EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XVII. EASTON MD. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 10, 1834. NO. 19.

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BY ALEXANDER GRAHAM.

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Per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding a square inserted three time or ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

A LIST

Of persons not residents of Allegany county and who own lands in said county, and whose Taxes on said lands for the year 1833, are due and unpaid.

	Taxes	cost of adver.	Total.
James Bosely	67	7	74
Brook Beall's heirs,	43	4	47
John J. Bugh's heirs,	1 00	12	1 12
J. Buffington,	1 85	20	2 05
William Cook,	8 33	1 00	9 33
Wm. Campbell's heirs,	8 88	1 04	9 92
Samuel Cepna	4 14	49	4 63
Rich'd. A. Clark & Wm. Page,	10 49	1 25	11 74
Thos. Donaldson,	4 67	55	5 22
Isaac Davis	82	2	84
Lewis Everstine	1 45	17	1 62
Thos. Ellicott & Jona. Meredith,	2 62	30	2 92
Emanuel Ebbs, Jr.	17	1	18
George French,	5 22	61	5 83
George Fitzhugh,	67	7	74
Frederick Grammer,	4 07	48	4 55
Jno. Gephart's heirs,	1 00	12	1 12
Charles Hone,	1 00	12	1 12
Thos. John's heirs,	1 00	12	1 12
Caroline & Charles Johnson,	5 60	66	6 26
Wm. Johnson & John Johns,	2 07	24	2 31
Reverdy Johnson,	3 83	38	3 71
Robert Jacob,	40	4	44
Anthony Kennedy,	1 00	12	1 12
Conrad Kreakbaum,	81	2	88
Edward Lloyd,	11 14	1 33	12 47
Geo. Lyme's heirs,	50	6	56
James Leonard,	17	1	18
Richard Mackusin,	83	8	91
Peter Mantz,	67	7	74
Robert McClann.	17	1	18
Honore Martin's heirs,	19 73	2 00	19 73
Thos L. McKinney,	17	1	18
Jas. M. Mason, agent,	83	8	91
Lewis Neth, Jr.	5 00	60	5 60
Lewis Neth,	17	1	18
John Oglebag's heirs,	17	1	18
John P. Pacs,	8 37	98	9 35
President, Directors & Company of the Bank of the U. S.	29 85	3 48	33 33
Abner Ritchie,	67	7	74
Absalom Ridgely,	58	6	64
John Rine's heirs,	50	6	56
Jas. Robardett's heirs,	2 15	25	2 40
Michael Ruckle	94	11	1 05
Hezekiah Riley,	17	1	18
Osborn Sprigg's heirs,	1 00	12	1 12
Thomas Turner	67	7	74
John Tomlinson, Jr.	17	1	18
Jacob Van Meter,	2 26	26	2 52
Ann A. & Heather Van Bibber,	2 12	25	2 37
Peter Wyanh,	33	3	36
George H. Wetter,	33	3	36
Michael Foy	2 00	24	2 24
Jeremiah Hughes,	1 00	12	1 12
James Kinkead & Geo. Brace,	42	5	47
Wm. Meley's heirs,	1 34	14	1 48
Wm. McGruder,	33	3	36
Richard Ridgly's heirs,	2 00	24	2 24
Samuel Sisler,	3 34	38	3 72
John Simpkins' heirs,	2 01	24	2 25
Benjamin Davis,	1 81	20	2 01
James Forkner,	2 67	30	2 97
John Firebank,	1 33	15	1 48
Polly Johnson,	1 00	12	1 12
Thos Kennedy,	7 00	84	7 84
Daniel Miller,	95	10	1 05
Edward Peale,	2 12	25	2 37
Henry Startsman,	67	7	74
Levi L. Stephenson,	2 67	30	2 97
John Tomlinson's heirs,	2 70	30	3 00
Thomas S. Theobold,	1 70	20	1 90
David Anderson,	1 40	16	1 56
George Hamilton,	1 00	12	1 12
John Hughes,	67	7	74
Samuel G. Jones,	1 67	20	1 87
Michael Miller,	4 00	47	4 47
Mary Murdock,	5 15	61	5 76
Edward Peall,	50	6	56
William B. Shaw.	31	3	34
Charles F. Broding & Geo. Magruder,	1 11	13	1 24
John C. Beally's heirs,	27	3	30
Mary H. Brooke,	53	6	59
Jacob Blubaugh,	3 01	36	3 37
John Burley,	51	6	57
George W. Peter,	10 02	1 32	12 34
James Beatty,	2 14	26	2 40
George Cooke,	3 27	39	3 66
Philip Hogman,	8	1	9
Catharine Searight,	17	2	19
Jas. Timmond's heirs,	8 24	98	9 22
Eli Williams' heirs,	1 33	16	1 49
R'd. Burgess' heirs,	2 61	31	2 92
Oliver Cromwell,	67	7	74
Phil. Cromwell's heirs,	42	5	47
Charles F. Hettick,	51	6	57
John W. Harris,	2 54	30	2 84
James Johnson,	15	1	16
Peter Jolly,	1 30	14	1 44
John M. Johnson,	1 00	12	1 12
Thornton B. James,	1 01	12	1 13
John P. Kennedy,	65	7	72
Samuel Londermilk,	8	1	9
Jacob Ourant	2 03	24	2 27
Lemuel Pugh,	25	2	27
John Shelhorn's heirs,	1 11	13	1 24
Jacob Taylor's heirs,	15	1	16
John Wright,	15	1	16
Catharine Waggoner,	11	1	12
Edward Beatty,	8 52	40	8 92
Doct. Charles Beatty,	67	7	74
Nicholas Brewer,	1 27	14	1 41
Apollos Brackett,	66	7	73
John Donovan's heirs,	49	5	54
John Deakin's heirs,	66	7	73
And. & John Ellicott,	18	1	19
Walter Fernandes & F. Lucas, Jr.	6 88	80	7 98
Samuel Goodrick,	83	9	92
James P. Heath,	53	6	59
Isaac Osman's heirs,	4 13	49	4 62
Richard J. Orme,	79	8	87
Samuel Pugh,	25	2	27
John Robinson,	21	2	23
C. Stone's heirs,	6 50	75	7 25
George Shambaugh,	42	5	47
Ch'n. Varsant's heirs,	47	5	52
Robert Wason,	36	3	39
Robert Anderson,	99	10	1 09
Isaac Peaver	27	2	29
John W. Pratt's heirs,	19 50	2 28	21 78
Ch'n. Keller & Francis Forman,	1 15	12	1 27
William Lazier,	63	7	70
Hugh Middleton,	27	2	29
Thos. G. McCulloh,	34	3	37
H. McKimley & N. Cochran,	36	3	39
William Potts,	31	3	34
George Zinemerla	17	1	18
James English,	50	6	56
Thomas Lazier,	1 00	12	1 12
Chesapeake & Ohio Canal Co.	1 01	12	1 13

