the United States, by which the former power ceded the Floridas to America; and, therefore, that France is not bound to pay any sum of money to the United States, that Government having already been indemnified for its losses in respect of seizures, by the Spanish cession of the Floridas. Still at any rate, the burning of the ships by the St Domingo fleet, remains to be paid for and yet the Treaty has been wholly rejected.—This has led to the determination of the President of the United States; and it may end in another American war.

I am, Sir, yours, &c., I. O U.

EASTON GAZETTE

EASTON, (MD.)

Saturday Morning, Feb. 28.

We have, in this week's paper, inserted copious extracts from English and French journals, received by the packet ship Orpheus, at New York, commenting on the President's Message. The Message was received in Paris on the 8th January and caused much excitement.

Extract from a letter from Washington.

"Yesterday night (21st) after a most laborious session of the Senate, from 11 o'clock, A. M. until 6 P. M., just as they were about to adjourn, the President of the Senate presented a bundle of papers to the Secretary of the Senate, which he said had been laid on the table and contained a letter from a Senator to the Senate, of a deeply interesting nature—the Secretary read them. They consisted of a letter from Mr. Poindexter to the Senate, saying, that he had seen published in a N. York paper a letter from Washington stating, that the administration had in their possession affidavits to prove that he (Mr. Poindexter) was closetted with Lawrence (the assassin) for three nights anterior to the attempted assassination of the President—that he (Poindexter) had instantly set on foot an enquiry as to the author of the intelligence contained in the letter, and satisfactorily traced it to the Hon. Dutee J. Pearce of Rhode Island, M. C. That he (Mr. Poindexter) demanded an immediate investigation into the charge, for which purpose, he prayed, that the Senate would immediately entertain the matter, and appoint a committee with power to send for persons and papers to investigate it—that he also sent, accompanying this letter, a letter from the Hon D J. Pearce which gave more light on the subject. The letter of Mr. Pearce was read, and its contents were, that he (Pearce) had been at the President's house some short time before, that whilst there, a friend of the President put into his (Pearce's) hands, three several affidavits, all proving that Poindexter and Lawrence had been closetted three nights before the attempted assassination—that Pearce read the affidavits in the House and then delivered them to the President's own hand, who (the President) said, that more testimony was yet to be had. The committee was unanimously appointed and consisted of Smith, (Conn.) Tyler, (Va.) Mangum, (N. C.) King, (Ga) and Wright, (of N. Y.)"

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

From a long article in the New York Courier & Enquirer, on the chances of Presidential candidates, we extract the following.

"Of the prospects of Mr. Webster's success we cannot speak confidently, but we may safely say that they are quite as good as those of any other candidate. That Judge White of Tenn. is & will be a candidate, is reduced to a certainty. It is equally certain, that Martin Van Buren is considered the heir apparent by the party in power, and will be the candidate of the Office Holders.—Thus then, an election by the electoral college is improbable, and unless Mr. Van Buren withdraws, he must assume the responsibility of again throwing the election into the House of Representatives—If, however, he should withdraw; Mr. Webster would be certain of an election by the people against Judge White; but even if Mr Van Buren's friends should force the election upon the House of Representatives, the vote, giving Mr. Van Buren every doubtful state would stand thus:

For Webster.	For White.	For V. Buren.
Vermont,	Virginia,	Maine,
Massachusetts,	N. Carolina,	N. Hampshire,
Rhode Island,	S. Carolina,	New York,
Connecticut,	Georgia,	New Jersey,
Delaware,	Tennessee,	Pennsylvania,
Maryland,	Alabama,	Missouri—6
Ohio,	Mississippi,	
Kentucky,	Louisiana—8.	
Indiana,		
Illinois—10.		

RECAPITULATION.

The Whig candidate would have ten states.
The Tory candidate do. six states.
The Southern candidate do. eight states.

In this calculation we have given Judge White every state south of the Potomac, including Louisiana, which is thoroughly Whig, and have allowed Mr. Van Buren every doubtful state, including Maine, Pennsylvania and New York!

The intelligent reader need not be told, that although Maine and Pennsylvania are both Jackson states, it by no means follows that they are prepared to sustain Van Buren. On the contrary he is at this moment in a minority in both of these states; and as regards New York, he is here in an equally doubtful position.

BALTIMORE Feb. 27.

