EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature well or ill-conducted, is the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XIX. EASTON, (MD.) SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1836. No. 26.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY *Saturday Morning*
BY
Alexander Graham,

TERMS.

TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS Per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding a square inserted three times for ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY FIVE CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

LEONARD MACKALL, M. D.
SURGEON DENTIST.

Will visit Easton about the 15th day of July next. He may be seen at Dr. Denny's or Mr. John Bennett's.

Baltimore, May 27th, 1836.—June 4

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WILLIAM LOVEDAY

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and is now opening at his Store House in Easton, he things as general and complete an assortment of Goods suited to the present and approaching seasons, as he has ever been able to offer.

AMONGST WHICH ARE:

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c. &c.

BRITISH, FRENCH, ITALIAN, GERMAN AND DOMESTIC

GOODS,

IRONMONGERY, GROCERIES,

China, Glass,

QUEEN'S-WARE WOOD WARE,
TIN WARE, STONE WARE,
&c, &c. &c.

He thinks he can offer them on such terms as will suit purchasers. He therefore invites his friends and the public generally, to call and view his assortment, and judge for themselves.

april 9 (W1aw6w)

Five Dollars Reward.

Ranaway from the subscriber in King's Creek, Talbot county, Maryland, adjoining the farm of George Dudley and Joseph Turner, Esquires on Sunday the 15th instant, an indentured apprentice, by the name of SAMUEL FRAMPTON, about 16 years of age, five feet four or five inches high, dark complexion—had on when he went away, linen jacket and pantaloons, striped vest & ——. Whoever will take up said apprentice and deliver him to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward.

BAILEY WARNER.

june 18 3tq

EVERY BODY'S ALBUM:

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE OF

Humorous Tales, Essays, Anecdote and Facetiæ.

EMBELLISHED WITH NUMEROUS

Grotesque & Amusing Engravings.

Each number comprising seventy two large octavo pages, neatly covered and stitched—making at the end of the year *two* volumes of *eight hundred and sixty four pages* and at least *six hundred Engravings*, with Titles and Index complete—at Three Dollars per annum.

The cheerful & pleasing feature with which it is proposed to diversify and distinguish this work has never yet been adopted by any one of the numerous literary caterers that have hitherto abounded in this country—and its extensive novelty and the vast fund of humour & variety which will be interspersed throughout its pages, is calculated to render it a desirable and popular companion for the amusement of all classes who desire to possess an epitome of the works of celebrated Modern Humorists, Etchers, and Engravers. The encouragement generally given to new undertakings, having a salutary object in view, has proved a decided public advantage, and it is questionable whether any other age has ever brought into active use so large a proportion of the really deserving offsprings of genius and talent as the present. Assured that this periodical affording, as it will, an elaborate and comprehensive collection of fanciful Illustrations, Satirical Essays in prose and verse, witty Tales, with Quips, Quirks, Anecdote, and Facetiæ, must have a partial tendency (among its patrons at least) to divert into another and more exhilirating channel much of the oppressive action of the mind, consequent upon the cares and vexations of business, the publisher anticipates for it a most flattering and extensive subscription list. The work, at all events, will be commenced on the first of July, and continued for one year, therefore every subscriber will be certain of receiving all the numbers for which he has paid. When the twelve numbers are completed and made up into two volumes, they will form one of the most desirable and amusing records of Wit & Humour which can be found in print. Let the public assist the publisher with their patronage, and he assures them he will leave nothing undone that will give celebrity and popularity to his work.

☞The "*Every Body's Album*" will be published monthly, in numbers of 72 pages, with a variety of embellishments—neatly stiched in colored covers—printed with new type, and on fine white paper, at three dollars per annum, payable in advance. Two copies will be supplied to order, for one year for *five* dollars. ☞When sent to a distance from the city, the work will be packed in strong wrappers, to prevent the least rubbing by the mails. ☞Notes of solvent banks of every description taken in payment of subscriptions. Address the publisher (post paid)

CHARLES ALEXANDER.
Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place,
Philadelphia.

