ed and rise and fall for years. Are you now ready to turn about & uphold such enormities, backed by *treason* against your beloved State and her laws—we will not believe it—True then to your former principles, the truth and orthodoxy of which every days experience develope, come out on Monday next and deposite your ballots, for Gen. Harrison and Mr. Tyler. The men you are to vote for as electors are not to be considered or regarded. They are the mere instruments—the mere echoes of your sovereign voice. It is for Harrison and Tyler you are to vote, and against Van Buren and Johnson.

J. B. Ricaud, Esq. was prevented by indisposition from attending the meeting held in this town on Tuesday last.

The stab received by Capt Blades, of the Pay Side, from a negro slave, a few days since has proved mortal.

The excellent address of Wm. Price Esq., to the voters of Maryland is copied far and wide, in the papers of other states—When so many hundred political addresses are issued every day, in all parts of the country, this is no small compliment.

Balt. Chron.

COUNCIL CHAMBER.
Annapolis, Oct. 21st 1836.

There will be a meeting of the Executive Council, on Tuesday the 8th of November.
THO. CULBRETH, Clk.
Of the Council.

We call the attention of our readers to the following Address of Judge Earle, to the People of Queen Ann's.

From the Centreville Times.

TO THE PEOPLE OF QUEEN ANN'S COUNTY.

[We invite attention to the letter of Judge Earle, printed below. His warnings come over the heart like the admonition of a dying parent, given to his children, gathered at his bed side, to take a last farewell. Let the people ponder over them—they are replete with solemn wisdom and truth.]

More than twenty five years have passed away, since I was actively engaged in party politics, and I am persuaded you will credit me when I declare, I now step forward, earnestly to oppose the election by the Van Buren ites of a Provisional Convention, *solely* because I believe in my conscience, it will prove a measure destructive to the peace and happiness of our country. Making this declaration, I solicit the attention of all to the opinion and short admonition I venture with diffidence to submit to you for reflection.

The late attack on your constitution by the nineteen recusant electors, has embarrassed its proceedings, but has not subverted or overturned the venerable structure. I announce this as my decided opinion, and it has the concurrence of most of the judicious in the state, and it is thought of both parties, and the support of able civilians & jurists in other states of the union. Your constitution then citizens, be it known to every one is in active operation, and after this year will be administered by the constituted authorities as usual: and so long as the vital operative principle continues, the exercise of its powers by any man or body of men, in derogation of its authority, will be considered rank usurpation, and if backed by violence must be deemed treachery and rebellion. If this is so, and none can deny it, beware citizens of Queen Ann's county, how you countenance the attempt about to be made, at the instigation of the Nineteen, to choose conventionists to repair to the seat of government, and extend the authority of the civil and military officers now in commission, *pretendedly* to protect personal rights and preserve the peace of the public. Be assured they are safe in the hands of the legal authorities, and will be endangered only by the lawless intrusions of the Provisional Convention.

The attempt to elect a convention for the purposes avowed in the Manifesto of the Nineteen, I most seriously and sincerely believe, is replete with dangers to the community: and its being made in the name of a portion of your citizens, will not exempt its objectionable character or shield it with innocency. In reality it will be the incendiary work of the Fredericktown Dictator and some restless spirits that we are told surround him, prostituting a party name to aggrandize and elevate themselves to power.

Again I repeat, citizens of Queen Ann's county, beware how you give countenance to this unauthorised and irregular procedure.—You may thereby incautiously involve your country in difficulties, the extent of which no human intelligence can foresee. Be content I entreat you, with peace and quietness, put beyond hazard by your constitution and heed not the artful counsels of insidious politicians, who have more love for themselves than the people—trust not to the uncertain issue of revolutionary measures, prompted by them.

That the Constitution we have venerated for more than fifty years, needs reform in some of its provisions, to adapt it to the altered situation of the inhabitants, is a sentiment common to us all. Let it be brought about, however, by gentle and peaceable means, and without the agitations and commotions, ever attendant on revolutions. The reform can be made under the 5th article of the constitution, as many important amendments have before been made, or can be effected by a legislative call of a convention, if the citizens are resolved on having a convention. It seems understood that either mode of reform will be adopted at the next session of the legislature if asked for by the united voice of the people of the state.