His Excellency M. SERRURIER, Minister from the court of St Cloud, arrived at Barnum's Hotel last evening on his way to New York, where he will embark for France.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 26.

Fire and loss of Life—Between ten and eleven o'clock last night, the large stable of the Western Hotel, fronting on Saratoga street and extending in the rear of the hotel and a number of stores on Howard street, was consumed by fire.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 27.

THE FIRE.—The melancholy death of four persons on Wednesday night, occasioned by the falling of a wall at the fire, cast a general gloom over our city yesterday. The flags of the several fire companies were hoisted half mast during the day, and their bells were tolled. We believe that the loss of lives never equalled the present at any former fire in this city.—*Chronicle.*

For the Easton Gazette.

Mr. Editor.—

At a time when the effects of the Colonization Society are exciting so deep an interest in every reflecting mind, it may be interesting to some of your readers to see the Names of those who first came forward in this Noble Charity—it may perhaps be *encouraging* too (as showing what wonderful results can be produced by the union of a few benevolent spirits) to contrast this little band of Philanthropists with the *thousands* who in every part of our country are *now* members of the Society.

The day will come when the names of these "First Signers of the Colonization Society" will be to Western Africa, what those attached to the Declaration of Independence are to America. They will be hallowed by a Nation's Gratitude.

"Names of the original Subscribers who organized the American Colonization Society in the year 1817, at the City of Washington."

Henry Clay,	John Lee,
E. B. Caldwell,	Richard Bland Lee,
Tho. Dougherty,	D. Murray,
Stephen B. Balch,	Robert Finley,
Jno. Chalmers, Jr.	B. Allison,
Thos. Patterson,	B. L. Lear,
J. Randolph, of Roan.	W. Jones,
R. H Goldsborough,	J. Mason,
William Thornton,	Mord. Booth,
George Clarke,	J. S. Shaaf,
James Laurie,	Geo. Peter,
J. S. Stull,	John Tayloe,
Daniel Webster,	Overton Carr,
J. C. Herbert,	R. H. Wendover;
Wm. Simmons,	F. S. Key,
E. Forman,	Charles Marsh,
Fred. Fairfax,	David M. Forest,
V. Maxey,	John Wiley,
Jno. Loockerman,	Nathan Lufborough,
John Woodside,	William Mead,
Wm. Dudley Digges,	William H. Wilmer,
Thomas Carberry,	George Traverse,
Samuel J. Mills,	Edm. J. Lee,
Geo. A. Carroll,	John P. Todd,
W G.D. Worthington,	Bushrod Washington.

(Correspondence of the Chronicle.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19, 1835.

Not having attended the Senate Chamber on Tuesday, I was led to believe that the debate on Executive Patronage had not been continued on that day. I was in attendance at the House on Tuesday, and wrote you briefly concerning its proceedings. I am now informed that Mr Preston, in addition to his remarks on the election of printer, made a very pungent and excellent speech in favor of the bill to repeal the first & second sections of the act to limit the term of office of certain officers therein named The House yesterday resumed the consideration of Mr. Watmough's bill to equalize and regulate the pay of naval officers, which it finally disposed of, notwithstanding another attempt to give it the go by, proceeding from Col. Crockett, who made a few remarks and moved the previous question.—By the bye, our facetious and laughter causing member, David Crockett, has said very little in the House during the present session, and that little has afforded but very little amusement to the House, or to the numerous strangers who are always in attendance, and who are generally very anxious to *see* and *hear* the celebrated *Davy Crockett*.—What can be the cause of his unusual taciturnity this session I pretend not to *decide*, but will merely *guess*. I *guess*, then that Col. Crockett has found out by this time, that his broad humor, good jokes, and palpable hits, may be turned to more profitable account by giving them to the public *as an author*, than as a speaker on the floor of Congress. And as Madam Rumor says, (in this case I am inclined to think the old lady speaks *the truth*,) that Davy Crockett's forthcoming life of little Van will beat that of Orator Emmons "*all holler*," and that it will be well spiced with political anecdotes, quaint sayings and original humor, in Davy's very best style. I have no doubt that *his life of Van Buren* will *absorb* all his present stock of humor, and eclipse the other work *in toto*—all the assistance which the latter his received, or *is said to have received* from the Attorney General, and other great folks, to the countrary notwithstanding.]

