EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, (MD.)

Saturday Morning, June 4.

ANTI-VAN BUREN NOMINATIONS

FOR PRESIDENT.
William Henry Harrison
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT
JOHN TYLER,
OF VIRGINIA.

FOURTH OF JULY.

A meeting of the citizens of Easton, is requested at the Court House, on Tuesday next, 7th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth of July.

MANY CITIZENS.

The Fair now being held in this town for the benefit of M. R. Church, has been well attended, although the weather seemed discouraging. We would advise all who feel depressed to resort to this bright and cheering scene,—the Ladies beautiful as houris with their fascinating smiles, who can resist them accosting you with "will you buy Sir?" or "there is a letter in the Post Office for you Sir," by the bye this Post Office is quite an ingenious affair; we thought Amos had deposed our Post Master until we saw the laughing face of the "Mistress" take care ladies how you encroach on the privilege of the 'Greatest and Best." We are inclined to think the Correspondents made some mistakes in the superscriptions of their letters, here was one of our most courteous gentlemen, advised to mend his manners, his expressions being so rough that no lady of delicate sentiments could converse with him.—A youth was congratulated on his marriage—while a grey headed signior was warned of a conspiracy among some young ladies, to lay seige to his heart.—Go to the Fair gentlemen, but do not group opposite as if you were in the Meeting House mingle with the ladies, we assure you, when you leave them, both your spirits and purses will be lighter.

Extract of a letter dated,
ANNAPOLIS, June 2, 1836.

"I have only a moment to say to you, by the mail to day that the Internal Improvement Bill is still under discussion, but will be passed probably to day—the house have done much for the State by opposing it; since the friends of it have been forced to guarantee the State six per cent per annum on her subscription, let the dividend to others be what it may.—They resisted this for a long time, but were finally forced to accede to the measure, or lose the bill.—I understand Mr Hambleton, of your county intends offering a resolution, the object of which is to endeavour to have the main stem brought through Talbot.

Mr. Bruff has brought in a bill to repeal the Magistrates Court Law, but there is no hope, I fear of passing it."

For the Easton Gazette.

Mr. GRAHAM, Dear Sir:—I always have been, and still am of opinion, that of all the small towns with which I have had the honour of an acquaintance, or rather the inhabitants thereof; none can compare with yours, in proportion to population, for true and genuine talent, wit, and profound information: and this sir, can be reasonably and rationally accounted for, when we consider the vast number of tributary streams by which this general stream of erudition is fed, and kept continually flowing. You have established I am told, societies, where the talent and learning of years upon years, both of youth and old age, are brought into actual requisition, and brought to bear, with all the force that argument and eloquence can devise, (wielded by herculanean powers, Junior only, to that of a Cicero or a Demosthenes,) upon all subjects from the greatest to the smallest. You are I am told nightly amused and instructed by Astronomical and Philosophical Lectures, exemplified by experiments, which will I have no doubt, e'er long, enable you to tell us with a pretty correct precision, in the month of March, what day in August, nay, what hour of that very day, we may reasonably expect a copious shower of rain, upon our then withered and parched up fields. And sir; with all this increase of intellectual acquirements; must wit, tho' last not least; lie dormant, & hid in the bosoms of its possessors? No sir, it cannot, it must not, and happy am I to find that it will not, but with that power of all subduing influence which it possess; it has burst the bonds that bound it, has shaken off the shackles that oppressed it, and has now taken its stand in the ranks of literary advancement; in order to prove which, I will give you, for your information, a quotation from the editorial columns of the Whig of Tuesday last, in noticing the then approaching 'Fair,' it says, *'we need not doubt what bachelors and benedicks, will both attend and mingle with great satisfaction in the busy throng of fair buyers and sellers,"* none but the *'Fair'* then are either to buy or sell, hence the reason why bachelors and benedicks, should not attend, would appear obvious, for I believe that it is generally admitted, that they are more to be compared to so much old lumber, that is not only in their own way, but in the way of all who approach them, than any thing else; *'there will be no postponement we presume on account of the weather, as it will be a fair day, even though the sun continue in his gloomy mood,"* then if there should be a postponement, and the sun should still refuse to show his anxiously looked for, cheering and enlivening face still it would be a 'Fair day,' because it was the day appointed for the fair, which was prevented by unforseen providential circumstances,—well, as the blind man said, perhaps so, but I cannot see it. I must therefore leave it hoping that we may be favoured with as witty an account of the 'Fair' both natural and artificial after it is over, as we have been of its approach.