June 4

☞A specimen number has been received at this office, and we request our friends to call and see it.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WM. H. & P. GROOME,

Have just returned from Philadelphia with their entire supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

comprising a general and very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

IRONMONGERY,
WINES AND LIQUORS,
GROCERIES, CHINA,
GLASS, &c. &c.

All of which have been selected with care, and will be offered at the lowest possible rates.

Their friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to give them a call.

april 23 eow6w

26,000 SUBSCRIBERS!

PHILADELPHIA MIRROR.

THE splendid patronage awarded to the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, induces the editors to commence the publication, under the above title, of a quarto edition of their popular journal, so long known as the largest Family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of near *Twenty Six Thousand Subscribers*. The new feature recently introduced of furnishing their readers with new books of the best literature of the day, having proved so eminently successful, the plan will be continued. Six volumes of the celebrated writings of Captain Marryatt, and sixty-five of Mr. Brooks's valuable Letters from Europe, have already been published without interfering with its news and miscellaneous reading.—The Courier is the largest and cheapest family newspaper ever issued in this country, containing articles in Literature, Science, and Arts: Internal improvement; Agriculture, in short every variety of topics usually introduced into a public journal. Giving full accounts of sales, markets, and news of the latest dates.

It is published at the low price of $2. For this small sum subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter, each week enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to 52 volumes a year, and which is estimated to be read, weekly, by at least two hundred thousand people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from the sea board to the lakes. The paper has been now so long established as to render it too well known to require an extended prospectus, the publishers, therefore, will do no more than refer to the two leading daily political papers of opposite politics. The Saturday Courier is the largest, and one of the best family newspapers in the Union; the other, the Inquirer and Daily Courier, says, 'it is the largest journal published in Philadelphia, and one of the very best in the United States.' The New York Star says—'we know of nothing more liberal on the part of the editors, and no means more efficacious to draw out the dormant talents of our country, than their unexampled liberality in offering literary prizes.

The Albany Mercury of March 16th, 1836 says, 'the Saturday Courier, is decidedly the best Family Newspaper ever published in this or any other country, and its value is duly appreciated by the public, if we may judge from its vast circulation, which exceeds 25,000 per week! Its contents are agreeably varied, and each number contains more really valuable reading matter than is published in a week in any daily paper in the Union—Its mammoth dimensions enable its enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Woodward & Clarke, of Philadelphia, to re publish in its columns, in the course of a year, several of the most interesting new works that issue from the British press; which cannot fail to give to it a permanent interest, and render it worthy of preservation. To meet the wishes, therefore, of such of their subscribers as desire to have their numbers bound, they have determined on issuing an edition of the Courier in the quarto form, which will render it much more convenient for reading when it is bound in a volume, and thus greatly enhance its value.'

THE QUARTO EDITION.

Under the title of the Philadelphia Mirror, will commence with the publication of the Prize Tale, to which was awarded the prize of $100, written by Miss Leslie, editor of the splendid Annual the Token, and author of Tenel Sketches and other valuable contributions to American Literature. A large number of songs, poems, tales, &c. offered in competition for the $500 premiums, will add value and interest to the succeeding numbers, which will also be enriched by a story from Miss Sedgewick, author of Hope Leslie, The Linwoods &c., whose talents have been so justly and extensively appreciated, both at home and abroad.

This approved *Family Newspaper* is strictly neutral in religious and political matters, and the uncompromising opponent of quackery of every kind.

MAPS.

In addition to all of which the publishers intended furnishing their patrons with a ries States of the Union, &c. exhibiting the situation, &c of rivers, towns, mountains, lakes the sea board, internal improvements, as displayed in canals, rail roads, &c., with other interesting and useful features, roads, distances, &c. forming a complete Atlas for general use and information, handsomely executed, and each distinct map on a large quarto sheet, at an expense which nothing but the splendid patronage which for six years past has been so generously extended to them, could warrant.

TERMS.

