EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, (MD.)

Saturday Morning. December 31.

We are indebted to the kind attention of the Hon. George C. Washington for Public Documents, for which we return him our sincere thanks.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

The annual session of our State Legislature commenced on Monday last.—Richard Thomas, Esq was elected President of the Senate, Jos. H. Nicholson, Chief Clerk; John N Watkins Reading Clerk; Samuel Spencer, Committee Clerk.—Slicer, Sergeant at Arms and—Peaco, Door-keeper.

In the House of Delegates, Benjamin L Gantt, Esq was elected Speaker, and the same Clerks, Sergeant at Arms and Door-keeper, as at the late extra session.

We understand from a gentleman late from Annapolis, (for we have received no late papers from that quarter) that the death warrant of negro David, convicted of the murder of Capt. Edward Blades, at our late county court, was signed by the Governor on Tuesday last, and that his Execution will take place on Friday the 13th January at 12 o' clock.

The Van Burenites had a jolification the other day, in this town, in celeoration of the election of the Kenderbook candidate for President—we were told that a half starved Bull, was roasted or rather half roasted—Judging, says our informant, from the colour of his flesh, he must have been a real thorough bred Dick Johnson Bull. Will some person who was present, give the public a discription of this *Grand Affair*.

Appointments by the Executive.

Orphans' Court for Talbot County.

Col. Wm Hughlett, vice E. N *Hambleton* resigned.

Samuel Mackey vice John M. G. Emory, deceased.

The New Orleans papers state that, in consequence of the cold weather which prevailed at the beginning of the present month, the price of coal had risen three hundred per cent. Wood was selling at twelve dollars the cord.

By the Steamboat from Norfolk arrived this morning, we learn that Gov. McDuffie has resigned his office, and Mr. Buller had been elected Governor in his stead. Mr. Dabore was elected Lt. Governor.

Balt. Gazette.

MR. POINDEXTER.—It has been reported in letters from this place, and widely circulated, that this able Statesman had died of the injuries received by the late terrible accident he met with at Natchez. However probable the sad event seemed to be, it gives us pleasure to say that a gentleman, who has arrived in this city direct from Natchez states, not only that he was not dead when he left that place, but was supposed to be recovering.—*Nat. Intel.*

BALTIMORE, Dec. 26.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

About 5 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire was discovered issuing from the Comb and Variety Store occupied by Mr. P. Albinson, in Market street, nearly opposite Hanover street. In a very few minutes the whole of that building, with its valuable contents, was enveloped in flames, which soon communicated to the adjoining warehouses occupied by Messrs. Orem and Morling, Tailors, and John E. Rigden, *Hardware* Merchant.

Notwithstanding the spirited exertions of the firemen, these two warehouses were almost entirely destroyed. The house occupied by Mr. Jacobson, as a *Hat* Store, was also considerably injured—We also understand that Mr. Albinson's loss is estimated at $20.000—insurance $4.000. The injury sustained by Messrs. Orem and Morling, we have heard stated at $16.000. $9.000 of which was covered by an insurance in the office of Firemen's Insurance Company Mr. Rigden's goods, we understand, were entirely uninsured. We have not heard the amount of his loss. The two warehouses occupied by him and Messrs. Orem and Morling, belong to John Kelso, Esq.—*Balt. Chronicle.*

THE BURNING OF THE POST OFFICE.

Nothing certain has yet transpired in relation to the burning of the General Post office. We take the following extract from a letter from Washington in the New York Courier and Enquirer.

'The Post office Committees on the subject of the Fire have made but little progress. The City Post Master has been examined with *closed doors*, by the Senate Committee. This, it is understood, was at his own request, and the presumption, therefore is, that he had something of importance at least in his own opinion to communicate; and certainly if there was any danger that by making his testimony public, a criminal might escape, the examination ought to be *private*; but, on the other hand, if he knew nothing, which would implicate individuals, all attempts at privacy are unwarrantable, because they are calculated to excite suspicions, and create ridiculous rumors, devoid of foundation.'

For the Easton Gazette.

ON TOBACCO, SNUFF, &c.

It appears to be a point conceded by Physicians, and men of information, that the habitual use of tobacco, snuff, opium and laudanum, is injurious, if not sinful, to those who use them.

They all have a tendency to injure the digestive organs, to sap the constitution, to injure the health, and irritate the nervous system: they blunt more or less the faculties of the soul, becloud the mind, darken the understanding, and impair the rational faculties of man.

