lic Treasure out of the custody of the Law and placing it at the disposal of the Executive--By making office and patronage the means of corrupting men to adhere to them---By converting the P. O. Establishment into a complete electioneering machinery throughout the Republic —By discarding all responsibility as to funds arising from the Post Office Department or from the Land Office—By violations of the Constitution when it suits their purpose, glossing it over by saying they do it in the name of the People, and that they are only responsible to them—and generally, by exercising all power they find necessary to answer their own ends, and declare themselves amenable to the people alone whom they are corrupting with their own money and deceiving through their own infatuated credulity.—Thus the two great Democratic Republicans, Bonaparte and Jackson, trample on the People and the People's Rights, and the People sing Hosannahs, to their oppressors, & pay adoration to those who plunder them of their Liberties and riot upon their Treasure.

The Fall term of our County Court will commence its Session on Monday next.

DELAWARE.—We have nothing official from Delaware. It is understood however, that the Jackson ticket prevailed in New Castle county by a majority short of two hundred. There can be no doubt that the Whig ticket succeeded in Kent and Sussex, and consequently that Mr. Milligan, the Whig candidate is re-elected to Congress.

We learn that the Whig candidate for Sheriff, is elected in New Castle county. *U. S. Gaz.*

NEW YORK ELECTIONS.—The following returns are taken from the Journal of Commerce. Two counties remain to be heard from, Franklin and Cattaraugus.

CONGRESS—COMPLETE.

1st District—	Abel Huntington.
2d,	Samuel Barton.
3d,	C. C. Cambreleng. Campbell P. White. John M'Keon. Eli Moore.
4th,	Aaron Ward.
5th,	Abraham Bockee.
6th,	John W. Brown.
7th,	Nicholas Sickles.
8th,	Aaron Vanderpoel. Valentine Efner.
9th,	*Hiram P. Hunt.*
10th,	Gerrit Y. Lansing
11th,	John Cramer.
12th,	*David Russell.*
13th,	Dudley Farlin.
14th,	Ransom H Gillet.
15th,	Mathias J. Bovee.
16th,	Abijah Mann, jr.
17th,	Samuel Beardsley. Joel Turrill.
18th,	Daniel Wardwell.
19th,	Sherman Page
20th,	William Seymour
21st,	William Mason
22d,	Joseph Reynolds Stephen B. Leonard
23d,	William Taylor William K. Fuller
24th,	U. F. Doubleday
25th,	Graham H. Chapin
26th,	*Francis Granger*
27th,	Joshua Lee
28th,	*Timothy Childs*
29th,	*George W. Lay*
30th,	*Philo C. Fuller*
31st,	*Abner Hazeltine*
32d,	*Thomas C. Love*
33d,	*Gideon Hard*

Those in *Italics* are Whig members.

Thirty-one Jackson and nine Whig members.

This is a Whig gain of one member as compared with the results of the election in 1832.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

The following gratifying account of the results of the Elections in Massachusetts, are from the Boston Daily Advertiser.

"We have the pleasure of announcing to our readers the complete triumph of the Whig ticket in this city, by a plurality *exceeding twenty six hundred votes*, over all the other tickets. Last year the votes given to Governor Davis were not so numerous as those given for other candidates by about two hundred, so that the Whig gain in the course of the year will not fall much short of three thousand. Mr. Lawrence is elected a Representative in Congress by about the same majority as was received here by Governor Davis. The votes for Senators and Representatives have not been canvassed, but there can be no doubt of the election of all the Whig candidates, sixty seven in number."

In the Pocahontas arrived at Philadelphia, came passengers The Rt. Rev. Dr. England, R. C. Bishop of Charleston, a Catholic Clergyman, pastor of the Usurlines, three Usurline Nuns, and five Sisters of Mercy.

A Gentleman of Darien, Ga. proposed in the Telegraph of that place, to take up the offer of Mr. J. C. Stevens, of New York, to give a considerable sum of money to any one, "white, red, or black, or of any intermediate colour," who will accomplish 10 miles in the hour, provided Mr. S. will consent that the trial be made on the Race Course near Savannah. "The person selected," says the Telegraph, "is a black man, & though his speed has never been tested to the extent required by Mr. S. the gentleman has little doubt, he will be able to accomplish the task imposed on him."