The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still continued in its large form, at the same price as heretofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increased attractions, and printed on the best fine white paper of the same size as the New York Albion will be put at precisely one half the price of that valuable journal, viz: Three Dollars per annum payable in advance, (including the Maps.)

WOODWARD & CLARKE.
Philadelphia.

May 28

A CARD.

Doct. T. J. TURPIN,

Has commenced the practice of Medicine at St. Michaels, and respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

june 18 3tq

A LAW

Relating to Primary Schools.

A supplement to an act entitled, a supplement to an act to provide for the public instruction of youth in Primary Schools throughout this State.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That in case the taxable inhabitants of any School Districts in Talbot county, shall have refused or neglected to comply with the provisions contained in the second section of the act to which this is a supplement, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners for said county, and they are hereby required to carry into operation the provisions contained in the said second section, and it shall be the duty of the Clerk of each school District to make out a list of all the taxable inhabitants in their respective school districts, and also an estimate of the cost necessary for the purpose named in said section, and make return thereof to the Commissioners for the county on or before the first day of June next, and the said Commissioners are required at their first meeting thereafter to levy a tax upon said taxable inhabitants to be collected in the same manner as is provided for in the act to which this is a supplement, and to be paid over to said Commissioners, to be by them paid over to the Trustees of the proper school district or their order, to be by them applied to the purposes contemplated by the said second section

Sec. 2 *And be it enacted*, That in lieu of eighteen inspectors of Primary Schools in Talbot county, there shall be three well qualified and discreet persons appointed annually by the Commissioners for the county, whose only duty it shall be to examine all persons who shall offer themselves as candidates for teaching Primary Schools in the county, and in such examination it shall be the duty of the inspectors aforesaid to inquire, and so far as they shall be enabled thereto, to ascertain and inform themselves as to the moral character, sufficiency and competency of such candidates to teach Primary Schools, and if upon such examination, they shall believe them to possess the necessary qualifications as above required, they shall certify the same in writing under their hands and deliver such certificate to the person so examined as aforesaid.

Sec. 3 Trustees and Clerks of Primary Schools, now constituted in the several School Districts of said county, shall hold their appointments until the next annual meeting of the taxable inhabitants in said school districts, which shall take place sometime in the month of December next, and annually thereafter for the purpose of electing by ballot the several Trustees and Clerks required by the act to which this is a supplement, and it shall be the duty of the Clerks respectively to give at least ten days previous notice of the time and place of holding such annual meetings to the taxable inhabitants in their respective School Districts, by advertisements set up at three of the most public places in such District, and it shall be the duty of the taxable inhabitants at the annual meetings aforesaid to elect by ballot the Trustees & Clerks for their respective school districts, who shall hold their offices until the annual meeting of such Districts, next following the time of their election and a new election shall have been made; and in case such offices or any of them shall become vacant, by death, resignation, or otherwise, and such vacancy shall not be supplied at a special or district meeting, within one month thereafter, the Commissioners for the county, are required to supply such vacancy by the appointment of any suitable person residing in such school district, where such vacancy shall have occurred.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Trustees of the several school districts in said county, to make out an estimate in writing under their hands at their first meeting in each and every year of the sum required for the purchase of fuel, books and stationary necessary to supply the schools, whose concerns they are called upon to manage and cause return thereof to be made by the Clerk of their several school districts respectively to the Commissioners for the county, whose duty it shall be to pay to the said Trustees or their order out of the school fund of said county, the sum so required, to be by said Trustees applied, to the purposes herein mentioned, and the said Trustees shall account annually to the Commissioners for the county for the faithful application of the funds so paid over to them.

Sec. 5. *And be it enacted*, That in lieu of nine Commissioners of Primary Schools in Talbot county, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of said county, and they are hereby required, if application to them shall hereafter be made by a majority of the taxable inhabitants of any school district in said county for any alteration in the lines of such District, setting forth that such change would be for the better arrangement of such District, and conducive to the convenience of the people, to appoint five discreet and disinterested persons residents of the election district within whose limits such School District may lie, whose duty it shall be after a full hearing of the matter, if they shall believe that such change is required for the reasons so set forth to make such alteration and make return thereof to the Commissioners for the county to be by them recorded.