Yours Truly,
A BACHELOR.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Chronicle.
Washington, May 28, 1836.

"Hung be the heavens with black!" *He* is gone from amongst us, who has so long adorned and dignified the Senate of the United States! He—the 'cunning Isaac, roguish mayhap, but deep, devilish deep,'—whom New Hampshire sent to represent her with spirit, argument, & eloquence, is gone! He is gone! after having uttered a speech which must have unlocked the bosoms of the half dozen Senators present and the two or three yawners in the galleries, a source of fond regrets and deep and durable emotion and must certainly hang a mill-stone around the neck' of all his successors who, cannot, like him,

'Fire in his eye, and *papers in his hand*,
Rave and *recite*, and madden round the land.

Yesterday did we attend with instruction and delight to the last excursions of his fancy & the latest triumphs of his matchless penetration. The subject was the expunge'—glorious theme; and the deeds of the movers in that enterprise, were neither slightly touched, nor sparingly commended by the illustrious Isaac Hill. Long will Thomas H. Benton cherish with mournful pride, the words of encouragement, the smiles of approval, that must have seemed the most enviable rewards of his loyal exertions. Long will he cling with strict and reverent fidelity to the precepts of advice, the sentences of direction—alas, the *last* his wisdom and experience dictated!

Unfortunately, the honor, the happiness, the advantage of profiting by his speeches were never mine. I never had an opportunity of *admiring* for myself—having the bad taste to follow the million who rushed precipitately from the galleries whenever he took his papers in hands: and this encomium is but an echo to the voices of the honest Thomas H Benton, and the truth telling Blair. But although a stranger to his instructions, I could not be a stranger to that depth of political philosophy, which found no subject dark to itself—and that clearness of intellectual perspecuity which left no darkness unillustrated to others—to that range of comprehensive knowledge, which made political discussion useful as well as interesting, and attractive as well as beneficial!—to that grand, enthusiastic, irresistible, *extemporaneous* eloquence which ran with electrical force through the hearts of all who heard it. *He* is gone! Yes, when the doors of the rail road car closed to day, they shut in one of the brightest ornaments on whom the fame of the Senate can rest.

The last words and dying speech having been got through, the Senate went to business. The bill to regulate the public deposites was taken up, when Mr. Silas Wright addressed the Senate at great length on the subject.

To-day, Mr. Calhoun took the floor, and made a speech distinguished for force of thought—comprehensiveness of view, and in a remarkable degree, by the impassioned and indignant eloquence with which he is accustomed to assail and overthrow his opponents.

In the House private bills! private bills! was the continual song; and, of course, there was little captivating or impressive there. Y. L.

From the Correspondent of the Balt Gazette
ANNAPOLIS, May 24th, 1836.

THE LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND

To-day nearly every member was in his seat. The minority of the Committee, Messrs. Pratt and Hambleton, appointed to examine into the manner in which the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company had disposed of the two millions loaned to them last year, made their report. It alleges misapplication of the funds in direct conflict with the Act authorizing the loan, and censures the company in strong language for the abuse. It will be recollected that the majority of the committee made their report during the last annual session, which exculpated the company from all censure in reference to this subject.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Chronicle
Annapolis, May 28, 1836.

The House of Delegates were occupied chiefly during their session of to-day in the consideration of Col. Merrick's Internal Improvement bill. Several amendments, not materially affecting the main features of the bill, were adopted. The House adjourned, pending a discussion of a proposition of Mr. Pratt's so to amend the 7th section making the State a preferred stockholder in the Canal Company, as to direct the Treasurer to make no subscription or pay any part of the subscription authorized by this act, to that company, until he shall be satisfied that the whole of the money paid or to be paid to that company, under the 3 million act of 1834, has been actually expended towards the construction of the Canal from Dam No 5 to Cumberland. The friends of the bill are sanguine of its passage. A communication was received from the Treasurer giving a statement of the bids for the loans authorized by the three million act of 1834.