From the Baltimore Chron. of Nov. 12.

THE CHOLERA.—We are happy to learn from several respectable physicians that the cholera has greatly abated in this city since Sunday last. It is certain that it has proved fatal in most cases, and that we have lost some of our most respectable citizens; but rumour so much exaggerated the number of cases as to have created great alarm for the last week. The board of health report twenty-nine deaths by this disease during the past week, most of which occurred on Friday and Saturday. We have great hopes that our unwelcome visiter has finally departed, as we yesterday heard of no new case, and the atmosphere is bracing and apparently healthy. But, it is absolutely necessary that people should yet be careful in their diet, and abstain from all excesses.

Honors to the dead.—A writer in the National Intelligencer under this head relates the following anecdote:—When the body of Commodore DECATUR was placed in the vault of Mr. Barlow, (now Col. Bomford's) at Kalorama, and when the multitude which accompanied the funeral had dispersed, he observed a solitary individual, in a sailor's dress, lingering near the place. He walked up to him, and asked him what he wanted; the sailor replied that he "only wished to look awhile at the place where they laid the *mainmast* of the Navy!" and walked off. Who could have spoken a better eulogy? It was the eloquence of nature and of truth.

The St. Louis (Missouri) Republican, of the 28th ult., says: "The splendid Catholic Cathedral, in this city, was consecrated on Sunday last, with all the forms and ceremonials belonging to the Church. Five Bishops, a large number of Priests, and the Military companies of this city, participated in the ceremonies. Several thousand persons must have been present to witness the imposing spectacle."

A destructive fire occurred in Baltimore on the night of Friday the 7th inst. It broke out in a carpenter's shop, in the rear of M'Clellan's alley, about midway between Baltimore and Fayette streets, which was completely destroyed; also several of the surrounding buildings and their contents.

A beautiful medal, presented to the Marion Rifle Corps of the city of Baltimore, by Mr. J. W. Webb, was shot for by the company. "The shooting," says the Intelligencer, "was as good as might be expected from STATE RIFLES—the best shot being an inch and a quarter from the centre." The Marions would stand but a poor chance of winning a medal if they had our riflemen to compete with, who consider any man in their company a poor shot, that cannot drive a centre five times out of six, sixty yards off hand.—[*Hagerstown Courier.*

From the Lexington Ky. Intelligencer.

EXTRAORDINARY INCIDENT.—A gentleman in the neighbourhood of this City, in riding across his farm a few days since was suddenly surprised and alarmed to find his horse gradually sinking into the earth. He instantly leaped from the animal, and by so doing his own life was providentially saved. The horse continued to sink lower and lower into the earth, until he had descended one hundred and fifty feet. At this point, he became wedged between two masses of rock, & was crushed to death. The chasm or fissure, we are told, appears to have been formed, by the separation of the earth and rock in some convulsion of nature. The width of the fissure at the surface, we have not learned, but it was covered with a thin soil, which commenced giving away as soon as the weight of the gentleman and his horse was added to it.

Mount Vesuvius.—The most affecting details of a recent eruption of mount Vesuvius, have reached us. In a former account we stated that in August an eruption had taken place, which on the evening of the 25th began to subside. On the 26th, 28th and 29th, new craters opened, and produced ravages awful to contemplate. Thousands of families were flying from their native land, old and young were draging through heavy masses of heated cinders. Fifteen hundred houses, palaces and other buildings and 2.506 acres of cultivated land, have been destroyed by fire. The village of S. Felix had been already abandoned:

The lava soon poured upon this place and in the course of an hour, houses, churches, palaces, were all destroyed. Four villages, some detached houses, country villas, vines, beautiful groves, and gardens, which a few instants ago, presented a magnificent spectacle, now were but a sea of fire.

On the third instant nothing but stones and cinders were ejected and every prospect existed of the eruption being soon at a close. The palace of the Prince of Attayanno and 500 acres of his land were utterly destroyed. The cinders fell during an entire night over Naples, and if the lava had taken that direction, there would have been an end to that city.

