fol, he declared he would vote for Mr Wise's resolution.

The debate was continued by Messrs Ripley, Peyton, Underwood and Mann—at four o'clock the House adjourned till to-morrow.—In the course of his remarks in support of the original resolution, Mr. Underwood, of Kentucky, directed the attention of the House to the case of Hocker, the *honest* fellow who carried off the poll books, and who has been appointed a post master by Amos Kendall! He said he wished to see the correspondence that led to the appointment.—Some one observed it would be among the burned papers. 'No' exclaimed Mr. Underwood, 'I trust not—I was at the fire myself—and am convinced every thing there was any desire to preserve in the General Post Office Department, might have been saved.' I will venture to say, however, this correspondence will not be forthcoming. D.

Correspondence of the Balt. Patriot.

Washington, Dec. 17th, 1836.

Nothing farther has been allowed to transpire respecting the origin of the recent disastrious conflagration. The committees of both Houses are pursuing their investigation into the causes with vigor, and they will doubtless soon give to congress and the nation all the information they will be able to obtain. In the mean time our citizens generally attach great blame to certain persons employed in the City Post Office for preventing those who were on the spot as soon as alarm was given, from entering that part of the building, and saving the mails which had arrived the preceding evening, and were ready for delivery. I have not heard an individual among those who were present during the first hour, except persons connected with the Department, deny that all the contents of the City Post Office might have been saved. It seems that they were in so much fear lest the crowd *might* appropriate some of the property to themselves, that they opposed their ingress! and thus rendered *certain* the destruction of the *whole!!* The people ought not to be satisfied till those who made this resistence are brought to a strict account. So obstinate and determined was their opposition, that the impression became general in the crowd that the opposers did not wish the fire to be extinguished, & 'Wise's Resolution,' 'Hocker's Correspondence,' Extra Allowances,' and other equally significant cries, were shouted by the crowd and clearly indicated their opinions as to the origin.

Immediately after the fire, the City Authorities decided that the walls were so dangerous to the lives of the citizens, that they must come down.—Here was a job for the jonts of the party's tail;—and the manner in which the heads disposed of it exhibited their meanness and prescription in the most contemptible form. One of the most respectable of our mechanics applied to the Commissioner of Public Buildings for the privilege of competing for the contract for taking down the ruins, and sent in his estimates accordingly. The Commissioner told him that the Postmaster General was the only person that had to do with the matter, and that he (the Commissioner) had no voice in disposing of the contract. Upon this, the person I have spoken of went to Amos Kendall, and informed him of his wishes. That functionary said he had nothing to do with it—that the Commissioner of Public Buildings was the only person who had any concern in giving the contract! 'Why,' said the applicant, 'the Commissioner told me the matter rested with you' 'No, sir,' said Mr. Kendall, 'you must be mistaken.—The Commissioner alone has the disposal of the contract, and I am informed he has engaged persons to take down the walls.' The Postmaster General was correct. The Commissioner had engaged others to do the work. Why did he by this disingentuous artifice, give the go by to Mr Behler, the person of whom I have spoken? Because the applicant is known to be a staunch, unflinching Whig—whose devotion to the good cause and respectability of character, induced his fellow citizens to single him out as a proper person to receive and address General Harrison, on the occasion of his recent visit to this city. Such a circumstance could not be forgotten or forgiven by these bread and stipendiaries of the Government, and they passed this honest man by. What is the consequence? The work has been entrusted to less competent hands—engaged, I am informed, by the day! They began the work of demolition yesterday morning, and by five o'clock had succeeded in bringing down a single chimney amid the jeers and loud laughter of the populace. They will probably not finish till some time next month, certainly not at the rate they have begun. Their plan is to tie a rope around a chimney, or part of a wall, and then for a pull! Any competent mechanic could level the whole with the pavement within three days. Mr. Beneer offered to give bonds to do it in that time, and at much lower cost than those who got the job—but he was not of the right faith.

Neither House set to-day. You will perceive from the Globe of this morning, that the resolution Mr. Pearce, has offered as a substitute for that of Mr. Wise, relative to the condition of the Executive Departments, is to be carried. Was ever such insolence tolerated? That the Executive Finite should come out and proclaim that a measure proposed by one of the party's tools, in the House of the People, must become a law—a measure, too, designed to evade investigation—to shield deeds against all inquiry If the heads of the Executive Departments are what they ought to be—if they are entitled to the gratuitous and unsearchable compliments the writer of the Message—(and is themselves)—have paid them, why shuffle, and skulk into crown behind the President coat—'the truth is, they, and their servile followers in Congress, are well aware of their corruption and rottenness, and dare not meet investigation.