Sec. 6. *And be it enacted*, That all the provisions of an act passed at December session eighteen hundred and twenty five, chapter one hundred and sixty two, that are inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this act, and the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, be and the same are hereby repealed so far as the same relates to Talbot county.

Sec. 7. *And be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the commissioners for Talbot county, and they are hereby required to cause the act to be published in each of the papers published in the town of Easton in Talbot county for at least four weeks previous the first day June next

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

6th day of May, A. D. 1836.

On application of James M. Lambdin, administrator of Capt. John Farland, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton, and also one of the newspapers printed in the city of Baltimore.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 6th day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty six.

Test

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order,

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Capt John Farland, late of Talbot county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 20th day of November next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 6th day of May, 1836.

JAS. M. LAMBDIN, Adm'r.
of Capt. John Farland, dec'd.

may 7 3w

A CARD.

MISS ELEANOR C. STUART, has just returned from the city with the latest fashions and best materials, and is prepared to execute orders in the Millinary business at the shortest notice. She has taken the stand in front of her father's dwelling, nearly opposite to Mr. James Willson's, and next door to Mr. Samuel Hambleton's office, where she invites the attention of the ladies, and humbly to share their patronage.

april 23 (W)

SHARP'S ISLAND, for sale.

This beautiful estate, situate at the mouth of Choptank river, is now offered for sale, on the [illegible] and twenty one acres of land. But should any loss be ascertained to have accrued by washing, &c. for a survey of it the present proprietor will make a proportionate abatement from the purchase money This estate is offered at the very reduced price of $5000, one third of which sum is to be paid in cash, and the remaining two thirds, in one, two and three years, the purchaser giving Bond or Bonds with approved security for the payment of the same. For further particulars inquire of Joseph W Reynolds, Esq near Lower Marlborough, Calvert county, or to the subscriber at Easton, Talbot county.

T. R. LOOCKERMAN.

dec 19

The Whig at Easton, and the newspapers at Cambridge, are requested to insert the above advertisement for two months, and forward their bills to this office.

TAN BARK.

The subscribers wish to purchase one hundred and fifty cords of TAN BARK, delivered either at their Tan Yard or at Easton Point wharf.

They also have on hand and constantly keep a general assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES AND LEATHER,

which they will sell on the most favorable terms for cash, or in exchange for Bark, Hides, Sheep Skins, or country produce generally.

H. E. BATEMAN & Co.

who wish to employ 4 Journeymen Shoe Makers, and 2 Apprentices from 12 to 15 years of age, of good moral character.

march 19 4w

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wilson & Taylor, is this day dissolved by mutual consent—All persons indebted to the late firm, are requested to make immediate payment to Jacob C. Wilson, who is authorized to settle the same.

JACOB C WILSON,
A. P. TAYLOR.

Easton, May 4, 1836—may 7 8t

The Baltimore American, Poulson's Daily Advertiser, Philadelphia, will insert the above 4 times and forward account to this office.

Notice to Carpenters.

The Commissioners for Talbot County, finding it necessary to repair or rebuild the Cupola and roof of the Court House, will receive the written proposals for finding the materials and doing the work until the first Tuesday in June next. Carpenters desirous of undertaking the job, are requested to confer with the Commissioners upon the subject, and examine the building previous to that time.

Per order,

THOS C. NICOLS, Clk.

may 7 1w6w

FARMERS LOOK HERE.

EDWARD STUART

Still continues to carry on the Cartwheel Wright and Cradle Making business, at his old stand at the corner of Washington and South streets, directly opposite Doct. Denny's and the Ladies' Seminary. Feeling grateful for past favors, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has procured a first rate assortment of Materials, and has commenced Cradling, and intends keeping them already made on hand. He also has on hand several new Carts, & new Wheels turned off—He flatters himself by saying, that they are as good as can be made on the Eastern Shore, and he invites the public to come and see and Judge for themselves.

april 9 8w

[From the Daily National Gazette of Tuesday.]