Influence of the Stomach.—The emotions of the mind have a powerful influence upon the stomach. Let a person who is going to sit down to dinner with a good appetite, receive a piece of news, either exceedingly joyful or exceedingly distressing, his appetite goes in a moment. Children who are about to set out on a pleasant journey, it is well known cannot eat. This, when I was a child, used to be called being "journey proud." On the other hand, a blow upon the stomach will sometimes take away life instantly, a drink of cold water, when the body has been very hot, has often the same effect. Attend to your companions when on a journey a-foot; as their stomachs grow empty, how sullen and silent the whole party becomes! let a crust of bread a little cheese, a glass of ale or wine be taken, and cheerfulness immediately reigns, even long before any nutriment has had time to reach the general circulative system. These things all show the general sympathy between the stomach and every other part of the body.—*Carbutt's Clinical Lectures.*

The conviction of the great importance of geological surveys is spreading over the United States. Governor Vroom, of New Jersey, in his late message to the legislature, recommended a scientific investigation of the mineral resources of that State. An impression of the importance of such an investigation is prevalent in our neighbor Delaware. A correspondent of the National Gazette complains of the want of scientific research into the immense mineral deposits in Pennsylvania, and consequent loss to the inhabitants of the State. 'The coal fields on Schuylkill,' he says, 'were ushered into public notice by chance. If sheer chance has worked this result, what might we expect from science?' The Geological Society of Pennsylvania is however, now moving in the subject.—Mr. Featherstonhaugh has been commissioned by the General Government to make a geological examination of the territory of Arkansas, and make a report to Congress at the approaching session. Our own state has the credit of being among the earliest to perceive the vast importance of a geological survey & to provide for it. We understand that the state geologist has already collected at Annapolis and classified according to counties a large number of specimens When this state cabinet shall be completed, it will be an invaluable index to the mineral resources of the state.—*Amer.*

It seems that at the great Grey dinner at Edinburgh, the eating was over before the guests arrived. The Examiner thus alludes to the 'irregularity:'

"At the Edinburgh dinner, a cold repast, the company seated at table long before the hour fixed for Lord Grey's reception, and with the good things before them, were tempted to use their vacant time in attacking the viands, and ate the dinner before form allowed it to begin. The tory prints are making the most of this irregularity, and the *Standard* observes:—

"The feeling in which the meeting originated pervaded *all* classes. The demonstration was truly *national*. In England, we are sure, in Scotland, we believe however, that *such proceedings as the Chronicle has described, are characteristic only of one class, and that a class of the least imaginable weight in public affairs, and the least sympathized with by any other class or order, viz. the lowest rabble of the streets.*'

The editor of the *Standard* is well enough acquainted with society to know the injustice of the inference. He must know that the most aristocratic crowd is as little forbearant where eatables are concerned, as the good folks of Edinburgh; but the difference is this—that at the most fashionable rout, or fete, in London, no one would have thought of letting the company into the eating room till the time for commencing. Here it is known that the finest people are not to be trusted. The riot of the most refined guests where there is the opportunity, would not bear reporting.'

Several of the Virginia papers, and the National Intelligencer and the Washington Telegraph, contain the whole "substance of the speech of the Hon. B. W. Leigh, at the dinner given to him at Petersburg on the 15th Oct. last." It is throughout a powerful, manly performance—full of *truth* and reason. We have room, to day, for the annexed extract only.—*Nat Gaz.*