The President still continues extremely low. His friends have the greatest anxiety about him. D

EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, (MD.)

Saturday Morning, December 24.

Our standing paragraph again —The Western Mail, due on Thursday night last, had not arrived, when this paper went to press.

We understand from the Postmaster here, that the mail boat was not blown high and dry, by the gale, but is firmly clasped in the arms of old Jack Frost. If the route had not been changed from Haddaway's Ferry to Broad Creek, this would not have occurred.

We are indebted to Capt. Taylor for Baltimore papers of yesterday.

CONGRESS.

On Thursday last, a message was received from the President, on the subject of the State of Texas, expressing his views as to the resolutions passed by Congress, at the last session. The President is of opinion, that we should stand aloof, until the independence of Texas has been recognized by Mexico herself, or some other power.

The annual session of our State Legislature commences on Monday next—We shall endeavor to lay before our readers, as early as possible, an account of its proceedings.

VICE PRESIDENT.—It is now settled that R M Johnson cannot be elected Vice President —The votes of the following States, it is ascertained, have been given against him.

Massachusetts,	14
Vermont,	7
New Jersey,	8
Delaware,	3
Maryland,	10
Virginia,	23
Georgia,	11
South Carolina,	11
Tennessee,	15
Kentucky,	15
Ohio,	21
Indiana,	9
	147

Being more than a majority of all the votes the States are entitled to give.—*Balt. Chron.*

The heads of the different Departments at Washington have given public notice that all letters and communications which reached Washington on the afternoon or night of the 11th instant, were destroyed by the fire which burnt the City Post Office. The letters to members of Congress shared the same fate. We repeat the mention of the fact that persons here and elsewhere may be apprised of it, and transmit duplicates of letters thus consumed.

Death of Mr. Poindexter — Hon. Geo Poindexter was at the Mansion House, Natches, on the 16th November. He was called up at 3 o'clock in the morning, when opening by mistake, a door made for the ventilation of the building, he was precipitated about 20 feet—had his leg and thigh broken, and received other injuries, that have terminated his existence.—Sat. Cour.

Pennsylvania Senator —The Honorable James Buchanan, was on Tuesday re-elected U. S Senator from that state. The vote was for Mr Buchanan 85; C. B. Penrose 21; T. M. T. M'Kennon 24

Missouri —The Hon. L. F. Linn has been unanimously reelected U. S. Senator by the Legislature of Missouri.

South Carolina —The Electors of this State, by instruction of the Legislature which elected them, voted unanimously for Willie P. Mangum, of North Carolina, for President, and John Tyler, of Virginia, for Vice President.

William C Preston, was on Saturday week re elected, by the Legislature of South Carolina, without opposition, to be a Senator of the U. States for six years from the 31 day of March next, when his present term of service will expire.

Maine.—The *Hon.* Judah Dana, of Fryeburg, has been appointed by the Governor and Council, Senator in Congress for Maine, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Shepley.

From the New York Commercial, December, 16.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION.

Shortly after six o'clock, on Wednesday evening, fire burst out of the fourth loft of the large four story brick store 231 Pearl street, occupied as follows:

First story—Wright, Nelson and Kendall, dry goods merchants, stock mostly saved.

Second Story—Cyrus Carlton and Co. merchants, Stock mostly destroyed.

Third and fourth stories—Leander Allen, importer of dry goods, whose entire stock was burned. He was fully insured.

The building was owned by the estate of Moses Rogers, and was insured.

Another—Between one and two o'clock, the bells again sounded the alarm, which was found to proceed from a range of two story frame buildings, bounded on Greenwich and Barclay streets. The particulars as far as ascertained are as follows:

On Greenwich street—No. 213, occupied by J. D. Hoag & Co. as a dry goods store.—Slightly injured. None of the goods were destroyed by the fire, but some damage was done by water and removal. Insured.

No. 2134.—Merrell and Williams, dry goods. Stock principally saved, part in a damaged state. Building partially destroyed.

No. 215.—R. S. Degroot dry goods. Building so far damaged as not to be worth repairing.

No 217.—Mr. Jenkins, clothing store—totally destroyed—part of the stock saved.