But to Watmough's bill. It passed the House yesterday, with various amendments. The opinion now is general that the bill will also pass the Senate, & become a law of the land In its present shape, I have not doubt it will be very well received by the officers of the navy, and even the surgeons, who were dissatisfied with some of its provisions, as originally reported by the committee. The House yesterday took up the motion to reconsider the vote adopting Mr. Binney's amendment to the Bank Deposite bill. Mr. Polk addressed the house in favour of the reconsideration until the time of adjournment. Mr. Binney made a few brief remarks in explanation of his amendment. I had some conversation with an intelligent and liberal anti-bank member of the house, after the adjournment yesterday, who expressed his opinion that the house *would not agree to the re-consideration.*

We had another *glorious speech* from Mr. Clay yesterday in the Senate, which, as usual, was very much crowded. When I say *glorious*, I do not speak of that spurious and mischievous kind of glory which is based upon human misery and destruction, which is exclusively reserved for, "military chieftains," and those whose trade is blood, and whose delight is

"In all the pomp and circumstance of glorious war."

No, I mean that kind of glory which is based on high and lofty patriotism; which tends to the happiness of the human race; which aims to extend the liberty, maintain the rights; and preserve the free institutions of the people which manfully denounces despotism, and eloquently defends the constitution from the inroads of corruption. But I cannot say more. Suffice it to observe, that Mr. Clay's speech of yesterday adds another wreath to his political chaplet. It was, indeed, a speech in every respect worthy of HENRY CLAY.

A message on French affairs is expected from the President of the United States this morning.

WHIG IN WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Chronicle.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25, 1835.

The House have refused to amend the Constitution so as to make the Presidential term consist of only one term of six years. It seems that they are all content in this respect, to let things remain in "the good old way." Mr. Speight has failed to convince the House of the propriety of his proposed amendment.

The bill to organize the Courts of the United States, so as to form eight Circuits, has passed the Senate, and been referred in the House to the Committee of the Whole. It is thought that the bill will pass the House. If so, Mr. Taney must give up his expectation of filling the seat recently vacated by Judge Duval.

A bill has passed the Senate to-day, assuming to pay the interest for one year of the Holland debt, contracted by the the cities of the District.

Mr. Blair, the official editor, is in a good deal of trouble to-day, because of the House having postponed the election of printer. It is thought by many that Blair will not be elected.

WHIG IN WASHINGTON.

From the Boston Courier.

LEGISLATURES OF THE UNION.

Maine House of Representatives, not less than 100 members, nor more than 200. Senate, not less than 20, nor more than 31.

Massachusetts!! Senators, 40, Representatives, 605.

New Hampshire. Representatives, one for every 158 polls, and over that one for every 300 rateable polls. Senate, 12 members.

Vermont. Every town sends one Representative. The Council consists of 12 members.

Rhode Island. Representatives, 72 Senate 10.

Connecticut. Representatives, 208. Senate, not less than 18, nor more than 24.

New York Representatives, 128. Senate 32.

New Jersey. Representatives, 50. Council, 14.

Pennsylvania. Representativs, 100. Senators, 33.

Delaware. Representatives, 21. Senators, 9.

Maryland. Delegates, 80. Senate, 15

Virginia. Delegates, 134, Senate, 32. Delegates never to exceed 150. Senators. 36.

North Carolina, House of commons, 124. Senators, 62.

South Carolina. Representatives 12 Senators, 45.

Alabama. Delegates, whole number not to exceed 100. nor less than 80.

Mississippi, Delegates, never more than 100, nor less than 88. Senate, not less than one quarter, nor more than one third the number of Representatives.

Louisiana. Representatives, not less than 25, nor more than 50. Senate, 16.

Tennessee. Representatives. 60. Senators, not less than one thiid, 20, nor more than one half 33.

Kentucky. Representatives, not more than 100, nor less than 60. Senators, not more than 38, nor less than 24.

Ohio. Representatives, not less than 36 nor more than 72. Senators, not less than one third nor more than half the number of Representatives

Indiana: Representatives, not less than 36, nor more than 100. Senators, not less than one third nor more than half the Representatives.

Illinois. Representatives, not less than 27, nor more than 36. Senators as in Indiana.

Missouri. Representatives, never more than 100, every county one. Senators, never less than 14, never more than 33.

Michigan Territory. Legislative Council, 13.

Arkansas Territory. Legislative Council 5, House of Representatives. 23.

