EASTON GAZETTE.

WHERE THE PRESS IS FREE—"Literature well or ill-conducted, *is* the Great Engine by which all Popular States must ultimately be supported or overthrown—RELIGION purifies the Heart and teaches us our Duty—Morality refines the Manners—Agriculture makes us Rich, and Politics provides for the enjoyment of all.

VOL. XXI. EASTON, (MD.) SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1838. No. 36.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY *Saturday Morning.*
BY
Alexander Graham.

TERMS.
TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS Per annum, payable half yearly in advance

ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding a square inserted three times or ONE DOLLAR; and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for every subsequent insertion.

RULES

OF TALBOT COUNTY COURT.

Published by authority, and in pursuance of an Act of Assembly, passed Dec. Session, 1837, Chap 117.

1. ORDERED, That the criminal business shall commence at the meeting of the Court, and be proceeded on with the utmost despatch.

2. That the civil, Appearance and Judicial Dockets shall be called over the second day of the Court unless necessarily prevented by the criminal business, and that either of them, when begun, shall be entirely gone through before any other business be entered upon, unless in cases where it may be thought by the Court expedient for them to act.

3. That the Clerk shall attend the Court in person unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause of absence, and that he shall provide a sufficient and well qualified deputy to assist him in the execution of his office, who shall also personally attend in Court in that department.

4 That the Sheriff shall attend the Court in person unless prevented by sickness, or other unavoidable cause of absence and in such cases by one of his deputies.

5. That the Sheriff, or in his absence, his attending deputy, keep order in Court, and admit no person within the bar but the officers of the court; or such as shall be called on process or otherwise; or shall have business before the court; or shall be permitted by the Judges to come within the Bar.

6. That the Sheriff shall return all criminal and civil process directed to him, and returnable on the first day of the Term, to the Clerk, the former at or before nine o'clock, A M. of such day, and the latter in course of the said day; that he shall return all subpœnas and other process to compel the attendance of witnesses in civil causes, returnable on the Tuesday of the first week of court to the clerk, at the meeting of the court on that day; and all such as shall be returnable on the Monday of the second week of the court, at the meeting of the court on that day.

7. That the clerk enter all returns made by the Sheriff in criminal cases when the process is made returnable the first day of the Term, or otherwise immediately on his receiving them from the Sheriff; also process in civil cases returnable on the said first day by nine o'clock, Ante Meredian on the second day of court; and all process to compel the attendance of witnesses in civil suits returnable on the first Tuesday of the first week, and Monday of the second week of court, immediately on his receiving them at the said respective times from the Sheriff.

8 That all oaths taken in court shall be administered by the clerk or his deputy, and who shall rise from their seats for that purpose in an audible voice and decent manner.

9. That the clerk and his deputy observe and make use of the ordinary and established forms of proceedings in all business in this court and especially in the criminal department.

10 That all affidavits for holding to special bail shall be filed with the clerk before or at the time of calling the action in which it is to be made use of, and all other causes for the said purpose, shall be filed with the clerk before, or be shewn to the court if required, at the time of calling the action wherein it may be necessary to exhibit a cause of special bail, otherwise defendant may have his appearance entered with common bail.

11. That no Attorney, Clerk, Deputy Clerk, Sheriff's Deputy, Sheriff or Crier of this court shall be admitted or received as special bail in any suit in this court.

12. Ordered, That in all cases of ejectments the service of the declaration and notice shall be six days before the return day of the term, exclusive of both the day of service and day of return, and that the defendant take defence the first term.

13. That no judgment in ejectment, or fiat execution on scire facias for want of an appearance being entered shall be considered as absolute if an appearance shall be entered at any time during the sitting of the court; to which the ejectment or scire facias shall be brought but that no such appearance shall be received at any adjourned court, without a special order for that purpose.

14 That special bail, warned by process of scire facias, or where a second scire facias shall be returned Nihil, may notwithstanding surrender the principal at any time during the sitting of the court to which the process shall be returnable, but not at any adjourned court, without a special order for that purpose.