The supplement to the bill to establish Magistrates' Courts, reported by Mr. Carpenter, was taken up and a substitute was offered for it by Mr. Bruff, proposing to repeal that law. Both lie on the table. In Senate, a favorable report was made by Mr Morris, on the bill from the House supplemental to the act of incorporation of the Susquehanna and Patapsco Canal Company. It was made the order of the day for Monday.

The resolution of the House directing the topographical engineer to make a survey for a canal in Dorchester county was agreed to.

The silks imported into this country during the year 1835, amounted to sixteen millions, four hundred and ninety seven thousand dollars! This is quite encouraging to our enterprising New England friends, who are entering largely into the new business of raising cocoons and manufacturing silk.

KENDALL COURSE RACES.

First Day.—First race a sweepstakes for three year old, mile heats, $300 entrance, $100 forfeit, five subscribers; three started.

J. W. Selden's ch. c. by Sir Charles,	1 1
J. B. Kendall's b. c. by Henry,	2 2
W. L. White's ch. c. Cash by Carolinian,	3 3

Time—each heat, 1 m. 50s.

Second Race—A sweepstakes for three year old, mile heats, $100 entrance, h. f. five subscribers, three started.

J. B. Kendall's b. f. by Spring Hill,	2 1
J. M. Selden's b. f. by Sussex,	1 dis.
L. Hoffman's b. f. by James Cropper,	3 dis.

Time—1m 52¾s, 1m. 55s.

Mr. Selden's filly came out a head in the second heat, but was declared distanced in consequence of foul riding.

Second Race.—No betting—Kendall's filly rather the favorite—she had lately been complaining in her legs but when brought out to-day showed no sign of losing. Selden's filly was in fine fix—she had been distanced in the second heat of the mile sweeptakes at the Central Course, and was not high in favour;—the run there had done her good and taken a little of the flesh off. Hoffman's filly was as fat as a bear just retiring to winter quarters—is, however, a fine formed animal, and has the forepart of her sire, the redoubtable James Cropper.

First Heat.—Selden's filly, whose name, we learn, is Miss Phillips, is a shy damsel, and was with difficulty brought to the 'scratch.' At last, however, they started, and in the first quarter Miss Phillips took the lead and maintained it to the end, winning the heat in 1m. 53s. The other too well.

Second Heat.—Miss Phillips gave the same difficulty at starting, but went off at length. Hoffman's filly leading till they entered the back stretch, when 'the Spring Hill' joined company, and, when half round she was capped by Miss Phillips, and with Baron Munchausen's ramrod you might have strung them all through the eye. At a telling pace they wheel round corner, when the daughter of James Cropper gives up the gait, and leaves the contest to the others. Beautiful! cried twenty voices as they turned the corner, with their noses on a line, the Spring Hill in the track. Selden is ahead—yes! Selden is ahead! in the pickets—bless me! what a cross! Miss Phillips has taken the track and nearly unhorsed Kendall's rider, who reigns up and throws the head of his horse over the tail of the other—very bad that move, though the boy was not to blame—and it looked as if the filly intended to bolt. Here they are, Miss Phillips ahead and Kendall's filly at her saddle girth. Time 1m 55s.

The question of 'the cross' was immediately presented to the Judges, and the rule of the Club called to their attention. It was evident that Miss Phillips was not clear, and in taking the track had jostled the other. After a long and mature deliberation, Mr Davie, the President of the Club, declared, as the opinion of the Judges, that Miss Phillips had forced the race by taking the track before she was clear—and the stake was awarded to Mr. KENDALL.

KENDALL COURSE RACES.

Second Day.—Proprietors Purse, $500. Three mile heats. Result:

Carey Thomson's b. h. Enciero, 5 years old; by Star.	7 6 1 1
Jas. S. Garrison's ch. f. Harriet Maynard, 4 years old, by Industry.—	3 2 2 r. o.
James Dixon's ch. h. Go ahead, 5 years old, by Industry.—	2 4 drawn.
Jacob Powder's br. c. Tyro, 4 years old by Forester.	5 3 4 r. o.
O. P. Hare's b. c. Buccaneer. 4 years old, by Gohanna.	1 5 5 3.
J. B. Kendall's (Mr. Dorsey's) ch. m. Nelly Webb, 5 years old, by Industry.—	4 dis.
Richard Adam's b. h. Alp, 5 years old by Rockingham.	8 1 3 2

Time—5, 1—5. 54—5 54—6, 19.