The Collector of the county Tax for Allegany county, for the year 1833, or Messrs. Branner & Forney, merchants, his agents in Baltimore, are hereby authorized to demand and receive from the foregoing persons, the amount annexed to their names respectively, for their proportion of advertising.

By order of the Commissioners for Allegany county, RICH'D BEALL, Clk.

Notice is hereby given,

That if the county charges due on the lands charged on the books of the Commissioners of Allegany county, to the foregoing persons shall not be paid to Israel Mayberry, Esq. Collector of said county or to Messrs. Branner & Forney his agents in Baltimore, within the space of sixty days after the completion of the publication of this notice, viz: on the first day of July next, the land so charged as aforesaid or such part thereof as may be necessary, to raise the sum due thereon, shall be sold to the highest bidder, for the payment of the same.

By order of the Comm'rs. for Allegany county, RICH'D. BEALL, Clk.

Comm'rs. Office, Feb. 25—March 15. 5w

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A law having been passed by the last General Assembly, and being now in force, to authorize Joshua M. Faulkner, late sheriff of Talbot County or his assigns to complete his collection of fees &c., and the said fees being assigned by Faulkner to his securities who are with said Faulkner, under executions to the next court, May term. The subscribers being duly authorized and required by said Securities to complete said collections by next Court, hereby give notice to all concerned, that they will immediately enter upon said collections according to law, and will press them by order of said assigns to complete the collection by May Court—and the Securities hope and expect, that as they have a large sum to raise, and the collection of these fees is the principal source of relief for them, and the amount due from each individual being comparatively small, that there will be no difficulty presented in any quarter, as the collection must be made.

WM. C. RIDGAWAY, District No. 1.
JNO HARRINGTON, District No. 2.
J. D. BROMWELL, District No. 3.
EDWARD ROE, District No. 4.

april 19

NOTICE.