Georgia. Each County sends one Senator each County sends one Representative, but none exceed more than four.

Congress of the United States House of Representatives, 240. Senators, 48.

The *express* which passed through Baltimore, on Friday, says the American, with the French advices, reached Washington on that afternoon. The promulgation of them occasioned, as may be well imagined, no little stir in Congress—the sitting of the day having not yet terminated.—The Globe of Saturday morning contains the news, copied from the New York Courier. We learn that letters from Washington mention that *no despatches* from Mr. Livingston were brought by the express, and consequently that the Goverment had, as yet, *no official* knowledge of the events which have taken place.

The Globe rejects the opinion that war is inevitable, and says—

"The moral sense of every man, savage or civilized, must condemn the deliberate violation of the faith of Treaties. Public opinion throughout Europe will, in due time, exert a salutary influence over the momentary excitement in Paris, and will, we have no doubt, induce the French Chambers to comply with the stipulations of the treaty. We conceive it almost impossible that that enlightened Goverment will rush into a war, at the sacrifice of national character, and of hundreds of millions, to save twenty-five millions of francs.

HOSTILITIES AT WASHINGTON.—The correspondent of Mr. Hudson's New York Reading and News Room, writes from Washington, on Thursday, that Mr. *Jarvis* and Mr. *Smith*, both Jackson representatives from Maine, are in a snarl. Mr. *Jarvis* challenged; Mr. *Smith*, Mr. Lyttle of Ohio, bearing the challenge; Mr. Smith returned an abusive reply to Mr Jarvis, refusing to consider him as a *gentleman*! therefore, according to Washington chivalry, Mr. *Lyttle* challenged the man who did not think his principal a gentleman. Mr. Smith again demurred, on the ground, that he had no quarrel with Mr. Lyttle, and so the matter rests, meanwhile, Mr. Jarvis is preparing the usual posting, history of the quarrel, &c. An exchange of hostile notes between two other members of Congress, is also spoken of. No names are given.—*N. Y. American.*

It is stated in a letter from Washington, that Dr. R. C. Mason, of Virginia, recently appointed Chief Clerk in the General Post office, is a brother-in-law to Major Barry, and that through him, it is hoped this rotten Department, may, in some measure, be brought out of the mire into which it has been so deeply sunk through the imbecility of its Chief.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.—A bill has been reported by Mr Ridgely, of Anne Arundel, to change the districts. It makes Worcester, Somerset and Dorchester Counties, the first district; Caroline, Talbot, Queen Ann's, Kent & Cecil, the 2d—Harford and Baltimore the 3d—Baltimore and Annapolis Cities and Anne Arundel County the 4th—Montgomery and the present portion of Frederick, the 5th—residue of Frederick, Washington and Allegany the 6th; and St. Mary's, Charles, Calvert and Prince Georges the 7th district; each district to elect one representative except the 4th which is to be entitled to two representatives.—*Md. Rep*

The proposition of Mr. Senator KENT, of Maryland, to amend the Constitution, so as to reduce the absolutism of the Veto upon bills that have passed Congress, which the Constitution now allows to the President of the United States, yesterday came up for consideration in the Senate. Mr KENT delivered, in support of it, an effective speech of some length which we shall take care to report at large hereafter, & which, in fact, deserves to be widely circulated. After which, in consequence of the lateness of the Session, leaving no sufficient time for the thorough discussion of a question of so much importance, the resolution was ordered to lie on the table, with the understanding that it was not to be called up again at this Session.—*Nat. Int.*

NAVAL.—Our Navy Yard at Charlestown presents at this moment rather a busy scene; a number of the *largest* size guns, & a great quantity of ammunition were received at the yard while we were there a few days since, & we understand that *more* is on the way, and that orders have been received "to have the Constitution and Boston fitted for sea *as quick as possible*." The former is nearly ready, and the latter is on the Dry Dock. She has been newly coppered and is ready to come out. The Independence has been laid up some time, but as soon as the Boston is out, she is to go in. The "receiving ship" of the line, Columbus is also to be got ready.

The *new* Dry Dock is to be begun upon early in the spring, and a new ship house is also to be erected. All hands in the yard appear lively, and from the remarks of a number, we should think a war with *any* country would, to them be a very agreeable amusement.—*Boston Advocate.*

MASSACHUSETTS SENATOR.—The House of Representatives of Massachusetts, on Tuesday, again elected Gov John Davis, on their part, as Senator in Congress, in place of Mr. Silsbee. The vote was, for John Davis, 302; J. Q. Adams, 171; Wm. Baylies, 30; I. C. Bates, 28; scattering 11.