In conclusion, I beseech you, citizens of Queen Ann's county, to be on your guard against giving your support to the wild schemes of ambitious men. Believe me, there is great risk in trusting them.

Your faithful and obedient serv't.
RICH'D. T. EARLE.
Queen Ann's County, October 29.

A voice from Virginia.—We speak in no spirit of vain boasting when we say, that our recent accounts from the Valley of Virginia and some of the North western counties, from the most intelligent sources, justify the confident belief that the vote of Virginia will go against the Van Buren ticket by a handsome majority, if the Whigs will turn out in other counties. Let no man then stay at home'—But let every voter act as though the contest depended on his individual exertions.—Lynchburg Virginian.—Democratic Whig.

Pennsylvania.—The Philadelphia Commercial Herald of Monday says:—"We continue to receive the most cheering assurances of the activity of our friends in the interior of this State, and their confidence in the success of our ticket at the November election. The Whigs, we are glad to learn, have the right sort of sensibility in regard to their supineness at the late election, and feel that they owe it to themselves, their friends, and the country, to make up in activity what they have lost by their former short comings. We hope they will recollect that the eyes of the Whigs throughout the United States are upon them."—Democratic Whig.

The cholera is committing fearful ravages among the slaves on the plantations about Charleston. In the city it seems to be gradually disappearing.

FOREIGN WHEAT.—Our Weekly Report of the market states the fact that the imports of foreign wheat into this city during the present month, have been 43,408 bushels, and that the whole import since the first of the year has been 163,408 bushels.—*Balt. Amer.*

GEORGIA ELECTION.

Our table contains the full returns of the 90 counties of the state. The union ticket is elected, with the exception of Gen. Coffee. Col Dawson being the highest on the state rights ticket is consequently elected. We stated in yesterday's paper the number of union men elected to the legislature to be 155; and the number of state rights men 111.
Democratic Whig.

The following notice of the crops of the West and South is from the New Orleans Bee of the 12th instant:

The Harvest.—The intelligence from the Western country represents the crops in the most flourishing condition; and we may anticipate a large harvest. This is a subject in which every man, woman, and child in the community takes an interest, and we feel happy that the information is of so auspicious a nature. Much land has been brought under cultivation during the present year by emigration, by which our exports will be greatly increased, and the business of our city be rendered more extensive.—The failure of the crops at the East and North will keep up a brisk demand in our market, and sustain such prices as will prove highly remunerative to the farmer.

At home the prospect is not less encouraging; the sugar and cotton crops, it is believed, will be greater than for several years past.

We have reason to be grateful that Providence has been so kind in her dispensation to us, and while we regret that our eastern brethren have not been as fortunate as ourselves, we are happy that we have such an abundance as will permit us to supply their wants.

GEORGIA.—The result of the election in this State is considered in Georgia, by most candid men, as settling the question as to the Presidential vote and insuring the State for Judge White. It was conceded in this city, as we understood, by the Jackson men themselves, during the last session of Congress, that unless the Union ticket for Congress should be carried by at least 5,000 majority, the State might be considered lost to Mr. Van Buren. The annexed letter from Georgia, under date of the 13th inst. which we find in the New York Express, throws much light on the nature of parties in Georgia, and explains the grounds, in part, for the opinion that the State will go against Mr. Van Buren.—*Nat. Intel.*

"*Augusta*, Oct. 18

"My opinion is, that 'the Union ticket,' as it is called, is elected by a small majority; but this, as yet, is not certain. In the counties, however, bordering upon the Cherokee country, the State Rights party do not expect to gain, but to lose a trifle. *Union party* by the way, is a curious name for these *squatters* among the Indians, of late, as they never much heed law or gospel, much less *union*.