The following is extracted from the Commercial List and Philadelphia Price Current of Saturday the 11th instant.—Later advices than could have been possessed by the editor of the Price Current, at the date his remarks were composed, mention further advances in wheat, &c., in the English Corn Markets.

The Coming Crops.—From various parts of the country it is now ascertained, that the Wheat crop has sustained considerable injury, and in some places it has been nearly destroyed by the Fly.—From our various correspondents we learn that the prospect is also quite unfavorable for an average crop of Rye and Corn. In some sections the grub worm has been very destructive.

Late advices from Liverpool state that the spring has so far been cold and backward, and that prices of Grain are creeping up a little. There is also a decided diminution in the quantity of Wheat sown, Oats and Barley having paid the farmer much better during the last two years. English Wheat is quoted 7 to 9s; Irish 6s. 2d. a 7s. 4d; American 7s. a 7s. 6d.; Dantzic 7s. 2d. a 7s. 9d. per 70 lbs.

From Dauphin and Luzerne counties are the annexed accounts:

Dauphin County.—From all parts we learn that the wheat crop is going to be lighter than it has been in the remembrance of our oldest citizens. In many parts of this county our farmers will not reap as much as they sowed. This is also the case in the counties adjoining.—The wheat crop is gone—nothing can save it, and those who are so fortunate as to have any to dispose of may expect a higher price for it, than it has commanded for twenty years, unless our wants are supplied from some distant source.—*Pennsylvania Telegraph.*

Luzerne County—Kingston, June 3: We understand the wheat crops in this section of country, generally, are not promising. The severity of the winter it is said had an unfavourable effect upon wheat, and the insect is now at work in many fields.

'It has now rained with us 10 days, but as to its benefitting the crop, particularly the wheat, it is idle. I am now confident that there will not be a quarter crop in Berks county.'

A second letter says: 'The wheat crop is daily becoming worse and worse: the ravages of the fly are very great.'

A third letter of the 3d of June, written by a person a few miles out from Reading, in Berks county, states, that in that neighborhood some farmers are ploughing up their wheat fields—some pasturing them, others manuring them, and many purchasing wheat for seed for the ensuing crop.

From Bucks, Montgomery, Lehigh, Northampton, Lancaster, Lebanon, York, Cumberland, and other adjoining counties of Pennsylvania,—throughout Maryland, not only in the fertile western counties, but all Lower Maryland, both shores of the bay—throughout the rich wheat raising districts of western Virginia and in lower Virginia south of the James river the same calamity is to be deplored. What the prospect is in lower Virginia, between the James river and Potomac, we are not informed.

Those acquainted with the history of the Hessian Fly need not to be informed, that the destruction caused by that insect, which is ascertained to be generally even in those fields which to day promise some yield, has not yet fully developed itself. Time has not permitted its operations to their extent.

Why should this dispensation be concealed or glossed over? Why should expectations of better results to the harvest be made than the existing reality and the known operations of the Hessian Fly permit? We fear that the language of the Dauphin county Pennsylvania Telegraph is too true: 'The wheat crop is gone, nothing can save it.' The injuries it has already sustained would seem to be irretrievable.

The last crop of Indian Corn did not in great part, attain to sufficient maturity to keep—it is daily perishing. The recently planted (and now planting, upon the ploughed up wheat fields,) crop of Indian corn exhibit, from all accounts, a very unpromising aspect; and there will, in all probability, be a failure of it, unless the future weather of summer be propitious and protracted—propitious, beyond all experience of our seasons.

That immediate importations of Grain to any extent from Europe are not to be expected, is obvious. Prices in this country were declining in April and May No apprehensions were, until towards the close of May, entertained for the growing harvests. Would any merchant in the United States or in Europe undertake shipments of grain to the U. States in the face of declining prices, and of a growing crop, coming to maturity in July respecting which, no apprehensions were expressed, none made public?