The subscriber gives notice to all persons interested, that it is necessary that business in his hands should be promptly closed, as he is determined that his securities shall not suffer by any delay.

He also wishes to call attention to the notice of Joshua M. Faulkner, Esq. by which it will be seen, that all his business as late Sheriff, is placed in the subscriber's hands, for settlement and the TENTH of the present month is fixed as the time by which it must be closed.—Those who wish to avoid further cost and trouble will, it is expected, attend to this notice—those who neglect must abide the consequences.

JO: GRAHAM, Shff.

march 4—22 tf

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed by the Judges of Talbot county Court, Commissioners to divide or value the lands and real estate of William Ozman, late of Talbot county, deceased, will proceed in the execution of the said commission agreeably to law, on the premises, on Friday 16th May next at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Signed LAMBERT W. SPENCER,
BENNETT BRACCO,
HENRY HOLLYDAY,
FAYETTE GIBSON,
JAMES M LLOYD,
Commissioners.

april 19 4w

MILLINERY.
MISS CATHERINE JACKSON

Takes this method to inform the Ladies of this and the adjacent counties, that she intends carrying on the MILLINERY and MANTUA MAKING, at the House heretofore occupied by Mrs. Ann Maria Faulkner for that purpose. She hopes the old customers of the House and the ladies generally will patronize her as she is determined to use her utmost endeavors to give general satisfaction.

april 19

Great Bargains, Great Bargains.
ARE NOW TO BE HAD AT THE
COACH, GIG & HARNESS

MANUFACTORY
OF
ANDERSON & HOPKINS
In the Town of Easton, Talbot co. Md.

THE Subscribers take this method of returning their grateful acknowledgments to those gentlemen of Talbot and the adjacent counties, for their liberal patronage, since they commenced the above Business; & beg leave to inform them, and the public generally, that they have now on hand,

a superior assortment of articles in their line
CONSISTING IN PART OF

Eight new Gigs,

price from 180 to 300 dollars, of various patterns & finish:—also SIX second hand ditto, of various prices, and too good

SULKIES,

one of them is hung on Six Steel Springs, and a splendid assortment of

NEW HARNESS,

all of which will be disposed of on moderate terms, for cash or good paper, and liberal prices given for old Carriages in exchange.

They have under way a first rate Coachee, and a number of GIGS, in an unfinished state, which can be finished at the shortest notice and to any particular directions, according to order. They have also

a large assortment of

MATERIALS

in their line, of every description, from which by the assistance of the best workmen, and their own knowledge of the business, they are persuaded they can finish off as handsome and substantial COACHES, BAROUCHES, GIGS, &c. &c. as any establishment in the State. All kinds of repairs done in a neat and durable manner, and steel springs of every description, made and repaired, all of which will be done at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

The Public's Ob't Serv'ts
ANDERSON & HOPKINS.

N. B. A. & H., have also for sale, a large & superior turning Lathe, and tools, which can be bought low. Two boys of good steady habits, from 13 to 15 years of age, will be taken as apprentices, the one at the woodwork, and the other at the trimming Branch of the Business. Letters addressed to Anderson and Hopkins, Easton, Talbot county Md specifying the kind of carriage wanting, will be promptly attended to, and the carriage brought to their own door.

A. & H.

Feb. 15 3m
The Eastern Shore Whig and Cambridge Chronicle will publish the above three months

For Sale or Charter.

The Schooner Wrightson, a well built substantial vessel, carries about 16 or 1700 bushel of Grain, has an excellent Cabin well furnished and well calculated for a Packet; in which business she now is and has been engaged for the last 15 months—between Easton Point and Baltimore—She may be seen at Easton Point wharf. Immediate possession will be given. Terms made known on application to the subscriber.

EDW. N. HAMBLETON.
april 26 (W) 3t

Easton and Baltimore Packet, by way of Miles River,
SCHOONER—WILLIAM & HENRY,
JAMES STEWARD, MASTER.

The subscribers beg leave to inform the public that the above fine, fast sailing, new and substantially built, copper fastened Schooner, is now in complete order for the reception of freight and Passengers; having a very commodious Cabin, she is well calculated for the accommodation of Gentlemen and Ladies.—She will commence running as a regular Packet between the above named places—and will leave Miles River Ferry on Sunday the 23d of March inst. at 9 o'clock, A. M., for Baltimore. Returning will leave Light Street wharf, Baltimore, opposite the store of A. B. Harrison, at 9 o'clock, A. M on the following Wednesday, and will continue to run on the above named days, during the season. She will take on board and land passengers at Wm. Townsend's: going to and from Baltimore.