"You may now set down Georgia as decidedly Anti Van Buren as any State in the Union. *We are as sure of defeating him as the day of election comes.* There is not even a *probability—possibility*. I might say—that he can get the vote of the State. I speak thus decidedly, for I know the people of Georgia—know the parties, and know on what principles they vote. Painters here do not *gee* and haw as they do in the Northern States. Our stump speaking system keeps the people right. The newspapers cannot be torn out of their eyeteeth, and make many of them believe black is white, as the Van Buren presses do in the North.

"Hear me, then, and I will tell you all about our parties. *I*, for example, being a Northern man, and what they call a *Union* man here. Before this election I have ever voted for what was called the Union ticket. *I* disliked the movement of the Nullification party in South Carolina, and have ever opposed them when they attempted to make Georgia so. Law after. But when the attempt was made to make Van Buren the *head* of the Union party, I was off; and no matter what they call me, whether it be Nullifier or Pewter Mugger, as you have it in New York, I can never stand Martin Van Buren. All my old Union friends that were Adams men, would have come off with me, if the members of Congress on the *Union* ticket had not pledged themselves to go as the State goes in November. All of us then intend to untie, and to row the 'Little Magician' a LEETLE *leetle* further up Salt River than he ever was rowed before."
Democratic Whig.

The New York Star issues the following card:—

"*To Pennsylvania Editors and Committees*—We are constantly imposed upon by the false information of our opponents, to obviate which, we so good as to prepare, before the ensuing election, printed lists of the returns, in the different *Counties*, of the late Congressional elections: let these lists be prepared in every part of the State, and write opposite each return the change in the electoral vote, and transmit by mail and private conveyance to different parts of this State. Send the returns as quick as received, if only one town. This precaution and expedition is of importance, as the election in that State closes on the 4th of November and in New York continues from the 7th to the 10th.

THE PROSPECT.

The news of the brilliant triumph of the friends of the constitution over the Spoils party in Ohio and the highly encouraging intelligence from Georgia, are well calculated to fill the opposition with the best hopes. It is now almost certain that Martin Van Buren cannot be elected to the Chief Magistracy.—Let the organs of the party boast as they may, they cannot reasonably count upon success from present appearances. Give them all that they can with any pretention to fairness lay claim to, and their candidate will be far from the mark.—One hundred and forty-six voters are necessary. Let him have

Maine,	10
New Hampshire,	7
Connecticut,	8
New York,	42
Pennsylvania,	30
New Jersey,	8
Arkansas,	3
Missouri,	4
Illinois,	5
	117

Thrown in even Virginia, with her 23, and Rhode Island with her 4, which must re ac knowledged to be doubtful, and then he is not elected. Let the Van Buren organs therefore discard their vague assertions and empty boasts in a matter which may be reduced to something like arithmetical accuracy. Let them refer their readers, to recorded numbers, about which there can be no doubt; and, reckoning upon these, we tell the Globe and its echoes, before they can place their candidate in the Presidential chair, they must first of all show 146 votes for him—You are at present minus 29 at least. Gain them or cease to brag!

In the mean time, we tell our friends Be of good cheer. The best spirits have been awakened in Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, and New York; and we sincerely believe the Whigs can carry each of those States if they will put forth their whole strength.—*Sun.*

From the Democratic Whig.

☞READ! READ! READ!☜

FELLOW-CITIZENS OF MARYLAND!!!

Another, and the *last* election is drawing near. You have nobly rallied at the September and October elections, and let not the Election of Monday next find us retrograding. For the first time we vote by General Ticket, and the ballot of every individual counts throughout the State. A crisis in our State affairs has arrived, and the leaders of the Van Buren party wish to draw your attention from the true merits of the Presidential candidates, and thus, under the cloak of *Reform* smuggle their candidate into the electoral vote of Maryland. Be not deceived. The Whig party of Maryland are in favor of Reform in a Constitutional manner, and the Van Buren party in favor of the disorganizing and Revolutionary movements of the infamous and traitorous 18. and should the State go for Van Buren, the conclusion must inevitably follow that she also applauds the movements of the 19. Fellow-citizens of Maryland, arouse to the contest, here are the Presidential candidates—Look on this picture, then on that! The Whig candidate is

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. WM. H. HARRISON.