The foregoing were all two story frame buildings, owned by Miss Stymets, and we understood were insured.

No. 219.—Owned and occupied in the first story, by Lawrence V. Husted, clothier. Stock partly saved. The second story was tenanted by H. W. Stone as a dry good store. Stock mostly destroyed, and building entirely so.

On Barclay street.—No. 70, occupied by Richard H. Thompson, tailor. Entirely destroyed.

No. 68.—Occupied by James Berthoff, gunsmith; the second story by Mrs. O'Brien, as a residence.—Entirely destroyed.

No. 66.—The oyster house of Benjamin Story.—building was pulled down by hook and ladder company No. 1, and was the means of stopping the fire in this district, and saving several wooden buildings beyond, it not the main part of the block.

The whole management of the fire was beautiful, and to the excellent arrangements of the chief, and a good supply of water, are mainly attributable the saving of the whole front on Greenwich, between Vesey and Barclay streets.

Another—About three o'clock, yesterday morning, and while the firemen were on their way home from the fire in Barclay street, another alarm was sounded for the fourth district, which proved to be the two story frame house situated next to the Southeast corner of Grand street and the Bowery, and before it was conquered, destroyed and injured the following buildings:—

No. 127 Bowery, a two story brick building, occupied by Dr. Guion, druggist, and in the basement by Mr Russell's 'saratoga,' & where the fire is supposed to have originated the upper part entirely destroyed. Mr. Russell's loss is estimated at $3000; no insurance. We are requested to state, that the stock of Dr. Guion was but slightly injured, and that by action of the water. He continues his business as heretofore.

No 1254, a two story wooden tenement, occupied by Mr. Robert Rhind, as a tavern and boarding house—destroyed. The tenants barely escaping with their lives. Mr Rhind's loss in furniture and fixtures, estimated at $2500, no insurance.

No. 125 a two story frame building, occupied by Mr. Samuel C Lawrence, tin plate and iron worker—destroyed; loss $3000. Mr. Lawrence was fully insured in the City Insurance Company

No. 123, a two story wooden building, occupied as a potter house, known by the name of the 'Sons of Harmony'—slightly injured in the rear. A brick building next to the corner of Bowery and Grand, was also injured in the rear.

The buildings were all owned by Mr Thomas White, ex-alderman of the 11th ward, whose loss is estimated at $7,000, upon which he has an insurance of $2,500 in the Jefferson Insurance Company.

Yet another.—At 12 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the packing house 1.' Chrystie st., occupied by Mr. Edwards, and owned by Mr. Badeau. This, with several out buildings, was entirely destroyed, and the brick house of Mr Swift, and the building occupied by fire company 30, slightly injured.

FIRE AT ALBANY.—The clothing store of James Mortimer, 485 South Market street, was consumed by fire on Wednesday last—Loss $500)—insured. The two adjoining buildings were slightly damaged.

THE GENERAL POST OFFICE—THE CITY POST OFFICE AND THE PATENT OFFICE BURNT TO THE GROUND

Correspondence of the Baltimore Chronicle.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15th, 1836.

I was witness this morning to a dreadful conflagration. About 4 o'clock I was awakened with the thrilling cry of 'fire in the Post Office Department.' As soon as possible, I hastened to the scene of action. When I arrived, I found a thick column of smoke issuing from the apertures in the doors and windows of the ground floor—the room usually filled with wood and coal for the use of the Department. This was under the City Post Office. The fire with ease might then have been extinguished *but*—aye, but for what I give you sir, what I saw & heard,your readers can draw their own conclusions. The doors were all locked; an attempt was made to burst them open by some public spirited persons, but they were *prevented*—by whom!—the darkness of the night and the excitement of the moment prevented them from recognizing. The keys were asked for, but no one produced them. By this time the flames burst forth from the windows of the City Office and this portion of the Department was entirely consumed *without being entered!* The part of the building appropriated to the General Post Office was open, and the clerks, aided by the citizens removed most of the important papers before the flames communicated with these rooms. The Patent Office, too, I regret to say, was consumed, with every single model. I fear but few of them can be replaced. It is said (whether as a *jeu d'esprit*, or in sober earnestness, I know not) that Wise's resolution produced the catastrophe. For the sake of human nature and the honor of the country, I hope this is not so. It was not, however the result of accident.

Baltimore Post Office, Dec. 15.