All orders left at the Drug Store of Messrs. Spencer and Willis, Easton, or with Mr. Jas. Jorden, at the Ferry, will be strictly attended to. The Subscribers, intending to use every exertion to give general satisfaction, solicit the patronage of the public.

WM. TOWNSEND and
JAS. STEWARD.

N. B. For Capt. James Steward's capacity and attention to business, as a commander of a vessel, the public are referred to Messrs. Nicholas Goldsborough Tench Tilghman, Benjamin Bowdle and John Newnam, of this county.

March 5

TIMONIUM
JOCKEY CLUB RACES, SPRING, 1834.

☞At a meeting of the members of the TIMONIUM JOCKEY CLUB, held at Timonium, on Wednesday, the 9th April, the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That WEDNESDAY, the 14th May next, be fixed upon as the day for the commencement of the Spring meeting over the TIMONIUM COURSE, and continue four days

FIRST DAY. Sweepstakes for colts and fillies, 3 years old this spring, mile heats, $100 entrance half forfeit and closed. Subscribers: J. Foulke enters black colt by Tonson, dam Blemish; N. Lufborough, enters sorrel colt by Ivanhoe dam by Napoleon, J B Kendal enters Cumberland, by Hal, dam by Potomac; T. R. S. Boyce enters Joshua, by Gohanna, dam Shillings's Crop mare; by Eclipse Herod; J M. Selden enters Medley filley, dam by Centinel.

Second Race, Same Day. A Sweepstake for colts and fillies, 3 years old, raised and owned in the District of Columbia and Maryland, mile heats, $100 entrance, half forfeit to close 1st May.

Second Day. Proprietors' Purse, $500 3 mile heats entrance $15.

Third Day Jockey Club Purse, 1,000 Dollars 4 mile heats entrance $20.

FOURTH DAY.

A SUBSCRIPTION PLATE two mile heats, comprising a complete sett of Tea Service, of silver, consisting of 1 Coffee Pot, 2 Tea Pots, 1 Slop Bowl, 1 Sugar Dish and Sugar Tongs and 1 Cream Pot also 2 Pitchers and 2 Goblets—the whole elegantly chased. The entrance money depending on the number of subscribers, to close the evening previous to the race. The winner to take the plate or receive $500 at his option.

Second Race—Same Day. POST STAKE, free for all ages, single two miles out, $50 entrance, play or pay, free for horse belonging to Maryland and District of Columbia, to close the evening previous to the race.

Weights agreeably to the Rules of the Course.

2 years old,		a feather.
3 do do		86 lbs.
4 do do		100 "
5 do do		110 "
6 do do		118 "
7 do do		124 "

An allowance of three pounds for mares and geldings.

Distances, the days of running.

1 mile heats,	60 yards.
2 do do	90 do.
3 do do	120 do.
4 do do	150 do.

TIMONIUM RACES, for the Fall Meeting will take place the THIRD TUESDAY of October next, being the 21st of the month

Sweepstakes for Fall Meeting, 1834—For colts and fillies, 3 years old, 2 mile heats, $200 entrance; half forfeit, 4 or more to make a race, to name and close by the 15th August next.

Same day a Sweepstake; 2 mile heats, for horses owned in Maryland and District of Columbia—entrance $100, half forfeit; 4 or more to make a race, to name and close 1st September

Sweepstakes for Colts and Fillies; sired by Sussex, or any other horse of Maryland or District of Columbia; to run at 3 years old spring 1836—mile heats the entrance $100 half forfeit; to close 1st January, 1835.

TIMONIUM is situated on the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road and York Turnpike ten miles from Baltimore.

GARRISON & GOODING, Proprietors,
April 19th.

Eastern Shore Jockey Club

THE members of the Eastern Shore Jockey Club are requested to meet at Mr. Lowe's Hotel in Easton on Tuesday the 20th of May next, in order to decide on a suitable site for a course, for the ensuing fall races.

A. GRAHAM, Sec'ry.
Easton, april 19 (W)

HOUSES AND LOTS IN EASTON
STILL FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers at private sale, on the most accommodating terms, the following property in Easton, that is to say:—

1. The Dwelling House and Lot on Washington street, next adjoining the residence of Dr. William H. Thomas, and now occupied by Mr. Peter Burgess. The Dwelling house Office, Stable, and all the premises, may be repaired for an inconsiderable sum of money, and rendered a most convenient and agreeable residence, as the ground is spacious and runs entirely through to Harrison Street, on which there is a small tenement.