They injure the fairest complexion, render the rosy hue of loveliness and youth, sallow as the Southern Asiatic; and the rosy tinge of beauty fades under their influence like the blasted rose beneath the withering frosts of an untimely winter.

They generally increase idleness and all its concomitant evils, as Hypochondriasis, (or hippo.) fretfulness, weariness, listleness, and often a dissatisfaction with every thing around them, rendering their own lives miserable, and shedding a dismal gloom in every direction, as far as, their baleful influence may extend.

Their habitual use is a violation of decency, good breeding, and common politeness.—Who can behold without abhorrence, the loathesome juice oozing from between the lips of the tobacco and snuff eaters, staining the chin, and often the clothes, with a hateful liquid the meanest animals would despise.—A cleanly individual has to keep a respectable distance from such nuisance, for wherever they are, in the parlour, dining room, house of God, or even the sacredness of the pulpit the *ineffables* of their nauseous mouths, leave marks of scum and filth behind. And even, sometimes, in passing a majestic, soldier looking Amazonian, perfumed as if recently emerged from a chest of essences, the immense loads of *external* and *internal* snuff, have so completely the ascendency over all the other perfumery, that, the tender olfactory nerves of one who is not accustomed to regale his hungry nose with snuff, will be almost involuntarily impelled to sneeze.

Mr. Editor,—If you condescend to insert this hastily written note, and if it be not too highly seasoned for your readers, I may, probably, resume my pen the next rainy morning, and continue the subject.

PLANTAGENET.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON—THE TEXAS QUESTION.

The article in our paper, upon 'the Republic of Texas,' was written and in type before we received yesterday's proceedings in Congress. It will be seen that although the Globe announced a few months ago, that all the sympathies of the President were with Texas, his message exhibits an entire change of opinion. This change is attributed to the influence of Van Buren and is destined we predict, to light a flame in the South and West, which will not be easily or speedily extinguished.

Balt. Chron.

THE REPUBLIC OF TEXAS.

The probability of a reinvasion of this Republic by an augmented Mexican force, makes it again an object of extreme interest. We have not joined in the fashionable crusade against the new Republic, because we have been unable to discover any reason for withdrawing our admiration of the unprecedented gallantry with which its little army drove the merciless hordes of savage Mexicans from its borders, or for diminishing our hopes that, in the course of time, it will emerge from the difficulties by which it is surrounded, and establish a government upon wise and stable principles That government is, indeed, already established. An election has been held for the choice of Executive and Legislative agents, and these departments are filled by men of great energy and of no inconsiderable talent.

The credit of the nation is daily improving, its finances are becoming less embarrassed, its navy traverses the seas and defies the squadrons of its late mistress—and its army—flushed with victory—small it is true, but firm and undismayed, pants for another opportunity of meeting any invading force that shall have the hardihood to cross the Brassos. Such a nation—so far from being an object of suspicion & of invidious remark—is entitled to our sympathy and our admiration. It is not to be denied, that the characters of some of the prominent men in the new Republic are not entirely unexceptionable. Some of them are stained, it may be with offences against the conventional rules of society, which in the judgment of the more virtuous and enlightened, ought to have excluded them from the honors and emoluments of office.

But are the crimes of Gen. Houston, or of any one of his associates, of deeper dye than those of Richard M. Johnson whose election to the second office under our government, we have all prepared ourselves to behold? Is *our* whole government discredited and unworthy the respect of foreign nations, because *he* has been or may be chosen Vice President? If not, then neither is that of Texas, by a similar disregard, on the part of the people of that Republic, of the moral qualifications of their public agents.

We do not advocate the annexation of Texas to the Union. There are many strong, perhaps insurmountable objections to that step at present. But we do hold, that, as soon as it shall appear, that that Republic has established a government *de, acto &* that it maintains its independence against all efforts to subdue it, the U. States will be bound to acknowledge its independence, as it did, under similar circumstances, acknowledge the independence of the South American States and of Mexico herself—*ib.*

TEXAS—PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE—A Message, of some interest to the Union at large, as showing the ground likely to be taken by our 'government de facto' in regard to Texas, and to the question between Texas and Mexico, was communicated to Congress, yesterday, by President Jackson, and will be found at length in to-day's Patriot.

It will be seen that the Message goes at some length into details connected with the present condition of Texas, civil and political, and discusses the question, involved in our relations with that colony and with Mexico: and comes to the conclusion that it is the duty of this country to wait the further progress of events, in regard to the dispute between Mexico and Texas, before committing ourselves in this dispute or compromising our neutrality by acknowledging the independence of the latter.