SNEEZING.—We hope we may not be branded presumptuous if in the matter of sneezing, we pretend to be connoisseurs. As a proof of our taste, we hate one of your snivelling, dry, half-frightened-to-death sneezes—but for one of your full, clear, sonorus, detonating reverbrating, explosions—one of those reports that set the wine glasses on the sideboard a jingling, and wake pussy—we say for one of those earthquake sneezes we have a love inferior only to that which we bear for woman and—our favorite dog. A sneeze to be in good taste, should crack like a rifle on a clear morning. A receipe for a sneeze of this genius is as follows:—When you feel a tickling at the root of your proboscis, just jump up. if you be seated, run to the window, through which the sun shines, throw your head back until the bump of philoprogenitiveness presses on your coat collar, open your mouth, snarl like a half starved Hyena at a peace of fresh meat, inhale a deep breath, and then——blaze away! —The effect will be prodigious—an echo will salute you from the house top over the way—the good housewives will order the clothes to be taken in—your game cock will cock up the red of his eye at the sun—and you will have the best assurance that you have not sneezed in vain.

We commend you to a pinch of sun beams, and away with your mackaboy, if you would have your sneeze above the vulgar. Snuff is not the thing—a natural way, touched off by a torch of sun beams, gives a report worthy the nose of one of a great & free people. Away with your squibs, which hiss, and your sneezes which flash in the pan, and only burn priming, and give us a salute which shakes the head to its foundation. Why, our dog aforesaid, has been taught to do a sneeze up in a more manly way than that. He does not, like other dogs, grin and jerk his head like a whip lash, and sneeze as if it were only some of the vertebræ of his neck which were cracking, but he points his snout towards the sun, and breaks forth into an utterance which is only surpassed by the melody of his own unrivalled bark, or the thunder of his unsurpassable growl.

We knew an old gentleman once, who was a most famous sneezer—in fact his nose was just the thing to intimate the flourish of a trumpet with, or, what we like better, to utter a sneeze, which, like Napoleon's generalship, was without a parallel. Anthony Van Corlear migh beat him at a regular martial tune, whose inspiring tones heartened the Duch burghers in the hour of battle, but the flexibility of Anthony's would never have admitted of the superlative rush of thunder for which our friend's nose was remarkable. One such report as we have heard him utter, would have scattered a common nose in lacerated fragments over an acre of ground. His nose, when viewed in front, resembled a Macedonian phalanx, it was a solid column, bold and utterly impregnable, and his sneeze, as counseller Phillips said of Bonaparte, was 'without a shadow.' Well, our friend was an early riser; & every morning, just as the roosters were crowing away their bragging orisons he would open the back door and inhale a little fresh air. Planted firmly in the door way; he would grasp hold of each side, with his hands, raise his nose towards the zenith and fire away. It was the morning gun for the neighbourhood; and its deep echoes used to sound merrily through the streets, falling on the ear less distinct, until they were finally gone too far off to hear.—It was the signal for the good folks round about to get up by; and when they heard it, they would scratch open their eyes and start from their recumbent postures to begin the business of the day.—When our old friend died, the neighborhood got into the bad habit of oversleeping itself, and from the briskest it become the laziest in Town—alas! the sneezer and his sneeze were hushed!—*Cincinnati Mirror.*

MARRIED

On the 17th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Greenbank, the Rev. William Urie, of Kent county, Del., to Miss Ann Matilda Stevens, of this county.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Greenbank, Mr. Richard T. Larrimore, of Queen Ann's county, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Mackey, of this county.

PRICES CURRENT.

	Baltimore, May 31.	
Wheat white,	$1 38	1 40
Red,	1 35	1 38
Corn, yellow,	73	74
White,	70	71
Rye,	90	
Oats,	42	43

LEONARD MACKALL, M. D.
SURGEON DENTIST.

Will visit Easton about the 15th day of July next. He may be seen at Dr. Denny's or Mr. John Bennett's.

Baltimore, May 27th, 1836.—June 4

MANTUA-MAKING.