15. That no Special Bail shall be made liable on his recognizance of Bail unless the Execution issued against the Principal shall have been put into the Sheriffs hands at least eight days before the return thereof exclusive of the days of lodging the same with the Sheriff, and of return; nor on two Nihils, returned on Scire facias against the Special Bails, unless such Scire facias shall have been put into the Sheriffs hands at least eight days before the return thereof as aforesaid, and that the Sheriff endorse the times of receipt thereof on the said Execution and Scire facias.

16. That all warrants of Resurvey shall be executed in such time Ten days previous notice being given by the Sheriff to the parties, both plaintiff and defendant, or if living out of the county, to their respective Agents or Attornies, of the time place of meeting to make such Resurvey, as that the Surveyor may be enabled to make out and return to the Clerks office five Plots ten days before the setting of the Court to which such Warrant shall be returnable, which it is ordered that the surveyor do accordingly.

17. That where leave shall be granted to amend or add to any Plot returned under a former warrant of Resurvey, the same notice shall be given as on Warrants of Resurvey, and that the same amendments and additions shall be made by the rule day next ensuing the Term on which such leave shall be given, and the plots so altered shall be returned to the Clerks, office, ten days before the meeting of the next Court.

18 That the twentieth day of February & the twentieth day of August, in each year, and the second day in each Term shall be considered as general Rule days for pleadings; that in all cases where Rules are laid to declare or plead, or to amend unless otherwise specially provided for, such Declarations and pleadings shall be filed and amendments made on or before the twentieth day of February and the twentieth day of August respectively next following the Term at which such Rules shall be laid, and that the pleadings next in course and necessarily arising in answer to such Declaration and pleading shall be filed by the adverse party, or his counsel, on or before the second day of the succeeding Term.

19. That whenever a Defendant shall plead the general issue, with liberty to give the Special matter in evidence, he shall either make a short Docket entry of such special matter the Term next preceding the Trial, or furnish the acting party or his attorney, with a full notice in writing of such special matter at least forty days before the Term succeeding the notice of Trial or otherwise he shall not be entitled to the benefit thereof.

20 That the Clerk transcribe the pleadings, in civil suits filed at or before the Rule days, and have the copies ready for the opposite parties, or their counsel within twenty days next after the respective Rule days by which they are to be filed.

21. Ordered, That if Witnesses under Subpœna in civil causes do not attend the Court by eleven o'clock of the day on which the Subpœna is returnable, the party for whom they are summond or his counsel, shall forthwith move the court for attachment against such Witnesses, if within the reach of the process of this court, and on failure thereof and non attendance of such Witnesses, that this court will not consider the party alleging that Testimony material in such cause is really wanting, or his attorney or agent, as having used his or their reasonable endeavors for procuring such Witnesses, so as to determine the court at all events either to postpone the cause or to continue it until another Term

22. That the causes on the Trial Docket shall be taken up in the order in which they stand upon the Docket, and if any cause be called for Trial in which either party shall not be ready, the same may, in the discretion of the court, be postponed until the subsequent causes which stand for Trial shall be gone through, and if more causes than one be so postponed they shall be heard in the order they are postponed in, and if the delay be occasioned by the neglect of either party, the intermediate costs of the other shall be defrayed by the party not ready from neglect.—That all points of law brought before the court shall be stated in writing by the counsel moving such points, unless dispensed with by the court.

23. That motions in arrest of judgment and for new Trial shall be made and reasons filed within four days next after the Trial, if the court should continue to set so long and if they should not, then during the setting of the court.

24. That petitions shall be heard after the Wednesday after the first week of court and that all Subpœnas issued thereon shall be made returnable on the first Tuesday, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

25 That all special Verdicts points saved, cases stated Demurrers and errors in arrest of judgment, shall be argued and heard after the Trial of civil causes, unless the court shall in their discretion, determine to dispense with this Rule for special Reasons.

26 That no person shall appear covered in court but by permission of the court.

27. That the Constables of this county attend the court day by day from their hours of meeting until they rise unless excused or discharged, that they or such of them as the court shall direct shall serve as Bailiffs to the court and juries; and that they assist the Sheriff in preserving order at the Bar and in all places within the view or hearing of the court.

28 That the Crier cause the court Room, including the Bench, Bar and jury-boxes to be well cleaned and kept in proper and decent order, and that he attend the court in the discharge of his official duty, day by day from their hours of meeting until they rise.

True copy—
JAMES PARROTT, Clk.
August, 25, 1838.