"The judicious and impartial spectator of the passing scenes—the historian who should write the account of these times when all false glosses have been worn off—posterity, which alone could award the just measure of praise or blame—would find the severest censures of the personal character of the President, in the language and conduct of some of those who call themselves his friends. There were men, calling themselves his friends—such friends as it had often been the curse of men in power to have—who were daily manifesting *their* opinion of his heart and understanding; and such an opinion as the bitterest of his enemies might scruple to express. They manifested it, he said, in the modes they adopt to conciliate or to preserve his favor—they manifested it, in the gross and fulsome adulation with which they always approach him—such adulation, indeed, as might disgust an Eastern despot—they manifested it, in that foul abuse, in that vindictive, rancorous, ruthless persecution of every man whom they suppose to be an object of his dislike, by which they were ambitious to signalize their devotion to 'the greatest and best." He knew, he said, that flattery so timed as to seem unpremeditated, so suited to circumstances as not to be obtrusive, so measured as to wear the appearance of sincerity—well imagined, well timed, happily turned flattery, though it had never been known to proceed from a real friend, might be, & had often been addressed by men of sense to men of sense in power, and might be, as it often had been, successful in conciliating their favor. But gross and fulsome flattery, officiously obtruded, without regard to truth or probability, time, or circumstance, could only serve to evince that the flatterer has ends of his own to accomplish; and holds the understanding of him to whom his flatteries are addressed, in contempt. For instance, those who persisted in the effort to persuade Gen Jackson, that he is the hero of two wars, directly contrary to the known truth of history; those who compared him in wisdom and virtue to Washington, and in genius to Bonaparte; the man who told him that it was honor enough for him to have served under such a chief, at the same time that he was openly aspiring to be his successor; the man, who wrote a letter, with obvious intent that it should be shown to him, intimating that assumption of unconstitutional power by *him*, would be openly pernicious as setting an example which his successors might plead in justification of their misconduct—insinuating, that, if such patriotism, wisdom, and moderation, as his, could be always at the helm of State, the Executive might safely be exempted from the restraints of law or Constitution—especially, if this same man should be known to have entertained and maintained the opinion, that the person thus lauded, was grossly ignorant, rash, utterly destitute of the virtue of moderation: such flatterers as these, he said, not only exhibited their own characters to the eyes of all men of common discernment, but evinced more distinctly than they could by any sarcasm the mind is capable of conceiving, *their real opinion*, that the man of their idolatry is the vainest of the vain, and the weakest of the weak.—And those who watch the workings of the passions of a man in power, not to allay, but to gratify them; who pursue with relentless malice every man who incurs his displeasure, with or without cause; who are prompt to hunt down, without discrimination, all the objects of his resentment, to invent or circulate the vilest calumnies against them, to load them, with popular odium, and to offer them as victims to appease his wrath—and, especially, those that persecute, with peculiar rancour, men who entertain the same opinions of the great man they would propitiate, which they themselves have entertained and maintained, and upon whom they have recently bestowed their voluntary praises—as if they thought the more unblemished the victim, the fitter for the altar. Such persons showed by their deeds, much more plainly than they could by words, that, *in their opinion*, Revenge and Hate are the master passions of *his* soul who can be propitiated by such sacrifice. In these, and many other respects, there never was a man who could say with more reason and propriety than Gen. Jackson—'Save me from my friends; I can take care of my enemies myself."

PRICES CURRENT.--BALT. Nov. 11.

GRAIN.—The wheat market is without change. Sales of fair good to prime reds continue to be made at $1 a 105 per bushel. A sale of family flour white wheat at $1 13.

Corn has declined a shade in price. We quote to day good old white, for shipment, at 73 cents; and good old yellow at the same price. New Corn, according to condition, at 60a65 cents.

Sales of Rye at 68 cents. Oats 30a33 cts

DIED

At his residence, near Easton, on Tuesday evening the 11th inst. Col. WILLIAM HAYWARD, at the advanced age of seventy five years.

In this town on Saturday last, ANDREW STEWART, aged 16 years

On Tuesday the 11 inst at his farm in Caroline County, RICHARD LOOCKERMAN, Esq of the city of Annapolis, after an illness of a few days.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.

A special meeting of the Talbot county Temperance Society will take place in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Easton, on Tuesday evening 18th inst., at 7 o'clock. A punctual and general attendance of the members is earnestly requested, as an important alteration in the Constitution is proposed to be considered on this occasion.

The regular quarterly meeting of the society will be held in the same place on Wednesday evening 19th inst., at 7 o'clock, to which the public generally are invited, and when an address may be expected.

N. G. SINGLETON, Sec'ry.

Nov. 15

FOR SALE.

The subscriber wishing to devote his undivided attention to the management and improvement of his Lands in Bailey's and Oxford Necks, offers for sale his real estate in the Chapel district, about 6 miles from Easton, and near the "Old Chapel," consisting of three farms continuous to each other, viz:

No. 1. The lands of the late James Patton, commonly called the Patton farm, now occupied by Mr Thomas Harwood as tenant, containing near

Three hundred Acres.