Nominated by more than 800 meetings of the People, and who, for his civic services and talent was so pre eminent as to first draw the attention of the people to him.

HARRISON is the son of one of the Signers of *our Declaration of Independence*. He was Educated by ROBERT MORRIS, *the immortal Financier of the Revolution*. At 19 years of age he received a commission from WASHINGTON, *the Father of his Country*. The same year, Harrison received the thanks of the GALLANT WAYNE, *for his courage and conduct* in a desperate battle with the Indians.

General Harrison has been entrusted both as a soldier and civilian with the most important stations of any man living, and he discharged the duties imposed on him in a manner worthy the character of Washington or Jefferson.

The Congress of the United States tendered their thanks and presented a medal to General Harrison for his gallant, patriotic, and successful conduct.

The Legislature of Kentucky pronounced him a Hero and Patriot.

The Legislature of Indiana declared the same sentiments.

James Madison recorded his evidence to the same. So did Col Dewess, so did Oliver Perry, so did Lewis Cass, so did Isaac Shelby, so did every officer and respectable soldier under his command, and so did Col. R. M. *Johnson*, the Baltimore Convention candidate for Vice President, and Ritchie the editor of the Richmond Enquirer.

Harrison invaded Canada; captured Malden; pursued and overtook the flying British, and on the 5th of October defeated the English Commander, and won the

Victory of the Thames.

After the war, Harrison was again elected to Congress, where he procured the establishment of a Militia System, the grant of a pension to the poor soldiers who had fought for the liberty of the country; the acknowledgment of the Independence of the South American Republics, and the passage of many useful laws. In 1824 he was elected to the Senate of the United States. In 1836 he was appointed Minister to the Republic of Colombia, where he interposed to dissuade Bolivar from assuming regal power. In 1835 he was nominated by a free and grateful people to the first office in their gift, and in 1836 he will be triumphantly elected. Gen Harrison was never made the subject of accusation. He has not only free but unsuspected. He has passed his life in the service of his country; has encountered great dangers and hardships in her cause, and now holds a small office for support.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

John Tyler,

The able Statesman, the eloquent Orator, the unsullied Patriot, and tried Republican.

These Fellow Citizens are the Whig candidates; now for the office holders ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

MARTIN VAN BUREN,

Who has been nominated by at least 800 holders of office, who think upon the election depends their remaining in office, and hence their zeal.

During the last war, Martin Van Buren sided with the opposition and against Madison and the War.

In the Presidential contest he opposed Jackson, until he found he was about to be elected.

While Minister to England, *he slandered his own country*, in order to obtain a political advantage.

He is for a Tariff and against it, as suits his purpose.

He is for Internal Improvement and against it.

He is for Abolition, at the North, and opposed to it when in the South.

He is inconsistent in his opinions of measures as also men and only consistent in his views of personal aggrandizement.

He is not a freeman when it suits his purpose to act as a slave, or he never would have avowed the slavish principle that it was glory enough for him to serve under Gen. Jackson.'

He is the author of the proscriptive system, by which an honest man is turned out of office, to make way for political demagogues.

He has sustained and betrayed all parties as well as principles.

In the Convention which amended the Constitution of New York, he offered and supported a proposition requiring that no man should vote without owning a certain amount of property.

He voted for and sustained that odious feature in the New York Constitution which prevails to this day, that free Negroes should be entitled to a vote, if possessed of a little property.

He was for taking the Election of Sheriffs from the People and having them appointed by the Governor.

He declared on the floor of the Senate 'that the further power is removed from the People the better.'

This and his support of the Negro having a vote, and his Property qualification for a poor white man has never been denied by his friends.

Then comes for Vice President,

RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

It is enough to say of him, that he is an Amalgamationist and Abolitionist of the first order, being the practical advocate of marriage between the Whites and Negroes.