2nd. The small brick Dwelling House, situate on Washington street opposite to Port st. which leads to Easton Point. This lot runs also through to Harrison street, embracing also a small tenement thereon.

3d. The 2d Dwelling House from the south of the block of brick buildings commonly called Earle's Row; on Washington street extended.

4th. That commodious and agreeable dwelling house and garden, formerly the residence of the subscriber, situate on Aurora street, in Easton. The situation and advantages of this establishment for a private family render it a most desirable purchase. Also, a convenient building lot near the same.

For terms apply to the Subscriber, or to Mr. John Leeds Kerr.

MARIA ROGERS.
Perry Hall, Oct. 5, 1833. (W)

NOTICE.

All persons having claims upon Elijah B. Wilson, (coloured man of Talbot county) or upon the property of Anthony Roberts (coloured man, late of said county) will present them, on or before the first day of November next, to the undersigned, Trustee.

Who takes this opportunity to forbid trespasses with dog or gun upon the grounds around his dwelling house.

ALEXANDER C. BULLETT.

Major Downing's Correspondence.
SENATE CHAMBER.
WASHINGTON, April 23d, 1834.

To my old friend Mr. Dwight of the New York Daily Advertiser.

Mr. Clay and Mr. Webster, and Mr. Preston, and all the folks of the Senate who were absent when the Gineral sent that Proclamation he called a "*Protest*" have got back agin & the very day they took their seats, the Gineral had another hatchin spell and jest as the Senators was goin to examine into the natur of the first "Protest," Major Donalson brought up another one from the Gineral, pritty nigh agin the first; and my notion is, if the Senate holds on a spell, the Gineral will go on now hatchin out protests agin protests till folks all about the country will begin to look into the Constitution themselves, and see what is written there, and when they do that—the'll find out it will take a good many *Protests* to convince them that the Gineral knows more about it than the folks did who made the Constitution. The hull matter now is pretty much in a nut shell, and if you'll jest keep your eye on't I'll crack it for you.

You see the Gineral got a notion, and he hangs to it yet, that every thing that belongs to the Government is his'n, because he thinks he is "The Government;" and the ony way to account for this is, that one day when he was readin about the powers and rights of the "*Gineral Government*," one of the crooked hairs of his eye brow got in betwixt the glasses of his specticles, and somehow made him think there was a kinder S betwixt *Gineral* and *Government*, and so he thought it was The "Gineral's Government;" and as I have said afore, when he once gits a notion, he hangs to it like all natur. However, as I was saying, the Gineral said in his first "*Protest*," that Congress had no right to blame him for anything, he might do with the money, or any other property of *the Government*. Well *I* dont know yet who it was laid the next egg in his nest, but some one in looking into the Constitution found somethin like this—"The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the Territory *or other property belonging to the United States*" And there is another ugly line in the Constitution that would take a good many hatchins to show that Congress haint got something to say upon pritty much most matters that the constitution has put under its charge; for after pintin out the *powers* that *Congress* has,—such as to lay and collect taxes—to provide for common defence and welfare—to borrow money—to regulate commerce to regulate the value of money—and to do pritty much every thing that all the people would require to be done, as you'll see in the 8th section of the 1st article, it winds up by saying that Congress shall have the power "*To make all laws* for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States *or in any department or officer thereof*."

Now this means *somethin* or it means *nothin*; and my notion is, that there aint *nothin* in that Constitution that don't mean *somethin*; and afore the Gineral gits threw he'll find it will turn out so.

The more I look into the Constitution, the more I think that the folks who made it—every one on em had his eye teeth cut. If they had known that the people would always make jist such a man as the Gineral President, then perhaps, the Constitution would'nt a been much longer than the jint of the Gineral's finger—and somethin after this fashion—

There shall be a Congress composed of two bodies, one call'd the House of Representatives and the other the Senate and congress shall make all the laws.

There shall be a President and he shall have the appintin of all the officers, if the Senate agrees to it; and if the Senate don't agree to it, the President may wait til they go home and then appint who he pleases, to execute the laws *as he understands 'em*.

