fine Oscar mare with foal by Roanoke. Also, his stock of

CATTLE,

FARMING UTENSILS, &c. &c.

Terms of sale—On all sums over five dollars a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale before the removal of the property—on all sums of five dollars and under, the cash will be required—Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. and attendance given by

JOS. CALDWELL.

N. B. Will be offered for sale at the same time and place and on the same terms (if not before disposed of at private sale) a first rate Chariotte, which was purchased at the sale of he late T. P. Smith, and has been very little used. J. C.

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