The Senate of Massachusetts on Friday last after four ballottings, concurred with the House, in the choice of John Davis, as Senator in Congress for six years from the 4th of March next. The final vote in the Senate was:—J. Davis, 20—W. Bayles, 11—J. C. Bates, 8.

BATTLE BETWEEN THE INDIANS AND POLES

It appears from a letter received this week from a respectable Polish emigrant at New Orleans, that about 20 of his countrymen, not meeting with any means of support, and totally without funds, departed from New Orleans for Mexico by land, through the Texas country. Having no guide, nor knowledge of the wilderness route, they became utterly lost when they were fiercely attacked by the Indians.

The Poles had but few guns but maintained a long and bloody conflict, until they had killed a large number of their enemy. They, however, suffered severely having had two of their number slain, and the remainder wounded. Only 1 Pole was able to reach N. Orleans.—Louisville Journal.

Later From Europe:—By the ship ALEXANDER BARCLAY, Captain Perry, at Philadelphia, advices from Liverpool to the 20th January, and Paris dates to the evening of the 17th, two days later from England, and one day later from France than the intelligence furnished on Monday, have been received. The news by this arrival is not important. The account of Mr. Livingston's determination to retain his place at Paris, until his passports were *forced* upon him, is confirmed. Galinani's Messenger has this statement: "Mr. Livingston wrote a letter to Admiral de Rigny, in answer to that which informed him that his passports would be delivered to him, in which Mr. Livingston stated, that his instructions did not indicate the steps he was to take in such a case, as it had not been foreseen; & therefore requested the Minister to make him acquainted with the intentions of the French Government, & state whether it was wished that he should immediately quit France, or whether he might wait for instructions from his own Government. We are not acquainted with the reply of Admiral de Rigny, but of course it was not of a nature to add to the embarrassment which already exists by enforcing the Minister's departure.—The accounts of the pacific dispositions of the Congress, received yesterday, are likewise calculated to calm any apprehension that the affair will be carried to extremities."

APPOINTMENTS,

Made by the Governor and Council of Maryland, on the 17th day Feb. 1835.

Visiters of the Jail of Balto. City and County.—Jas. Carroll, Jr., Geo. Williams, Wm. Hubbard, Jno. Hillen,—for the City.—Richard McGaw, Chas. Jones, David King,—for the county.

Wood Corders.—Joseph S. Crane, Arch'd Parks, Jno. Gill, Edward Wells, Jno. B. Martin, Sam. Guest, Geo. W. Smith, Henry Harrington Littleton Aires, Joseph R. Brooks, Wm. E. Hungerford, Jenifer S. Taylor.

Lumber Inspectors.—Geo. Hall, Joshua Swann, Jas. C. King, Nicholas Burke, Jno. Ready, Jno H. Thompson, Daniel Metzger, Thos. Erickson, John Moore, Geo. Ash.

Managers for removing Free People of Colour.—Chas. Howard, Chas. C. Harper, Peter Hoffman.

State Wharfinger—Thomas Vickery, vice Wm League, resigned.

Tobacco Inspectors——Rich'd H. Hall, William Redder and John R. Magruder.

Lottery Commissioners.—Wm. R. Stuart. Ed. Hughes, John S. Williams.

General Inspector of Flour—Samuel Stump.

Assistants—David Ricketts, Jocob Meixsel, Jacob Beam.

Inspector Ground Black Oak Bark—David Baker.

Fish Inspectors, city of Daltimore—George Valiant, George W. Bradford

Inspector Green Hides, Skins, &c.—John Fisher.

Inspector Plaster of Paris—Thomas Mayburry.

Guagers of Casks and Inspectors of Domestic Distilled Spirits—Leonard Frailey, Fred. S. Littig, Wm. Pennington, Wm. Gist, Wm. T. Parker, Thos. H. Belt, James Ensor.

Commissioners of Insolvent Debtors, Baltimore City and county—Lewis Eichelberger E. L. Finley, Francis H. Davidge.

Notaries Public, Baltimore City—John Gill, Sam'l Frenandis, James B. Latimer, Henry Brice.