Mrs. Hamilton,

Most respectfully informs the Ladies of Easton, and its vicinity, that she is prepared to attend to all orders in the above business at a moments warning, and humbly solicits a share of their patronage. Being a stranger, she begs leave to refer to Mrs. Lowndes and Mrs Lloyd, in regard to her competency. She will, at all times, be found by inquiring at her dwelling on Dover Street, Easton, nearly opposite the Cart Wright Shop of Mr. J. B. Firbanks.

June 4, 1836 6tcow

EVERY BODY'S ALBUM:
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE OF
Humorous Tales, Essays, Anecdote and Facetiæ.
EMBELLISHED WITH NUMEROUS
Grotesque & Amusing Engravings.

Each number comprising seventy two large octavo pages, neatly covered and stitched—making at the end of the year *two* volumes of *eight hundred and sixty four pages* and at least *six hundred Engravings*, with Titles and Index complete—at Three Dollars per annum.

The cheerful & pleasing feature with which it is proposed to diversify and distinguish this work has never yet been adopted by any one of the numerous literary caterers that have hitherto abounded in this country—and its extensive novelty and the vast fund of humour & variety which will be interspersed throughout its pages, is calculated to render it a desirable and popular companion for the amusement of all classes who desire to possess an epitome of the works of celebrated Modern Humorists, Etchers, and Engravers. The encouragement generally given to new undertakings, having a salutary object in view, has proved a decided public advantage, and it is questionable whether any other age has ever brought into active use so large a proportion of the really deserving offsprings of genius and talent as the present. Assured that this periodical, affording, as it will, an elaborate and comprehensive collection of fanciful Illustrations, Satirical Essays in prose and verse, witty Tales, with Quips, Quirks, Anecdote, and Facetiæ, must have a partial tendency (among its patrons at least) to divert into another and more exhilirating channel much of the oppressive action of the mind, consequent upon the cares and vexations of business, the publisher anticipates for it a most flattering and extensive subscription list. The work, at all events, will be commenced on the first of July, and continued for one year, therefore every subscriber will be certain of receiving all the numbers for which he has paid. When the twelve numbers are completed and made up into two volumes, they will form one of the most desirable and amusing records of Wit & Humour which can be found in print. Let the public assist the publisher with their patronage, and he assures them he will leave nothing undone that will give celebrity and popularity to his work.

☞The "*Every Body's Album*" will be published monthly, in numbers of 72 pages, with a variety of embellishments—neatly stiched in colored covers—printed with new type, and on fine white paper, at three dollars per annum, payable in advance. Two copies will be supplied to order, for one year for *five* dollars. ☞When sent to a distance from the city, the work will be packed in strong wrappers, to prevent the least rubbing by the mails. ☞Notes of solvent banks of every description taken in payment of subscriptions. Address the publisher (post paid)

CHARLES ALEXANDER.
Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place,
Philadelphia.

June 4

☞A specimen number has been received at this office, and we request our friends to call and see it.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale on Wednesday, the 15th June inst., in Easton, at the late residence of John Wright, dec'd. The Personal estate of said dec'd., (negroes excepted) consisting of horses, cattle, and hogs, crops of Corn, Wheat, and Clover, now growing in the ground, the entire stock of Boots, Shoes, Shoe-lasts and fixtures. A large quantity of Corn, Corn-Blades, Farming Utensils, House-hold and Kitchen furniture, and a variety of other useful articles too tedious to mention. A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale.—On all sums of and under five dollars, the cash must be paid, before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. and attendance given by

JAMES BENNY, Adm'r.
of John Wright, dec'd.

Easton June 4 1836 ts

FOR SALE,

Two Durham short-horn male Calves, from the stock of Col John H. Powell of Pa. imported cattle, which he lately sold at an average of $362 each. I have in my possession the pedigree of the Calves, given by Colonel Powell—being supplied, I will take $50 for each. Also two young mares, 3 and 4 years old, fine rackers, sired by Chester, the dam was a fine saddle creature. Apply to

NS. THOMAS.

Anderton, Oxford Neck, June 4

The Cambridge Chronicle, will copy the above advertisement, two weeks, and charge this office.

Temperance Convention.