On Thursday, in the House of Representatives, Mr. Connor, on leave, introduced the following resolution, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Committee of the Post Office and Post Roads be instructed to inquire into the causes of the conflagration of the Post Office Buildings, this morning; and also to inquire what injury may have been sustained by the United States; and what legislation may be necessary in consequence thereof.

PHILADELPHIA GAZETTE OFFICE, Saturday Evening Dec. 17—6 P. M

DESTRUCTIVE STORM.

Last night was remarkable and will be long remembered, for a violent tempest. Throughout Philadelphia and its vicinity, the wind, which shifted at near midnight from the south, alternately to the west, north west, and north east, blew a perfect hurricane, accompanied by torrents of rain.—The blast howled among the chimney tops, over the town, and along the river, with resistless fury. Many serious accidents will be found recorded among our marine intelligence; ships sunk, and numerous other damages sustained, of which, as yet the accounts must be limited and imperfect. The tidings from the sea coast and the bay, we fear, will teem with disaster. We have not heard of any accidents on land in the neighborhood of the city, though it is scarcely possible that the valley of the Schuylkill has escaped them. We look for details of wharves overflowed, houses unroofed, and other, perhaps more deplorable, calamities.

From the Savannah Georgian Extra, Dec. 13, 12 o'clock,

By the pilot boat Sarah M., Capt. Low, arrived last night, we received the St. Augustine Herald of the 10th inst. containing the following intelligence.

FROM THE ARMY.

By an arrival from Volusia, we learn that General Jessup with a force of about 900 men, supposed of regular troops and Alabama Volunteers, had arrived at Volusia, direct from Tampa Bay. On arriving at the Ocklawaha, he surprised a gang of negroes, 43 in number, and took the whole of them prisoners. These negroes are a part of those belonging to Col O. S. Rees, and were captured by the Indians in Dec. last. They are mostly women and children. An Indian was also taken by his advance guard. We understand that the Indian on finding that he could not elude pursuit, said must be taken, endeavored to pass himself off as a friendly Creek who had strayed from the main body, and was lost; he was very glad to see his friends and shook hands with all around him. The cheat was soon discovered and he was secured. From these negroes and the Indian much valuable information has been obtained as regards the position, movements and future operations of the Indians and also their services as guides.

The negroes state that the day previous to their being taken, an express had been sent to Topkoliky, with orders for all the warriors to concentrate in the Wahoo Swamp, and that they were on their way there. A negro boy longing to Francis Gue, Esq of this city who ran away last spring, carried the express, and appears to be high in the confidence of the Indians.

The negroes have been brought to town and will be delivered to their owners as soon as they can demand them.

The Wahoo Swamp is where, if what the negroes state to be true, the Indians are concentrating, in their strongest hold and where they have made their boldest stand and as yet, their most desperate struggle, and are preparing for a struggle still more desperate and deadly: may it be their last!

The army march again in a few days for the Wahoo swamp, under command of Gen. Jessup. The Tennessee brigade, whose term of service is nearly expired, will return home by the way of the mouth of the Withlacoochy.

THE CAPITOL.—Every body admires the elegance and grandeur of the Hall of the House of Representatives—because of its vast size, its splendid marble columns—(whether the white capitals to the dark shafts are in good taste, is a question)—its vaulted ceiling beautifully painted—its rich decorations, and all the other *et ceteras*, which constitute it, we presume, the most magnificent Legislative Hall in the world. There are some objections to it, however, apart from its unfortunate defect as to the purposes of *hearing*, and relating to its decoration, which might and ought to be removed. We allude particularly here to the tawdry ornaments about the Speaker's Chair. If a profusion of gilt wool and tin and purple hangings and tassels, could make any thing *superb*, the *artiste* who hung the parapharnalia we have described, has succeeded most admirably. But, inasmuch as most people will not be disposed to admit this, we fear the whole affair will be considered a failure. We spoke of this last winter and heard many express the same opinion

The extension of the 'Capitol square' will give ample verge and space enough' for a fine display of the gardener's skill and taste which, we doubt not, will be exhibited in due time. The grounds, we understand, are to be laid out handsomely, and planted with the choicest trees and flowers. We may then, hope to see blooming there in the spring and summer 'a shrubery that Shenstone might have envied.' Is not the Naval Monument just in the place where it is, a deformity?—The Monument itself is a handsome work, but its *location* is unfortunate.