Coroners, Baltimore city—James B. Stansbury, Ed. Lucas, John I. Gross vice Lambert Thomas, resigned.

Sheriff Anne Arnadel County—James Clark.

EX-SPEAKER STEVENSON.—In a late speech in the Legislature of North Carolina, Governor Branch said—"when Mr. Stevenson was nominated to the Senate of the United States as Minister to England, I was lost in wonder; for I well knew Gen. Jackson's opinion of him; it was never disguised.—When, sir, I separated from Gen. Jackson, but a short time previous to his determination to appoint Mr. Stevenson, Minister to the Court of St. James, he did not regard him as 'worth the powder and ball it would take to kill him.' *This very expression I have heard used or assented to by him*, and candor compels me to admit, that I heartily concurred with Gen. Jackson in his estimate of Mr. Stevenson's worth."

CHARLESTON, Feb. 10.

The following was the result of the Race yesterday, for the Citizen's Purse of $1000

Mr. Waldron's br. h. Argyle, 4 years old, by Monsieur Tonson—dam Thistle, 102 lbs.	1 1
Mr. Lindsay' c. m. Rattlesnake, 5 years old, by Bertrand—dam Devil, by, West Paragon,	2 2
Mr. Montmollin's Alborak, cr. m. 5 years old, by Sumter—dam Bedford,	3 3
Col. Fitzsimons' Rushlight, ch. m 4 years old, by——dam by Pacolet,	4 dr.

The first heat was gained by Argyle, after a close contest with Rattlesnake—Time, 5m 46s. At the second heat, Rushlight being withdrawn, the contest was renewed with spirit between Argyle and Rattlesnake, the former remained victor of the field. Time of this heat 5m. 51s. The Course from the severity of the weather, was but thinly attended

MARRIED

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr Hazel, Mr. Thomas Lee to Miss Jane Merridy, both of this county.

A CARD.

The subscriber having established himself in the

DRUG & APOTHECARY BUSINESS

in Baltimore takes this method of offering to Physicians, Druggists or families on the Eastern Shore a general assortment of Family MEDICINES, DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, &c. of the best quality and at prices which he hopes will meet their approval.

Medicine Chests for Physicians or plantations put up with neatness and accuracy, and at the shortest notice, the contents of which as to quality he will warrant to be the best that can be procured in this market. Particular attention will be, paid to the packing & safe delivery of whatever Medicines may be ordered.

JOHN H. TILGHMAN,
No. 2, South Street, Baltimore.

Baltimore, Feb. 28. 4w

N. B. Physicians can be supplied with all the new Chemical preparations as they are introduced into practice here. For sale as above to the profession, Veratria, Strychnia, Piperine, Deuto Iodide of Mercury, Kieosote, &c.

JOHN H. TILGHMAN,
No. 2, South Street, Baltimore.

Easton and Baltimore Packet
Via Miles River Ferry.
SCHOONER

WILLIAM AND HENRY.
JAMES STEWART, MASTER.

The subscriber grateful for past favours begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that the above schooner will commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore, on the 4th March—(weather permitting) Leaving Miles River Ferry on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.—Returning will leave Baltimore on the Saturday following, at 9 o'clock, from Light Sreet wharf, No. 10, and continue to Sail on the above named days during the Season.

Freights intended for the William & Henry will be received on board at Miles River Ferry, or at the Landing's of such persons on the river, as may request it. All orders left at the Drug Store of Spencer & Willis, in Easton, or with the Captain, will be promptly attended to by the

public's obedient servant
WILLIAM TOWNSEND.

☞Passage to or from Baltimore and found $1 50.

Feb 28

MARYLAND,
Talbot County Orphans' Court,
25th day of February A. D 1835.

On application of Thomas Tenant, administrator of Samuel Tenant late of Talbot County, deceased, it is

ORDERED, That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate & that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans court, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 25th day of February in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty five.

Test, JAS. PRICE, Register of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Tenant late of Talbot county deceased. all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 7th day of August next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate

Given under my hand this 25th day of February 1835.