Now, fellow-citizens, you have your choice. If you are opposed to the 19 Destructives and to Van Buren, and in favor of the old WAR WORN HERO, HARRISON, vote for the "HARRISON TICKET." But if you are in favor of Martin Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson, if you are in favor of the unprincipled and unholy course now pursued to Revolutionize our State and turn it into a Territory, which may result in *anarchy, bloodshed and ruin*, if you wish this, we say, give your suffrage to those who will cast their votes for the Kinderhooker. We have done, you now vote knowingly, and this was our object in addressing you. All we now ask, is for a general turn out, and our good old State will not fail to give a just account of herself by a strong and decided vote against the 'heir apparent' of New York.
MARYLAND.

From the National Intelligencer.

OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA.

These two powerful States lead off in the great contest which is now soon to decide the fate of the Union for weal or wo. The election of Presidential Electors takes place in both of them on Friday next, the 4th of November. In the first named of these States an arduous struggle has just terminated and resulted in the signal triumph of the friends of the Constitution and opposers of official dictation. In that contest the Whigs of Ohio discharged their duty nobly, and the victory which crowned their efforts gives assurance not only of their own success in the approaching struggle but it has cheered and animated their brethren throughout the land, above all, it has given a fresh vigor to the hopes of the patriots of Pennsylvania, and is hailed as the presage of victory in that great contest. The power arrayed against them there and everywhere, by the Government it is true, is great. The influence of office, and the use of the public measure, give to the office holders, we know, an immense advantage. They fight for the spoils, and fight as men having every thing at stake, but the independent voice of the country is against them—decidedly against them in our opinion; and let that voice be fully expressed in the coming contest—let the Whigs every where repair to the polls—let them in short, illustrate the zeal & determination of their adversaries—and as sure as the day comes victory perches on their standard. That the Whigs of Pennsylvania are now really stronger—much stronger—than their opponents, we have abundant evidence of the fact, and could exhibit conclusive proofs of it, were it worth the while. The returns of the recent election themselves establish the fact. The aggregate majority of the Administration party for members of Congress did not exceed 8,000 votes, and there were 20,000 votes less given than have been polled at former elections. Every body knows enough of the distinctive character of the two parties to know that four-fifths, if not nine-tenths of these 20,000 belonged to the Whig party.—There is no cause, therefore, for despondency nor does it, we are happy to say, appear to be felt. On the contrary, the best spirit is manifested throughout the State. Conscious of their strength, the Whigs are determined to put it forth, & the language of confidence rings from one end of the State to the other. We confess we partake of this confidence. We know that it is only necessary for the Whigs of the State to will it, and they certainly triumph. A general rally, and the Spoils party with all its train of anarchists and revolutionists, are routed beyond redemption. Let every Whig in the Commonwealth solemnly adopt and faithfully act up to the following resolutions, proclaimed by the Whigs of the Green Mountains, and their victory is sure:

"1 Resolved, That we *can* beat Martin Van Buren.

"2 Resolved, That we *will* beat him'

To the Polls, then! to the Polls!

Dreadful Fire and Explosion at Sea—By an arrival at New York, we learn that the brig Ariel from that port, bound to Carthagena, with 600 barrels of flour and half a ton of gunpowder on board, took fire at midnight of the 31st of August. The captain, crew, and nine passengers were aroused from their sleep by the dreadful cry of 'ship on fire!'—They escaped mostly in their night clothes, by means of the long boat. In about twenty minutes, and when they were not more than half a mile from the brig, she blew up with a terrific explosion, which seemed to shake and rend the very elements. They landed on the island of St. Domingo on the 4th of September, and arrived in New York on Thursday. The Ariel and her cargo were insured in the sum of $30,000.
Phil. Inq.

KENDALL COURSE RACE.

Second day.

First Race.—Silver plate valued at $300, entrance $50; the winner to take the plate or money.

Col. J. Heath's ch. c. Ormand, four years old by Sir Charles.	3 1 1
T. R. S. Boyce's b. h. Gold Boy, 5 years old, by Industry.	4 3 2
Col. J. M. Selden's b. f Josephine, four years old, by Standard.	1 2 dr.
P. Wallis's gr. f. Molinera 3 years old by Medley.	2 dis.
Col. W. White's br. g. Sam Patch, four years old by Champion.	dis
M. Potters br. c. Pelham, 4 years old, by Flying Childers.	dis.