PROSPECTUS.

The undersigned briefly announces his intention of publishing in Hagerstown, Md, a semi-weekly paper to be called.

THE SEMI WEEKLY TIMES.

The Progress of Knowledge is no longer a phenomenon,—it is increasing; and tyrants become tremulous.

This paper will oppose the ruinous mistaken policy of Martin Van Buren about the Sub-treasury scheme lately defeated in the House of Representatives, together with his political pertinacity in adhering to this and other rejected schemes of policy.

A large proportion of this paper will be devoted to general miscellany, elegant and polite literature,—useful and mechanic arts,—agriculture, &c.

The discussion of politics or other tenets will be conducted with candor and temperance.

A price current of Baltimore and other Markets regularly and correctly furnished.

Every endeavor will be made to render this paper interesting. The undersigned briefly announces his intention without going into details given in a future and more extensive prospectus. It will be printed on a large Imperial—good type, paper etc., and furnished to subscribers at $3 per annum.

T. McK. HEISTER.

August 18

Those Editors favorable to the increase of the Press will please notice the above and the favor shall be gratefully entertained.

New Seed Store.

The Subscriber has just received a Fresh Supply of GRASS SEEDS, warranted to be genuine and fresh, suitable to the approaching Season, such as

Timothy
Orchard
Herd or Red Top } GRASS.

ALSO—*BUCKWHEAT*, for Fall Seeding, as an Inlay, preparatory to the Wheat Crop.

TURNIP SEEDS,

Of different kinds and of the best quality.—Farmers and Gardeners will find it to their advantage to call and supply themselves liberally of this Seed, to supersede in some measure their loss occasioned by the Drought.—Also BIRD SEED of every kind.

☞All orders by mail or otherwise for *Cash* or good *references*, will be faithfully and duly executed, with despatch. *Farm* and *Garden Tools* of all kinds on best terms, furnished by

THOMAS DENNY.
Grant street, near Pratt street.
August 25, 1838. 4t
Charge the Baltimore Chronicle Office.

The Road to Wealth!
INSURED FOR FIFTY CENTS.

JUST COMMENCED,
A NEW AND VALUABLE
MONTHLY PUBLICATION,
Adapted to the purposes of every Farmer,
And designed to propigate all Useful and Practical Information concerning the
SILK GROWING IN THE UNITED STATES,
Entitled

THE AMERICAN Silk Grower,

AND
Farmer's Manual,
Embellished with
APPROPRIATE ENGRAVINGS
EDITED BY
WARD CHENEY & BROTHERS, Burlington, N. J.
AND PUBLISHED BY
CHARLES ALEXANDER, Philadelphia.

The First Number of this highly important and Valuable Work, is now ready for delivery to subscribers. We beg leave respectfully to call the attention of our citizens to the praiseworthy objects it has in view, and for the promotion of which it has been put into operation.

There has not probably heretofore been a time when the attention of the people of this country was as much engaged on the subject of the Silk Culture as at present, nor a time when those who have already embarked in this business felt such entire confidence, not only that liberal profits may be derived from it, but also in their ability to produce as good Silk as can be procured in any part of the world.—It is believed that all that is now wanting to fully establish this great interest in this country, with all its vast advantages, is but the dissemination of plain practical information concerning it; and to convince our citizens of what we know to be true, viz. that there is no more difficulty about raising a crop of silk, than there is in procuring a crop of grain. The capital thus bestowed yields a far greater return than can be obtained from any other branch of husbandry. The editors have long been engaged in the silk culture, and intend hereafter to give it their entire attention. They have made extensive arrangements for feeding the silk worm, and cultivating that invaluable species of mulberry tree, the Morus Multicaulis. And, from their long experience in the occupation and extensive correspondence with silk growers, they believe they may say without ostentation, that they shall be able to make the AMERICAN SILK GROWER, useful and entertaining, and to communicate through its pages information as valuable respecting every branch of the silk business, as can be elsewhere obtained in the United States. A portion of the work will be devoted to noting the modern improvements of Agriculture, and such matters as are generally useful to the cultivators of the soil.

The Proprietors respectfully solicit contributions on Agricultural subjects generally—and also the Silk Growing Business in particular. Address the Editors, WARD CHENEY, AND BROTHERS, Burlington, N. J.