In the interior of the capitol we do not believe there have been any improvements since last winter. The vacant panncls in the Rotunda are still vacant—the old fashioned clock opposite Stuart's fine head of Washington still occupies its place in the Senate Chamber—the Refectories still hang their banner on the outward wall.—Alexander Gaz.

As this is the season for *Buck wheat Cakes*, the following recipe will at this time be valuable to those who are fond of them—a friend, who has tried the experiment, says it makes decidedly better cakes, with half the trouble necessary in the usual mode of raising them with yeast.

To 3 pints of buck wheat flour, mixed into a batter, add 1 teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, dissolved in water, and 1 ditto of tartaric acid, dissolved in like manner—first apply the carbonate, stir the batter well, and then put in the acid—thus the use of yeast is entirely superseded, and cakes as light as a feather are ensured. One great advantage is that the batter is ready for baking as soon as it is made

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From the Farmer and Gardener.

WHEAT FLY—A PROPOSED PREMIUM.

We make the following extract from a communication which appeared in the Baltimore Chronicle, of the 8th instant, and commend the *proposition* it contains to the consideration of Agriculturalists generally. The writer, it will be seen, estimates that the last wheat crop, from the ravages of the Fly, and other causes, is less by 12 millions of bushels than usual, and proposes that the legislature should be memorialized to offer a premium of $4.000 to any person who shall discover a preventive remedy against the ravages of the *Hessian Fly*.—and although we dissent from the writer's assertion, that the egg of the insect is deposited on the *seed wheat*, we think the amount of money named, could not be more judiciously appropriated; for if the pecuniary inducement should lead to a discovery; the benefits to the county at large, will prove of incalculable and lasting benefit.

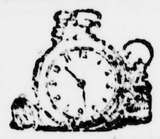
"From the best data I have been able to get at, I believe the wheat crop in these States alone, to be at least 12 millions of bushels less than usual. This loss falls principally upon consumers in the first instance, many of whom have been obliged to anticipate their crop and unfortunately regulated their expenditures in expectation of their usual crop; disappointed in their usual resources they are obliged to disappoint the country merchant; and others who have been more provident than to go in debt, are nevertheless forced to dispense with many comforts which they have been accustomed to enjoy. Thus, the country retailers being disappointed in receiving his dues, and in making his usual sales, is forced to disappoint the merchants in the cities, from whom he received his supplies, whilst they, poor souls, are not only forced to meet their own engagements for an unusually large stock of goods, (for I believe it is admitted that the merchants expected an increased business) but are obliged to make good the unexpected delinquences of their customers.—Now, sir, I have not written this without an object, being clearly of opinion that the country has sustained an actual loss of twelve millions of dollars by one of the vilest foreign agents that ever invaded our country, viz: the Hessian Fly I propose that the merchants and mechanics shall unite with the farmers in an early application to our legislature praying that honorable body to offer a premium of at least $4 000 to any individual who may discover an effectual preventive to the devastations of this little insect I have no doubt if Maryland consents, Virginia, Pennsylvania and New York, will follow her example. We should then have a premium of sixteen thousand dollars offered, a sufficient sum to attract the attention of the ablest naturalists of our country; and I have no doubt but the experiment would prove successful At all events the State would hazard nothing, for if an effectual preventive be not discovered, the State would not be called upon to pay the premium, and if an effectual preventive be discovered, her citizens would be benefitted greatly beyond the amount paid. From my observations, I am convinced that the impression that this insect is migratory in its habits, is erroneous. On the contrary, I am firmly convinced that the egg from which the insect is hatched, is sown with the grain, and that any preparation which could destroy the egg on the seed wheat without injuring the germ, would prove effectual.

A PRACTICAL FARMER

"A lady in England, of the name of Johnston, left the established Church & went to the Methodist Chapel. Being asked the reason for her dissent from the Church of her fathers, she replied, 'That it was on account of her pie being exactly ready when the Methodist Grape came out; whereas, when she attended the Church it was always overdone.'

'Mrs Johnson indulged herself on Sundays with a pie, which she put into the oven when she went to church, and as the morning service of the Church of England is rather long, she found that her pie was always too much done when she came out, and not so juicy as she could have wished. The Methodist service was rather shorter, and her pie was done to a T. This pie decided Mrs Johnson's religion.'

CALENDAR



FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD.

1837.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
JANUARY,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
FEBRUARY,				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28				
MARCH,				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
APRIL,	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
MAY,		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
JUNE,					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
JULY,							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
AUGUST,			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
SEPTEMBER,						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
OCTOBER,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
NOVEMBER,				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
DECEMBER,						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						

MARRIED,

On Thursday last, by the Rev. R. M Greenbank, Mr. William Fairbanks, to Miss Edna Pratt, both of this county.