Should the alarm, now commencing, excite shipments to arrive even late in the autumn, it will be well—it is the best that can be anticipated—for the latest accounts from England forbid the anticipation of any foreign grain being likely to come to this country, until prices here may have approximation to *famine prices.*

The introduction to the paragraph in this paper of yesterday purporting to be taken from the Pittsburgh Advocate would have been more correct, had it read that in the entire northern, northwestern and eastern sections of the State of Pennsylvania, the injury sustained from the Hessian Fly, the extent of which is not yet fully developed, has been of the most calamitous character.

The first notice of the appearance of the Hessian Fly in the Valley of the Mississippi that has appeared, is in that published also by us yesterday from Tennessee of the extensive destruction to wheat crops of that State. It is to be borne in mind that the destruction caused by this insect first is manifested to the South where the crops mature earliest, & progress northwardly as the maturing of the crops usually progress. The insect may not exist where it is not already known to be, but it is probable that it does exist where as yet it is not acknowledged. So wide spread a dispensation of this nature as the present is ascertained to be, is not within the memory of man. The Pittsburgh Advocate may have occasion to alter its representation. From Muncey, Lycoming county, the following appears in the Commercial Herald of this morning. Muncey is among the most fertile parts of the county.

The fly has destroyed the wheat crop in this section of the country. Fields which looked very well a few weeks ago, will not be worth the cutting! The rye fields bid fair for an average crop.—The corn looks very bad. Owing to the drought about the time of planting, it did not come up, and the continued rain for eighteen days, which succeeded, caused the re-planting, in many instances, to rot in the ground.—Muncey Telegraph June 11.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 10th inst. as quoted in the New York Journal of Commerce of Monday, together with several notices of the Virginia and Maryland wheat crops more or less favorable as to the crop is unpromising.

This same genetal observation amounts to absolute misrepresentation, by the idea it conveys to every reader's mind—to convey the truth the observation ought to be, that throughout the greater part of Pennsylvania, every part yet accurately heard from, and throughout the state of Delaware, including the best cultivated & most productive wheat raising districts in both states, the prospects of the growing crop is of a deficiency thereof of an alarming character.

If our readers will refer to their maps they will better realize the extent of the calamity, than can otherwise be brought to their minds. Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia, all deficient to an alarming extent.

From the United States Gazette.

Grub or Cut Worm!—The farming interests of this country, have long and ineffectually sought for some mode to arrest the depredation of this Worm, so destructive to the prospects of our Agriculturists, in the staple article of Indian Corn.

The writer of this is fully confident from analogy, that the following, if carefully adopted, will perfectly, secure the Corn against the influence of any insect or worm, accustomed to injure it, viz:

Take one gallon of fat or slush, and one quart of spirits of Turpentine, let them be put together in a tight barrel, (having one head out) and being well stirred add half a bushel of unslacked, lime. In this condition the lime should be carefully slacked, and intimately mixed with the other ingredients, and water gradually added until the barrel is full.

As soon as the corn makes its appearance above ground let a portion of the mixtures be applied by means of a common watering pot, to the amount of about a tea cup full to each hill of corn, and there is scarcely a doubt but the worms will vacate the identical spot, from the abhorrence that all kinds of worms and insects have to even the very smell of TURPENTINE.

Silk and Sugar.—A Boston paper asserts, erroneously we are inclined to think that in less than a quarter of a century the principal products of the Northern and Middle states will be silk and sugar. Silk may be, but surely sugar never, as any one should know.—*N. Y. Exc. Star.*

You have missed it this time, for a wonder, friend Noah. The Boston paper is right, in our opinion—beet root sugar will, in less than ten years from this time supply the place of a large portion of the W. I. Sugar, and the people of the Northern and Middle States have all the enterprise and industry necessary to cultivate and manufacture it.—*Philad. Herald.*

Young Robinson.—As we supposed would be the case, this young man who has been for some days under trial in N. Y for the murder of Ellen Jewett, has been acquitted.

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