The work will be published monthly—every number comprising twenty-four large octavo pages, with the addition of a cover for advertisements, &c. and at the end of each volume, a complete table of contents will be furnished to subscribers. Terms one dollar a year, payable in advance, for single subscribers. Twenty subscriptions will be supplied for a whole year by forwarding a current ten dollar bill, free of postage.

All orders for the work, postage paid, will be promptly attended to, if addressed to the Publisher, C. ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

Citizens, Silk Growers, Agriculturalists, and others, who wish to procure this work from the present time will please forward their names and the amount of subscription immediately.

LIBERAL PREMIUM.

Any Agent forwarding 100 subscribers for one year, and a $50 current bank bill, will be entitled to TEN THOUSAND SILK WORM EGGS, SELECTED FROM THE MOST APPROVED VARIETIES—which can be forwarded by mail to any part of the United States at a trifling expense, and which if properly attended to, according to the instructions which are promulgated in the work, WILL YIELD A PROFIT CONSIDERABLY EXCEEDING THE AMOUNT OF THE PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR ONE HUNDRED COCOONS.

☞Editors of papers who are desirous of encouraging the Growth of Silk in this country, will please copy this advertisement a few times, and we will furnish them with an Exchange, and also occasional samples of the silk, which is manufactured at the editors' extensive establishment in Burlington, N. J.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

Part of the Estate of the late Thomas Hayward, Esq. is offered for sale.

This land is beautifully situated on Tread Haven Creek, about 6 miles from Easton, and within half a mile of the Steam Boat as she passes to and from Baltimore.

It possesses every advantage to be derived from the salt waters, in an abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, terrapins and wild fowl. The shores are firm and clean, and have ever been remarkably healthy. The land is fertile, with an inexhaustible bed of the best Shell Marl on the Eastern Shore, and plentiful resources of other kind of manure; and the quantity intended to be sold is from four hundred to four hundred and fifty acres, one hundred of which are well covered with White Oak and Pine Timber. The buildings are an Overseer's House, Quarter and Granary all in good repair.

A proper proportion of this land, (which has been marled over) will be prepared for a crop of Wheat, and if not sold at private sale, on or before the the 8th day of October next, the whole will on that day be offered on the premises at public sale. This land will be sold in the whole or divided into two farms to suit purchasers. An indisputable title can be given, as the subscriber will sell under the authority of the last Will and Testament of the late Thomas Hayward, Esq. The terms will be made known on application to

THOMAS S. HAYWARD, Ex'r.
of Thomas Hayward, dec'd.
Easton, August 18, 1838.—is

The Delaware Gazette, at Wilmington, Del: Republican and Chronicle, Baltimore; Chronicle and Aurora, Cambridge; will publish the above once a week for 4 weeks, and forward their accounts to this office.

WEST LOMBORD STREET.

The duties of Mrs. De Berts Seminary will be resumed the first Monday in September. This Institution possesses the usual advantages, an extensive number of talented teachers and the unremitting attention of the principal to encourage the efforts of the students and to stimulate and reprove the inattentive or indolent. The school offers double the advantages for a perfect and familiar acquaintance with the French Language; in the English education are comprehended the elementary principles, and the highest branches of science taught in female Schools, thus enabling the pupil to enter after the years of infancy, and complete her education under the same influences. The location of the School has every advantage, being healthful and airy, with spacious apartments well warmed in winter. Terms for English Education vary in accordance with the different classes, from $5, 8, 10 15, per quarter.

Instruction in French 8 times a week $5.
Ditto every day $7. Preparatory class every day $4.
Latin, Italian, Spanish $5.
Music on the Piano by the best Teachers varying in the terms according to the length of time given in the lesson $10, 15, 25. Vocal Music, Guitar, or Harp $20. Dancing $15 per quarter.
Board and English Education, including the higher branches $200 per annum. Washing, &c. extra.
Day Boarders $60 per annum.
August 18, 1838.—
☞The Princess Ann Herald, Easton Whig and Gazette, will publish the above to the amount of two dollars each and charge the Baltimore American office.

NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the personal estate of the late Solomon Lowe,—having been granted to the undersigned by the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, and his debtors being so numerous as to render it utterly impossible that his administrator can, without the greatest inconvenience call upon each individual, and the interest of the representatives imperatively requiring that the estate should be settled with the utmost promptitude, the undersigned most earnestly requests that all persons indebted to Mr. Lowe, will speedily call to make payment or effect some satisfactory arrangement of the claims against them.

All persons having claims against Mr. Lowe are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for payment.

WM. R. PRICE, Adm'r.
August 18, 1838.—3t (W3t)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Eastern Shore Rail Road,
MARYLAND.

FORTY miles of the Southern end of the Eastern Shore Rail Road, or nearly all that lies in Somerset county—and about 12 or 14 miles of the Northern end in Cecil county, will be ready for grading by the 24th of SEPTEMBER. In Somerset, the work will be light, as the country is generally level and the road bed except the crossing of Rivers and Creeks will be formed chiefly from the side drains. In Cecil, there will be a great deal of heavy excavation and embankment, in a stiff clay soil. In both counties, but chiefly in Somerset, there will be much grubbing and clearing to be done. The work will be divided into suitable sections and the first lettings will be for the grading of the road, for culverts and for drains and for grubbing and clearing, seperately or together.

The work, with the plans, specifications, forms of proposal, and other necessary information will be shown by the Engineers along the line, and at the office in Princess Anne. Sealed and endorsed proposals, accompanied by satisfactory references, will be addressed until the 20th September to the Chief Engineer at his office, in Princess Anne, and from that time until the 25th at the city Hotel in Baltimore, at which time and place, the several bids for the the work will be acted on.—Neither partnerships, nor sub-contracts will be recognized.

Princess Anne, Somerset county, Md.
August 25th, 1838.

☞The Railroad Journal, Philadelphia Herald and Sentinel, Baltimore Patriot, National Intelligencer, Cecil Gazette, Easton Gazette, Freedom's Sentinel and Kent Bugle will publish the above advertisement once a week untill the 20th of September and forward their accounts to the Herald office for settlement.

CONCERT.

Dr H. A. Robert Koch,
(From Dresden in Saxony,)
Professor of Music in the city of Annapolis, Md., for the last three years,

BEGS leave respectfully to announce to the citizens of Easton and its vicinity, that at the request of his friends, he will have the honor of offering to them, on TUESDAY evening the 4th of September, A GRAND PIANO-FORTE, GUITAR, and VOCAL CONCERT, from the most eminent authors.—The selections are such he hopes will secure a liberal patronage from the lovers of Music generally.

[See Bills]

☞Tickets 75 cents each children half price. They may be had at the stores of Messrs. Wm. Loveday, W. H. & P. Groome and J. Willams and at the door on the evening of the Concert.

☞The doors to be opened at 7 o'clock—concert to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

After the concert the company can avail themselves, free of any extra charge of the use of the Assembly Rooms for Dancing. Good music will be provided for the occasion.

Aug. 25—2w

MARYLAND.

Caroline County Orphans' Court
August Term, *A. D.* 1838.

On application of Charles Willis, (of E) Adm'r. of Joseph Everngam, late of Caroline county deceased.—

It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes and proceedings of the Orphans' Court, of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 14th day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Test, W. A. FORD, Reg'r.
of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance with the above order

NOTICE, IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber, of Caroline County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Joseph Evorngam, late of Caroline County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 8th day of March next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 14th day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-eight.

CHARLES WILLIS, (of E.) Adm'r.
of Joseph Evorngam, dec'd.
August 25, 1838.—3w

MARYLAND,

Caroline County Orphans' Court.
August Term A. D. 1838.

On application of Charles Willis (of E) administrator of John Bowdle late of Caroline county deceased.—It is

ORDERED, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes & proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the County aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 14th day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty eight.

Test
W. A. FORD, Reg.
of Wills for Caroline County.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Subscriber of Caroline County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline County in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of John Bowdle, late of Caroline County, dec'd, all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 8th day of March next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 14th day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty eight.