Died

In this town on Saturday night last, John M. G. Emory, Esq. in the 52d year of his age, leaving a wife and nine children to lament their loss. Mr. Emory was highly respected & loved by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

In this county on Wednesday last, after a lingering illness, Capt. Thomas Worrell.

OBITUARY.

Departed this transitory life on the 11th inst. Mrs. Mary Earle, wife of the *Hon.* Richard T. Earle, in the 54th year of her age.—Her loss is irreparable to her family and the society in which she lived Few indeed have ever gone to the grave more beloved and respected by her numerous relatives, friends and acquaintances—Serene and happy during her illness, she expired without a struggle, and went to rest forever in the mansion of her heavenly father. In this dispensation of Divine Providence her afflicted husband, affectionate children and other relatives ought to be consoled with the reflection that their loss is her certain gain. Let them imitate her bright example and be prepared to meet her again in that celestial abode, where there will be no more separation, sighing or weeping, but all one uninterrupted round of eternal bliss.—Centreville Times.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at "Springfields," seat of S. T. Kennard, Esq. on Thursday next, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M.

A punctual attendance of the members is requested.

By order

T. TILGHMAN, Secretary.

dec. 24.

STEAM BOAT



MARYLAND.

Public notice is hereby given, That owing to the increased price of wood and other expenses and the risk, danger and damage done to the Boat by running her frequently through ice; the Trustees feel themselves bound to raise the rates or charges for passages during the *winter season* The terms during the winter, will be as follows, viz

From Easton and Cambridge to Baltimore and from Baltimore to either of those places $4 00

From do. to Annapolis, or from Annapolis to Cambridge or Easton $3 00

From Annapolis to Baltimore or from Baltimore to Annapolis $2 50

Per order,

L. G. TAYLOR, Commander.

Easton, Dec 24 6w (W)

IMPORTANT.

The subscriber having rented the Steam Mill at Easton Point, will be prepared on and after this day to receive and grind all sorts of grain that may be sent to the Mill, agreeably to the expressed wishes and instructions of those sending it. He will also be prepared to furnish meal by the bushel and flour by the barrel, for cash or in exchange for grain, and to purchase wheat and corn.

Being determined to devote his whole time and attention to the grinding of all sorts of grain and manufacturing of flour, and having engaged the services of a competent Engineer and an experienced Miller, he hopes to be able to give satisfaction to all that favor him with their custom.

JOSEPH K. NEALL.

Dec 24 3w

RUNAWAY.

Was committed to the jail of Washington county, on the 22d of November, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself John Brown, about 6 feet high, about 30 years of age, his upper front teeth are out; had on when committed, a dark coat and pantaloons and old hat.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be released according to law.

JOHN NEWCOMER, Sh'ff.

Hagerstown, Dec. 18—dec 24 3w

TO BE RENTED,

for one year or any longer term,

THE UNION TAVERN

in Easton, Maryland, on Washington street, near the Farmer's Bank, now occupied by Mr. E. McDowell.

A commodious new dining room has been lately finished and by the addition of an adjoining dwelling house and lot, the accommodations are ample as well for a family of the most respectable host as for all travellers and other guests that can be calculated on in the Town of Easton. All necessary repairs and judicious improvements will be made for a tenant likely to be permanent. Apply to

JOHN LEEDS KERR.

Easton, Md.

P. S.. I have several Farms to rent, large and small.

aug 13 tf

A Ship Carpenter Wanted.

The subscriber is desirous of employing a Ship Carpenter, from the commencement of the next year, to reside in Oxford Neck, at Bellevville, and to superintend the cutting and preparing of ship timber for market, to build a vessel, &c.

JOHN LEEDS KERR.

Easton, Dec. 17.

The publisher of the Cambridge Chronicle, will please insert the above for three weeks.

Chesnut Cord Wood Wanted.

The subscribers will contract for four or five thousand cords Chesnut Wood, to be delivered at their Iron Furnace, Whetstone Point, near Fort McHenry, or they will purchase the wood standing, provided it is not too remote from navigation.

Having ample wharf room, there will be no delay in unloading the vessels.

ANDR'W. & JNO. ELLICOTT & CO.

Baltimore, dec 10 8w

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