VERY LATE FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Sheffield, at New York, brings Liverpool advices to the 11th ult. We extract from the Commercial Advertiser and Gazette the following interesting summary of intelligence:

An insane attempt at Revolution in Strasburg headed by Louis Napolean Bonaparte, son of the former King of Holland, was made and defeated at once by the courage of a single individual, the General Commanding Voirol, who had in consequence been made a Peer.

A correspondent of a London Journal writes from the Continent—'It is rumored that the Russian government has some apprehension of conspiracies in the army. Measures have been adopted against the officers of the army of occupation in Poland, under pretence of a conspiracy. The arrival of Messrs. Roszicki and Krasniski, who are extraordinary commissaries of the Emperor Nicholas, is not announced; but in the mean time a number of arrests have been made, not only in different companies of the army, but amongst the nobility and tradespeople in Poland and Lithuania, and even in the unfortunate city of Cracow. Several cannon have been sent to Wilna and Warsaw, and some are kept loaded with grape shot in the public places of both capitals. Unusually strict orders have also been given to the different custom houses and ports on the frontiers, respecting travellers and merchandise, and, in particular, respecting letters. Nothing can pass without being strictly searched. The merchants protest against it in vain. What has been already announced respecting the fears of the Russian government on the subject of the secret sentiments of the army is confirmed. Frequent changes take place in the army. The precautions of the police increase, and it is notorious that liberal opinions, not to say a republican spirit, make such a rapid progress in the army as to merit serious attention.'

A London date of the 7th ult. says—By our accounts from Odessa, we learn that there were in depot there 380 000 tchetwertz of wheat, and 40,000 of hard wheat, 7,000 of oats, 6.000 of barley, and 20,000 of rye. At Taganrog there had been a failure of the usual arrivals of Sardinian vessels, and those of foreign nations were few; those had found good freights. Grain had fallen in price, the finest quality of hard wheat not fetching more than 15 rubles per tchetwertz.'

The commercial letters from Naples state that the appearance of the cholera there had had a great influence on commercial affairs and had caused an almost general fall in every description of merchandise. The season was exceedingly mild, and the olive crop had suffered greatly from the worm.

The marriage of King Otho of Greece, according to the German papers, was fixed for the 22d ult. The King of Bavaria was expected at Oldenburg, to be present at the ceremony.

A Neufchatel paper says that France has declined the offer of England to mediate in the present differences with Switzerland.

By accounts from Persia, dated from Tehran, we learn that the Shah appeared determined to proceed against Herat.

The Russians are said to have become great favorites at the Persian Court, and English influence was at a very low ebb. The Russians had obtained a very advantageous commercial treaty.

THE NEW COINS

We have been bribed this morning by one of the Pet Banks—"that's a fact!" The Bank of America has presented us with one of the newly coined dollars, and also one of the new half dollars—the first that were struck.—They are classical and beautiful.

The principal figure on the dollar, is a full length of Liberty, seated on a rock, emblematic of duration, with her shield at her side—clad in flowing robes, with hair unbound—and eminently graceful. The reverse presents us with the eagle on the wing, amidst the American galaxy of twenty six stars. The eagle is a novel and delicate design—very beautiful. The dollar is not milled, and is the neatest coin that we have ever seen. The half dollar presents us the female head and cap of liberty—and we are gratified to perceive that if the Goddess has not renewed her age, she has her head—for it is very pretty, and has a great expression. The eagle, too, is of an improved race of that noble bird.—N. B.—Not bribed yet, as these coins, we learn, are the only two in town, and others are to take delight in looking at them, as well as ourselves.—N. Y. Com.

A gentlemen was walking yesterday on Broad st., and seeing something which appeared like strips of silk floating in the air, caught one of them, and to his astonishment, found it to be a bank bill. Surprised at being overtaken by a shower of this description, which quite filled the air, he took the bill to the bank where it was issued which immediately despatched its runners to catch the shower as it might fall, or gather up the droppings. It appeared that some of the officers of the bank had been engaged in burning its old bills—and to make the assurance of their destruction doubly sure, they had procured two or three bottles of alcahol, to expedite the process But the alcahol burned, and the wind took the bills up the chimney—and compelled the bank into a larger 'circulation' than it had designed. The bill caught by the gentleman referred to, was very slightly burned, and was of course returned to the Bank There were probably none others so little injured.—*Boston Atlas.*

A similar accident occurred two or three years ago, when two or three thousand dollars escaped through the chimney of a Bank, and were circulated widely in the vicinity of State street—to the no small wonder of the people, many of whom thought they had found a little fortune in the share which fell to them. The precaution had been taken, however, by the officers, before the bills which it was intended to burn, were thrown into the fire, to mark them with the check punch, so that they were known again on presentation at the counter, and the Bank was not crippled in its operations by any sudden demand to redeem its excessive issue.—*Boston Trans.*

POST OFFICE REPORT.