A Temperance Convention, for the State of Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia, will be held in Easton, Md. on the first Tuesday in June next, 7th. It is designed that each county send ten delegates, and it is important that so far as practicable, every delegate attend. It is presumed that this will be the largest convention ever held on the peninsula, and the friends of the cause are looking for favorable results from it. The Convention will open at 12 o'clock on Tuesday the 7th of June, in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The following gentlemen compose the delegation from the Talbot county Temperance Society, viz. Jas. Parrott, Rev. R. M. Greenbank, Thomas C. Nichols, T. R. Loockerman, Manlove Hazel, Wm H. Hayward, Dr. James Dawson, James Chaplain, William Townsend, Joseph Turner.

may 14

26,000 SUBSCRIBERS
PHILADELPHIA MIRROR.

THE splendid patronage awarded to the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, induces the editors to commence the publication, under the above title, of a quarto edition of their popular journal, so long known as the largest Family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of near *Twenty Six Thousand Subscribers*. The new feature recently introduced of furnishing their readers with new books of the best literature of the day, having proved so eminently successful, the plan will be continued. Six volumes of the celebrated writings of Captain Marryatt, and sixty-five of Mr. Brook's valuable Letters from Europe, have already been published without interfering with its news and miscellaneous reading.—The Courier is the largest and cheapest family newspaper ever issued in this country, containing articles in Literature, Science, and Arts; Internal improvement; Agriculture, in short every variety of topics usually introduced into a public journal. Giving full accounts of sales, markets, and news of the latest dates.

It is published at the low price of $2. For this small sum subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter, each week enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to 52 volumes a year, and which is estimated to be read, weekly, by at least two hundred thousand people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from the sea board to the lakes. The paper has been now so long established as to render it too well known to require an extended prospectus, the publishers, therefore, will do no more than refer to the two leading daily political papers of opposite politics. The Pennsylvanian says—'The Saturday Courier is the largest, and one of the best family newspapers in the Union;' the other, the Inquirer and Daily Courier, says, 'it is the largest journal published in Philadelphia, and one of the very best in the United States.' The New York Star says—'we know of nothing more liberal on the part of the editors, and no means more efficacious to draw out the dormant talents of our country, than their unexampled liberality in offering literary prizes.

The Albany Mercury of March 16th, 1836 says, 'the Saturday Courier, is decidedly the best Family Newspaper ever published in this or any other country, and its value is duly appreciated by the public, if we may judge from its vast circulation, which exceeds 25,000 per week! Its contents are agreeably varied, and each number contains more really valuable 'reading matter' than is published in a week in any daily paper in the Union.—Its mammoth dimensions enable its enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Woodward & Clarke, of Philadelphia, to re publish in its columns, in the course of a year, several of the most interesting new works that issue from the British press; which cannot fail to give to it a permaneat interest, and render it worthy of preservation. To meet the wishes, therefore, of such of their subscribers as desire to have their numbers bound, they have determined on issuing an edition of the Courier in the quarto form, which will render it much more convenient for reading when it is bound in a volume, and thus greatly enhance its value.'

THE QUARTO EDITION.

Under the title of the Philadelphia Mirror, will commence with the publication of the Prize Tale, to which was awarded the prize of $100, written by Miss Leslie, editor of the splendid Annual the Token, and author of Pencil Sketches and other valuable contributions to American Literature. A large number of songs, poems, tales, &c. offered in competition for the $500 premiums, will add value and interest to the succeeding numbers, which will also be enriched by a story from Miss Sedgewick, author of Hope Leslie, The Linwoods, &c., whose talents have been so justly and extensively appreciated, both at home and abroad.

This approved *Family Newspaper* is strictly neutral in religious and political matters, and the uncompromising opponent of quackery of every kind.

MAPS.

In addition to all of which the publishers intended furnishing their patrons with a series of the new Maps, embracing the twenty-five States of the Union, &c. exhibiting the situation, &c of rivers, towns, mountains, lakes the sea board, internal improvements, as displayed in canals, rail roads, &c., with other interesting and useful features, roads, distances, &c. forming a complete Atlas for general use and information, handsomely executed, and each distinct map on a large quarto sheet, at an expense which nothing but the splendid patronage which for six years past has been so generously extended to them, could warrant.

TERMS.

The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form, at the same price as heretofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increased attractions, and printed on the best fine white paper of the same size as the New York Albion will be put at precisely one half the price of that valuable journal, viz: Three Dollars per annum payable in advance, (including the Maps.)