Time—1st heat 8m. 51s.—2d heat 8m 58s.—3d heat 8 m 55s

Second Race.—Sweepstakes for 5 year olds; $100 entrance, h. f.—five entries, two started.

Col J. M. Selden's b. f Miss Phillips by Sussex.	1 1
J. B. Kendall's ch. f. Mary Granville, by Sir Charles.	2 2

Time—7st heat 7m. 53s.—2d heat 7m. 55½s.

KENDAL COURSE—*Fourth Day.*

Four Mile Heats.

Jas B. Kendall's br. m Kamsidel,	1 1
Jas. S. Garrison's ch. m. Gloriana,	2 2
Wm. L. White's gr g Dandy,	4 3
Geo Goodwin's Catharine Davis,	3 4
Levi Hoffman's Maid of the Neck,	dis.
Wm. Busley's ch. h. Kano	dis.

Time—7m. 52s.—8m. 28s.

Won easily by Kamsidel—bets 5 to 4 on Gloriana against the field—the winner had her friends, and no small amount changed hands.

CAMDEN RACES.—Contrary to the expectation of every one in this city, Post Boy was beaten at Camden on Thursday.—The following is the report of the race:

JOCKEY CLUB PURSE $1000—4 mile heats.

Col. Wm. R. Johnson's b f Atalanta, 4 years old, by Industry, dam by Reader,	1 1
R. Tillotson's ch h Post Boy, 5 years old, by Henry, dam by Duroc,	2 2
Jas. S. Garrison's b f Cippus, 4 years old, by Industry, dam by Mark Antony,	3 dis.

Time—8m 5s—8m. 14s.—Ten to one in favor of Post Boy.—It is computed that there were nearly 2500 people in the pavilion and stands and that there were 10,000 people on the ground. The U. States Gazette informs us 'that the Ladies' stand was filled with beauty and fashion.'

On same day the following race was run:—Sweepstakes, two mile heats for three year olds—entrance $300, half forfeit.

Jas. S. Garrison's c f by Sir Charles, dam Sir Hal,	1 1
Wm. R. Johnson's ch f Mary Blunt, by Sir Charles, dam Alice,	2 2
Joseph H. Vanmatre's ch c Mortimer, by Monmouth Eclipse, dam by Ogle's Oscar,	dis

Time—3m. 54s.—4m. 1s.

Odds in favor of Mary Blunt, 8 to 1, freely offered.

The Course was much better attended than on any of the previous days. The Ladies' stand was filled with beauty and fashion.

Died

In this town on Sunday last, after a painful illness, Mr. Caleb Brown.

In this county, at the residence of their father, October 23d, 10 o'clock, in the morning, Mary Amelia, aged 6 years and 10 months.

Sophia Ellen, October 23d, 10 o'clock, A. M. aged 8 years and 3 months.

Adrian James, October 24th, aged 18 months.

John Henry, October 20th, aged 3 years 7 months, the children of John Valliant, Esq.

PRICES CURRENT.

Baltimore, Nov. 2.

Wheat, Red,	$1 80 a 2 00
Corn, White,	83 a 84
yellow,	88 a 89
Rye,	1 20 a 0 00
Oats,	46 a 48

Divine Service may be expected in Christ Church, in Easton, on Saturday 5th inst. at 11 o'clock, A. M.; and on the next day, (Sunday,) at same House.

The citizens of the Town and County, are respectfully invited to attend. The Bishop and Mr. Crosdale, are expected to preach.

NOTICE.

The subscribers mill at 'Sherwood's Branch,' is now in full and successful operation, under the care and management of Mr. Isaac Ireland.

EDW'D. N. HAMBLETON.
oct 15 3w

TO RENT,

For the ensuing year, the following houses, viz:

The house and premises on the East side of Washington street in Easton, now occupied by Mr. Solomon Barrett, as a *public house*.

Do three small houses, at the White Chimnies, near Easton.

Do. a comfortable dwelling House, near the Quaker Meeting House.

Also several houses belonging to the estate of the late Doct. Hammond.