The annual report of the Post Master General, on the general condition and finances of the department, was published in the Patriot of yesterday, and has of course attracted the attention of our readers. They will have seen that the report speaks in very favorable terms, both as to the efficiency and condition of the department. The Bank debts contracted in the time of Major Barry, have been all paid off, and there was a balance of 'surplus funds' on hand on the 1st of November amounting to $559.000. By the 1st May the surplus was expected to reach $600.000. There has been a considerable increase in the number of Post Offices under the administration of the present head of the department. In July, 1835, the number of Post Offices in the United States was 10 770 while their number on the 1st of December of the present year is stated at 11, 100. In view of the flourishing condition of the department, the Report recommends a general reduction of the rates of letter postage (the great source of revenue) to conform to the following scales:

75 miles and under	5 cents
150 miles and over 75	10
300 miles and over 150	15
600 miles and over 300	20
Over 600 miles	25

A new scale of newspaper postage, graduated upon the size of the sheet as well as the distance which it may be carried is also suggested by the report. As thus: Newspapers containing 550 square inches, or under, carried not over 200 miles, nor out of the State, half a cent Over 200 miles or out of the State one cent. Newspapers containing over 550 and under 920 square inches, one cent, and one and a half, as above, respectively. Newspapers containing 920 square inches and over, to pay one and a half and over two cents postage, respectively, when carried 200 miles out of the State If the consideration is to be graduated to the measure of the service rendered there is certainly some reason for the modification of the rates of newspaper postage, as suggested in the Report. But the item of newspaper postage was never looked to as one which should yield an income, or even defray expense. The rate was purposely fixed at the minium, with a view to encourage the 'march of information,' and whatever may be urged as to its equity the modification recommended would probably operate, in effect, as and increase of newspaper postage, and if it should, would thus far be contrary to the spirit of the times, and to the public interests.—*Balt. Pat.*

PRICE OF HOGS.

Fourteen Hundred *Hogs*, averaging 200lbs, neat, have been bought in this market within two or three days, at $5.87 1-2 and $6. This may be said to have fixed the price of this great staple for the season—*Cincinnati Evening Post.*

QUITE PATHETIC.—At the fire in Barclay street a gentleman rushed up stairs through the crackling flames and brought down an infant, which he snatched from the burning cradle, and handed to its mother.—'May the blessings of St. Patrick light on you for saving the little crater, but won't yer honor be good enough to go up again and save my barrel of flour what's in the pantry?'

N. Y. Star.

To the Editors of the Boston Atlas.

——— Mass. Dec. 1836.

The following is a testimonial of 'carrectter,' and 'reckemendation' to 'Teech' school.—As it may serve if need be as a form for others, I commit to your disposal for publication, with such comments thereon as you may judge proper. It was actually presented a few days ago, by a candidate, to the superintending committee of this town. Important as it is to the rising generation, that many of those who undertake to teach or who are appointed to hire teachers, should first 'higher' their own 'repetation' and qualifications of what belongs to proper qualification for their duties, it may be for their benefit to see it in print. The candidate's name only excepted, you have it verbatim, literatim, punctuatim. I deem it even 'worthy' of publication.

LITERARY CURIOSITY!

Mr. ——— ——— of S—— B ——Me.

I employed him to Teech the School in the District where [tion as
I liv last winter, And he gave Good satisfac
fare as I hav ben able to ascertane
And could Safely reckemend him to
enny who may wish to higher
His repetation and christian carrentter is
wearthy the good esteem of all men
Hanover N. H.
March 3d 1835 Russel Smith Commity"

A QUARTERLY MEETING

For the Methodist Protestant Church, is expected to commence on Friday night the 30th December, to continue over Sabbath. Preaching twice-a-day.

Dec. 27, 1836.

Died

In this county, on Tuesday night last, Abner Turner.

In this town on Thursday morning last, after a short illness, William Grayless.