WOODWARD & CLARKE.
Philadelphia.

May 28

A LAW

Relating to Primary Schools.

A supplement to an act entitled, a supplement to an act to provide for the public instruction of youth in Primary Schools throughout this State.

Sec. 1. Be *it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That in case the taxable inhabitants of any School Districts in Talbot county, shall have refused or neglected to comply with the provisions contained in the second section of the act to which this is a supplement, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners for said county, and they are hereby required to carry into operation the provisions contained in the said second section, and it shall be the duty of the Clerk of each school District to make out a list of all the taxable inhabitants in their respective school districts, and also an estimate of the cost necessary for the purpose named in said section, and make return thereof to the Commissioners for the county on or before the first day of June next, and the said Commissioners are required at their first meeting thereafter to levy a tax upon said taxable inhabitants to be collected in the same manner as is provided for in the act to which this is a supplement, and to be paid over to said Commissioners, to be by them paid over to the Trustees of the proper school district or their order, to be by them applied to the purposes contemplated by the said second section.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted*, That in lieu of eighteen inspectors of Primary Schools in Talbot county, there shall be three well qualified and discreet persons appointed annually by the Commissioners for the county, whose only duty it shall be to examine all persons who shall offer themselves as candidates for teaching Primary Schools in the county, and in such examination it shall be the duty of the inspectors aforesaid to inquire, and so far as they shall be enabled thereto, to ascertain and inform themselves as to the moral character, sufficiency and competency of such candidates to teach Primary Schools, and if upon such examination, they shall believe them to possess the necessary qualifications as above required, they shall certify the same in writing under their hands and deliver such certificates to the person so examined as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That the board of Trustees and Clerks of Primary Schools, now constituted in the several School Districts of said county, shall hold their appointments until the next annual meeting of the taxable inhabitants in said school districts, which shall take place sometime in the month of December next, and annually thereafter for the purpose of electing by ballot the several Trustees and Clerks required by the act to which this is a supplement, and it shall be the duty of the Clerks respectively to give at least ten days previous notice of the time and place of holding such annual meetings to the taxable inhabitants in their respective School Districts, by advertisements set up at three of the most public places in such District, and it shall be the duty of the taxable inhabitants at the annual meetings aforesaid to elect by ballot the Trustees & Clerks for their respective school districts, who shall hold their offices until the annual meeting of such Districts, next following the time of their election and a new election shall have been made; and in case such offices or any of them shall become vacant, by death, resignation, or otherwise, and such vacancy shall not be supplied at a special or district meeting, within one month thereafter, the Commissioners for the county, are required to supply such vacancy by the appointment of any suitable person residing in such school district, where such vacancy shall have occurred.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Trustees of the several school districts in said county, to make out an estimate in writing under their hands at their first meeting in each and every year of the sum required for the purchase of fuel, books and stationary necessary to supply the schools, whose concerns they are called upon to manage and cause return thereof to be made by the Clerk of their several school districts respectively to the Commissioners for the county, whose duty it shall be to pay to the said Trustees or their order out of the school fund of said county, the sum so required, to be by said Trustees applied, to the purposes herein mentioned, and the said Trustees shall account annually to the Commissioners for the county for the faithful application of the funds so paid over to them.

Sec. 5. *And be it enacted*, That in lieu of nine Commissioners of Primary Schools in Talbot county, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of said county, and they are hereby required, if application to them shall hereafter be made by a majority of the taxable inhabitants of any school district in said county for any alteration in the lines of such District, setting forth that such change would be for the better arrangement of such District, and conducive to the convenience of the people, to appoint five discreet and disinterested persons residents of the election district within whose limits such School Districts may lie, whose duty it shall be after a full hearing of the matter, if they shall believe that such change is required for the reasons so set forth to make such alteration and make return thereof to the Commissioners for the county to be by them recorded.

Sec. 6. *And be it enacted*, That all the provisions of an act passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty-five, chapter one hundred and sixty-two, that are inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this act, and the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, be and the same are hereby repealed so far as the same relates to Talbot county.

Sec. 7. *And be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the commissioners for Talbot county, and they are hereby required to cause this act to be published in each of the papers published in the town of Easton in Talbot county for at least four weeks previous to the first of June next,

May 28

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