CHARLES WILLIS (of E.) Adm'r.
of John Bowdle, dec'd.
August 25th.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County, on the 28th day of July, 1838, by Henry Cliffe, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for said city, a negro woman, as a runaway named Ellen Rogers, who says she was raised by Thomas Worthington of Baltimore county, at whose death she became free, she is about 45 or 50 years of age, 5 feet 2½ inches in height, dark complexion, had on when committed a dark calico frock, dark-colored calico sun bonnet, black apron, black shawl and fine shoes.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro woman is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

D. HERRING, Warden,
Balt. City and County Jail.
August 18.—3w

AGRICULTURAL.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

A few weeks since we published a communication from a correspondent, giving the results of an experiment in planting corn, by Hart Massey, Esq. of this village. Mr. Massey called upon us on Saturday last to correct an important error in said communication, and invited us personally to examine said field, which we accordingly did, and now give the results of our observation.

Mr. Massey took of the seed corn with which he planted the field, a small quantity, and soaked it in a solution of sal. nitre, commonly called salt petre, and planted five rows with the seeds thus prepared. The remainder of the field, we believe, was planted by the same individual. Now for the result.—The five rows planted with corn prepared with saltpetre, will yield more than twenty-five rows planted without the preparation. The five rows were untouched by the worms, while the remainder of the field suffered severely by their depredations. We should judge that not one kernel saturated by saltpetre was touched, while almost every hill in the adjoining rows suffered severely.—No one who will examine the field can doubt the efficacy of the preparation.—He will be astonished at the striking difference between the five rows and the remainder of the field.

Here is a simple fact, which if seasonably and generally known would have saved many thousands of dollars to the farmers of this county alone in the article of corn. It is a fact, which should be universally known, and is in all probability, one of the greatest discoveries of modern times in the neglected science of Agriculture. At all events, the experiment should be extensively tested, as the results are deemed certain, while the expense is comparatively nothing.

Mr. M. also stated as the result of another experiment tried upon one of his apple trees last spring. It is a fine thrifty healthy tree, about 25 or 30 years old, but has never in any one year, produced over about two bushels of apples; while in blossom last spring, he ascended the tree and sprinkled plaster freely on the blossoms, and the result is, that it will this season bear 20 bushels of apples. Now if the plaster will prevent blast, it is a discovery of great importance. Mr. M. was led to make the experiment by reading an account of trees adjoining a meadow where plaster had been sown at the time there was a light breeze in the direction of the orchard, the trees contiguous to the meadow bearing well, while the others produced no fruit.—*Watertown (N. Y.) Standard.*

WORTHY OF TRIAL.

From the Baltimore Patriot, we copy the annexed article relative to the preservation of the PEACH TREE.

This valuable fruit has for a considerable number of years past fallen a sacrifice to a destructive insect that preys upon it near the root, which is discoverable by a gummy substance issuing from the trunk. Many receipts have been published to prevent and destroy this ruinous insect, but they have not had the beneficial effect that could be desired.—The writer of this has a favorite tree in his yard, which has for some years been infested with these insects, and which he has taken great pains to remove by the application of ashes, lime, tar, &c., all of which have failed to answer the intended purpose. In the course of the late spring, when the leaves came out, they soon changed to a pale color and to all appearance the tree was going to die.—As the last resort for its restoration he had recourse to charcoal, and a small box was placed around the roots of the tree and filled with that article. It so far succeeded that in a short time the tree revived, and took a second growth, and now is in a luxuriant state, the leaves of a dark green color, equal almost to any thing of the kind, and much suprises all who had previously seen it.

The Mount Vernon Farmer.—The fame of George Washington as a soldier and statesman is universally known and highly admired by all who appreciate talents, worth, and love of country, but his character as a farmer was less known in his day, and his memory in this respect is not venerated according to its desert. Possessing ample means and the most ardent love of rural life, he was one of the first experimental and practical farmers in Virginia. His estate at Mount Vernon consisted of 10,000 acres of land in one body, equal to about 15 square miles. It was divided into farms of convenient size, at the distance of 2, 3, 4, and 5 miles from his mansion house. These farms he visited every day in pleasant weather, and was constantly engaged in making experiments for the improvement of agriculture.

Some idea of the extent of his farming operations may be formed from the following facts: in 1787 he had 500 acres in grass—sowed 600 bushels of oats—700 acres with wheat, and prepared as much for corn, barley, potatoes, beans, peas, &c.. and 150 with turnips. His stock consisted of 140 horses, 113 cows,

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