No. 2. The lands of the late John Garey, to which is added a small farm purchased of the heirs of the late Parrott Kirby, containing about

Four hundred Acres,

now occupied by Mr. James Vinson as tenant.

No. 3. The farm late the property of Wm. Ferguson, now occupied by Mr. J. Whitby as tenant, containing upwards of

Two hundred Acres.

No 4. The undivided moiety of a farm adjoining the lands of Thomas Henrix, now occupied by Mr. Warner as tenant, containing

One hundred and fifty Acres,

No 5 A Lot of WOOD LAND, part of the estate of the late James Nabb adjoining the Methodist meeting house, containing 41 1-4 acres well covered with white and red oak wood and timber.

Also, the following property in the town of Easton,

No. 1.

A house, yard & garden,

on which is a Black Smith's shop, Carpenter's shop, meat house and stable fronting on Port and West streets, formerly the property of Mrs Bell.

No. 2.

A house and garden

adjoining the above formerly the propty of Isaac Atkinson.

No. 3.

A house and garden

on the corner of Port and West sts. now in the occupation of Mr. David Kirby's tenant.

No. 4.

A house and Lot

on Washington street, running through to West street, between the property of Dr Theodore Denny and Dr. S. M. Jenkins.

No. 5.

The two-story house

on South and Washington streets, the lower story now occupied as a Female Academy, and the upper story as the Lodge of the "Independent Odd Fellows."

No. 6.

The house and garden

now occupied by Mr. James Smith fronting on South Street.

No. 7.

The House & Garden

adjoining the above, now occupied by Mr. John W. Blake.

No. 8.

A House and Lot

adjoining No. 7, now occupied by Mr. Edward Hale. The above Town property is situated in the most healthy and pleasant parts of Easton. The whole or any part of the above property will be sold on a liberal credit and on accommodating terms

EDWARD N. HAMBLETON.

Easton, Nov. 15

FALL GOODS.

SAMUEL MACKEY

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and is now opening at his store opposite the Court House, an elegant assortment of

Choice Fresh Goods,

selected from the latest arrivals, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware. Crockery, Glass, &c. &c.

all of which will be offered very cheap for Cash or exchanged for wool, feathers and country Kersey. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

N. B. S. M. has also, at his lumber yard, a general assortment of Pine Plank, &c. &c which he will dispose of very low for Cash.

Easton, Nov. 15

NEW FALL AND WINTER

GOODS.

JOHN STEVENS,

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and has opened at his store room opposite the Court House,

a handsome and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

viz: Dry Goods generally, Groceries, Hardware, Queen & Glass Ware, &c. &c.

And as they have been laid in on the very best terms, he is determined to sell them unusually low—his friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to give him an early call.

Easton, Oct. 18th 1834. 5w eow3t

WM. W. HIGGINS,

Has just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore a new supply of

SADDLERY,

adapted to the present season. Those wishing to purchase, will do well to give him an early call.

Sept. 27 3w

For Sale or Rent.

A small farm, adjoining the town of Easton. Also a lot of about 30 or 40 acres, to be divided into 4 parts, as nearly as possible. If the latter is not previously disposed of, at private sale, it will be offered at public sale on TUESDAY the seventh October. For terms enquire of the Editor.

Sept. 20

To hire for the ensuing Year,

TWO negro girls and a Boy. Apply to the EDITOR.

Nov. 8 4t

NOTICE.

A young man who has been raised to the Farming Business, wishes employment for the next year as Overseer. For further particulars enquire of the Editor.

Nov. 8

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

The subscriber will dispose of all his REAL ESTATE on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, viz—

The Dwelling House and Lot,

in Easton, Talbot county now in the occupancy of John Bennet, Esq.

—ALSO—

The Dwelling House and Lot,

in Easton on Dover street rented to Mr. John Griffith.

Also—the Tract of Land called PICKERING, contiguous to Hall's Roads in Queen Ann's County, containing about

360 Acres,

It is principally valuable Timber Land.

Also—The well known farm called

RUTHSBURGH,

about 6 miles from Centreville containing about 530 Acres.

—ALSO—

The farm called SECALE HALL, situate on Chester River in Queen Ann's County opposite Chestertown, containing about

500 Acres,

Also, the Granary and Steam Boat Wharf in Chestertown. ALSO,

Four College Lots.

conveniently situated. ALSO, the farm called

HACKETT'S FANCY.

in Kent county about four miles from Chestertown.