THOMAS TENANT, Adm'r
of Samuel Tenant deceased

Feb. 28

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, will be sold at public sale on Wednesday the 4th day of March next, all the personal estate of the late Dr. Ennalls Martin, on his farm on King's Creek, consisting of

Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs,

3 good horse-carts, four ox-carts, a number of ploughs, harrows, & other farming utensils; also; one Wheat-Machine, the horse power of which is equal to any in the County, a large quantity of corn, by the barrel, all the kitchen furniture, a parcel of good blades, and the crop of wheat now in the ground

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars; the purchaser or purchasers giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, before the removal of the property, on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and attendance given by

JAMES G. MARTIN, Ex'r.
with the will annexed
of Dr. Ennalls Martin, dec'd.

feb. 21. ts

CLOVER SEED.

The Subscribers have just received a supply of this article of PRIME QUALITY.

W. H. & P. GROOME.

Feb. 14 3w

TALBOT COUNTY, to wit:

On application to me the subscriber one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid by petition in writing of Charles M. Bromwell, praying for the benefit of the Act of Assembly passed at November session eighteen hundred and five for the relief of Insolvent Debtors and the several supplements thereto on the terms mentioned in the said Acts and the said Charles M. Bromwell having complied with the several requisites required by the said Acts of Assembly.

I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Charles M. Bromwell, shall be and appear before the Judges of Talbot county Court, on the first Saturday after the third Monday in May next and at such other days and times as the court shall direct. The same time is appointed for the creditors of the said Charles M. Bromwell to attend and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Charles M. Bromwell, should not have the benefit of the said Acts of Assembly.

Given under my hand this 30th day of September eighteen hundred and thirty four.

E. N. HAMBLETON.

Feb. 14

Easton and Baltimore Packet.

THE SPLENDID NEW SLOOP

THOMAS HAYWARD,

WILL commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore, on Wednesday the 18th of February, (weather permitting,) leaving Easton Point at 9 o'clock, and returning will leave Baltimore at 9 o'clock of the following Saturday, and continue sailing on these days throughout the season.

The THOMAS HAYWARD was launched last Spring, and has run as a packet for one season, giving general satisfaction as a fine sailer and safe boat. She is fitted up in a highly commodious manner for the accommodation of passengers with State Rooms for Ladies, and comfortable berths; and it is the intention of the subscriber to continue to furnish his table with the best fare the market affords.

☞Passage $1 00; and 25 cents for each meal.

Freights will be received as usual at the subscriber's granary at Easton Point; and all orders left at the Drug Store of Thos. H. Dawson & Son, or at the subscriber's residence, will receive his personal attention, as he intends, himself, to take charge of his vessel.

Thankful for the liberal share of patronage he has hitherto received, he will spare no pains to merit a continuance of the same.

The public's obedient servant.

SAMUEL H. BENNY.

Feb. 14

FOR SALE.

THE FULL BRED STUD HORSE

NEY,

BY Windflower, dam by First Consul. NEY is well known in the vicinity of Wilmington, where the purchaser would be certain of a good season. His colts are not equalled by any in this part of the country.—For particulars apply to Mr. John Hirons at Gilpin's Iron Store, Wilmington Del. or to the subscriber at Dupont's Powder Mills; where the horse and some of his colts may be seen.

ANTHONY BIDERMANN.

Feb. 14, 1835, t1stA

ZELUCO

Was sired by Marshal Ney, he by the celebrated American Eclipse. Marshal Ney's dam, Diana, by First Consul, his grand dam by Messenger, g. grand dam by Figure, g. g. grand dam by Slamerkin, by the imported horse Wildair, out of the imported mare Cub. Wildair was by Fearnaught he by Regulus, and he by the Godolphin Arabian. The dam of Wildair, by Jolly Roger, out of the imported mare Kitty Fisher.

Wildair went back to England and covered for fifty Guineas the season, which was higher than any horse of his day, as may be seen by reference to the sporting calendar.

First Consul was by Flag of Truce, his dam by the imported horse Slender, his grand dam the imported mare Diana (formerly Dian) who was got by the old English Eclipse.—Slender was got by King Herod, Flag of Truce and First Consul were both great runners.

Zeluco's dam was got by Top Gallant, by Diomed. his grand dam by Vingtun, also by Diomed, his great grand dam Col. Lloyd's Pandora, by Grey Medley.

The above thorough bred colt four years old the 4th April next, fifteen hands and a half high, is offered for sale on a liberal credit or for good paper.

W. H. DeCOURCY.

Cheston, Queen Ann's Co.
E. Shore, Md. Feb. 14. } 6w

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