There that is pretty much all that would a been necessary, but some how our old folks got a notion in their head, that seein they had just been a fightin agin a Government where one man had nigh upon the hull power "to reward his friends and punish his enemies," they would fix things so that this could'nt be if the people would keep a sharp look out, and so they made a *constitution*; and the ony way I can account for their bein so particular in writing down every thing so that no one can git round it in no way, & pinting out how every thing is to be done, is that there was some folks among em, (such as Washington, Adams, Madison, Jefferson and such like, who help'd make it too) and who might some how crawl into a side door and git some advantage over the rest on em.

Well now seeing the constitution is as it is, my notion is, the Gineral must be regulated by it pretty much as the other President before him, unless the folks about him find out some way to git around it as the foreign importers are all the while trying to git round the tariff law.

Now I am amazingly puzzled to know what the gineral means when he says, he allows that Congress has the right to pass laws, and rules and regulations regarding to money and other property of the Government, unless that property and money is by the laws to be put in charge of persons appinted by him, and then the Gineral says that Congress haint got nothin more to do with it! This is pritty much the hull matter in dispute betwen the senate and the Gineral.

The same thing once was tried by a tailor here jist arter I come here I sent him some cloth and some buttons, to make me a new regimental coat jist arter the fashion of the old one, which *I* sent him as a pattern, and I telled him to cut it and make it jist so. Well he took a notion to have his own way, and when he sent the coat home along with the old one, it warnt no more like it than a swallow's tail is like a partridge's tail, & I sent it back and I raised all natur about it, and the critur come & tel'd me as he was responsible for the cut of the coat and selected the woman who cut it out, I had no right to give any direction after the cloth and buttons left my possession. I had a right, he said to give direction afore that but not afterwards. I tell'd the Gineral, and he was mad enuf agin the tailor for talkin so.—Why says he "Major, that tailor takes you and me for plagy dull folks I reckon," and its jist so now, and I dont see how the Gineral has so soon forgotten that business, for their aint one grain of difference.

If the Gineral can ony get the senate to agree to his notion, then you see it comes to this, that all the laws that congress has made regulatin the conduct of the Secretary of the Treasury, and tellin him what his duty is that he should put the money in a safe place that congress names to him, and not to pay it a way ony jist exactly as the law pints out, all amount to nothin, the gineral would jist snap his finger at congress and all the laws and regulations too about the Treasury, for sein that he appints the Secretary, congress has no right to make laws to regulate *his* secretary so that every thing that is placed under the care of any one who the gineral appints and he has the appintin of pritty nigh all on em, congress haint got no right to nothin. They may make laws and regulations for *any thing*, but as soon as *thing* comes to be done by any the Gineral appints, then the Gineral takes the lead.

The officers are his officers, the Secretaries are *his* Secretaries be the laws then, or its pritty much the same—for if the officers and Secretaries don't execute the laws *as he understands 'em*, he turns 'em out and gits folks as will—and that aint all, he *takes the responsibility too*.

If the Constitution ony gives the Gineral the right to turn out the Judges of the Supreme Court, then accordin to his notion, things would be jist so there—He appints the Judges; but seein that he can't turn 'em out, he can't make 'em understand the laws as he understands 'em—and so the Supreme Court haint got the same advantage that other folks have who the Gineral appints, and turns out and appints till he gits the right sort.

I have got a notion in my head ever since the Gineral has got at hatchin "Protests" agin the Senate, that keeps me thinkin all the while about it. There is some plagy cunnin fellers about the Gineral, and some on 'em have been pritty streaked ever since the Senate has got on the track of the Post-office, and other accounts—(for tother House won't do nothin about it so long as the Gineral has got a majority there)—but I'll tell a story and then you'll understand a leetle about my notion.

You've hearn me tell about old miss Crane's tavern a little this side Downingville—and how the neighbors uster git in there every night durin winter, and talk politics—and some on 'em had some pritty considerable scores run up there agin 'em, for old miss Crane kept a store too, along with the tavern.—Well some of these scores got to be pritty alarmin agin Silenus Stiles; you remember Silenus, who used to bring the male bag once a week up there threw that country; and folks use to call him *old Sile*, when he'd come in all kiver'd with mud, and a considerable fuzzled—he was a willin, good natur'd critter as ever was, but plagy knowing.—and then there was Jesse Brownin, and Elam Knowles, and Peter Bliss, and a good many more, who had considerable scores at old miss Crane's: and to rights she tell'd 'em her creditors was pressin

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