WANTED

A single man as an overseer for Ruthsburgh next year. Also three or four men hands, they would be purchased or hired, or Ruthsburgh would be rented to a good tenant. Apply to

PHILIP WALLIS.

Baltimore.

Nov. 8 1834

20 Dollars Reward.

Ranaway from the subscriber, living in the city of Baltimore, some time in November 1833, a negro girl who calls herself

EMELINE

about 12, or 13 years of age—I purchased her out of the estate of the late Thomas Bullen, Esq. of Talbot County, for a term of years.—Whoever will take up said runaway and deliver her to me in Baltimore, free of expense, shall receive the above reward.

James Wilson.

Oct. 25 5t

Companion to Waldie's Library.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

Before the *Select Circulating Library* had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the *Journal of Belles Lettres* was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgements.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "*Companion*" is intended to supply. While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the Editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of *Magazinians*, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterlies. To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the columns of the "Library" designed for *books*, and yet to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret. To concentrate, therefore, the publication of *Books* entire, *Reviews*, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to *Magazines*, &c. &c. &c. the "*Companion to Waldie's Library*" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large. It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little further to be desired. Being all published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do. The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too, will be an advantage over monthlies and quarterlies.

The following plan is respectfully submitted.

1. The "COMPANION" will contain the *earliest possible reprints* of the best matter in the British periodicals.

2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present

3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs of five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.

4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, *no payment is required* at present, only the name, sent free of postage. Those wishing to support the publication will be pleased therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, as it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next. On the issuing of the second number payment will be expected, as its appearance will evince a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of *cheap* and *select* literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

It is confidently believed, that, with the attention on the part of the Editor, who has already at hand the material for such a work, all the really valuable matter of the English literary and amusing publications may be comprised in this form at a rate of subscription and *postage*, so trifling as scarcely to be felt. It will form the cheapest reprint of reviews and magazines *ever attempted* in any country; a comparison with others it were useless here to enter upon, the 'Library' itself being the best test by which to judge of the difference between an octavo and a quarto page. It will be the study of the Editor to embody a record of the day, adapted to the wants of this country, which can have no competitor for value or cheapness; how far he is likely to do this he must leave at present to the decision of his readers.

Clubs of five individuals, who subscribe to the "Library" and "Companion" both, will obtain the two for six dollars, the *postage* (a very important consideration) to *the most distant* post office, *on the two*, will be *one dollar and ninety five cents*, divided into seventy eight payments, and *half that sum* for 100 miles or a less distance from Philadelphia; while the *same matter*, in the usual American reprints of reviews and magazines in octavo form would be eighteen dollars, and the postage as three to one. We make this assertion advisedly.

☞Subscription to the "Companion," will be taken either with or without the "Library."

The proprietor trusts that his punctuality and exactness in executing his part of the contract in the publication of the "Library," will be considered a sufficient guarantee of the completion of his proposed undertaking.

ADAM WADIE.

Nov. 9 4t

An Accountant Wanted.

A young man who can write a good hand, and is accustomed to Book-keeping and the adjustment of accounts may hear of employment by applying at this office.

Easton, Nov. 1 3t

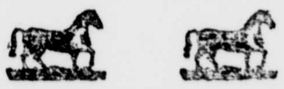
A House-keeper Wanted,

A respectable and careful woman who understands house-keeping, may secure a good situation by applying immediately to

Matthew Spencer.

Parsonage, Talbot co. Nov. 1

HORSES FOR SALE.



The Subscriber will offer at Public Sale at the front door of the Court house in Easton, on TUESDAY the 18th day of the present month (November) between 3 and 4 o'clock, P. M. several valuable

YOUNG HORSES.

A credit of six months will be given, by the purchasers giving notes with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

HOWELL BOWERS.

Nov. 1 5w (W)

To Rent for the ensuing Year.

The house on Washington Street adjoining the dwelling of T. R. Loockerman, Esq. and at present occupied by Dr. Solomon M. Jenkins. The above property has lately been put in thorough and complete repair. For terms apply to

ROBERT T. G. THOMAS.

Oct. 4

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