For terms apply to the subscriber in Easton.
JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.
Easton, aug 6 w

A CARD.

The subscriber intending to decline Innkeeping at the end of the year, respectfully solicits all those indebted to him in any way, to settle their accounts as early as possible, as he wishes to pay what money he owes before he leaves the place—to enable him to do this, he must collect, or commence suits at the November Term.

SOLOMON LOWE.
aug 13

Postponement.

Public Sale.

Will be offered at Public Sale, on Wednesday the 2d of November, at Milton, near Peach Blossom, a large stock of valuable Horses, a mong them are 3 mares in fold by Bashaw, some promissing young Mules, and a yearling colt by Moscow—also work Oxen and Hogs, Ox carts, two Gigs and harness, some household and kitchen furniture, and a variety of farming implements.

I will offer at the same time and place, 20 shares of Denton Bridge Stock, a quantity of Plank and shingles several sides of heavy upper leather and one pair of brass Andirons, all belonging to the estate of the late Benjamin Denny, Senr. Terms of sale for the whole—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, before the removal of the property; all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required—Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

ROB. H. RHOADS.

The Sale advertised above is postponed on account of rain until Wednesday the 9th inst, if fair, if not, the next fair day.
Nov. 5, 1836.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed, at the suit of Samuel Harrison, against James Benson, will be exposed to sale, on Tuesday, the 8th day of November next, between the hours of ten o'clock, in the forenoon, and five o'clock, in the afternoon, of that day, at the front door of the Court-house, in the town of Easton, in Talbot county, all and singular, the farm, plantation and land, of the said James Benson, situate, lying and being in Talbot county, on the west side of St. Michaels River, whereon the said James Benson, the defendant, in the said writ named, lived and resided, or of which he was seized or possessed, on the second day of February, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and twenty two; consisting of the tracts or parts of the tracts of land, called "Benson's Choice" "Bigg's Hole" and "Benson's Enlargement" containing one hundred and twenty acres of land, more or less, being the same land which was mortgaged by the said defendant to the said plaintiff, by deed of mortgage, bearing date the 18th day of September, 1818, and all the estate, right, title and interest, of the said James Benson, both at law and in equity, of, in and to the same, to satisfy the damages, costs and charges in the said writ named.

E. N. HAMBLETON,
former Sheriff.
oct 15

NEW FIRM.

BELL & STEWART,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have commenced the

COACH, GIG & HARNESS

MAKING,

in Easton at the old stand, at the North end of Washington street, for many years kept by Joseph Parrott, and recently by John W. Mills, where they intend carrying on the above business in all its various branches. The subscribers having been regularly brought up to the business, they flatter themselves that they will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom, as they intend to keep constantly on hand the

BEST MATERIALS,

and employing EXPERIENCED WORKMEN. They will also pledge themselves to work on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produces.

april 9 3m

THE SATURDAY NEWS
AND
LITERARY GAZETTE
A WEEKLY FAMILY NEWSPAPER
Devoted to Literature, Criticism, the Fine Arts, General Intelligence, News, &c.

Price Two Dollars per annum—payable in advance.

On Saturday, July 2, 1836, the subscribers will commence, in Philadelphia, the publication of a new weekly newspaper under the above title.

The *News* will embrace every variety of light literature, including, Tales, Poetry, Essays, Criticism, Notices of the Fine Arts, the Drama, &c. The original matter will be supplied by writers of the first eminence. A regular correspondence will be maintained with Washington, and the principal Cities of the Union, and arrangements are in progress by which letters from Europe will be constantly furnished.

Attention will be paid to securing at the earliest possible date the choicest productions of the English periodical press. Popular novels will occasionally be given, though they will not be suffered to interfere with a general variety. The latest news, and all items of interesting intelligence will invariably form part of the contents.

The *News* will be printed on a folio sheet of the largest class, and will furnish as large an amount of reading matter as any weekly paper now published in this country. It will be conducted in a spirit of the most fearless independence. All allusion to party politics, or sectarian religion will be carefully avoided.

LOUIS A. GODEY,
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