Departed this life, on Monday night, the 26th instant, at his seat, in Queen Ann's county, called Bloomingdale, Doct. Edward Harris, in the 80th year of his age. He was remarkable for an active and vigorous mind, and was endeared to his friends and acquaintances, through life, by polite and social habits and a liberal hospitality.

NOTICE

An annual meeting of the Citizens Fire Company of Easton, will be held at the usual place of meeting on Monday evening, January 2d, 1837, at 7 o'clock Punctual attendance is requested.

By order,

R. M. WILLSON, Secty.

dec 31

Attention Guards.



You are hereby notified to assemble at your usual place of parade, on Friday 13th of January, at 9 o'clock precisely, fully equipped, with four rounds of ball cartridges.

By order

J. SATTERFIELD, O. S.

dec. 31

Notice.

The subscriber will sell on advantageous terms, that fine farm, commonly called Hay Marsh, lying upon Tuckahoe Creek, about three miles above Hillsboro', containing 400 acres, a part of which consists of a Meadow, which could be made valuable at a small expense; a considerable portion of the farm is covered with fine timber. Any communication upon the subject addressed to the subscriber at Annapolis, will be promptly attended to by

JOHN NICOLS, Agent
for W. Hauxtor.

Dec 31 tf

The editor of the Carolina Advocate will please insert the above advertisement until countermanded.

Notice of the Sale of an improved Lot in Easton.

The President, Directors & Company of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, by virtue of a power, contained in a Deed of Mortgage, passed and executed to them by William Vanderford and Margaret Ann his wife, bearing date the twenty fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three, will offer for sale, at public auction, on Tuesday, the 18th day of July next, between the hours of three and four o'clock, in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House, of Talbot County, in the State of Maryland, a lot or parcel of ground, situated and being in the town of Easton in the County aforesaid, whereon there is a good brick dwelling house and sundry other improvements, and which was purchased by the said William Vanderford, from one James Cockayne. The sale will be made for the purpose of satisfying the Bank, for the sum of three hundred dollars, current money, and some interest and costs due from the said William Vanderford, and the terms of payment can be made easy to the purchaser, by an accommodation at Bank, provided a note, with approved security, be offered

THOS J. BULLITT, Pres't.
of the Branch Bank at Easton.

dec. 31, 1836 ts

Notice of the Sale of Valuable Lands in Talbot County.

The President, Directors & Company of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, by virtue of a power, contained in a Deed of Mortgage, passed and executed to them, by Lambert W. Spencer, bearing date the fifth day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty one, will offer for sale, at public auction, on Tuesday the 18th day of July next, between the hours of three and four o'clock, in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House of Talbot County, in the State of Maryland, those parts of the several tracts of Land, called Ashby, Tilghman's Fortune, Harding's Endeavor, and Betty's Addition adjoining each other, and lying and being in the County aforesaid, on the South East side of Miles River, adjoining the ferry and on the North East side of the road leading from the said ferry to Easton, which were purchased by the said Lambert W. Spencer from one Charles D. Barrow, and contain the quantity of one hundred and ninety acres and one half acre of land, more or less, and also those parts of the tracts of land, called Daley's Delight and Tilgnman's Fortune, lying and being in the said County, on the South side of a Creek, called Fausley Creek, which were purchased by the said Spencer from one James Seth, contain the quantity of twenty four acres and one half acre of land, more or less, and adjoin the first mentioned lands The sale will be made for the purpose of satisfying the Bank for the sum of four thousand, seven hundred and fifty dollars, current money, and some interest and costs, due from the said Lambert W. Spencer. The terms of payment can be made easy to the purchaser by an accommodation at Bank, provided a note, with approved security, be offered

THOS J BULLITT, Pres't.
of the Branch Bank at Easton.

dec 31, 1836. ts

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

December Term, A. D. 1836.

On application of Robt. Lambdin, and James M. Seth, executors of Capt. Joseph Farland, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that they cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans Court, I have hereunto set my L. S. hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 30th day of December, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty six

Test

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Capt Joseph Farland, late of Talbot county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 6th day of July next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 30th day of December, 1836.

ROBERT LAMBDIN, &
JAMES M. SETH, Adm'rs.
of Capt. Joseph Farland, dec'd.

dec. 31 3w

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of Talbot County Court, by the Clerk thereof, and to me directed and delivered, at the suit of the President, Directors and Company, of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, against William Hayward, Jr; will be sold at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, for cash to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M. of the same day, the following lands and tenements, viz. All that farm or plantation, which was heretofore conveyed to William Hayward the Elder, by one Alexander Anderson, and on which one William Anderson formerly resided, situate near Tuckahoe Creek, in Talbot County, and adjoining Lewis Town, and which consists of the tracts or parts of tracts of Land following, to wit: Hampton, Loveday's Purchase, Francis's Plains, and Parker's Farm, containing the quantity of five hundred acres of land, more or less, to pay and satisfy the above mentioned Venditioni Exponas, and the interest and costs now due and to become due thereon.

Attendance given by

JOS GRAHAM, Late Sheriff.

dec. 17 ts

LOOK AT THIS.

The person who took from the Bar Room of Mr. Solomon Lowe's Hotel, some time since a white speckled trunk, containing a quantity of combs, may be called on in a few days from the evidence in the possession of the owner, unless he immediately return the same with its contents or give information where it can be had, which course will save both trouble and exposure.

A. J. LOVEDAY.

nov 12

For Sale or Rent.

A very valuable Tan Yard in the Town of Easton, Maryland. To an active and enterprising young man, with some capital, this property might be made very profitable, being in a neighborhood where there is a large consumption of leather, and a considerable supply of raw hides. The facilities of communication with the city of Baltimore are very great, as two Packets and a Steam Boat ply constantly when the navigation is open. For further particulars enquire at this office.

March 5, 1836.

The Delaware Journal and the paper at Dover will copy the above once a week for 8 weeks and forward account to this office for collection.

A Ship Carpenter Wanted.

The subscriber is desirous of employing a Ship Carpenter, from the commencement of the next year, to reside in Oxford Neck, at Belleville, and to superintend the cutting and preparing of ship timber for market, to build a vessel, &c.

JOHN LEEDS KERR.

Easton, Dec. 17

The publisher of the Cambridge Chronicle, will please insert the above for three weeks.

TO RENT,

For the ensuing year, the following houses, viz:

The house and premises on the East side of Washington street in Easton, now occupied by Mr. Solomon Barrott, as a *public house.*

Do three small houses, at the White Chimnies, near Easton.

Do. a comfortable dwelling house, near the Quaker Meeting House.

Also several houses belonging to the estate of the late Doct. Hammond

For terms apply to the subscriber in Easton.

JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.

Easton, aug 6 w

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber has been informed that there is a report in circulation stating that he has disposed of his possessions on the Choptank, and ceased to keep the Cambridge Ferry. This report was undoubtedly gotten up by some malicious individual with a view of injuring the subscriber, and, if suffered to remain uncontroverted, the aim of its originator would certainly be attained. The subscriber, therefore, takes this method of informing his friends and the public, that there is not the slightest foundation in truth for the above mentioned report; but that, on the contrary, he still keeps the Cambridge Ferry, and expects so to do the remainder of his days His boats are substantial, safe and in good order, and are under the management of as prompt, active, trusty any experienced hands as those belonging to anboat that has hitherto been, or may hereafter be, stationed on the above named ferry, while he keeps, as usual, good horses and carriages for the accommodation of travellers. He has signals on both sides of the river, which his boat will always answer with the utmost despatch, so that no one shall be kept waiting longer than shall be absolutely necessary.

The subscriber returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal patronage which he has heretofore received from them; and, as his long experience in the business, and his determination to use his best efforts to please, induce him to hope that he will give general satisfaction, he respectfully solicits a continuance of their favor.

THOS: BOWDLE.

july 16

CASH
FOR 250 NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age. Persons having likely servants for sale, will do well to give me a call, as I will give the highest prices in cash. I can at all times be found at D. Bryarly's hotel in Baltimore, on Pratt street, formerly the hotel of Peacock. All persons from the Eastern Shore will please to give me a call. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to. THOMAS M. JONES.

May 13, 1836. 2mq

Chesnut Cord Wood Wanted.

The subscribers will contract for four or five thousand cords Chesnut Wood, to be delivered at their Iron Furnace, Whetstone Point, near Fort McHenry, or they will purchase the wood standing, provided it is not too remote from navigation.

Having ample wharf room, there will be no delay in unloading the vessels.

ANDR'W. & JNO. ELLICOTT & CO.

Baltimore, dec 10 3w

RUNAWAY.

Was committed to the jail of Washington county, on the 22d of November, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself John Brown, about 6 feet high, about 35 years of age, his upper front teeth are out; had on when committed, a dark coat and pantaloons and old hat.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be released according to law.

JOHN NEWCOMER, Sh'ff.

Hagerstown, Dec. 15—dec 24 3w

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